

Annual Statistical Review 2015/16

Queensland Police Service





Vision of the Queensland Police Service

‘Members of the community work with Queensland police
to stop crime and make Queensland safer.’

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Produced by:

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ISSN 1441-4589

The Queensland Police Service web address is “www.police.qld.gov.au”.

Past and current copies of the Queensland Police Service’s Annual Statistical Review and Annual Report are available at the above web address. Whilst the Annual Statistical Review provides a wealth of information relating to the activities of the Queensland Police Service, the Annual Report provides a range of performance management information, successful initiatives and includes the Service’s financial statements.

Commissioner's Foreword

The Queensland Police Service Annual Statistical Review 2015/16 presents a comprehensive record of crime statistics for Queensland. This information provides an important evidence base which, combined with targeted and innovative policing strategies, enables the Queensland Police Service to fulfil its commitment to stopping crime and keeping the community safe.

Over the ten year period 2006/07 to 2015/16, there has been an overall decrease in Queensland's crime rate of 2%. Highlights over this period include a 19% decrease in the rate of offences against the person and a 21% decrease in offences against property.

This year's Statistical Review shows an increase of 6% in the State's overall crime rate, as compared with 2014/15. An increase does not necessarily mean more crime is being committed, as many factors can influence crime rates, including:

- Greater community confidence in the police and the criminal justice system, which manifests as an increased willingness to report offences.
- More officers on the frontline, which improves community safety by enabling more offences to be detected.
- Undertaking targeted police operations and blitzes to address areas of need and send a strong message to offenders.
- Increased use of technology by police, which creates operational efficiencies and allows officers to spend more time on the frontline.
- Targeted campaigns, such as the *Not Now, Not Ever* domestic and family violence campaign, which promote awareness and encourage people to speak out.

One area where there have been large increases in reported offences in 2015/16 is domestic and family violence. This is a complex issue that affects many people from all sections of the community. For the first time this year the Statistical Review explores domestic and family violence in-depth. By better understanding this area of our work we can partner more effectively with the community to prevent and reduce domestic and family violence in Queensland.



Ian Stewart APM, Commissioner of Police

Looking forward, the Queensland Police Service will continue to implement technology-based solutions to drive efficiencies and will improve its service delivery approach by harnessing innovation and working collaboratively with other agencies, the non-government sector and the community.

I would like to thank all members of the Service, the community and our partners for their ongoing efforts and commitment.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Ian Stewart'.

Ian Stewart APM
COMMISSIONER



Queensland Police Service Annual Statistical Review 2015/2016*

Crime Statistics



Overall crime
(personal, property
and other offences)
↑ by 6%

For ten year period
2006/2007
to
2015/2016
Overall crime ↓ by 2%

Reported Crime
2014/2015
↓ 5%
2015/2016
↑ 4%

People



Fatalities (Easter 2016)
First time in 20 years



242 road fatalities
7 more than last year

Homicide
Homicide (murder) ↓ 5%
a decrease of
2 offences
Other homicide ↓ 11%
a decrease of
8 offences

Armed robbery ↓ 1%
Robbery ↑ 3%
Sexual offences ↑ 2%



5,945 people reported missing
5,919 were located = 99%



Offences
against the
person have
↑ 9%

Property



Fraud
↓ 7%

Arson ↓ 1%
Handling stolen goods ↑ 5%
Other property damage ↑ 4%

Other theft (excl. unlawful entry) ↑ 5%
Unlawful entry ↑ 2%
Unlawful use of motor vehicle ↑ 10%

Property
crime
↑ 3%



Proactive Policing** (Other Offences)

Other offences
↑ 8%

Weapons act
offences ↑ 9%



Liquor offences
↓ 20%



Traffic and related
offences
↑ 12%



Drug
offences
↑ 7%

Good order offences
(e.g. public nuisance,
obstruct police)
↑ 1%

Domestic and Family Violence

87,100 DFV related matters
238 DFV matters each day
18,611 DFV victims assisted



DFV other Referrals
↑ 12%
Police initiated
DFV Application
↑ 28%

Breach of DFV
Protection Orders
↑ 38%



*Statistics highlighted here are reflective of a range of number and rate of reported offences.

**These offences (with the exception of domestic violence) are general detected by police and sometimes referred to as Other Offences.



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Queensland Crime

The following tables provide statistics for Queensland for the 2014/15 and 2015/16 financial years, for reported and cleared offences against the person and offences against property and reported other offences.

Reported offence data are presented as both numbers and rates (offences reported per 100,000 persons), together with a percentage change indicator to provide the reader with a clear and balanced picture of the level of crime in Queensland.

Cleared offences are displayed as 'Reported and Cleared in Period' and 'Cleared in Period, Reported Previously'. The 'Percentage Cleared' figures refer only to those offences reported and cleared in the relevant financial year.

Queensland Crime:

Offences Against the Person – Reported Offences – Queensland

Offence	Number Reported			Number Reported per 100,000 Persons*		
	2014/15	2015/16	Percentage Change	2014/15	2015/16	Percentage Change
Homicide (Murder)	52	50	-4	1	1	-5
Other Homicide	78	70	-10	2	1	-11
Attempted Murder	49	48	-2	1	1	-3
Conspiracy to Murder	3	1	-67	0	0	-67
Manslaughter (excl. by Driving & Striking)	4	2	-50	0	0	-51
Manslaughter - Unlawful Striking Cause Death	1	3	200	0	0	196
Driving Causing Death	21	16	-24	0	0	-25
Assault	17734	20162	14	371	417	12
Grievous Assault	785	909	16	16	19	14
Serious Assault	8368	9464	13	175	196	12
Serious Assault (Other)	2619	2908	11	55	60	10
Common Assault	5962	6881	15	125	142	14
Sexual Offences	5993	6207	4	125	128	2
Rape and Attempted Rape	1692	1683	-1	35	35	-2
Other Sexual Offences	4301	4524	5	90	94	4
Robbery	1307	1368	5	27	28	3
Armed Robbery	693	692	0	15	14	-1
Unarmed Robbery	614	676	10	13	14	9
Other Offences Against the Person	2823	3140	11	59	65	10
Kidnapping & Abduction etc.	284	280	-1	6	6	-3
Extortion	76	65	-14	2	1	-16
Stalking	523	611	17	11	13	15
Life Endangering Acts	1940	2184	13	41	45	11
Offences Against the Person	27987	30997	11	586	641	9

* Although offences per 100,000 persons have been rounded to the nearest whole number, the actual rate was used to calculate the percentage change between the two periods. Therefore, although the change values are correct, they may not appear so, particularly in smaller volume offence categories.

Queensland Crime:

Offences Against the Person – Cleared Offences – Queensland

Offence	Reported and Cleared in Period		Cleared in Period, Reported Previously		Percentage Cleared*	
	2014/15	2015/16	2014/15	2015/16	2014/15	2015/16
Homicide (Murder)	48	42	11	8	92	84
Other Homicide	66	66	14	14	85	94
Attempted Murder	48	47	3	2	98	98
Conspiracy to Murder	2	1	0	0	67	100
Manslaughter (excl. by Driving & Striking)	3	1	2	1	75	50
Manslaughter - Unlawful Striking Cause Death	1	2	0	0	100	67
Driving Causing Death	12	15	9	11	57	94
Assault	14742	16850	1894	1700	83	84
Grievous Assault	596	788	92	135	76	87
Serious Assault	6726	7634	1112	917	80	81
Serious Assault (Other)	2303	2588	141	156	88	89
Common Assault	5117	5840	549	492	86	85
Sexual Offences	4732	4808	1092	986	79	77
Rape and Attempted Rape	1367	1288	246	277	81	77
Other Sexual Offences	3365	3520	846	709	78	78
Robbery	918	995	109	96	70	73
Armed Robbery	479	501	54	48	69	72
Unarmed Robbery	439	494	55	48	71	73
Other Offences Against the Person	2137	2189	356	304	76	70
Kidnapping & Abduction etc.	242	246	30	29	85	88
Extortion	49	41	22	15	64	63
Stalking	384	434	104	79	73	71
Life Endangering Acts	1462	1468	200	181	75	67
Offences Against the Person	22643	24950	3476	3108	81	80

* Percentage cleared refers only to those offences which are Reported and Cleared in the relevant financial year.

Queensland Crime:

Offences Against Property – Reported Offences – Queensland

Offence	Number Reported			Number Reported per 100,000 Persons*		
	2014/15	2015/16	Percentage Change	2014/15	2015/16	Percentage Change
Unlawful Entry	31551	32555	3	660	673	2
Unlawful Entry With Intent - Dwelling**	19368	19935	3	405	412	2
– Unlawful Entry Without Violence - Dwelling	18859	19331	3	395	400	1
– Unlawful Entry With Violence - Dwelling	509	604	19	11	12	17
Unlawful Entry With Intent - Shop	1787	1540	-14	37	32	-15
Unlawful Entry With Intent - Other	10396	11080	7	218	229	5
Arson	1118	1124	1	23	23	-1
Other Property Damage	31806	33598	6	666	694	4
Unlawful Use of Motor Vehicle#	9025	10046	11	189	208	10
Other Theft (excl. Unlawful Entry)	96327	102560	6	2016	2120	5
Stealing from Dwellings	7961	8599	8	167	178	7
Shop Stealing	17713	19999	13	371	413	12
Vehicles (steal from/enter with intent)	24839	25124	1	520	519	0
Other Stealing	45814	48838	7	959	1009	5
Fraud	23366	22054	-6	489	456	-7
Fraud by Computer	912	270	-70	19	6	-71
Fraud by Cheque	227	210	-7	5	4	-9
Fraud by Credit Card	9205	10672	16	193	221	15
Identity Fraud	857	940	10	18	19	8
Other Fraud	12165	9962	-18	255	206	-19
Handling Stolen Goods	5098	5436	7	107	112	5
Possess Property Suspected Stolen	2085	2352	13	44	49	11
Receiving Stolen Property	481	460	-4	10	10	-6
Possess etc. Tainted Property	2461	2565	4	51	53	3
Other Handling Stolen Goods	71	59	-17	1	1	-18
Offences Against Property	198291	207373	5	4149	4286	3

* Although offences per 100,000 persons have been rounded to the nearest whole number, the actual rate was used to calculate the percentage change between the two periods. Therefore, although the change values are correct, they may not appear so, particularly in smaller volume offence categories.

** Community By-Law offences cannot be separated into offences with and without violence. As such, sub-categories may not add to the total.

This category includes attempted offences.

Queensland Crime:

Offences Against Property – Cleared Offences – Queensland

Offence	Reported and Cleared in Period		Cleared in Period, Reported Previously		Percentage Cleared*	
	2014/15	2015/16	2014/15	2015/16	2014/15	2015/16
Unlawful Entry	8035	8663	1768	1448	25	27
Unlawful Entry With Intent - Dwelling**	4839	5222	1064	751	25	26
– Unlawful Entry Without Violence - Dwelling	4447	4750	1022	712	24	25
– Unlawful Entry With Violence - Dwelling	392	472	42	39	77	78
Unlawful Entry With Intent - Shop	587	543	141	112	33	35
Unlawful Entry With Intent - Other	2609	2898	563	585	25	26
Arson	284	277	38	46	25	25
Other Property Damage	11001	11895	1529	1364	35	35
Unlawful Use of Motor Vehicle#	4031	4822	659	635	45	48
Other Theft (excl. Unlawful Entry)	35851	38926	5227	4721	37	38
Stealing from Dwellings	2290	2360	560	473	29	27
Shop Stealing	12214	13723	891	798	69	69
Vehicles (steal from/enter with intent)	4076	4586	768	694	16	18
Other Stealing	17271	18257	3008	2756	38	37
Fraud	14958	14203	3519	3003	64	64
Fraud by Computer	599	86	341	81	66	32
Fraud by Cheque	159	162	134	114	70	77
Fraud by Credit Card	6326	7125	741	897	69	67
Identity Fraud	577	524	77	82	67	56
Other Fraud	7297	6306	2226	1829	60	63
Handling Stolen Goods	4620	4956	317	264	91	91
Possess Property Suspected Stolen	1902	2100	74	65	91	89
Receiving Stolen Property	450	451	23	27	94	98
Possess etc. Tainted Property	2231	2378	211	163	91	93
Other Handling Stolen Goods	37	27	9	9	52	46
Offences Against Property	78780	83742	13057	11481	40	40

* Percentage cleared refers only to those offences which are Reported and Cleared in the relevant financial year.

** Community By-Law offences cannot be separated into offences with and without violence. As such, sub-categories may not add to the total.

Recovery of a motor vehicle does not itself clear an offence of Unlawful Use of Motor Vehicle (UUMV) (see Glossary, page 183). The recovery rate for Queensland in the 2015/16 financial year was approximately 86%. This category includes attempts.

Queensland Crime:

Other Offences – Reported Offences – Queensland

Offence	Number Reported			Number Reported per 100,000 Persons*		
	2014/15	2015/16	Percentage Change	2014/15	2015/16	Percentage Change
Drug Offences	80792	87792	9	1691	1815	7
Trafficking Drugs	705	704	0	15	15	-1
Possess Drugs	34977	38243	9	732	790	8
Produce Drugs	1999	1992	0	42	41	-2
Sell Supply Drugs	5293	5586	6	111	115	4
Other Drug Offences	37818	41267	9	791	853	8
Prostitution Offences	119	64	-46	2	1	-47
Found in Places Used for Purpose of	0	13	-	0	0	-
Have Interest in Premises Used for	1	2	100	0	0	98
Knowingly Participate in Provision	47	19	-60	1	0	-60
Public Soliciting	32	8	-75	1	0	-75
Procuring Prostitution	7	3	-57	0	0	-58
Permit Minor to be at a Place Used	0	3	-	0	0	-
Advertising Prostitution	7	3	-57	0	0	-58
Other Prostitution Offences	25	13	-48	1	0	-49
Liquor (excl. Drunkenness)	6978	5630	-19	146	116	-20
Gaming Racing & Betting Offences	0	0	-	0	0	-
Breach Domestic Violence Protection Order	16388	22853	39	343	472	38
Trespassing and Vagrancy	5200	5864	13	109	121	11
Weapons Act Offences	6068	6685	10	127	138	9
Unlawful possn conc. Firearm	123	163	33	3	3	31
Unlawful possn firearm - Other	706	783	11	15	16	10
Bomb possn and/or use of	14	15	7	0	0	6
Possn and/or use other weapons ; restricted items	2168	2174	0	45	45	-1
Weapons Act Offences - Other	3057	3550	16	64	73	15
Good Order Offences	60347	61630	2	1263	1274	1
Disobey Move-on Direction	1115	962	-14	23	20	-15
Resist Incite Hinder Obstruct	26414	27911	6	553	577	4
Fare Evasion	4271	5579	31	89	115	29
Public Nuisance	28547	27178	-5	597	562	-6
Stock Related Offences	555	510	-8	12	11	-9
Traffic and Related Offences	39306	44405	13	822	918	12
Dangerous Operation of a Vehicle	1816	1917	6	38	40	4
Drink Driving	25077	29792	19	525	616	17
Disqualified Driving	12387	12667	2	259	262	1
Interfere with Mechanism of M/V	26	29	12	1	1	10
Miscellaneous Offences	4180	5369	28	87	111	27
Other Offences	219933	240802	9	4602	4977	8

* Although offences per 100,000 persons have been rounded to the nearest whole number, the actual rate was used to calculate the percentage change between the two periods. Therefore, although the change values are correct, they may not appear so, particularly in smaller volume offence categories.

Crime 2015/16

Offences Against the Person

The broad offence group of offences against the person is comprised of a number of different offence categories, with the volume of offences reported differing significantly across categories. For example, assaults account for 65% of offences against the person (Figure 1) while homicide (murder) accounts for less than 1%. Thus, assault offences tend to dominate offences against the person, while homicide (murder) will have little effect on the overall total.

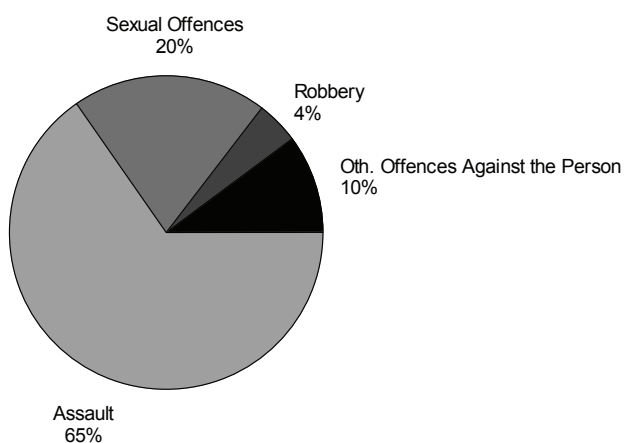


Figure 1: Offences against the person (%) - 2015/16*

Overall, the number of offences against the person increased by 11% in Queensland between 2014/15 and 2015/16. A total of 30,997 offences were reported to police in 2015/16, 3,010 more than the revised figure from the previous financial year. Taking into account the growth of the Queensland population, the rate of offences against the person increased by 9% from 586 to 641 offences per 100,000 persons.

Of the 30,997 offences against the person reported to police during the 2015/16 financial year, 24,950 (80%) were cleared by the end of June 2016 compared with 81% cleared the previous year. An additional 3,108 offences reported in previous time periods were also cleared during 2015/16.

* Percentages have been rounded to the nearest whole number. Therefore, although the percentages are correct, they do not add to 100%.

As with previous years, Northern Region recorded the highest rates of offences against the person, while Brisbane Region recorded the lowest. All regions recorded increases in the period under review.

Fifteen to nineteen year old females were most likely to have been victims of offences against the person in 2015/16 followed by ten to fourteen year old females. In the younger age groups (five to nineteen years), females were more likely than males to be victims of offences against the person. From the age of twenty-five years, males were more likely than females to be victims. For 55% of victims of solved offences, the offenders were known to them.

More males were proceeded against for offences against the person compared with females. While only 21% of offenders were female, 25% were male aged fifteen to twenty-four years. The likelihood of offending peaked in the fifteen to nineteen year age group for both males and females and decreased with age.

Of those who were found to have committed offences against the person, approximately 59% were proceeded against through an arrest with a further 23% proceeded against through the service of a notice to appear.

Homicide (Murder)

Homicide (murder) is a small volume offence category and, as such, is subject to sizeable fluctuations from one year to the next and from region to region.

The number of homicide (murder) offences decreased by two offences in Queensland for 2015/16 compared with 2014/15. Of the 50 homicides reported to police in 2015/16, 42 (84%) were cleared in the same period. An additional eight offences were cleared from previous periods.

South Eastern Region recorded the highest increase and Northern Region recorded the largest decrease in the number of homicide (murder) offences within the State. The highest rate was recorded by Northern Region and the lowest rate was recorded by Brisbane Region.

This year, 55% of the victims of homicide (murder) were male, with the highest rate of homicide (murder) offences in the fifty to fifty-four year age group which recorded a

rate of three offences per 100,000 persons. In 58% of solved cases, the offender was known to the victim.

Males were significantly more likely than females to commit homicide (murder) (90%). In 2015/16, males aged twenty-five to thirty-four years were most likely to offend, followed by males aged thirty to thirty-four. In 89% of cases, the offender was proceeded against through an arrest.

Other Homicide

As with homicide (murder), other homicide is a low-volume offence category. Therefore, it is subject to marked fluctuations from year to year and from area to area. The number of other homicide offences decreased by 10% during 2015/16, as a result of decreases in all other homicide categories except for unlawful striking causing death offences. There were three reported cases of unlawful striking causing death offences in 2015/16 compared to one in the prior period.

Factoring in the increase of the Queensland estimated resident population, other homicide offences decreased by 11% to a rate of 1.5 offences per 100,000 persons. Of the 70 offences reported to police in 2015/16, 66 (94%) were cleared in the same period. Additionally, 14 offences were cleared from previous periods.

Brisbane and Central regions were the only regions to record an increase in the rate of other homicide offences. Central Region also recorded the highest rate. Northern Region recorded the largest decrease.

Three-fifths (60%) of the victims of other homicide were male with the highest rate recorded in the forty to forty-four years age group. In 58% of the solved cases, the offender was known to the victim.

Males were significantly more likely than females to commit other homicide offences (85% of offenders were male). In 2015/16, males aged twenty-five to thirty-four years were most likely to offend. Seventy-one percent of offenders were proceeded against through an arrest, while 21% were issued with a notice to appear.

Assault

Assaults comprise approximately 65% of total offences against the person. As such, they tend to dominate this broad offence group. The rate of assaults in Queensland increased by 12% from 2014/15 to 2015/16.

The increase in the rate of assaults is mainly attributable to increases in grievous assault and common assault (14% each, respectively). Of the 20,162 assaults reported to police in 2015/16, 16,850 (84%) were cleared in the same period with a further 1,700 offences cleared from previous periods.

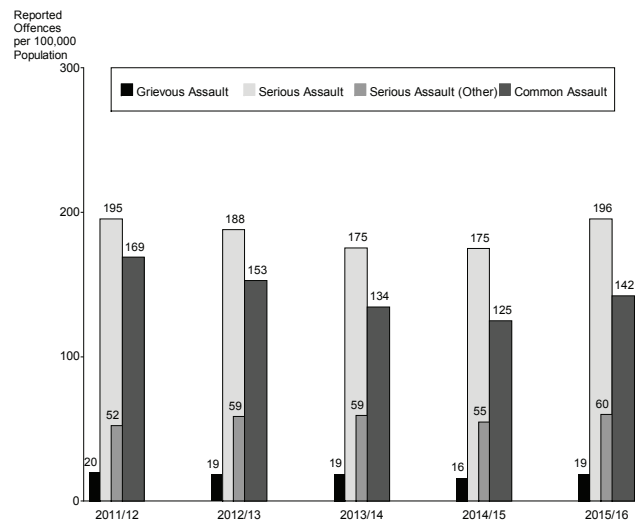


Figure 2: Reported assaults, Queensland, 2011/12 to 2015/16

Higher rates of most of the assault categories were seen in 2011/12 (Figure 2). From 2012/13 to 2014/15, there have been decreases in the majority of these categories, while in the 2015/16 period, there was an increase in the rate for all assault categories. The seasonal influence on the occurrence of assaults can be seen clearly in monthly crime trends (see page 45). These offences peak around December of each year and fall to a low around July.

As with previous years, Northern Region recorded the highest rate of assault in the State while Brisbane Region recorded the lowest. South Eastern Region recorded the highest increase in the rate of assault.

For all age groups apart from fifteen to nineteen years, males were more likely than females to be victims of assault. Males aged twenty to thirty-four years were most likely to be victims. From age thirty, the rate of victimisation for males decreased steadily. The age of victimisation for females peaked at the fifteen to nineteen year age cohort. From this age, victimisation decreased respectively for each age group. For 54% of victims of solved offences, the offender was known to them.

Across all age groups, males were also more likely to commit offences of assault (74% of offenders were male). Males aged twenty to twenty-four years were most likely to offend. Of those people proceeded against, 56% were arrested and 27% were served with a notice to appear.

Sexual Offences

Sexual offences are affected by an unpredictable variability in the reported rates due to offences which occurred decades ago still being reported to police. As offences are counted against the period in which they are reported, rather than when they occurred, increases in crime statistics do not always equate to an increase in victimisation.

The number of sexual offences reported to police in 2015/16 increased by 4% from the number reported in the previous financial year. The number reported equates to a rate of 128 offences reported per 100,000 persons. The increase in the rate is attributable to an increase of 4% in other sexual offences (although there was a 2% decrease for rape and attempted rape offences). Of those offences reported in 2015/16, 4,808 (77%) were cleared, with an additional 986 offences cleared from previous periods.

Northern Region recorded the highest rate in sexual offences and the Southern Region recorded the highest increase of 12%. South Eastern Region recorded the largest decrease of 21%. The lowest rate was recorded by Brisbane Region.

The sexual offence category is one of two offence categories for which there are more female than male victims (82% of victims were female). Females aged between ten and nineteen years were most likely to be victims of sexual offences. Females in this age group comprise 45% of total victims. For 71% of victims of solved offences, the offender was known to them. In 37% of solved cases, the offender was a family member.

In total, 126 females committed sexual offences in 2015/16. Thus, 95% of offenders were male. The age distribution of male offenders is unique for this offence type in that the distribution is almost uniform across all age groups with the exception of fifteen to nineteen year olds, where there are two to three times as many offenders compared to other age groups. The number of male offenders over fifty years is only slightly lower than other age groups, with 21% of all sexual offenders in this category. For those proceeded against, 59% were arrested and 10% were served with a notice to appear.

Robbery

An increase of 5% in the number of robberies reported to police in 2015/16 was due to a 10% increase in the number of unarmed robberies. A total of 1,368 offences were reported to police, which equates to a rate of 28 offences per 100,000 persons. Of these, 995 (73%) were cleared in the period in which they were reported, with an additional 96 offences cleared from previous periods.

The rate of robbery offences have decreased steadily since 2012/13. The rate of reported armed robbery offences recorded a decrease of 1% and unarmed robbery recorded a 9% increase in 2015/16. (Figure 3).

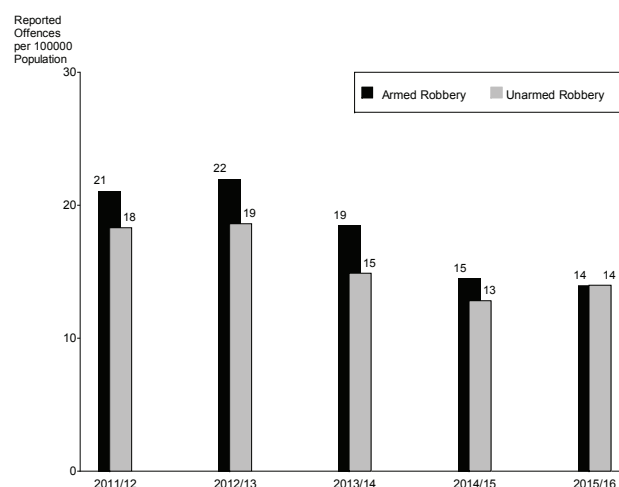


Figure 3: Reported robbery offences, Queensland, 2011/12 to 2015/16

All regions reported increases in robbery offences in 2015/16 except for Brisbane Region. Northern Region recorded the largest increase of 24%. South Eastern Region recorded the highest rate of robbery in the State, although the rate remained unchanged from 2014/15.

For every age group, males were more likely than females to be victims of robbery, with males aged fifteen to nineteen years most likely to be victims. Males were victim to robbery in 71% of all cases reported to police. For the majority of victims (72%) of solved robbery offences, the offender was unknown to them.

Males were significantly more likely than females to commit robbery offences (84% of offenders were male) and 33% of male offenders were aged between fifteen and nineteen years. Of those proceeded against for robbery offences, 83% were arrested and 6% issued with a notice to appear.

Other Offences Against the Person

The category of other offences against the person includes offences such as kidnapping and abduction, extortion, stalking and life endangering acts.

In 2015/16, other offences against the person increased by 11% from 2,823 to 3,140 offences. When taking into account the growth of Queensland's population, the rate increased by 10%. Of the 3,140 reported other offences against the person, 70% were cleared in the same period. In addition, 304 offences reported in previous periods were also cleared.

Females represented 58% of victims of total other offences against the person, with those aged twenty to twenty-four and thirty to thirty-four years most likely to be victims. For 53% of victims of solved offences, the offender was known to them.

Offences Against Property

Offences against property is comprised of a number of categories. As with offences against the person, the contribution of each category to the total differs significantly (Figure 4). In 2015/16, other theft (excluding unlawful entry) accounted for 49% of total offences against property and was the highest in volume of the property offence categories. Unlawful entry with intent and other property damage each accounted for 16% of offences, with fraud accounting for 11%. As such, this broad offence group tends to be dominated by other theft (excl. unlawful entry), unlawful entry with intent and other property damage, with offence categories such as arson having little effect.

The number of reported offences against property for the 2015/16 period increased by 5% when compared with the 2014/15 period. Factoring in the growth of the Queensland population, offences against property were reported at a rate of 4,286 offences per 100,000 persons in 2015/16, an increase of 3% from the previous year. Of all offences against property reported in 2015/16, 40% were cleared in the same period with a further 11,481 offences cleared from previous periods.

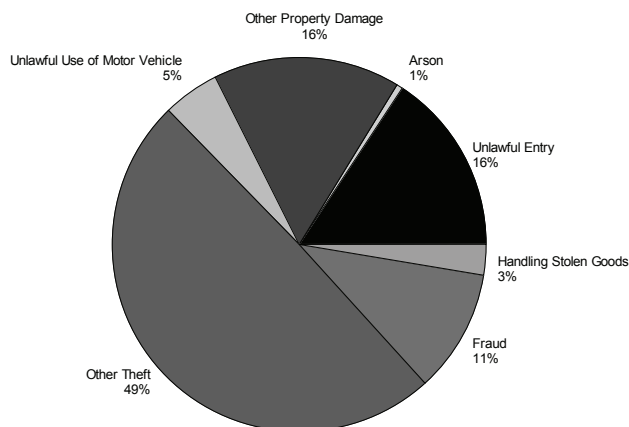


Figure 4: Offences against property (%) – 2015/16**

Northern Region recorded the highest rate of offences against property (5,673 offences per 100,000 persons) in the State. South Eastern Region recorded the largest increase (11%) while Brisbane and Southern regions recorded the largest decrease (2%). Central Region recorded the lowest rate (3,474 offences per 100,000 persons).

** Percentages have been rounded to the nearest whole number. Therefore, although the percentages are correct, they do not add to 100%.

Overall, offences against property were more likely to be committed by males (74% of offenders were male). Over one quarter (27%) of offenders proceeded against for offences against property were male aged between ten and nineteen years. Of the total people proceeded against for offences against property, 44% were arrested, 40% were served with a notice to appear and 7% were cautioned.

Unlawful Entry

The number of unlawful entry offences increased by 3%. This equates to a 2% increase in the rate once the growth of the Queensland population is taken into account. Of the 32,555 offences reported to police in 2015/16, 8,663 or 27% were cleared in the same period with a further 1,448 offences cleared from previous periods.

The number of unlawful entry of dwellings offences increased by 3%, the number of unlawful entry of shops offences decreased by 14% and unlawful entry of other premises offences increased by 7%.

Three of the five regions recorded increases, the largest of which was Northern Region (12%). Northern Region recorded the highest rate (1,121 offences per 100,000 persons) while Central Region recorded the lowest rate (562 offences per 100,000 persons).

Most unlawful entry offences were committed by males (87%), of those, 63% were male aged under twenty-five years. Of all offenders proceeded against for unlawful entry offences, 63% were arrested, 9% cautioned and 19% served with a notice to appear.

Arson

Arson is the lowest in volume of the offences against property categories and, as such, exerts very little influence on the offences against property total. Arson offences decreased by 1% per 100,000 persons from 2014/15 to 2015/16. The rate of offences decreased by 1%, from 23.4 to 23.2 offences per 100,000 persons. Of the 1,124 offences reported in 2015/16, 277 (25%) were cleared in the same period. An additional 46 offences were cleared from previous periods.

Brisbane, South Eastern and Southern regions recorded decreases of 9%, 4% and 6% respectively. Northern Region recorded the largest increase (11%), and Brisbane Region recorded the lowest rate. The highest rate was recorded by South Eastern Region.

This year, 85% of offenders were male with ten to fourteen year old males being the most likely to be proceeded against for arson. Approximately 56% of offenders were arrested, 18% cautioned and 13% served with a notice to appear.

Other Property Damage

The number of other property damage offences reported in 2015/16 increased by 6% when compared to the previous financial year. The rate of offences increased by 4%, from 666 to 694 offences per 100,000 persons. Of those offences reported to police in 2015/16, 11,895 (35%) were cleared during this period, with an additional 1,364 offences cleared from previous time periods.

Northern Region recorded the highest rate of 1,149 offences per 100,000 persons. The largest increase was recorded by South Eastern Region (10%) and the lowest rate was reported in Brisbane Region (504 offences per 100,000 persons).

As with most offence types, fifteen to nineteen year old males were most likely to be proceeded against for other property damage offences. Only 17% of offenders were female and only 12% of all offenders were aged forty years or more. In total, 47% of offenders were arrested for this offence type, 11% were cautioned and 34% were served with a notice to appear.

Unlawful Use of Motor Vehicle

The rate of unlawful use of motor vehicle offences increased by 10% in 2015/16. This increase is equivalent to 1,021 additional offences reported during 2015/16.

In 2015/16, 10,046 unlawful use of motor vehicle offences were reported to police. Of these, 4,822 (48%) were cleared during this period, with an additional 635 offences cleared from previous periods (note: for recovery rates see Queensland Crime, page 13. In 2015/16, unlawful use of motor vehicle offences were reported at a rate of 208 offences for every 100,000 persons.

The only decrease in unlawful use of motor vehicle offences was recorded in Brisbane Region (1%), while Northern Region recorded the largest increase (32%). The highest rate was reported in South Eastern Region (326 offences per 100,000 persons) and Central Region reported the lowest rate of 126 offences per 100,000 persons.

Males aged fifteen to nineteen years were most likely to commit unlawful use of motor vehicle offences (31% of male offenders were in this group). Thirty-one percent of female offenders were aged fifteen to nineteen years. Approximately 67% of offenders were arrested and 21% were served with a notice to appear.

Other Theft (excluding Unlawful Entry)

The rate of other theft (excluding unlawful entry) offences increased by 5% from 2014/15 to 2015/16. This category is the highest in volume of the offences against property categories and thus exerts a significant influence on total property crime. In 2015/16, 102,560 other theft offences were reported to police, of which 38% were cleared during this period. A further 4,721 were cleared from previous periods.

There were increases in the number of offences reported for all four sub-categories of other theft (excluding unlawful entry) offences: shop stealing (13%), stealing from dwellings (8%), other stealing (7%) and stealing from vehicles (1%).

The highest rate of other theft (excluding unlawful entry) occurred in South Eastern Region (11%) while the lowest rate was recorded in Central Region in the year under review. Brisbane Region recorded the only decrease (0.1%) of other theft (excluding unlawful entry) offences during 2015/16.

The proportion of female offenders for other theft was higher than for most other offence types at 33%. For both males and females, those in the fifteen to nineteen year age group were most likely to commit other theft offences. Arrest rates are low for this offence type at 35%, while 51% were served with a notice to appear. Ninety-six percent of offenders cautioned were juvenile (i.e. aged between ten and sixteen years).

Fraud

Queensland recorded a decrease in the number of offences per 100,000 persons in three out of five sub-categories of fraud offences during the current period: computer fraud offences (71%), cheque fraud offences (9%) and other fraud offences (19%). This resulted in an overall decrease of 6% in the number of fraud offences. Credit card fraud and identity fraud offences reported increases of 15% and 8% respectively in 2015/16.

Of the 22,054 offences reported in 2015/16, 14,203 (64%) were cleared in the same period with a further 3,003 offences cleared from previous periods.

South Eastern Region recorded the highest rate of fraud offences as well as the largest increase in these offences. Central Region recorded the lowest rate in the State.

A relatively higher proportion of females commit fraud offences compared with other offence types. Approximately 34% of offenders were female. Males aged fifteen to nineteen years and females aged thirty to thirty-four years were most likely to commit fraud offences. Thirty-eight percent of offenders were arrested, while 48% were issued with a notice to appear.

Handling Stolen Goods

There was an increase in the number of handling stolen goods offences reported. The rate of offences increased by 5%, from 107 to 112 offences per 100,000 persons. Of the total 5,436 offences reported to police in 2015/16, 4,956 (91%) were cleared in the same period, with a further 264 offences cleared from previous periods.

South Eastern Region recorded the highest rate as well as the greatest increase (23%) of handling stolen goods offences. Central Region recorded the lowest rate and Northern Region recorded the greatest decrease (10%) in 2015/16.

As with most offence categories, males were most likely to commit handling stolen goods offences (73% of offenders were male) and males in the fifteen to nineteen year age group were most likely to offend. Offenders were more likely to be served with a notice to appear (51%), although 42% were arrested.

Other Offences

Other offences comprises a range of disparate offence categories. These categories are distinct from offences against the person and property in that they are generally offences detected by police rather than being reported by the public. Drug offences, traffic offences and prostitution offences are examples of this. Trends and patterns in the levels of other offences are therefore often indicative of specific and proactive initiatives of the Queensland Police Service rather than being indicative of the level of crime actually occurring. As such, increases are often seen as a positive improvement of police detection rates.

As a total, the number of other offences increased by 9% state-wide from 219,933 offences recorded in 2014/15 to 240,802 offences recorded in 2015/16. This equates to a rate of 4,977 offences per 100,000 persons in 2015/16.

Northern Region recorded the highest rate of other offences in the state while Brisbane Region recorded the lowest rate. The greatest increase was recorded by Southern Region.

Drug Offences

Increases in three of the five sub-categories of drug offences contributed to an overall increase of 9%. When taking into account the growth of Queensland's population, drug offences recorded an increase of 7%, with drug possession offences and other drug offences each increasing by 8% respectively.

Drug offences were almost three times more likely to be committed by males (74%) than females (26%).

Offenders aged twenty to twenty-four years accounted for approximately 20% of all drug offenders.

Southern Region recorded the highest rate of drug offences in the State. Four regions (all except for South Eastern Region) reported increases with Southern Region recording the largest increase. The lowest rate was recorded by Brisbane Region (1,429 offences per 100,000 persons).

Breach of Domestic Violence Protection Orders

Breach of domestic violence protection orders are a breach of a court order and, as such, are classed as "Regina" offences; hence, the inclusion under other offences and not offences against the person.

The 2015/16 financial year saw a 39% increase in the number of breach of domestic violence protection order offences. A total of 22,853 offences were reported to police, equating to a rate of 472 offences per 100,000 persons.

While all regions reported increases, Southern Region recorded the smallest increase (33%) and South Eastern Region recorded the largest increase (44%). Brisbane Region recorded the lowest rate of breach of domestic violence protection order offences in the State, while Northern Region recorded the highest.

Males were more likely to breach domestic violence protection orders (86%) compared to females, with 19% of male offenders in the thirty to thirty-four year age group. In the period under review, 53% of all offenders were arrested and 23% were served with a notice to appear.

Weapons Act Offences

The number of *Weapons Act* offences increased by 10% from 6,068 offences reported in 2014/15 to 6,685 offences reported in 2015/16. The overall increase is attributable to increases in all five weapons sub-categories: unlawful possession of concealable firearm (33%), *Weapons Act* offences - other (16%), unlawful possession of firearm - other (11%), bomb possession and/or use (7%) and possess and/or use of other weapons or restricted items (0.3%).

All regions except for South Eastern Region recorded increases in *Weapons Act* offences during 2015/16. Brisbane Region recorded the largest increase of 23%. During 2015/16, Northern Region recorded the highest rate of 186 offences per 100,000 persons while Brisbane Region recorded the lowest rate of 101 offences per 100,000 persons.

Good Order Offences

The rate of good order offences increased by 1% from 2014/15 to 2015/16. A total of 61,630 offences were detected by police which equates to a rate of 1,274 offences for every 100,000 persons. An increase in the rate of fare evasion (29%) and resist incite hinder obstruct (4%) offences contributed to the overall increase. Decreases were recorded for the sub-categories of disobey move-on direction (15%) and public nuisance (6%). Decreases were recorded for the sub-categories of disobey move-on direction (15%) and public nuisance (6%).

Brisbane and Northern regions recorded the largest increase of 7% and Northern Region had the highest rate of good order offences. The lowest rate was recorded by Brisbane Region and the decreases were reported by Central and South Eastern Region.

Traffic and Related Offences

Traffic and related offences increased by 13% from 39,306 to 44,405 offences. All four sub-categories recorded increases, of which the largest was a 19% increase in the number of drink driving offences. Drink driving is the largest in volume of the sub-categories and, as such, exerts the greatest influence on the traffic and related offences total. The rates for this sub-category recorded a 17% increase per 100,000 persons. Interfere with mechanism of a motor vehicle, dangerous operation of a vehicle and disqualified driving recorded increases of 12%, 6% and 2% respectively per 100,000 persons.

All regions recorded an increase in traffic and related offences, with the largest increase recorded in Southern Region. Brisbane Region recorded the lowest rate and Northern Region recorded the highest rate of 1,358 offences per 100,000 persons.

Please note that the traffic and related offences category does not include traffic crashes, speed and red light camera notices, random breath tests or vehicle impoundments, which are contained in the Traffic section on pages 161-169.



Crime Statistics in Focus

This chapter provides a detailed examination of selected topics of public interest.

The tables offer information on domestic and family violence breaches and applications, reported number and rate per 100,000 persons for public nuisance offences, move-on directions, assaults on police and unique offenders.

These statistics have been provided for the Queensland Police Service's statistical regions and districts.

Crime Statistics in Focus

Domestic and Family Violence

Domestic and family violence offending can be linked to a number of differing offence types including, but not limited to: breaches of protection orders; offences against the person and offences against the property. This section will provide an in-depth examination of statistical data relating to domestic violence breaches and applications, in addition to providing information relating to recidivism and offender demographics. The following statistical data endeavours to provide insight into the current environment and will continue to be utilised to prevent and reduce incidents of domestic and family violence in Queensland.

Under the *Domestic Family Violence Protection Act 2012* section 21(1) an aggrieved is defined as ‘a person for whose benefit a domestic violence order, or a police protection notice, is in force or may be made under this Act’. Conversely the Act defines a respondent under section 21(3) as ‘a persons against whom a domestic violence order, or a police protection notice, is in force or may be made under this Act’.

Within the data a unique entity refers to an individual person represented within a reported year. For example, one unique respondent is counted only once within a reported year, irrespective of the number of applications and/or offences recorded against them.

Domestic Violence Applications

The number of domestic violence applications in Queensland increased from 25,143 in 2014/15 to 29,938 in 2015/16 reflecting an 18% increase in

the rate of applications per 100,000 persons. In 2015/16, approximately 73% of these applications were police initiated. Queensland Police Service information systems recorded there were 28,657 unique respondents and 29,089 unique aggrieved with domestic violence applications. Of the 28,657 respondents, 75% were male and 25% female. The proportion of male respondents decreased by one percentage point since 2014/15. Of the 29,089 unique aggrieved persons, 26% identified as male and 74% were female. The proportion of female aggrieved decreased by two percentage points since 2014/15.

Over the last five years, 75% of male respondents and 81% of female respondents of domestic violence applications had only one application against them. Repeat domestic violence application data was explored and results indicate slightly less than one in four (23%) male respondents had two or three domestic violence applications linked to them. Less than 1% of male and female respondents were recorded with greater than five domestic violence applications.

In the last five years, 87% of male and 78% of female aggrieved had only one domestic violence application linked to them. Repeat domestic violence application data was also explored for the aggrieved and results indicate 13% of males and 21% of females had two or three applications linked to them. Repeat domestic violence applications for aggrieved for five or more was less than one percent for males and females.

Crime Statistics in Focus

Domestic and Family Violence: Number of Domestic Violence Applications and Breaches – 2014/15 and 2015/16

Number of Domestic Violence Applications and Breaches 2014/15							
Region/District	Application - Police	Application - Private	Other Action	No Domestic Violence	Interstate Order	Breach Domestic Violence Protection Order	Total
Brisbane	2859	1528	3688	1445	42	2442	12004
North Brisbane	1297	743	1786	902	15	1068	5811
South Brisbane	1562	785	1902	543	27	1374	6193
Central	3806	1739	4623	3853	20	3626	17667
Capricornia	1303	416	969	1093	3	1357	5141
Mackay	722	202	1322	1168	2	687	4103
Sunshine Coast	851	517	990	553	11	733	3655
Wide Bay Burnett	930	604	1342	1039	4	849	4768
Northern	4018	1097	3586	1688	9	4458	14856
Far North	2124	447	1957	757	8	2113	7406
Mount Isa	570	55	437	383	0	754	2199
Townsville	1324	595	1192	548	1	1591	5251
South Eastern	3059	2088	2552	583	65	2642	10989
Gold Coast	1671	1187	1441	378	47	1252	5976
Logan	1388	901	1111	205	18	1390	5013
Southern	3079	1870	4385	2646	19	3219	15218
Darling Downs	703	461	848	769	8	741	3530
Ipswich	948	638	1715	1079	5	832	5217
Moreton	886	591	1256	561	2	1073	4369
South West	542	180	566	237	4	573	2102
Queensland	16821	8322	18834	10215	155	16388	70735

Number of Domestic Violence Applications and Breaches 2015/16							
Region/District	Application - Police	Application - Private	Other Action	No Domestic Violence	Interstate Order	Breach Domestic Violence Protection Order	Total
Brisbane	3765	1563	4051	1725	29	3398	14531
North Brisbane	1766	733	1976	1111	13	1587	7186
South Brisbane	1999	830	2075	614	16	1811	7345
Central	5136	1741	5431	5138	28	5219	22693
Capricornia	1570	462	949	1297	7	1637	5922
Mackay	973	179	1602	1384	3	1143	5284
Sunshine Coast	1161	499	1201	728	7	1018	4614
Wide Bay Burnett	1432	601	1679	1729	11	1421	6873
Northern	4829	1103	3638	1902	13	6037	17522
Far North	2329	481	2105	871	6	2370	8162
Mount Isa	759	52	329	402	0	962	2504
Townsville	1741	570	1204	629	7	2705	6856
South Eastern	4155	1985	3250	804	50	3858	14102
Gold Coast	2390	1081	1792	526	38	1887	7714
Logan	1765	904	1458	278	12	1971	6388
Southern	3895	1766	5023	3204	23	4340	18251
Darling Downs	864	411	990	917	8	890	4080
Ipswich	1111	601	1881	1104	6	1306	6009
Moreton	1177	584	1620	925	7	1463	5776
South West	743	170	532	258	2	681	2386
Queensland	21780	8158	21393	12773	143	22853	87100

Note: The aggregate of district totals may not equal regional totals [see detailed explanation on page 125].

Crime Statistics in Focus

Domestic and Family Violence: Number of Domestic Violence Applications and Breaches per 100,000 Persons – 2014/15 and 2015/16

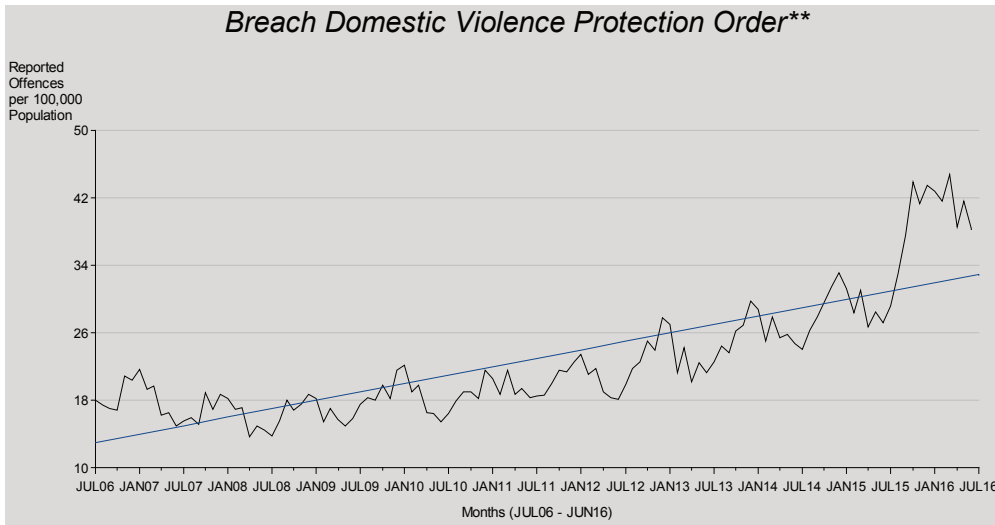
Rate of Domestic Violence Applications and Breaches 2014/15							
Region/District	Application - Police	Application - Private	Other Action	No Domestic Violence	Interstate Order	Breach Domestic Violence Protection Order	Total
Brisbane	191	102	246	96	3	163	801
North Brisbane	180	103	248	125	2	148	807
South Brisbane	201	101	244	70	3	176	795
Central	376	172	456	380	2	358	1744
Capricornia	555	177	413	466	1	578	2191
Mackay	396	111	725	641	1	377	2251
Sunshine Coast	250	152	290	162	3	215	1072
Wide Bay Burnett	364	237	526	407	2	333	1867
Northern	729	199	650	306	2	809	2695
Far North	766	161	706	273	3	762	2671
Mount Isa	1721	166	1319	1156	0	2276	6638
Townsville	550	247	495	228	0	661	2180
South Eastern	343	234	286	65	7	296	1231
Gold Coast	301	214	260	68	8	226	1077
Logan	411	267	329	61	5	412	1486
Southern	374	227	533	322	2	391	1850
Darling Downs	291	191	351	318	3	307	1460
Ipswich	411	277	744	468	2	361	2264
Moreton	373	249	529	236	1	452	1841
South West	478	159	500	209	4	506	1856
Queensland	352	174	394	214	3	343	1480

Rate of Domestic Violence Applications and Breaches 2015/16							
Region/District	Application - Police	Application - Private	Other Action	No Domestic Violence	Interstate Order	Breach Domestic Violence Protection Order	Total
Brisbane	247	103	266	113	2	223	955
North Brisbane	241	100	270	152	2	216	980
South Brisbane	253	105	263	78	2	230	931
Central	502	170	531	503	3	511	2220
Capricornia	663	195	401	548	3	691	2501
Mackay	533	98	877	758	2	626	2893
Sunshine Coast	335	144	347	210	2	294	1332
Wide Bay Burnett	559	234	655	674	4	554	2681
Northern	870	199	655	343	2	1087	3156
Far North	832	172	752	311	2	847	2917
Mount Isa	2308	158	1000	1222	0	2925	7614
Townsville	718	235	496	259	3	1115	2827
South Eastern	458	219	359	89	6	426	1556
Gold Coast	423	191	317	93	7	334	1366
Logan	517	265	427	81	4	577	1870
Southern	468	212	603	385	3	521	2193
Darling Downs	355	169	406	376	3	365	1675
Ipswich	472	255	798	469	3	554	2550
Moreton	490	243	674	385	3	609	2404
South West	658	151	471	229	2	603	2114
Queensland	450	169	442	264	3	472	1800

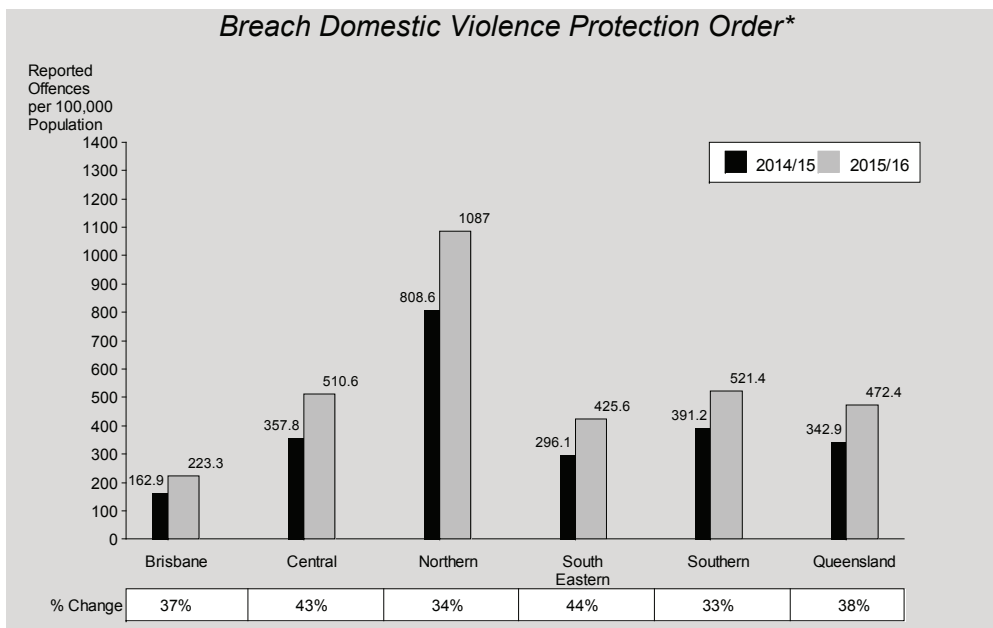
Note: The aggregate of district totals may not equal regional totals [see detailed explanation on page 125].

Crime Statistics in Focus

Domestic and Family Violence: Breach of Domestic Violence Protection Orders



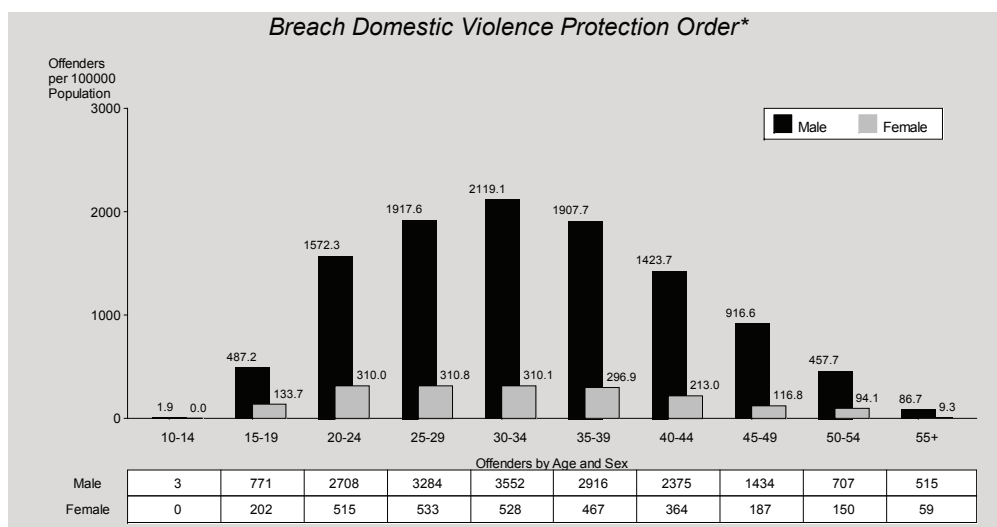
Breach of domestic violence orders historically appear to be subject to seasonal influences. Breach of domestic violence offences have been increasing steadily from 2009, as shown from the graph above. There was an increase of 11% in 2014/15 and 38% in 2015/16.



In 2015/16, all regions recorded an increase in breach of domestic violence protection order offences. Northern Region recorded the highest rate in the State (1,087 reported offences per 100,000 persons) while the lowest rate (223 reported offences per 100,000 persons) was recorded in Brisbane Region. However, Central and South Eastern regions recorded increases above the State average (43% and 44%, respectively). Southern Region recorded the smallest increase in 2015/16 with 33%.

Crime Statistics in Focus

Domestic and Family Violence: Breach of Domestic Violence Protection Orders



Data relating to breach of domestic violence protection order offences indicate the majority of offences were committed by males (86%), with 59% of offenders aged between 20 and 39 years. In 2015/16, 53% of offenders were arrested and a further 23% issued with a notice to appear.

In 2015/16, there were 11,845 unique offenders for domestic violence order offences, an increase of 2,395 offenders from 2014/15. Of the 11,845 offenders, 84% were male and 16% female. Over the last five years, the proportion of repeat breach of domestic violence order offences for offenders who had only one breach against them was slightly more than one in three (34%) for males and one in two (50%) for females. The proportion of repeat domestic violence order offences for offenders who had two or three repeat applications against them was one in three for both males (33%) and females (32%). Repeat domestic violence order offences for offenders for five or more was slightly less than one in four (24%) offending males compared to one in eight (12%) for offending females.

* Only those offenders whose age and sex were identified are included.

Crime Statistics in Focus

Domestic and Family Violence: Number of Unique Aggrieved with Domestic Violence Applications by Police Region and District – 2014/15 and 2015/16

Police Region/District	2014/2015				2015/2016			
	Male	Female	Not Stated	Total	Male	Female	Not Stated	Total
Brisbane	1058	2997	5	4060	1416	3946	10	5372
North Brisbane	518	1428	1	1947	655	1866	2	2523
South Brisbane	541	1573	4	2118	764	2089	8	2861
Central	1234	3740	2	4976	1735	4921	1	6657
Capricornia	411	1110	0	1521	517	1404	0	1921
Mackay	207	623	2	832	282	845	0	1127
Sunshine Coast	308	941	0	1249	436	1229	1	1666
Wide Bay Burnett	312	1071	0	1383	500	1447	0	1947
Northern	1070	3446	2	4518	1438	4273	2	5713
Far North	542	1766	2	2310	644	2107	2	2753
Mount Isa	147	408	0	555	235	555	0	790
Townsville	381	1278	0	1659	559	1618	0	2177
South Eastern	1054	3373	4	4431	1520	4475	6	6001
Gold Coast	617	1826	2	2445	879	2501	3	3383
Logan	438	1554	2	1994	643	1976	3	2622
Southern	1014	3299	3	4316	1350	4111	2	5463
Darling Downs	240	775	0	1015	300	920	0	1220
Ipswich	323	1035	1	1359	402	1250	0	1652
Moreton	291	996	2	1289	418	1290	1	1709
South West	162	504	0	666	234	656	1	891
Queensland	5420	16788	16	22224	7440	21628	21	29089

Notes:

1. These figures represent a unique aggrieved count. Thus, a person with multiple applications will be counted once during the reference period.
2. There is the possibility that an aggrieved has been assigned multiple identification numbers, leading to an over count of unique aggrieved. The aggregate of district totals may not equal regional totals [see detailed explanation on page 125].

Domestic and Family Violence: Number of Unique Respondents with Domestic Violence Applications by Police Region and District – 2014/15 and 2015/16

Police Region/District	2014/2015				2015/2016			
	Male	Female	Not Stated	Total	Male	Female	Not Stated	Total
Brisbane	3026	995	3	4024	3995	1333	2	5330
North Brisbane	1441	490	2	1933	1862	628	0	2490
South Brisbane	1593	511	1	2105	2147	712	2	2861
Central	3760	1164	2	4926	4893	1683	0	6576
Capricornia	1090	405	1	1496	1379	534	0	1913
Mackay	662	163	0	825	835	267	0	1102
Sunshine Coast	950	287	1	1238	1254	385	0	1639
Wide Bay Burnett	1073	317	0	1390	1440	500	0	1940
Northern	3305	1127	1	4433	4107	1506	1	5614
Far North	1695	569	0	2264	2030	685	0	2715
Mount Isa	398	155	0	553	502	258	0	760
Townsville	1218	406	1	1625	1583	572	1	2156
South Eastern	3430	997	3	4430	4480	1466	4	5950
Gold Coast	1851	592	2	2445	2492	863	3	3358
Logan	1588	407	1	1996	2001	606	1	2608
Southern	3285	1003	0	4288	4140	1304	1	5445
Darling Downs	766	249	0	1015	914	303	1	1218
Ipswich	1031	321	0	1352	1268	385	0	1653
Moreton	991	291	0	1282	1310	404	0	1714
South West	512	148	0	660	666	214	0	880
Queensland	16675	5256	9	21940	21415	7234	8	28657

Notes:

1. These figures represent a unique respondent count. Thus, a person with multiple applications will be counted once during the reference period.
2. There is the possibility that a respondent has been assigned multiple identification numbers, leading to an over count of unique respondents.
3. The aggregate of district totals may not equal regional totals [see detailed explanation on page 125].

Crime Statistics in Focus

Domestic and Family Violence: Number of Unique Aggrieved with Domestic Violence Applications by Police Region and District, Sex and Repeat Incidents over Last 5 Years – 2014/15 and 2015/16

Police Region/District		2014/2015						2015/2016					
		1	2	3	4	5 & Over	Total	1	2	3	4	5 & Over	Total
Brisbane	Male	969	82	5	2	0	1058	1309	98	8	0	1	1416
	Female	2549	355	73	16	4	2997	3400	442	89	9	6	3946
	Not Stated	5	0	0	0	0	5	9	1	0	0	0	10
	Total	3523	437	78	18	4	4060	4718	541	97	9	7	5372
North Brisbane	Male	484	31	2	1	0	518	610	41	4	0	0	655
	Female	1224	160	34	10	0	1428	1628	193	37	7	1	1866
	Not Stated	1	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	2
	Total	1709	191	36	11	0	1947	2240	234	41	7	1	2523
South Brisbane	Male	492	45	3	1	0	541	714	46	3	0	1	764
	Female	1364	174	29	4	2	1573	1817	218	51	1	2	2089
	Not Stated	4	0	0	0	0	4	7	1	0	0	0	8
	Total	1860	219	32	5	2	2118	2538	265	54	1	3	2861
Central	Male	1073	143	16	1	1	1234	1518	189	26	0	2	1735
	Female	2953	633	122	23	9	3740	3944	789	149	30	9	4921
	Not Stated	2	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	1
	Total	4028	776	138	24	10	4976	5463	978	175	30	11	6657
Capricornia	Male	359	46	5	1	0	411	437	70	9	0	1	517
	Female	819	220	52	13	6	1110	1027	284	71	16	6	1404
	Not Stated	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Total	1178	266	57	14	6	1521	1464	354	80	16	7	1921
Mackay	Male	186	18	3	0	0	207	256	21	5	0	0	282
	Female	521	89	13	0	0	623	720	108	17	0	0	845
	Not Stated	2	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Total	709	107	16	0	0	832	976	129	22	0	0	1127
Sunshine Coast	Male	266	35	7	0	0	308	395	34	7	0	0	436
	Female	810	116	13	1	1	941	1071	142	13	2	1	1229
	Not Stated	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
	Total	1076	151	20	1	1	1249	1467	176	20	2	1	1666
Wide Bay Burnett	Male	277	33	1	0	1	312	441	53	5	0	1	500
	Female	865	167	32	5	2	1071	1195	205	39	6	2	1447
	Not Stated	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Total	1142	200	33	5	3	1383	1636	258	44	6	3	1947
Northern	Male	918	131	15	6	0	1070	1229	179	23	7	0	1438
	Female	2464	717	203	48	14	3446	3057	893	252	56	15	4273
	Not Stated	2	0	0	0	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	2
	Total	3384	848	218	54	14	4518	4288	1072	275	63	15	5713
Far North	Male	462	70	8	2	0	542	560	73	9	2	0	644
	Female	1279	373	88	18	8	1766	1544	429	106	21	7	2107
	Not Stated	2	0	0	0	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	2
	Total	1743	443	96	20	8	2310	2106	502	115	23	7	2753
Mount Isa	Male	125	20	0	2	0	147	197	31	5	2	0	235
	Female	279	90	29	10	0	408	369	132	42	11	1	555
	Not Stated	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Total	404	110	29	12	0	555	566	163	47	13	1	790
Townsville	Male	337	35	7	2	0	381	482	66	8	3	0	559
	Female	949	242	67	17	3	1278	1202	312	80	20	4	1618
	Not Stated	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Total	1286	277	74	19	3	1659	1684	378	88	23	4	2177

Crime Statistics in Focus

Domestic and Family Violence: Number of Unique Aggrieved with Domestic Violence Applications by Police Region and District, Sex and Repeat Incidents over Last 5 Years – 2014/15 and 2015/16

Police Region/District		2014/2015						2015/2016					
		1	2	3	4	5 & Over	Total	1	2	3	4	5 & Over	Total
South Eastern	Male	929	101	14	9	1	1054	1360	133	20	7	0	1520
	Female	2779	491	85	14	4	3373	3800	566	94	12	3	4475
	Not Stated	4	0	0	0	0	4	5	1	0	0	0	6
	Total	3712	592	99	23	5	4431	5165	700	114	19	3	6001
Gold Coast	Male	538	63	9	6	1	617	798	66	11	4	0	879
	Female	1531	247	37	8	3	1826	2140	305	46	7	3	2501
	Not Stated	2	0	0	0	0	2	3	0	0	0	0	3
	Total	2071	310	46	14	4	2445	2941	371	57	11	3	3383
Logan	Male	394	36	6	2	0	438	570	62	9	2	0	643
	Female	1285	223	40	5	1	1554	1689	241	42	4	0	1976
	Not Stated	2	0	0	0	0	2	2	1	0	0	0	3
	Total	1681	259	46	7	1	1994	2261	304	51	6	0	2622
Southern	Male	882	112	17	1	2	1014	1181	147	13	6	3	1350
	Female	2619	551	105	18	6	3299	3329	637	119	20	6	4111
	Not Stated	3	0	0	0	0	3	2	0	0	0	0	2
	Total	3504	663	122	19	8	4316	4512	784	132	26	9	5463
Darling Downs	Male	208	21	9	0	2	240	263	32	2	0	3	300
	Female	633	116	18	6	2	775	761	131	23	4	1	920
	Not Stated	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Total	841	137	27	6	4	1015	1024	163	25	4	4	1220
Ipswich	Male	289	27	6	1	0	323	354	39	5	4	0	402
	Female	831	163	37	4	0	1035	1048	161	35	6	0	1250
	Not Stated	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Total	1121	190	43	5	0	1359	1402	200	40	10	0	1652
Moreton	Male	257	32	2	0	0	291	377	36	5	0	0	418
	Female	840	129	23	2	2	996	1084	173	29	3	1	1290
	Not Stated	2	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	1
	Total	1099	161	25	2	2	1289	1462	209	34	3	1	1709
South West	Male	146	16	0	0	0	162	209	23	1	1	0	234
	Female	388	92	18	5	1	504	507	119	21	6	3	656
	Not Stated	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
	Total	534	108	18	5	1	666	717	142	22	7	3	891
Queensland	Male	4693	623	81	19	4	5420	6468	831	112	23	6	7440
	Female	12824	3051	704	161	48	16788	16814	3735	858	170	51	21628
	Not Stated	15	1	0	0	0	16	18	3	0	0	0	21
	Total	17532	3675	785	180	52	22224	23300	4569	970	193	57	29089

Notes:

1. These figures represent a unique aggrieved count and the number of unique incidents for the last five reference periods. For example, if an aggrieved had one incident during the current reporting year and also had one incident either in the current reporting year or at any time in the last five reporting years, they would be represented in the table as having two repeat incidents.
2. There is the possibility that an aggrieved has been assigned multiple identification numbers, leading to an over count of unique aggrieved.
3. The aggregate of district totals may not equal regional totals [see detailed explanation on page 125].

Crime Statistics in Focus

Domestic and Family Violence: Number of Unique Respondents with Domestic Violence Applications by Police Region and District, Sex and Repeat Incidents over Last 5 Years – 2014/15 and 2015/16

Police Region/District		2014/2015						2015/2016					
		1	2	3	4	5 & Over	Total	1	2	3	4	5 & Over	Total
Brisbane	Male	2540	388	81	15	2	3026	3388	495	91	19	2	3995
	Female	870	113	10	2	0	995	1176	135	19	3	0	1333
	Not Stated	3	0	0	0	0	3	2	0	0	0	0	2
	Total	3413	501	91	17	2	4024	4566	630	110	22	2	5330
North Brisbane	Male	1228	172	37	3	1	1441	1592	224	39	6	1	1862
	Female	434	53	2	1	0	490	567	53	6	2	0	628
	Not Stated	2	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Total	1664	225	39	4	1	1933	2159	277	45	8	1	2490
South Brisbane	Male	1360	189	38	5	1	1593	1866	227	46	7	1	2147
	Female	453	55	3	0	0	511	632	76	4	0	0	712
	Not Stated	1	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	2
	Total	1814	244	41	5	1	2105	2500	303	50	7	1	2861
Central	Male	2911	651	160	24	14	3760	3848	806	192	33	14	4893
	Female	949	166	36	11	2	1164	1389	219	57	12	6	1683
	Not Stated	2	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Total	3862	817	196	35	16	4926	5237	1025	249	45	20	6576
Capricornia	Male	819	197	54	15	5	1090	1013	273	67	19	7	1379
	Female	320	65	13	6	1	405	419	84	20	6	5	534
	Not Stated	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Total	1140	262	67	21	6	1496	1432	357	87	25	12	1913
Mackay	Male	534	109	16	0	3	662	694	119	18	2	2	835
	Female	139	17	5	2	0	163	233	24	7	3	0	267
	Not Stated	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Total	673	126	21	2	3	825	927	143	25	5	2	1102
Sunshine Coast	Male	782	129	30	5	4	950	1074	146	31	1	2	1254
	Female	249	30	6	1	1	287	341	36	6	1	1	385
	Not Stated	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Total	1032	159	36	6	5	1238	1415	182	37	2	3	1639
Wide Bay Burnett	Male	853	181	36	2	1	1073	1159	224	49	7	1	1440
	Female	266	45	5	1	0	317	420	65	14	1	0	500
	Not Stated	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Total	1119	226	41	3	1	1390	1579	289	63	8	1	1940
Northern	Male	2255	753	221	57	19	3305	2882	882	250	70	23	4107
	Female	879	184	52	8	4	1127	1197	230	61	12	6	1506
	Not Stated	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1
	Total	3135	937	273	65	23	4433	4080	1112	311	82	29	5614
Far North	Male	1158	397	100	28	12	1695	1444	436	111	27	12	2030
	Female	441	102	23	2	1	569	560	98	22	4	1	685
	Not Stated	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Total	1599	499	123	30	13	2264	2004	534	133	31	13	2715
Mount Isa	Male	280	84	29	4	1	398	340	119	34	8	1	502
	Female	121	21	8	3	2	155	197	41	12	5	3	258
	Not Stated	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Total	401	105	37	7	3	553	537	160	46	13	4	760
Townsville	Male	869	245	77	22	5	1218	1175	287	88	25	8	1583
	Female	334	54	15	2	1	406	473	74	22	2	1	572
	Not Stated	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1
	Total	1204	299	92	24	6	1625	1649	361	110	27	9	2156

Crime Statistics in Focus

Domestic and Family Violence: Number of Unique Respondents with Domestic Violence Applications by Police Region and District, Sex and Repeat Incidents over Last 5 Years – 2014/15 and 2015/16

Police Region/District		2014/2015						2015/2016					
		1	2	3	4	5 & Over	Total	1	2	3	4	5 & Over	Total
South Eastern	Male	2756	539	107	19	9	3430	3728	607	118	17	10	4480
	Female	861	112	20	3	1	997	1275	159	27	4	1	1466
	Not Stated	3	0	0	0	0	3	4	0	0	0	0	4
	Total	3620	651	127	22	10	4430	5007	766	145	21	11	5950
Gold Coast	Male	1529	261	48	7	6	1851	2112	308	55	10	7	2492
	Female	508	68	13	2	1	592	765	83	11	3	1	863
	Not Stated	2	0	0	0	0	2	3	0	0	0	0	3
	Total	2039	329	61	9	7	2445	2880	391	66	13	8	3358
Logan	Male	1277	247	53	8	3	1588	1672	267	55	4	3	2001
	Female	361	40	6	0	0	407	523	74	9	0	0	606
	Not Stated	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1
	Total	1639	287	59	8	3	1996	2196	341	64	4	3	2608
Southern	Male	2514	589	140	33	9	3285	3279	659	152	40	10	4140
	Female	839	135	25	2	2	1003	1093	176	32	1	2	1304
	Not Stated	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
	Total	3353	724	165	35	11	4288	4373	835	184	41	12	5445
Darling Downs	Male	602	118	35	7	4	766	743	126	33	8	4	914
	Female	205	34	8	1	1	249	258	36	8	0	1	303
	Not Stated	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
	Total	807	152	43	8	5	1015	1002	162	41	8	5	1218
Ipswich	Male	809	176	36	7	3	1031	1046	172	41	7	2	1268
	Female	273	44	3	1	0	321	327	55	2	1	0	385
	Not Stated	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Total	1082	220	39	8	3	1352	1373	227	43	8	2	1653
Moreton	Male	813	150	22	6	0	991	1095	181	28	6	0	1310
	Female	254	31	5	0	1	291	356	39	8	0	1	404
	Not Stated	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Total	1067	181	27	6	1	1282	1451	220	36	6	1	1714
South West	Male	383	91	28	8	2	512	503	117	32	11	3	666
	Female	128	18	2	0	0	148	173	32	9	0	0	214
	Not Stated	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Total	511	109	30	8	2	660	676	149	41	11	3	880
Queensland	Male	12171	3334	896	200	74	16675	16090	3982	1032	227	84	21415
	Female	4230	802	181	32	11	5256	5888	1049	241	37	19	7234
	Not Stated	9	0	0	0	0	9	8	0	0	0	0	8
	Total	16410	4136	1077	232	85	21940	21986	5031	1273	264	103	28657

Notes:

1. These figures represent a unique respondent count and the number of unique incidents for the last five reference periods. For example, if a respondent had one incident during the current reporting year and also had one incident either in the current reporting year or at any time in the last five reporting years, they would be represented in the table as having two repeat incidents.
2. There is the possibility that a respondent has been assigned multiple identification numbers, leading to an over count of unique respondents.
3. The aggregate of district totals may not equal regional totals [see detailed explanation on page 125].

Crime Statistics in Focus

Domestic and Family Violence: Number of Unique Offenders with Breach of Domestic Violence Protection Order Offences by Police Region and District, Sex and Repeat Incidents over Last 5 Years – 2014/15 and 2015/16

Police Region/District		2014/2015						2015/2016					
		Incident Count						Incident Count					
		1	2	3	4	5 & Over	Total	1	2	3	4	5 & Over	Total
Brisbane	Male	554	263	164	99	216	1296	847	338	180	112	205	1682
	Female	105	48	24	12	26	215	179	65	30	11	29	314
	Not Stated	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Total	659	311	188	111	242	1511	1026	403	210	123	234	1996
North Brisbane	Male	264	129	62	44	79	578	427	160	76	44	91	798
	Female	45	21	7	6	11	90	99	25	6	5	11	146
	Not Stated	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Total	309	150	69	50	90	668	526	185	82	49	102	944
South Brisbane	Male	335	147	97	54	120	753	473	205	92	64	96	930
	Female	64	33	17	7	10	131	94	46	19	7	12	178
	Not Stated	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Total	399	180	114	61	130	884	567	251	111	71	108	1108
Central	Male	562	307	223	163	469	1724	852	452	272	201	475	2252
	Female	127	76	43	17	50	313	253	85	58	22	49	467
	Not Stated	1	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Total	690	384	266	180	519	2039	1105	537	330	223	524	2719
Capricornia	Male	182	96	74	66	181	599	248	132	79	70	170	699
	Female	50	30	18	5	25	128	78	40	17	8	23	166
	Not Stated	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Total	232	126	92	71	206	727	326	172	96	78	193	865
Mackay	Male	121	64	40	18	86	329	183	97	49	30	105	464
	Female	24	14	6	6	11	61	52	19	13	4	13	101
	Not Stated	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Total	145	78	46	24	97	390	235	116	62	34	118	565
Sunshine Coast	Male	157	66	47	38	85	393	225	92	55	42	83	497
	Female	28	14	9	0	4	55	50	12	12	3	5	82
	Not Stated	1	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Total	186	81	56	38	89	450	275	104	67	45	88	579
Wide Bay Burnett	Male	147	89	60	41	91	428	261	142	79	56	91	629
	Female	30	19	7	5	9	70	76	18	11	6	8	119
	Not Stated	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Total	177	108	67	46	100	498	337	160	90	62	99	748
Northern	Male	466	379	293	236	789	2163	711	481	323	244	765	2524
	Female	148	85	82	38	69	422	237	93	75	37	73	515
	Not Stated	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
	Total	614	464	375	274	858	2585	949	574	398	281	838	3040
Far North	Male	262	223	161	120	332	1098	344	252	154	121	294	1165
	Female	77	51	35	18	30	211	105	43	22	16	28	214
	Not Stated	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Total	339	274	196	138	362	1309	449	295	176	137	322	1379
Mount Isa	Male	54	52	47	38	140	331	109	47	63	39	142	400
	Female	24	10	20	10	11	75	41	19	22	8	14	104
	Not Stated	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Total	78	62	67	48	151	406	150	66	85	47	156	504
Townsville	Male	182	126	82	78	284	752	315	204	107	84	282	992
	Female	50	29	24	9	25	137	100	28	29	14	27	198
	Not Stated	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
	Total	232	155	106	87	309	889	416	232	136	98	309	1191

Crime Statistics in Focus

Domestic and Family Violence: Number of Unique Offenders with Breach of Domestic Violence Protection Order Offences by Police Region and District, Sex and Repeat Incidents over Last 5 Years – 2014/15 and 2015/16

Police Region/District		2014/2015						2015/2016					
		Incident Count						Incident Count					
		1	2	3	4	5 & Over	Total	1	2	3	4	5 & Over	Total
South Eastern	Male	524	315	183	108	293	1423	818	398	192	117	297	1822
	Female	118	46	24	9	24	221	183	61	41	11	27	323
	Not Stated	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Total	642	361	207	117	317	1644	1001	459	233	128	324	2145
Gold Coast	Male	282	153	76	49	120	680	430	195	80	56	132	893
	Female	68	25	12	5	10	120	110	26	17	7	14	174
	Not Stated	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Total	350	178	88	54	130	800	540	221	97	63	146	1067
Logan	Male	276	155	104	63	157	755	425	202	110	63	149	949
	Female	55	26	11	0	13	105	75	36	23	3	13	150
	Not Stated	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Total	331	181	115	63	170	860	500	238	133	66	162	1099
Southern	Male	576	333	219	154	383	1665	834	411	256	162	383	2046
	Female	129	70	26	20	40	285	171	69	29	25	29	323
	Not Stated	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Total	706	403	245	174	423	1951	1005	480	285	187	412	2369
Darling Downs	Male	151	85	36	29	76	377	194	96	57	28	68	443
	Female	40	17	3	5	11	76	38	12	9	4	8	71
	Not Stated	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Total	191	102	39	34	87	453	232	108	66	32	76	514
Ipswich	Male	168	98	57	54	82	459	284	113	68	58	89	612
	Female	43	20	8	3	8	82	47	21	10	7	6	91
	Not Stated	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Total	211	118	65	57	90	541	331	134	78	65	95	703
Moreton	Male	206	107	72	32	117	534	290	143	83	38	125	679
	Female	31	28	10	7	11	87	54	23	5	8	9	99
	Not Stated	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Total	238	135	82	39	128	622	344	166	88	46	134	778
South West	Male	95	61	42	26	87	311	131	67	42	26	81	347
	Female	18	6	5	3	9	41	40	11	6	3	5	65
	Not Stated	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Total	113	67	47	29	96	352	171	78	48	29	86	412
Queensland	Male	2183	1551	1090	797	2395	8016	3414	2005	1246	872	2400	9937
	Female	576	306	213	101	235	1431	953	372	243	110	229	1907
	Not Stated	2	1	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	0	0	1
	Total	2761	1858	1303	898	2630	9450	4368	2377	1489	982	2629	11845

Notes:

1. These figures represent a unique offender count. Thus, a person with multiple offences will be counted once during the reference period.
2. There is the possibility that an offender has been assigned multiple identification numbers, leading to an over count of unique offenders.
3. The aggregate of district totals may not equal regional totals [see detailed explanation on page 125].

Crime Statistics in Focus

Domestic and Family Violence: Number of Unique Offenders with Breach of Domestic Violence Protection Order Offences by Police Region and District – 2014/15 and 2015/16

Police Region/District	2014/2015				2015/2016			
	Male	Female	Not Stated	Total	Male	Female	Not Stated	Total
Brisbane	1296	215	0	1511	1682	314	0	1996
North Brisbane	578	90	0	668	798	146	0	944
South Brisbane	753	131	0	884	930	178	0	1108
Central	1724	313	2	2039	2252	467	0	2719
Capricornia	599	128	0	727	699	166	0	865
Mackay	329	61	0	390	464	101	0	565
Sunshine Coast	393	55	2	450	497	82	0	579
Wide Bay Burnett	428	70	0	498	629	119	0	748
Northern	2163	422	0	2585	2524	515	1	3040
Far North	1098	211	0	1309	1165	214	0	1379
Mount Isa	331	75	0	406	400	104	0	504
Townsville	752	137	0	889	992	198	1	1191
South Eastern	1423	221	0	1644	1822	323	0	2145
Gold Coast	680	120	0	800	893	174	0	1067
Logan	755	105	0	860	949	150	0	1099
Southern	1665	285	1	1951	2046	323	0	2369
Darling Downs	377	76	0	453	443	71	0	514
Ipswich	459	82	0	541	612	91	0	703
Moreton	534	87	1	622	679	99	0	778
South West	311	41	0	352	347	65	0	412
Queensland	8016	1431	3	9450	9937	1907	1	11845

Notes:

1. These figures represent a unique offender count. Thus, a person with multiple offences will be counted once during the reference period.
2. There is the possibility that an offender has been assigned multiple identification numbers, leading to an over count of unique offenders.
3. The aggregate of district totals may not equal regional totals [see detailed explanation on page 125].

Crime Statistics in Focus:

Reported Public Nuisance Offences – 2015/16

Region/District	Public Nuisance - <i>Summary Offences Act</i>	Wilful Exposure - <i>Summary Offences Act</i>	Public Nuisance - Disorderly	Public Nuisance - Offensive	Public Nuisance - Threatening (includes threatening behaviour toward police)	Public Nuisance - Violent	Public Nuisance - Language Offences directed toward police	Public Urination	Obscene Language/ Offensive Behaviour (Community By-Law)	Total
Brisbane	391	112	2446	590	584	1103	342	818	0	6386
North Brisbane	239	61	1749	353	352	877	225	705	0	4561
South Brisbane	152	51	697	237	232	226	117	113	0	1825
Central	290	71	1792	508	503	893	406	578	0	5041
Capricornia	82	15	576	212	149	345	120	126	0	1625
Mackay	52	15	293	75	111	217	55	70	0	888
Sunshine Coast	69	28	426	89	107	166	97	257	0	1239
Wide Bay Burnett	87	13	497	132	136	165	134	125	0	1289
Northern	356	77	2709	637	755	1698	514	467	2	7215
Far North	125	50	1150	347	381	914	173	275	2	3417
Mount Isa	76	8	739	87	138	423	159	46	0	1676
Townsville	155	19	820	203	236	361	182	146	0	2122
South Eastern	218	56	1445	348	266	735	278	667	0	4013
Gold Coast	147	42	1029	176	159	642	200	642	0	3037
Logan	71	14	416	172	107	93	78	25	0	976
Southern	305	39	1851	546	420	657	300	416	0	4534
Darling Downs	87	9	717	152	99	220	86	254	0	1624
Ipswich	49	7	329	131	96	110	61	43	0	826
Moreton	74	14	370	133	111	105	86	37	0	930
South West	95	9	435	130	114	222	67	82	0	1154
Queensland	1560	355	10243	2629	2528	5086	1840	2946	2	27189

Note: The aggregate of district totals may not equal regional totals (see detailed explanation on page 125).

Crime Statistics in Focus:

Reported Public Nuisance Offences per 100,000 Persons – 2015/16

Region/District	Public Nuisance - Summary Offences Act	Wilful Exposure - Summary Offences Act	Public Nuisance - Disorderly	Public Nuisance - Offensive	Public Nuisance - Threatening (includes threatening behaviour toward police)	Public Nuisance - Violent	Public Nuisance - Language Offences directed toward police	Public Urination	Obscene Language/ Offensive Behaviour (Community By-Law)	Total
Brisbane	26	7	161	39	38	72	22	54	0	419
North Brisbane	33	8	239	48	48	120	31	96	0	623
South Brisbane	19	6	88	30	29	29	15	14	0	230
Central	28	7	175	50	49	87	40	57	0	493
Capricornia	35	6	243	90	63	146	51	53	0	687
Mackay	28	8	160	41	61	119	30	38	0	485
Sunshine Coast	20	8	123	26	31	48	28	74	0	358
Wide Bay Burnett	34	5	194	51	53	64	52	49	0	502
Northern	64	14	488	115	136	306	93	84	0	1300
Far North	45	18	411	124	136	327	62	98	1	1222
Mount Isa	231	24	2247	265	420	1286	483	140	0	5096
Townsville	64	8	338	84	97	149	75	60	0	875
South Eastern	24	6	159	38	29	81	31	74	0	442
Gold Coast	26	7	182	31	28	114	35	114	0	537
Logan	21	4	122	50	31	27	23	7	0	285
Southern	37	5	222	66	50	79	36	50	0	545
Darling Downs	36	4	294	62	41	90	35	104	0	666
Ipswich	21	3	140	56	41	47	26	18	0	352
Moreton	31	6	154	55	46	44	36	15	0	387
South West	84	8	385	115	101	197	59	73	0	1022
Queensland	32	7	212	54	52	105	38	61	0	561

Note: The aggregate of district totals may not equal regional totals (see detailed explanation on page 125).

Crime Statistics in Focus:

Number of Move-On Directions Given* – 2015/16

Region/District	PPRA461A Causing anxiety to a person ¹	PPRA461B Interfering with trade or business ²	PPRA461C Disorderly, indecent, offensive, or threatening to person ³	PPRA461D Disrupting the peace ⁴	PPRA471A Causing anxiety to a person	PPRA471B Interfering with trade or business	PPRA471C Disrupting the peace	Total
Brisbane	147	100	210	55	46	22	15	1779
North Brisbane	121	77	158	46	31	18	7	1348
South Brisbane	26	23	52	9	15	4	8	431
Central	82	83	209	66	41	19	18	1162
Capricornia	27	25	68	17	7	4	2	333
Mackay	23	41	67	23	14	8	3	253
Sunshine Coast	9	6	36	9	9	3	9	329
Wide Bay Burnett	23	11	38	17	11	4	4	247
Northern	233	135	457	114	66	45	12	2059
Far North	116	49	239	43	26	18	5	1083
Mount Isa	11	8	17	2	12	8	–	184
Townsville	106	78	201	69	28	19	7	792
South Eastern	146	101	249	77	31	23	21	1441
Gold Coast	129	89	237	73	26	22	21	1309
Logan	17	12	12	4	5	1	–	132
Southern	142	94	260	77	23	20	23	1222
Darling Downs	76	45	123	39	14	13	17	524
Ipswich	18	14	39	6	4	3	1	318
Moreton	36	26	49	14	3	3	2	222
South West	12	9	49	18	2	1	3	158
Queensland	750	513	1385	389	207	129	89	7663

* Number of reasons will not add to the total number of move-on directions given as multiple reasons can be linked to the one direction.

1 Causing anxiety to a person entering, at, or leaving the place, reasonably arising in all the circumstances.

2 Interfering with trade or business at the place by unnecessarily obstructing, hindering or impeding someone entering, at or leaving the place.

3 Disorderly, indecent, offensive or threatening to someone entering, at or leaving the place.

4 Disrupting the peaceable and orderly conduct of any event, entertainment or gathering at the place.

Note: The aggregate of district totals may not equal regional totals (see detailed explanation on page 125).

Crime Statistics in Focus:

Number of Move-On Directions Given* per 100,000 Persons – 2015/16

Region/District	PPRA461A Causing anxiety to a person ¹	PPRA461B Interfering with trade or business ²	PPRA461C Disorderly, indecent, offensive, or threatening to person ³	PPRA461D Disrupting the peace ⁴	PPRA471A Causing anxiety to a person	PPRA471B Interfering with trade or business	PPRA471C Disrupting the peace	Total
Brisbane	10	7	14	4	3	1	1	117
North Brisbane	17	11	22	6	4	2	1	184
South Brisbane	3	3	7	1	2	1	1	55
Central	8	8	20	6	4	2	2	114
Capricornia	11	11	29	7	3	2	1	141
Mackay	13	22	37	13	8	4	2	139
Sunshine Coast	3	2	10	3	3	1	3	95
Wide Bay Burnett	9	4	15	7	4	2	2	96
Northern	42	24	82	21	12	8	2	371
Far North	41	18	85	15	9	6	2	387
Mount Isa	33	24	52	6	36	24	–	559
Townsville	44	32	83	28	12	8	3	327
South Eastern	16	11	27	8	3	3	2	159
Gold Coast	23	16	42	13	5	4	4	232
Logan	5	4	4	1	1	0	–	39
Southern	17	11	31	9	3	2	3	147
Darling Downs	31	18	50	16	6	5	7	215
Ipswich	8	6	17	3	2	1	0	135
Moreton	15	11	20	6	1	1	1	92
South West	11	8	43	16	2	1	3	140
Queensland	16	11	29	8	4	3	2	158

* Number of reasons will not add to the total number of move-on directions given as multiple reasons can be linked to the one direction.

1 Causing anxiety to a person entering, at, or leaving the place, reasonably arising in all the circumstances.

2 Interfering with trade or business at the place by unnecessarily obstructing, hindering or impeding someone entering, at or leaving the place.

3 Disorderly, indecent, offensive or threatening to someone entering, at or leaving the place.

4 Disrupting the peaceable and orderly conduct of any event, entertainment or gathering at the place.

Note: The aggregate of district totals may not equal regional totals (see detailed explanation on page 125).

Crime Statistics in Focus:

Reported Victims¹ of Assaults on Police² – 2014/15

Region/District	Assault (Comm By-Law)	Assault occasioning bodily harm	Assault occasioning grievous bodily harm	Assault; Common	Assault; aggravated (Non-sexual)	Assault; minor (nec)	Assault; police (PPRA)	Assault; serious (other)	Wounding	Total
Brisbane	0	24	1	6	0	0	286	133	0	450
North Brisbane	0	12	1	5	0	0	163	72	0	253
South Brisbane	0	12	0	1	0	0	123	61	0	197
Central	0	18	2	5	0	0	269	139	0	433
Capricornia	0	3	2	4	0	0	105	59	0	173
Mackay	0	1	0	1	0	0	48	26	0	76
Sunshine Coast	0	5	0	0	0	0	46	23	0	74
Wide Bay Burnett	0	9	0	0	0	0	70	31	0	110
Northern	0	24	0	3	0	0	340	209	0	576
Far North	0	11	0	2	0	0	181	93	0	287
Mount Isa	0	1	0	1	0	0	75	44	0	121
Townsville	0	12	0	0	0	0	84	72	0	168
South Eastern	0	18	0	3	0	0	167	102	0	290
Gold Coast	0	13	0	0	0	0	117	47	0	177
Logan	0	5	0	3	0	0	50	55	0	113
Southern	0	18	5	4	0	0	284	123	0	434
Darling Downs	0	3	0	1	0	0	59	16	0	79
Ipswich	0	9	0	2	0	0	47	29	0	87
Moreton	0	3	2	1	0	0	98	45	0	149
South West	0	3	3	0	0	0	80	33	0	119
Queensland	0	102	8	21	0	0	1346	706	0	2183

Reported Victims¹ of Assaults on Police² – 2015/16

Region/District	Assault (Comm By-Law)	Assault occasioning bodily harm	Assault occasioning grievous bodily harm	Assault; Common	Assault; aggravated (Non-sexual)	Assault; minor (nec)	Assault; police (PPRA)	Assault; serious (other)	Wounding	Total
Brisbane	0	53	0	5	0	0	291	122	0	471
North Brisbane	0	31	0	2	0	0	170	73	0	276
South Brisbane	0	22	0	3	0	0	121	49	0	195
Central	0	16	0	4	0	0	254	137	0	411
Capricornia	0	4	0	1	0	0	82	60	0	147
Mackay	0	3	0	2	0	0	48	29	0	82
Sunshine Coast	0	7	0	0	0	0	46	20	0	73
Wide Bay Burnett	0	2	0	1	0	0	78	28	0	109
Northern	0	24	0	3	0	0	332	225	0	584
Far North	0	12	0	0	0	0	167	116	0	295
Mount Isa	0	4	0	1	0	0	109	30	0	144
Townsville	0	8	0	2	0	0	56	79	0	145
South Eastern	0	24	0	0	0	0	142	89	2	257
Gold Coast	0	16	0	0	0	0	88	59	1	164
Logan	0	8	0	0	0	0	54	30	1	93
Southern	0	21	0	5	0	0	253	129	0	408
Darling Downs	0	12	0	3	0	0	50	38	0	103
Ipswich	0	5	0	1	0	0	44	32	0	82
Moreton	0	1	0	0	0	0	55	33	0	89
South West	0	3	0	1	0	0	104	26	0	134
Queensland	0	138	0	17	0	0	1272	702	2	2131

Assaults on police refer to incidents where a police officer is assaulted whilst on duty.

Note: The aggregate of district totals may not equal regional totals (see detailed explanation on page 125).

1 Only police officers whose sex was identified was included.

2 Totals for regions includes police officers for Regional Functions, State Functions, Brisbane Watchhouse and External Agencies.

Crime Statistics in Focus:

Reported Victims¹ of Assaults on Police² per 1,000 Officers – 2014/15

Region/District	Assault (Comm By-Law)	Assault occasioning bodily harm	Assault occasioning grievous bodily harm	Assault; Common	Assault; aggravated (Non-sexual)	Assault; minor (nec)	Assault; police (PPRA)	Assault; serious (other)	Wounding	Total
Brisbane	0	11	0	3	0	0	127	59	0	200
North Brisbane	0	10	1	4	0	0	136	60	0	211
South Brisbane	0	12	0	1	0	0	119	59	0	191
Central	0	11	1	3	0	0	171	88	0	275
Capricornia	0	7	5	9	0	0	245	138	0	403
Mackay	0	3	0	3	0	0	162	88	0	256
Sunshine Coast	0	11	0	0	0	0	103	51	0	166
Wide Bay Burnett	0	23	0	0	0	0	175	78	0	276
Northern	0	18	0	2	0	0	255	157	0	432
Far North	0	17	0	3	0	0	275	142	0	437
Mount Isa	0	7	0	7	0	0	493	289	0	796
Townsville	0	23	0	0	0	0	162	139	0	324
South Eastern	0	12	0	2	0	0	112	69	0	195
Gold Coast	0	15	0	0	0	0	133	54	0	202
Logan	0	8	0	5	0	0	83	92	0	189
Southern	0	13	4	3	0	0	200	87	0	305
Darling Downs	0	8	0	3	0	0	164	45	0	220
Ipswich	0	23	0	5	0	0	122	75	0	226
Moreton	0	8	5	3	0	0	261	120	0	396
South West	0	10	10	0	0	0	271	112	0	403
Queensland	0	9	1	2	0	0	116	61	0	188

Reported Victims¹ of Assaults on Police² per 1,000 Officers – 2015/16

Region/District	Assault (Comm By-Law)	Assault occasioning bodily harm	Assault occasioning grievous bodily harm	Assault; Common	Assault; aggravated (Non-sexual)	Assault; minor (nec)	Assault; police (PPRA)	Assault; serious (other)	Wounding	Total
Brisbane	0	24	0	2	0	0	130	54	0	210
North Brisbane	0	26	0	2	0	0	140	60	0	228
South Brisbane	0	22	0	3	0	0	118	48	0	191
Central	0	10	0	2	0	0	155	83	0	250
Capricornia	0	9	0	2	0	0	186	136	0	333
Mackay	0	10	0	6	0	0	155	94	0	265
Sunshine Coast	0	15	0	0	0	0	102	44	0	162
Wide Bay Burnett	0	5	0	2	0	0	181	65	0	252
Northern	0	17	0	2	0	0	239	162	0	420
Far North	0	18	0	0	0	0	246	171	0	434
Mount Isa	0	23	0	6	0	0	626	172	0	828
Townsville	0	15	0	4	0	0	105	149	0	273
South Eastern	0	16	0	0	0	0	96	60	1	173
Gold Coast	0	18	0	0	0	0	99	67	1	185
Logan	0	14	0	0	0	0	92	51	2	159
Southern	0	14	0	3	0	0	171	87	0	276
Darling Downs	0	32	0	8	0	0	135	103	0	278
Ipswich	0	12	0	2	0	0	108	78	0	200
Moreton	0	3	0	0	0	0	140	84	0	226
South West	0	10	0	3	0	0	347	87	0	447
Queensland	0	12	0	1	0	0	107	59	0	179

Assaults on police refer to incidents where a police officer is assaulted whilst on duty.

Note: The aggregate of district totals may not equal regional totals (see detailed explanation on page 125).

1 Only police officers whose sex was identified was included.

2 Totals for regions includes police officers for Regional Functions, State Functions, Brisbane Watchhouse and External Agencies.

Crime Statistics in Focus:

Number of Unique Offenders for Offences Against the Person by Police Region and District – 2014/15 and 2015/16

Region/District	2014/2015				2015/2016			
	Male	Female	Not Stated	Total	Male	Female	Not Stated	Total
Brisbane	2378	589	0	2967	2586	607	0	3193
North Brisbane	1262	320	0	1582	1378	314	0	1692
South Brisbane	1157	281	0	1438	1256	305	0	1561
Central	2268	647	1	2916	2255	698	1	2954
Capricornia	736	232	0	968	749	229	0	978
Mackay	419	112	0	531	426	120	0	546
Sunshine Coast	492	137	0	629	436	153	0	589
Wide Bay Burnett	635	169	1	805	655	199	1	855
Northern	2671	883	0	3554	2685	973	0	3658
Far North	1407	489	0	1896	1373	487	0	1860
Mount Isa	363	108	0	471	454	176	0	630
Townsville	921	291	0	1212	884	320	0	1204
South Eastern	1912	486	0	2398	2084	583	0	2667
Gold Coast	1084	274	0	1358	1328	355	0	1683
Logan	843	218	0	1061	764	232	0	996
Southern	2221	681	0	2902	2305	674	5	2984
Darling Downs	609	177	0	786	601	184	2	787
Ipswich	575	216	0	791	604	187	1	792
Moreton	616	178	0	794	647	150	1	798
South West	437	112	0	549	472	154	1	627
Queensland	11274	3243	1	14518	11675	3492	6	15173

Number of Unique Offenders for Offences Against Property by Police Region and District – 2014/15 and 2015/16

Region/District	2014/2015				2015/2016			
	Male	Female	Not Stated	Total	Male	Female	Not Stated	Total
Brisbane	6018	2725	1	8744	6110	2852	3	8965
North Brisbane	3535	1715	1	5251	3609	1754	2	5365
South Brisbane	3083	1231	0	4314	3171	1338	1	4510
Central	3999	1479	0	5478	4100	1568	2	5670
Capricornia	1119	387	0	1506	1121	442	0	1563
Mackay	786	227	0	1013	766	250	0	1016
Sunshine Coast	1078	463	0	1541	1206	488	1	1695
Wide Bay Burnett	1132	430	0	1562	1166	417	1	1584
Northern	3764	1373	0	5137	3865	1460	0	5325
Far North	2152	737	0	2889	2238	850	0	3088
Mount Isa	389	125	0	514	475	170	0	645
Townsville	1320	534	0	1854	1249	473	0	1722
South Eastern	4441	1922	1	6364	4346	2092	3	6441
Gold Coast	2503	1049	1	3553	2682	1187	3	3872
Logan	2207	976	0	3183	1935	995	0	2930
Southern	4389	1738	1	6128	4671	2018	0	6689
Darling Downs	1152	434	1	1587	1199	445	0	1644
Ipswich	1350	644	0	1994	1398	635	0	2033
Moreton	1310	515	0	1825	1465	718	0	2183
South West	771	218	0	989	824	262	0	1086
Queensland	20400	8443	3	28846	20795	9172	8	29975

Crime Statistics in Focus:

Number of Unique Offenders for Other Offences by Police Region and District – 2014/15 and 2015/16

Region/District	2014/2015				2015/2016			
	Male	Female	Not Stated	Total	Male	Female	Not Stated	Total
Brisbane	20283	5226	8	25517	21127	5740	7	26874
North Brisbane	11749	2906	4	14659	12348	3140	2	15490
South Brisbane	9687	2616	4	12307	10199	2963	5	13167
Central	18083	4918	5	23006	18011	5377	2	23390
Capricornia	5416	1534	0	6950	5222	1716	0	6938
Mackay	3661	887	2	4550	3474	925	1	4400
Sunshine Coast	4831	1360	3	6194	4965	1410	0	6375
Wide Bay Burnett	4461	1189	0	5650	4693	1393	1	6087
Northern	14551	4779	7	19337	14694	5091	5	19790
Far North	7781	2504	4	10289	7970	2646	2	10618
Mount Isa	1892	682	0	2574	1926	800	0	2726
Townsville	5115	1629	3	6747	5049	1715	3	6767
South Eastern	16513	4585	3	21101	15084	4483	8	19575
Gold Coast	11034	2803	3	13840	9711	2651	8	12370
Logan	5833	1884	0	7717	5742	1926	0	7668
Southern	15702	4891	4	20597	17140	5486	7	22633
Darling Downs	4618	1318	2	5938	5130	1424	3	6557
Ipswich	3679	1218	0	4897	4192	1345	4	5541
Moreton	4563	1477	1	6041	4883	1632	0	6515
South West	3209	968	1	4178	3436	1203	0	4639
Queensland	80513	23343	27	103883	80619	24777	29	105425

Number of Unique Offenders by Police Region and District – 2014/15 and 2015/16

Region/District	2014/2015				2015/2016			
	Male	Female	Not Stated	Total	Male	Female	Not Stated	Total
Brisbane	24618	7338	9	31965	25375	7863	10	33248
North Brisbane	14551	4311	5	18867	15081	4550	4	19635
South Brisbane	11983	3582	4	15569	12529	3977	6	16512
Central	20938	6130	6	27074	20732	6587	5	27324
Capricornia	6206	1864	0	8070	5940	2054	0	7994
Mackay	4254	1084	2	5340	3953	1114	1	5068
Sunshine Coast	5645	1734	3	7382	5796	1790	1	7587
Wide Bay Burnett	5307	1539	1	6847	5585	1737	3	7325
Northern	17157	5923	7	23087	17179	6320	5	23504
Far North	9357	3136	4	12497	9504	3398	2	12904
Mount Isa	2137	787	0	2924	2197	935	0	3132
Townsville	6044	2072	3	8119	5881	2116	3	8000
South Eastern	19607	6033	4	25644	18024	6019	11	24054
Gold Coast	12909	3655	4	16568	11646	3594	11	15251
Logan	7383	2601	0	9984	7074	2649	0	9723
Southern	18757	6292	5	25054	20133	6932	12	27077
Darling Downs	5448	1668	3	7119	5925	1758	5	7688
Ipswich	4743	1780	0	6523	5208	1850	5	7063
Moreton	5506	1893	1	7400	5869	2120	1	7990
South West	3701	1133	1	4835	3928	1391	1	5320
Queensland	93583	29655	31	123269	93110	31340	43	124493

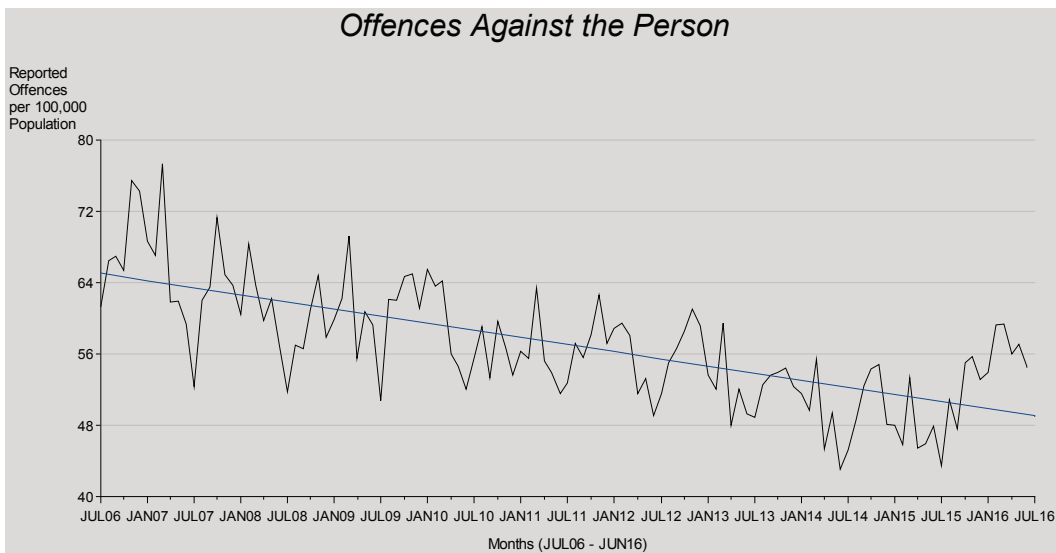
Monthly Crime Trends

The graphs in this section provide monthly data for selected offence categories from July 2006 (2006/07 financial year) to June 2016 (2015/16 financial year), expressed as a rate, thereby factoring in the size of the Queensland population for each year. All crime statistics appearing in these graphs are comparable over the ten year period except where indicated with a break in continuity.

Australian Demographic Statistics, December Quarter 2015 (3101.0), Australian Bureau of Statistics were used to calculate the rates up to June 2016.

To test for a statistically significant trend in the following graphs, Kendall's rank order correlation test (Conover, W.J. 1971 *Practical Non-Parametric Statistics*, 2nd edition, John Wiley and Sons, pages 256-260) was used. Although the 5% level of significance was used, most results were significant at the 1% level. Details are footnoted where appropriate in the text under each graph. This test is a two-tailed test which determines whether there is an increasing or decreasing trend in the recorded number of offences over the 120 month period covered in the report.

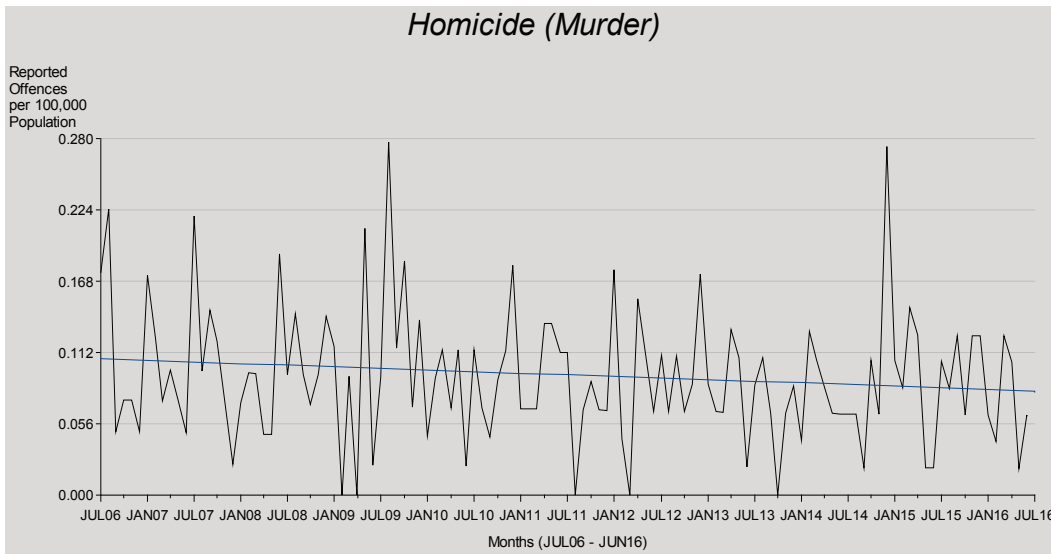
Some month to month variations in the numbers of recorded offences suggested seasonal factors may be operating. The test for trend is not sensitive to seasonal variations; it is sensitive only to a generally increasing or decreasing trend over the time period examined.



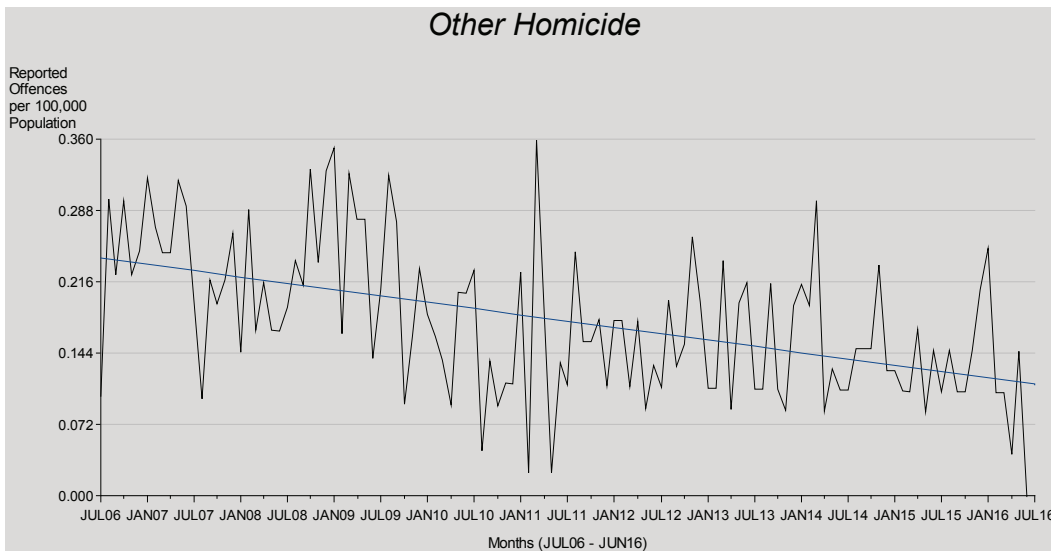
Total offences against the person has a statistically significant* decreasing trend over the ten year period. This broad offence group tends to be dominated by assaults as is evidenced by the strong seasonal influence recorded by the time series. During the last financial year, offences against the person peaked in March 2016 due to the higher number of assaults and other offences against the person reported in the month.

* The result is significant at the 1% level of confidence, using Kendall's rank order correlation test. See page 45 for further information.

Monthly Crime Trends



Over the ten year period there is no statistically significant trend* in the homicide (murder) time series. This small volume offence is subject to marked fluctuations from one month to the next. The spike in December 2014 relates to one occurrence involving eight victims. There were 50 reported murders in 2015/16 for Queensland which is two fewer than the previous financial year.

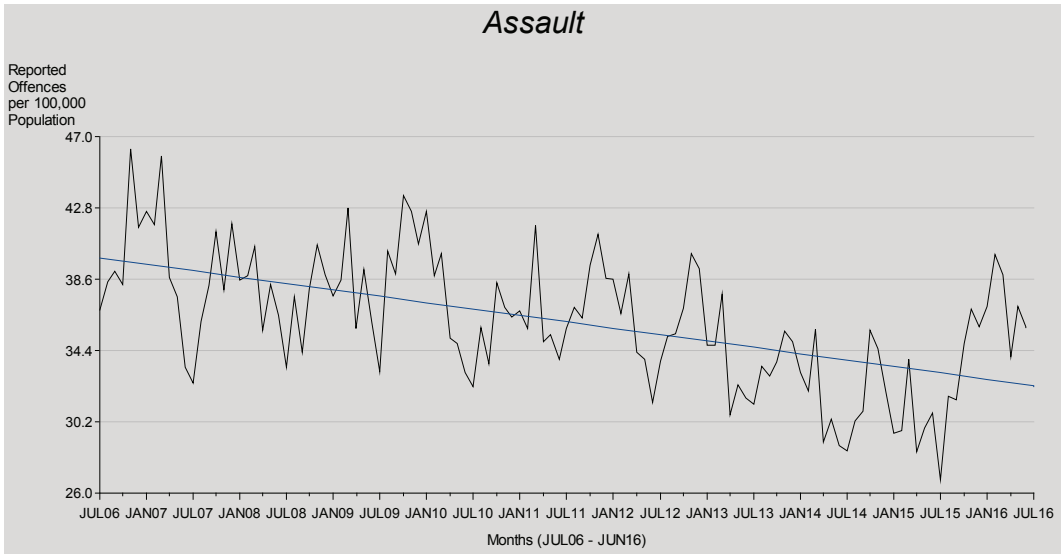


As with homicide (murder), other homicide is a low volume offence category and, as such, is subject to random fluctuations from month to month.

Over the ten year period, there is a significantly decreasing trend* for the other homicide time series. Other homicide reported a decrease of 11% in the 2015/16 financial year. Out of the 70 other homicide offences, there were three reported cases of unlawful striking causing death in Queensland for 2015/16.

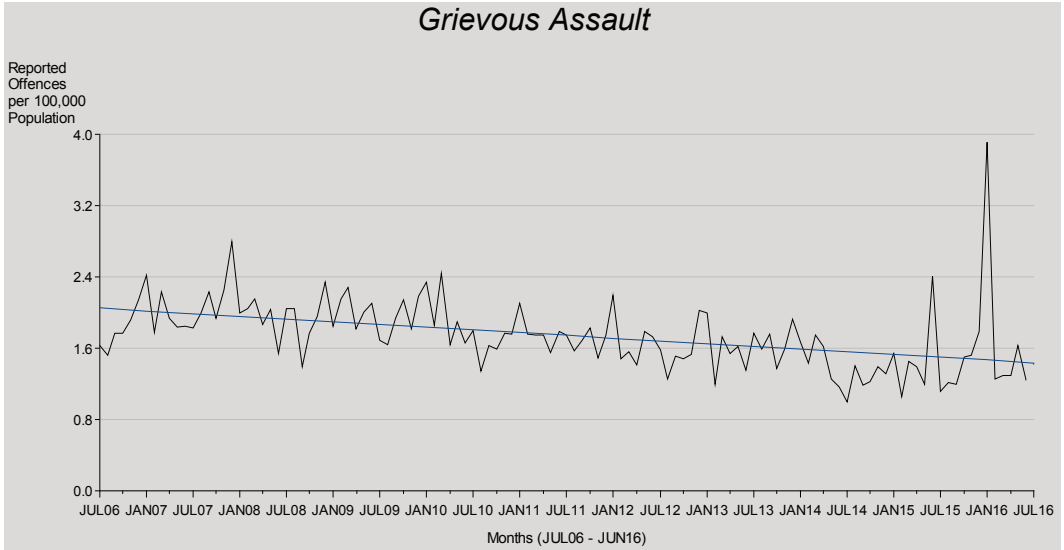
* The result is significant at the 1% level of confidence, using Kendall's rank order correlation test. See page 45 for further information.

Monthly Crime Trends



Assault is the largest in volume of the offences against the person categories. There was a statistically significant decreasing trend* detected for the 2015/16 period.

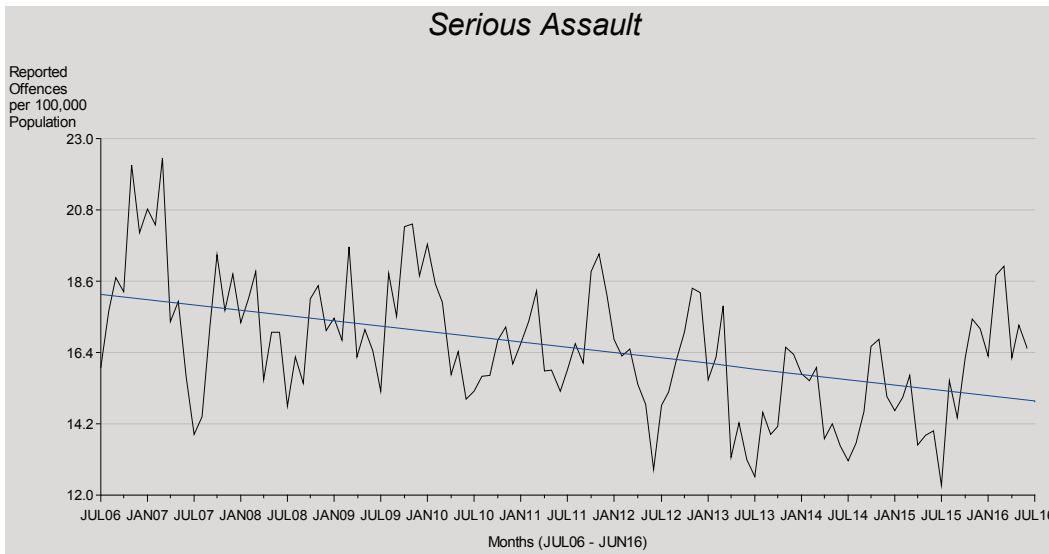
Assault offences are subject to strong seasonal influences, which are evident in the time series, with a higher rate of offences occurring over the summer months and a lower number of offences occurring in the winter. Compared to 2014/15, the rate of assaults have increased by 12% in 2015/16.



Grievous assault is a small volume offence and, as such, will be subject to marked fluctuations over time. Overall, there has been a statistically significant decreasing trend* in the rate of grievous assaults over the ten year period. The seasonal influence is obvious in the time series with the peaks occurring in the summer months. The spike in grievous assaults in January 2016 was from one occurrence involving 98 victims.

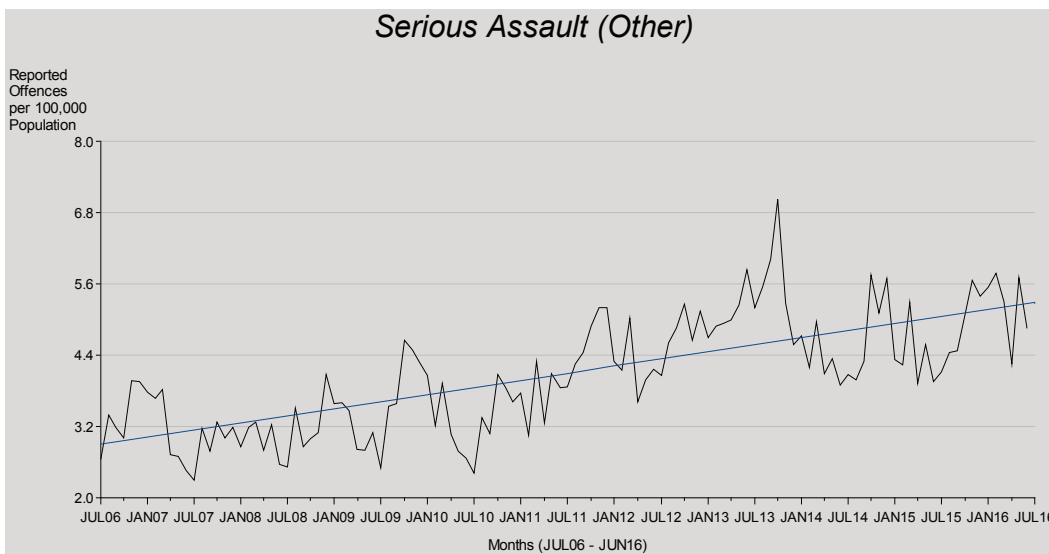
* The result is significant at the 1% level of confidence, using Kendall's rank order correlation test. See page 45 for further information.

Monthly Crime Trends



Again, the strong seasonal influences are evident in this time series, with a higher rate of offences occurring over the summer months and a lower rate of offences occurring in the winter months of each year. A significantly decreasing trend was detected over the ten year period*.

There was an increase of 12% in serious assault offences in 2015/16 compared to 2014/15.

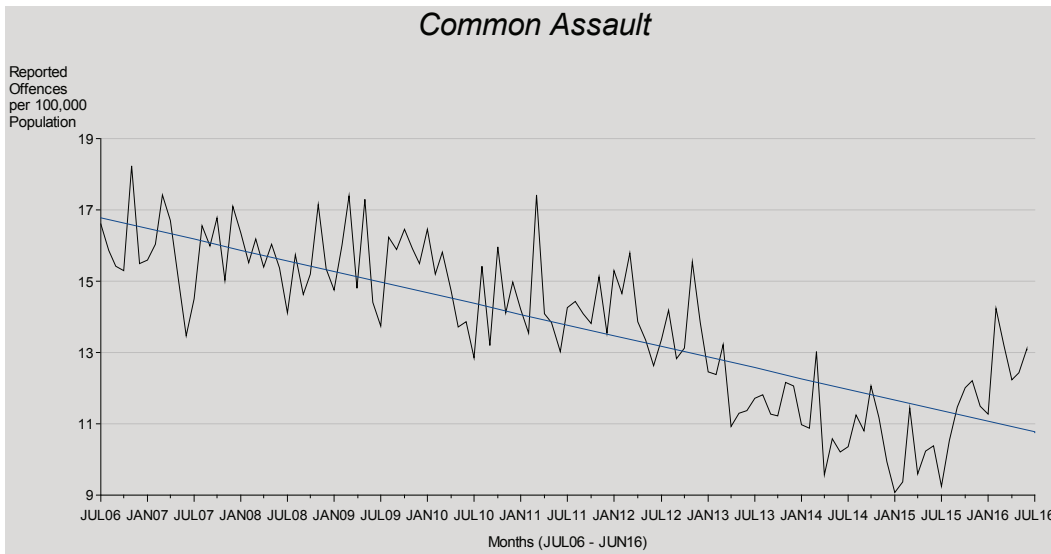


Serious assault (other) is the only sub-category within assault to have a significantly increasing trend* over the ten year period. Although less apparent than for the other sub-categories of assault, the peaks and troughs reflect the strong seasonal influence exerted on the time series with the higher rates occurring in the summer months.

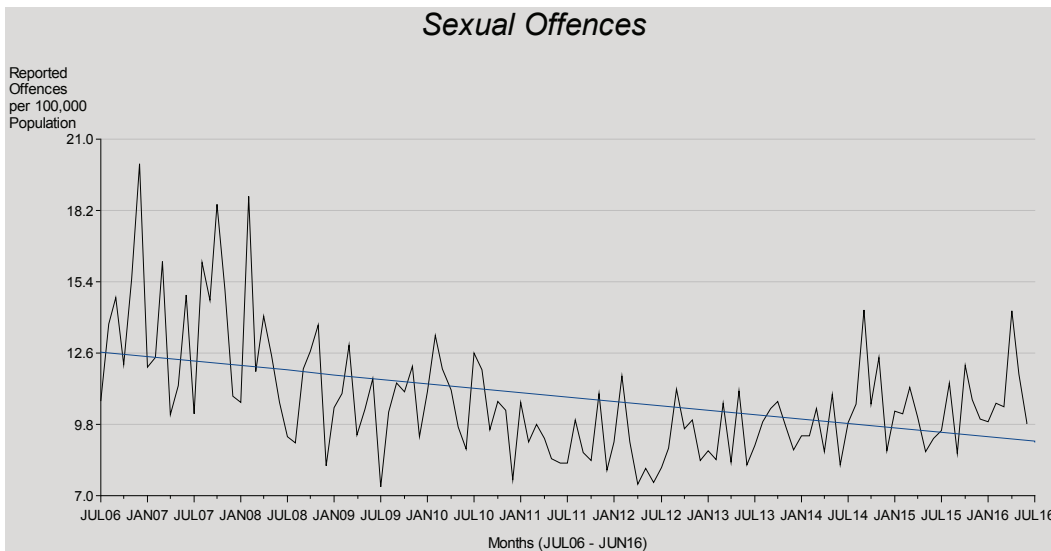
While all categories within assault had increases, the serious assault (other) category had the lowest rate increase of 10% when comparing 2015/16 to 2014/15.

* The result is significant at the 1% level of confidence, using Kendall's rank order correlation test. See page 45 for further information.

Monthly Crime Trends



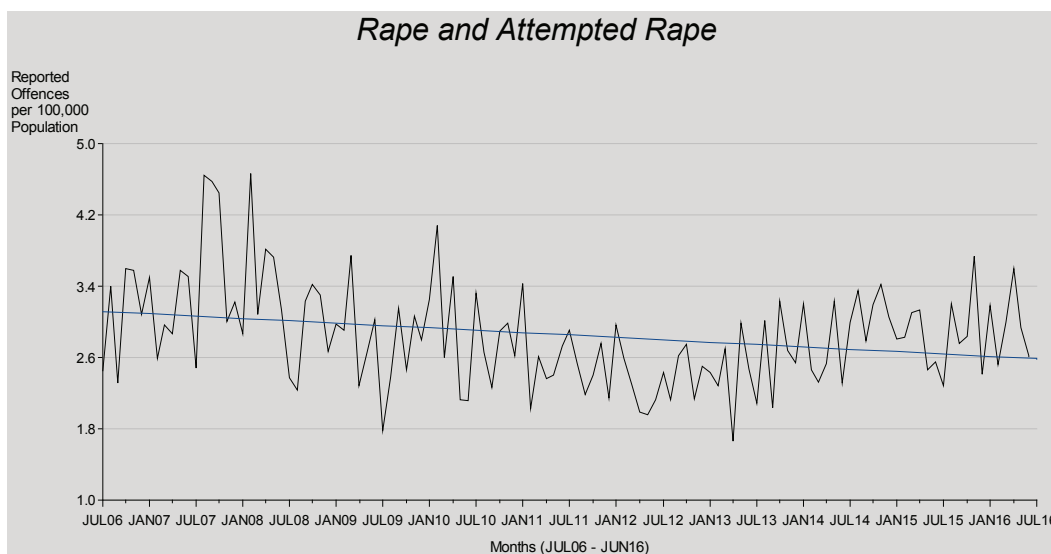
The stability in the trend of common assault offences continues into 2015/16. There is a statistically significant decreasing trend*. As with all sub-categories of assault, the seasonal influence is apparent in the graph above. In 2015/16, there was a 14% increase in common assault offences.



The spikes in the sexual offences time series are the result of large numbers of offences being reported to police. All are due to single offenders who were responsible for multiple offences for incidents occurring over a number of years. Overall, this time series records a statistically significant decreasing trend*. Sexual offences for the year under review reported an increase of 2%.

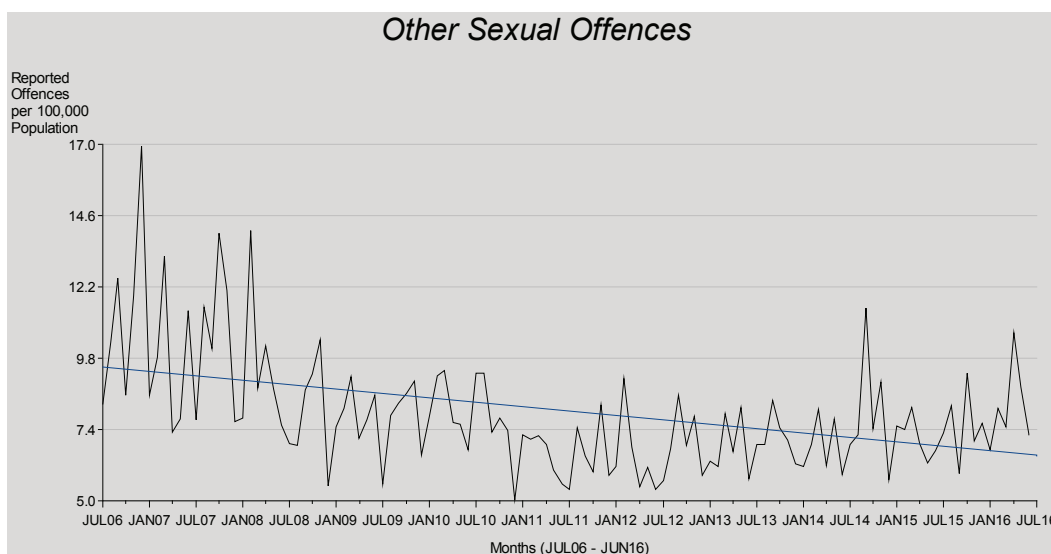
* The result is significant at the 1% level of confidence, using Kendall's rank order correlation test. See page 45 for further information.

Monthly Crime Trends



The spike in these offences in August 2007 and February 2008 were due to a single offender who was responsible for multiple offences occurring over a number of years. Overall, rape and attempted rape offences over this time series shows no statistically significant increasing or decreasing trend*.

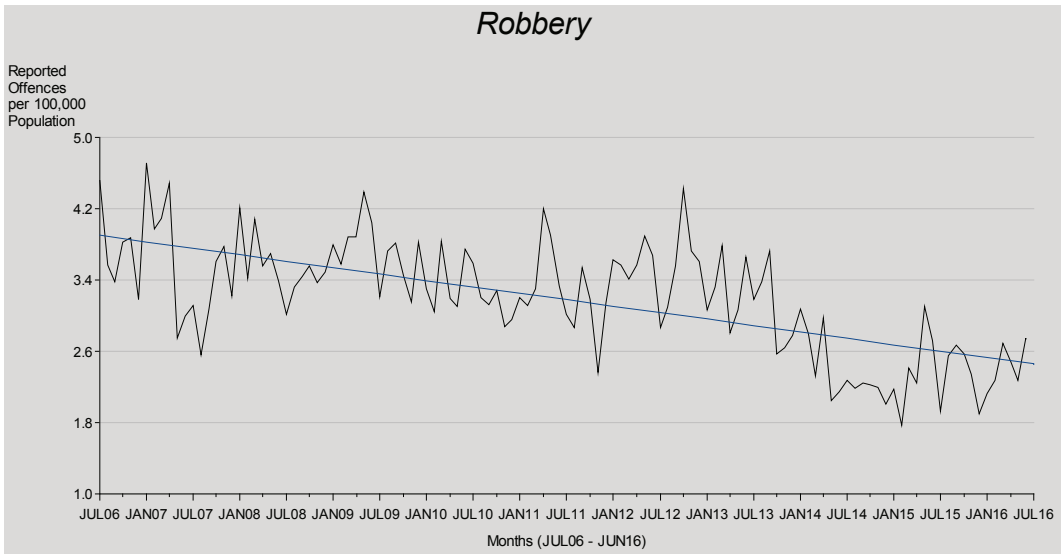
Across Queensland, there were nine fewer rape and attempted rape offences reported to police in 2015/16, which is a 2% decrease.



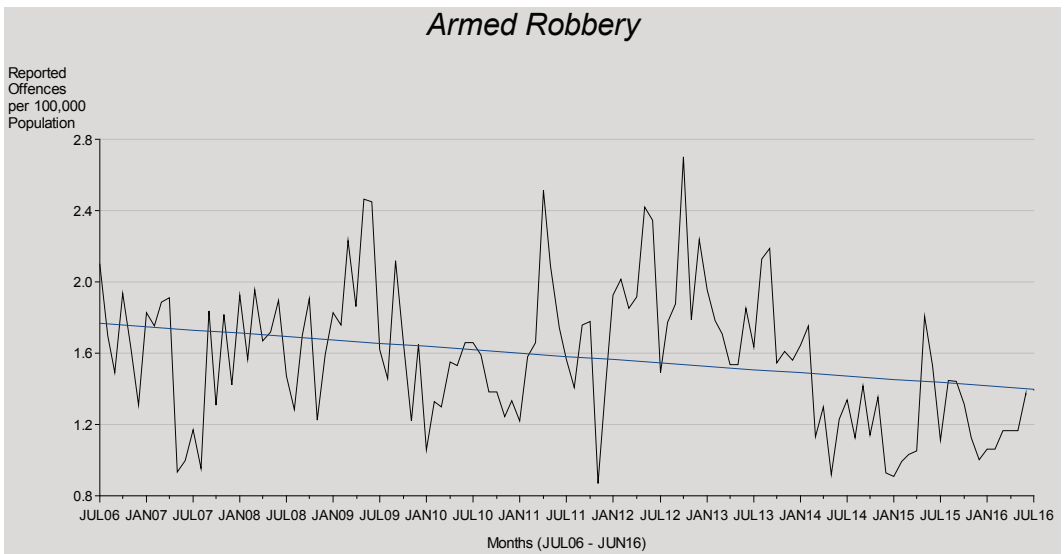
Multiple reports relating to historical offences with large numbers of offences were responsible for the spikes in December 2006. Overall, other sexual offences over this time series records a statistically significant decreasing trend*. There was a 4% increase in other sexual offences for Queensland in 2015/16.

* The result is significant at the 1% level of confidence, using Kendall's rank order correlation test. See page 45 for further information.

Monthly Crime Trends



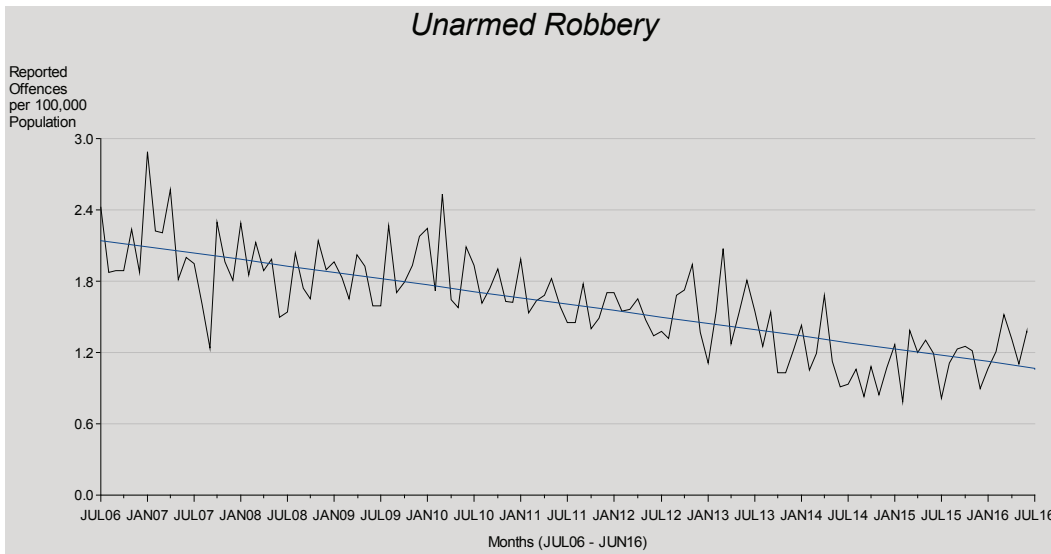
Rates of robbery offences peaked between January and April 2007, May 2009, May 2011 and October 2012. Since the peak in October 2012, rates of robbery offences continued to decrease and have recorded a significantly* downward trend. However, the rate of reported robbery offences increased by 3% in the period under review.



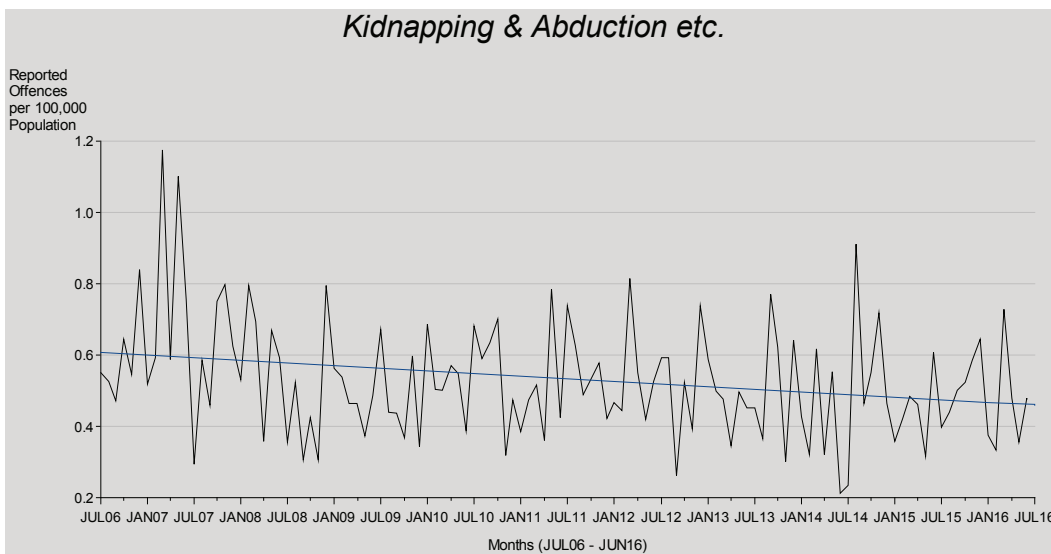
The overall trend in the rate of armed robbery has been decreasing significantly*. The time series shows peaks in May 2009, May 2011 and again in October 2012. However, the rate of armed robbery offences decreased by 1% in the period under review.

* The result is significant at the 1% level of confidence, using Kendall's rank order correlation test. See page 45 for further information.

Monthly Crime Trends



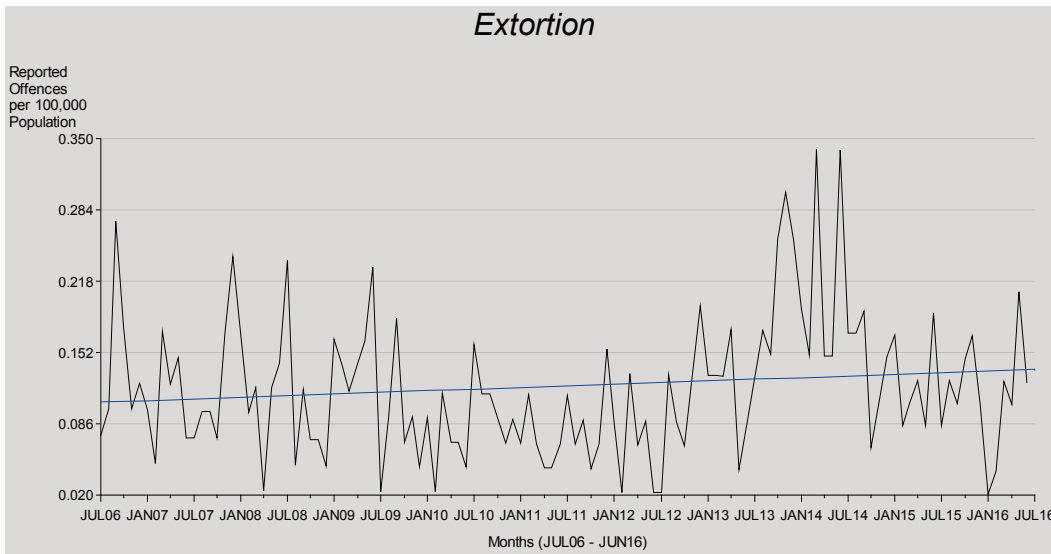
Rates of unarmed robbery have recorded fluctuations over time. Since recording a peak in January 2007 the rate of unarmed robbery has continued to record an overall downward trend*. During the current period, unarmed robbery recorded an increase of 9%.



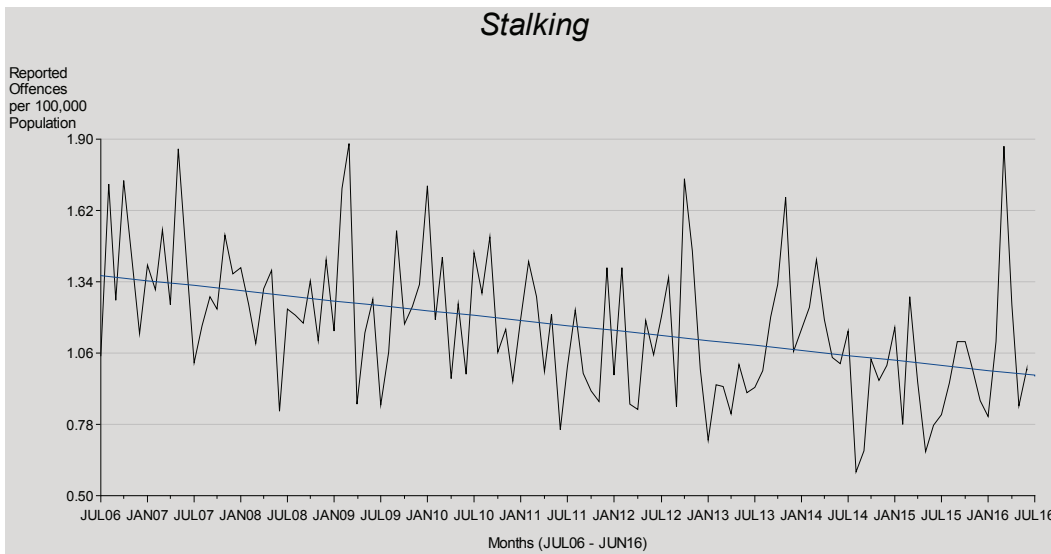
This time series is subject to the fluctuations that occur in small volume offence categories. The rates of kidnapping and abduction etc. offences have been steadily decreasing over the ten year period of the time series and records a statistically significant decreasing trend*.

* The result is significant at the 1% level of confidence, using Kendall's rank order correlation test. See page 45 for further information.

Monthly Crime Trends



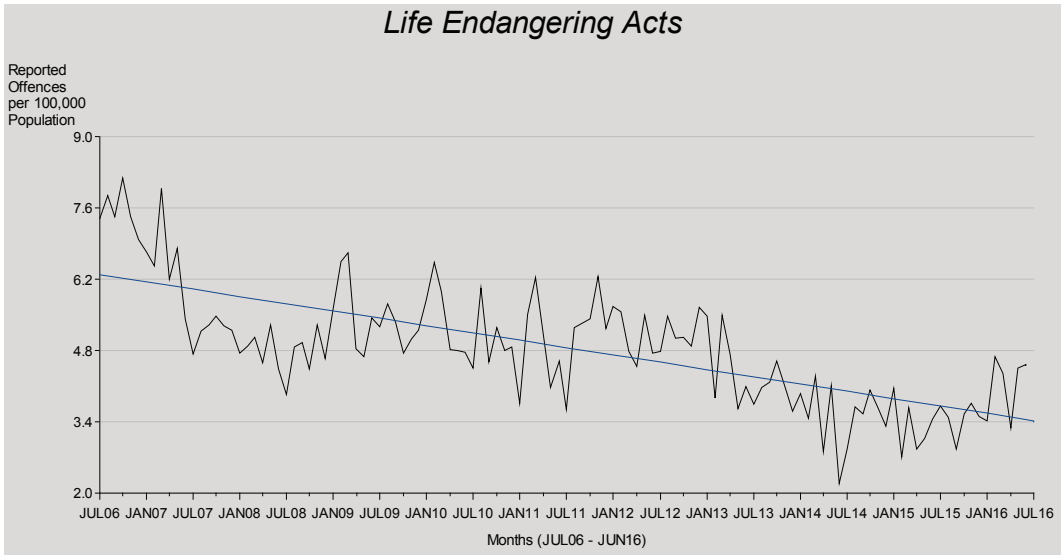
Extortion is the lowest in volume of the offences against the person categories and, as such, is prone to random variations from month to month. Overall, no statistically significant increasing or decreasing* trend was detected over the ten year period. During the current period, the State recorded a decrease of 16%.



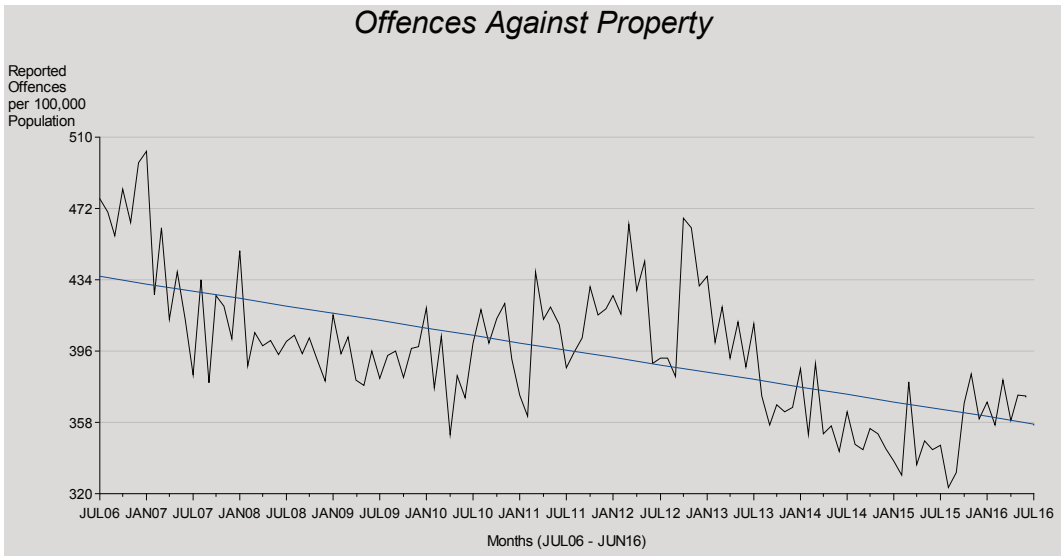
The time series displays a statistically significant decreasing trend* over the ten year period. The State recorded a 15% increase in stalking offences during the 2015/16 financial year with 90 reported stalking offences in March 2016.

* The result is significant at the 1% level of confidence, using Kendall's rank order correlation test. See page 45 for further information.

Monthly Crime Trends



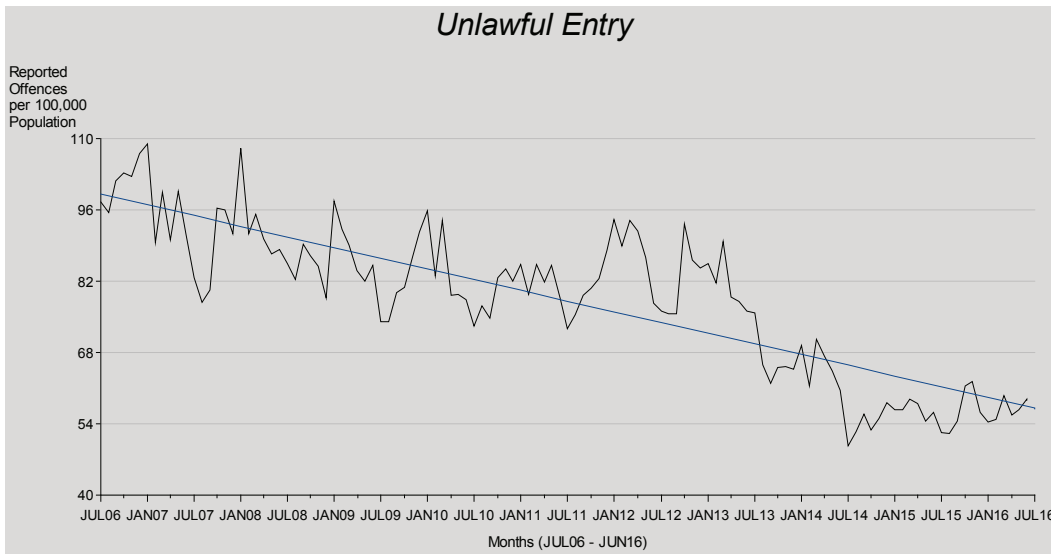
The rate of life endangering acts offences have been steadily decreasing since July 2007 and records a statistically significant decreasing trend* over the ten year period. Over the period under review, there were an additional 244 reported life endangering acts offences, representing an increase of 11% in the rate compared to the prior period.



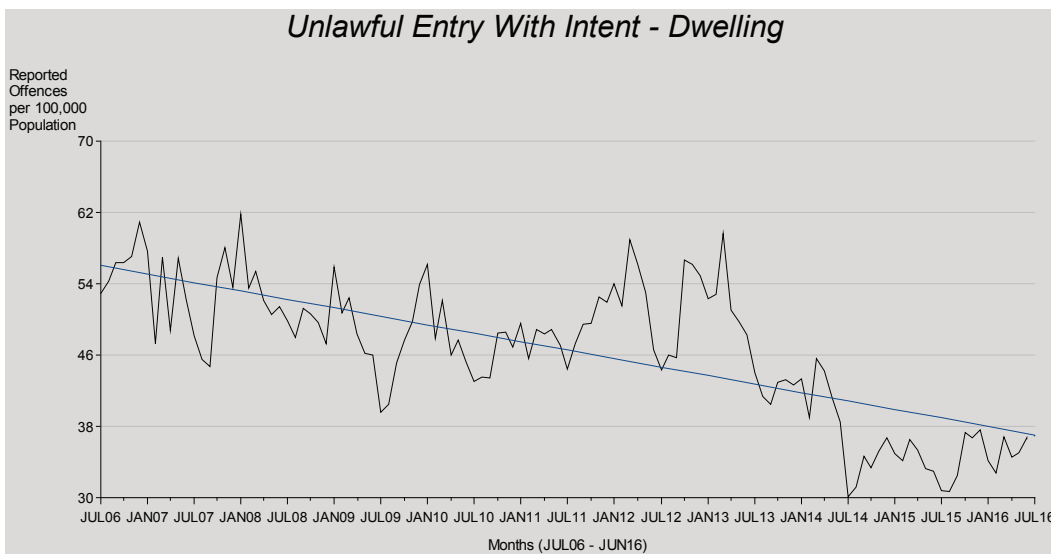
The offences against property time series has historically been reasonably stable, though since July 2007, has a statistically significant downward trend* being detected. This is a large volume offence group and, as such, increases or decreases are usually small in the overall context. The rate of offences against property has decreased over the last ten years. In the current time period, offences against property increased by 3%.

* The result is significant at the 1% level of confidence, using Kendall's rank order correlation test. See page 45 for further information.

Monthly Crime Trends



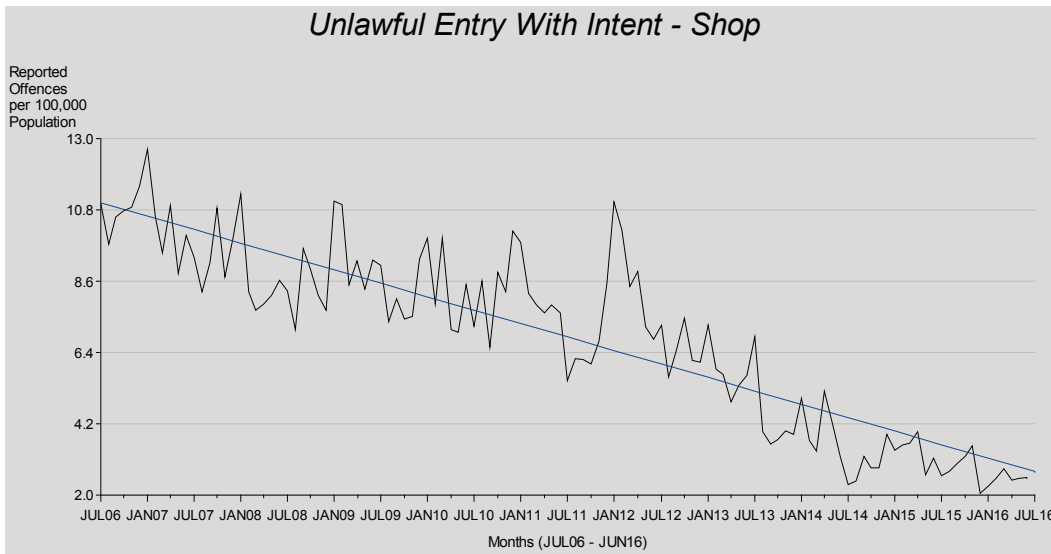
Overall, there was a statistically significant decreasing trend detected* for unlawful entry. In the current period, the rate of unlawful entry offences increased by 2%, or an increase of 1,004 reported offences.



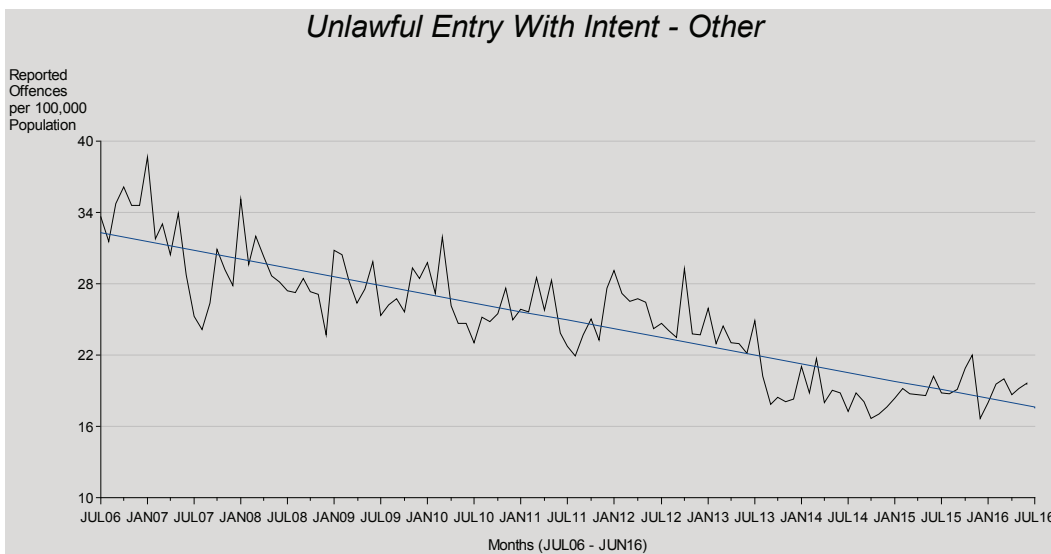
The rate of unlawful entry with intent – dwelling has been steadily decreasing from 2006/07 to the extent that an overall statistically significant decreasing trend* was detected. The rate had an increase of 2% in the current review period. The fact that this offence is subject to seasonal variation is evidenced in the graph above.

* The result is significant at the 1% level of confidence, using Kendall’s rank order correlation test. See page 45 for further information.

Monthly Crime Trends



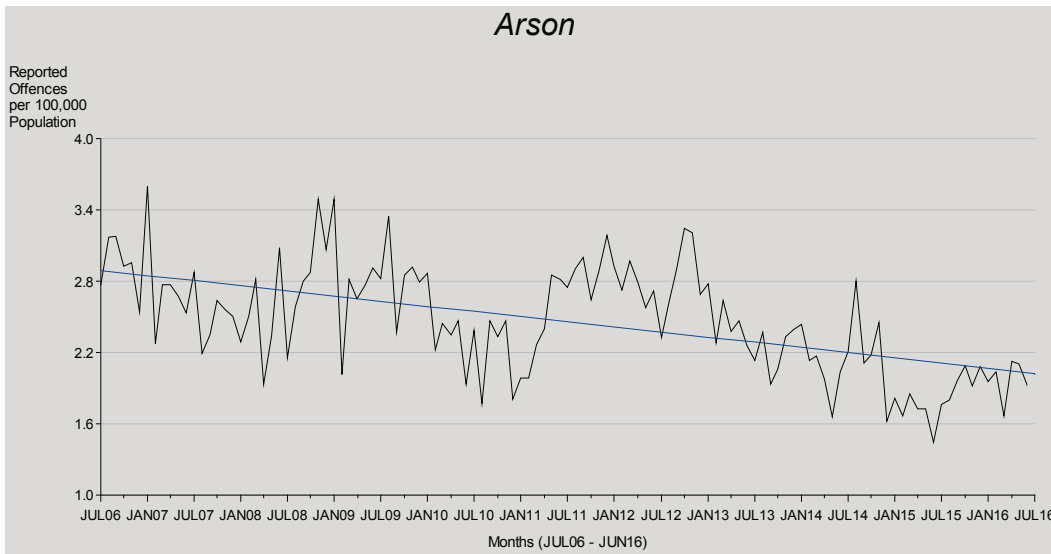
Over the previous ten years, the rate of unlawful entry with intent - shop offences has been significantly decreasing*. Unlawful entry with intent - shop offences recorded a 15% decrease for 2015/16. This follows a 26% decrease recorded for the previous year.



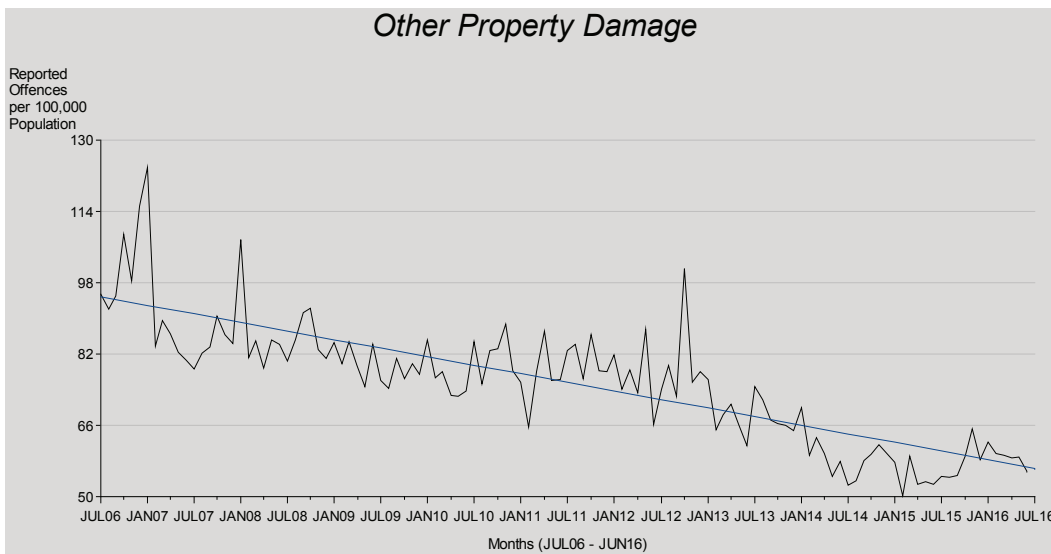
Overall, there was a significantly decreasing trend* detected for unlawful entry with intent – other premises. The reductions over the last ten financial years are apparent until 2015. Unlawful entry with intent – other premises recorded a 5% increase in the current period under review.

* The result is significant at the 1% level of confidence, using Kendall’s rank order correlation test. See page 45 for further information.

Monthly Crime Trends



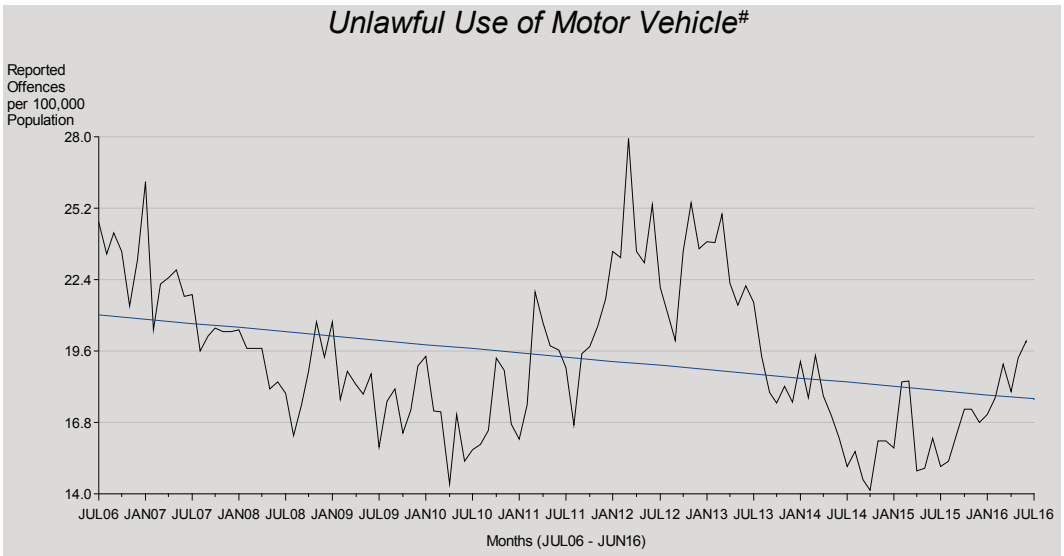
Over the ten years of the time series, a statistically significant downward trend* was detected for arson offences. For the year under review, the rate of arson offences decreased by 1%.



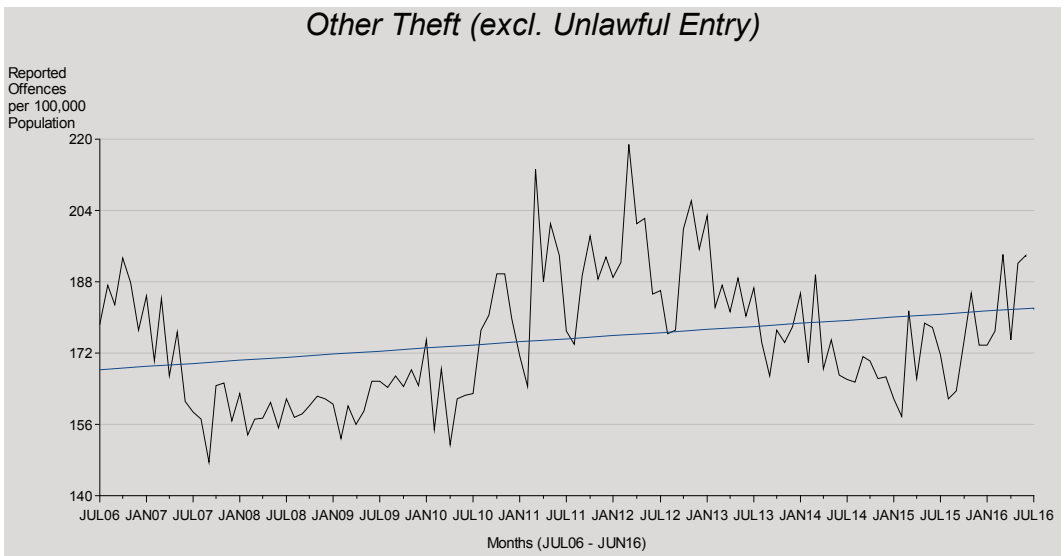
Over the ten years of the time series, a statistically significant downward trend* was detected for other property damage offences. For the year under review, the rate of other property damage offences increased by 4% following a decrease of 13% in the previous year.

* The result is significant at the 1% level of confidence, using Kendall's rank order correlation test. See page 45 for further information.

Monthly Crime Trends



Overall, a statistically significant decreasing trend* was detected for the unlawful use of motor vehicle time series. An increase in these offences occurred between 2009/10 and 2012/13. In 2015/16, the rate of unlawful use of motor vehicle offences increased by 10%, following a 13% decrease in the previous year.

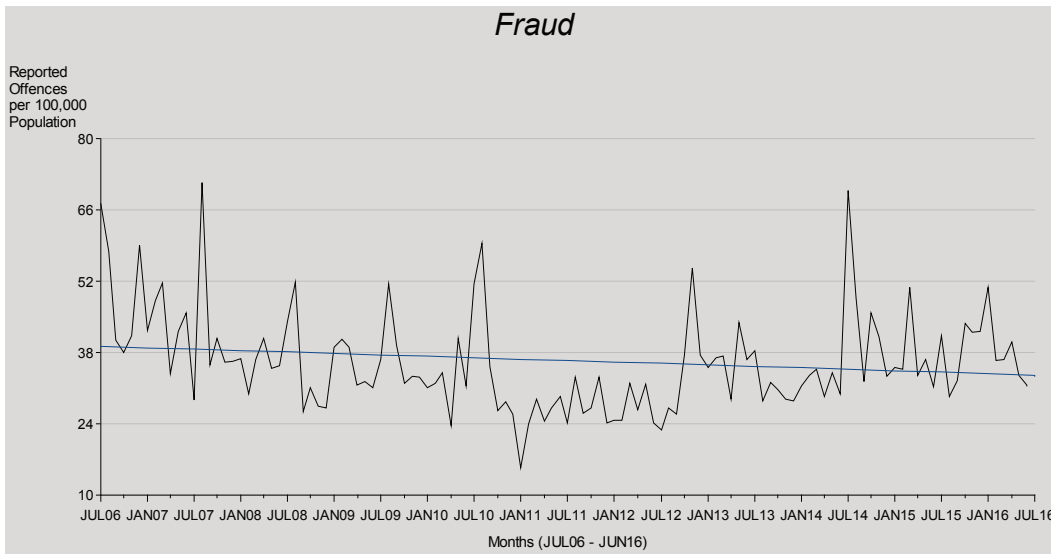


An increasing trend* was detected for the other theft (excluding unlawful entry) category. A decrease in offences can be seen from 2012/13 until 2014/15 followed by an increase in the current period of 5%.

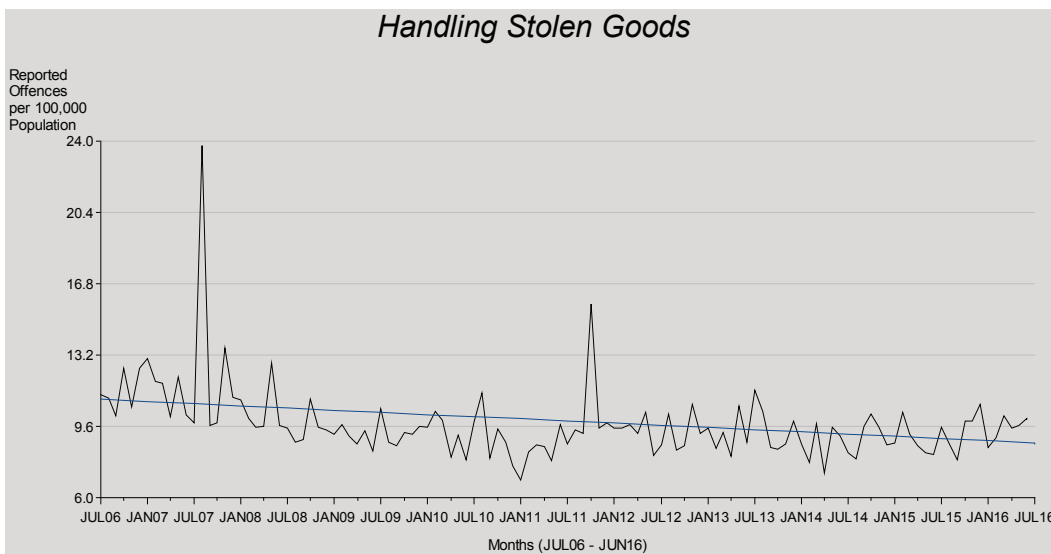
Includes attempted offences.

* The result is significant at the 1% level of confidence, using Kendall's rank order correlation test. See page 45 for further information.

Monthly Crime Trends



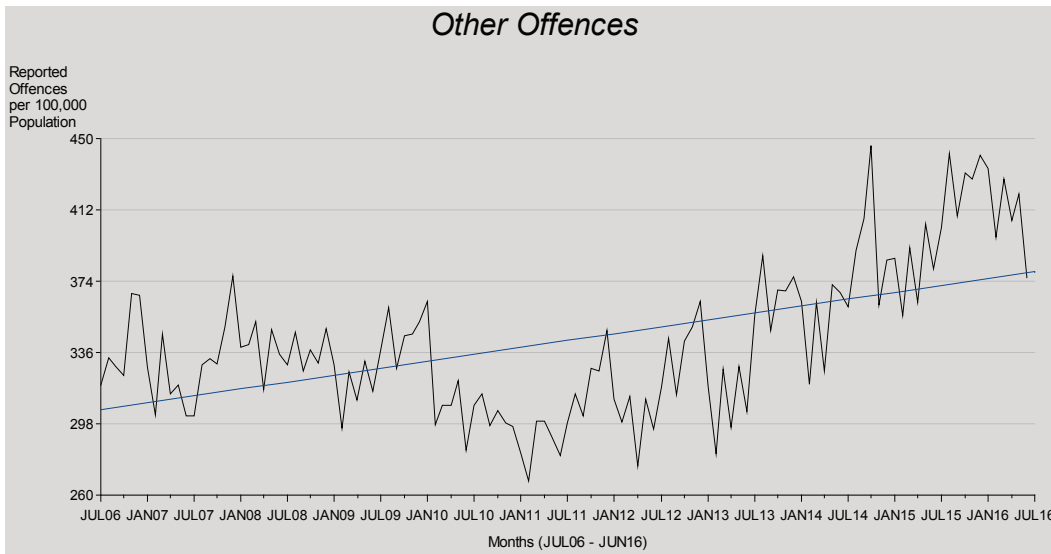
There is no statistically significant decreasing or increasing trend* in fraud offences over the past 10 year period. This year, fraud offences overall reported a 7% decrease, which was attributed to decreases in fraud by computer, cheque and other fraud offences.



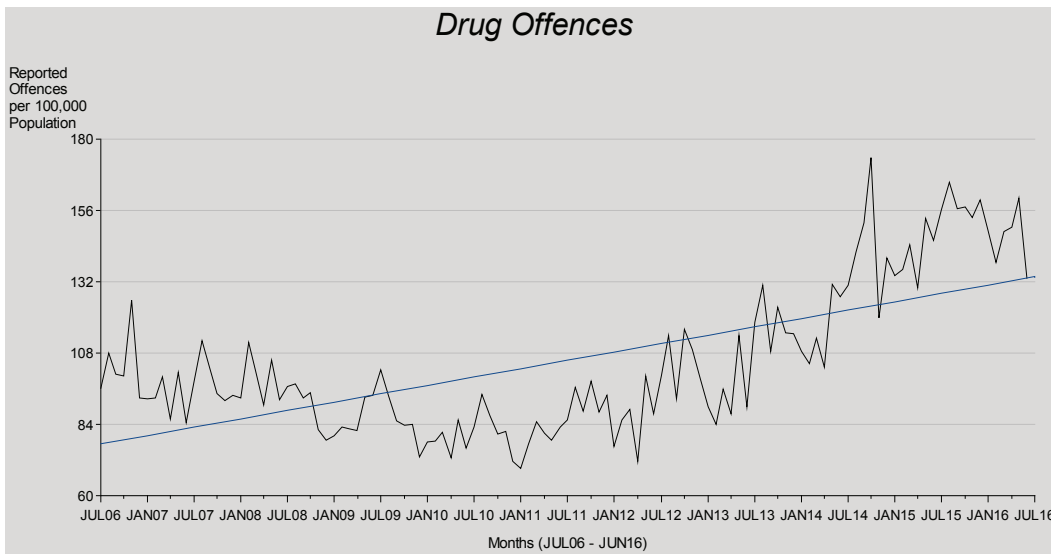
A statistically significant decreasing trend* is evident in the handling stolen goods time series. However, in 2015/16, the rate of offences increased by 5% following a decrease of 2% during 2014/15. The spike in 2007/08 period was the result of 470 offences preferred against two offenders during August 2007. The spike in 2011/12 was the result of 225 offences preferred against two offenders in October 2011.

* The result is significant at the 1% level of confidence, using Kendall's rank order correlation test. See page 45 for further information.

Monthly Crime Trends



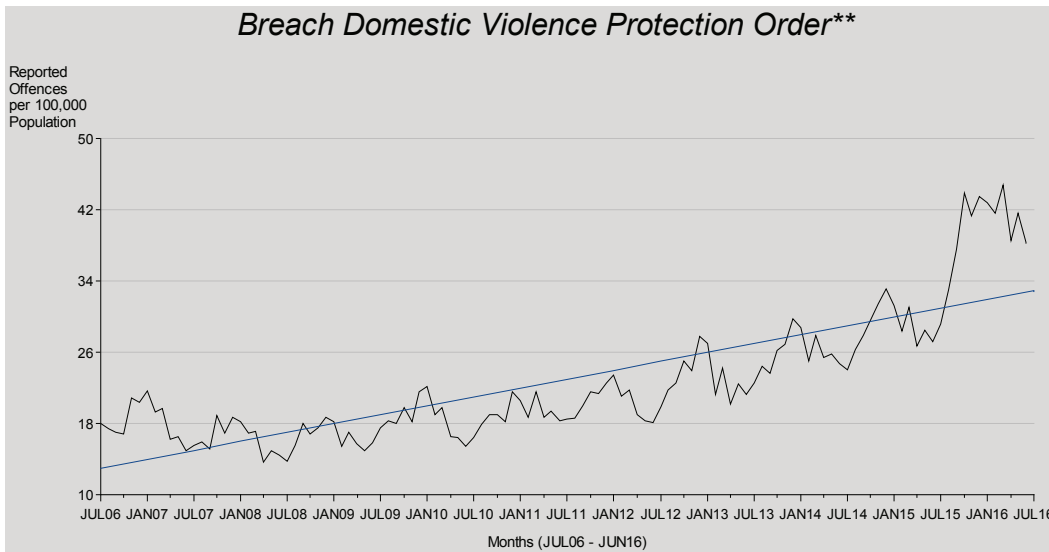
Other offences are generally detected by police rather than reported to police. As such, any rise in other offences is usually regarded as a positive result. As is evidenced in the graph above, a statistically significant upward trend* was detected. The State recorded an increase of 8% for other offences in the current period.



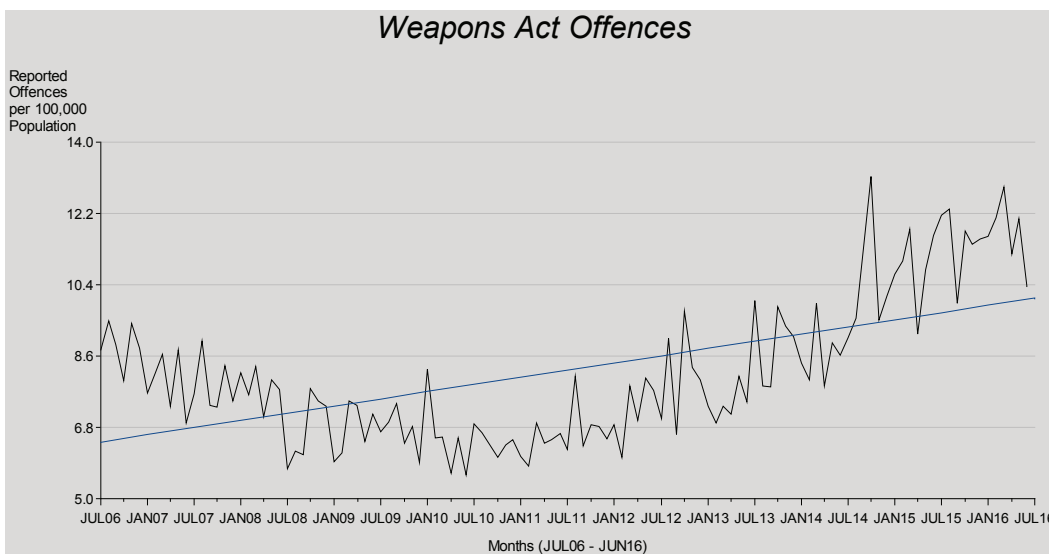
A statistically significant increasing trend* was detected for this time series over the ten year period. The spike in October 2014 was the result of multiple operations throughout the State. The State recorded an increase of 7% in the current period.

* The result is significant at the 1% level of confidence, using Kendall's rank order correlation test. See page 45 for further information.

Monthly Crime Trends



Breach of domestic violence protection orders are subject to strong seasonal influences, as is evidenced in the graph above. A statistically significant increasing trend* is evident in the breach domestic violence protection order offences time series, particularly in the 2015/16 period. An increase of 38% was recorded in the current period, compared to 11% in the prior period.

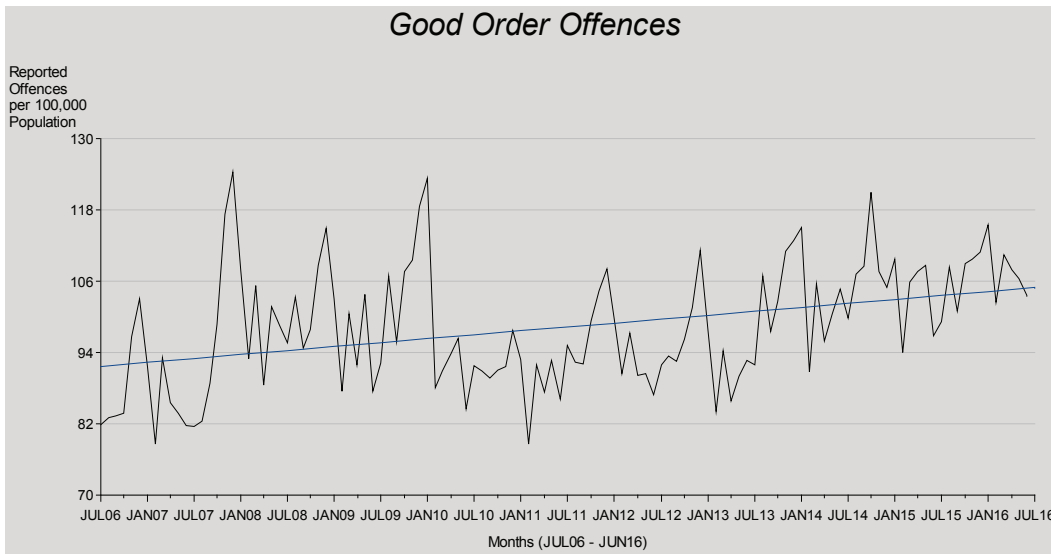


A statistically significant increasing trend* is evident in the *Weapons Act* offences time series. Since August 2011, the time series has been increasing. There were peaks in October 2014 and again in March 2016. The rate of *Weapon Acts* offences increased by 9% in the current period under review, compared to a 21% increase in the previous period.

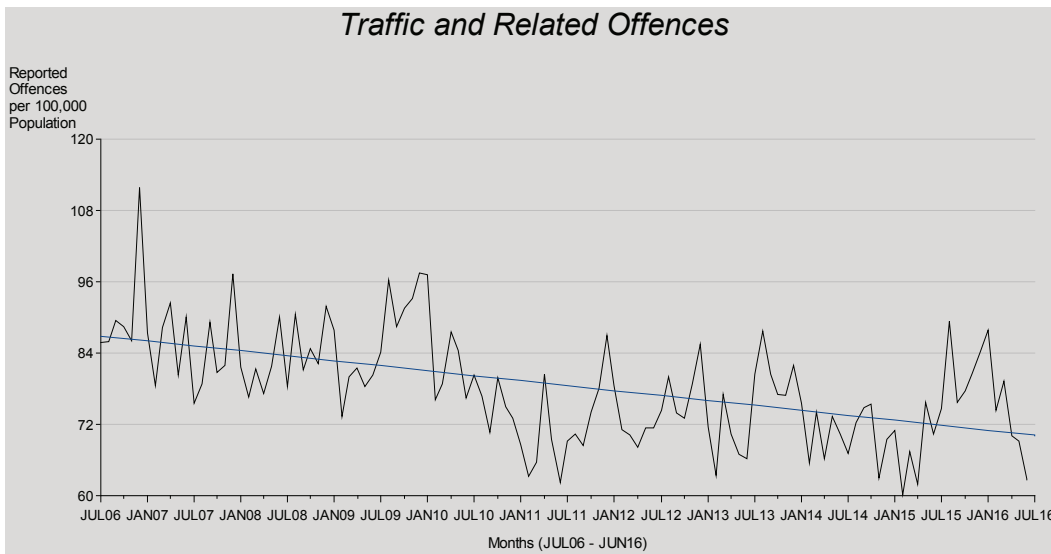
** The former *Domestic and Family Violence Protection Act 1989* was expanded in March 2003 to include intimate personal, familial and informal care relationships.

* The result is significant at the 1% level of confidence, using Kendall's rank order correlation test. See page 45 for further information.

Monthly Crime Trends



While the time series for good order offences records a statistically significant upward trend*, a strong seasonal influence can also be seen. Offences tend to peak in the summer months and fall to a low during the winter months of each year. Good order offences have recorded a slight increase of 1% in the current period.



Overall, a statistically significant decreasing trend* was detected in the time series. Following a decrease in 2014/15 of 9%, the year under review reported an increase of 12%.

* The result is significant at the 1% level of confidence, using Kendall's rank order correlation test. See page 45 for further information.

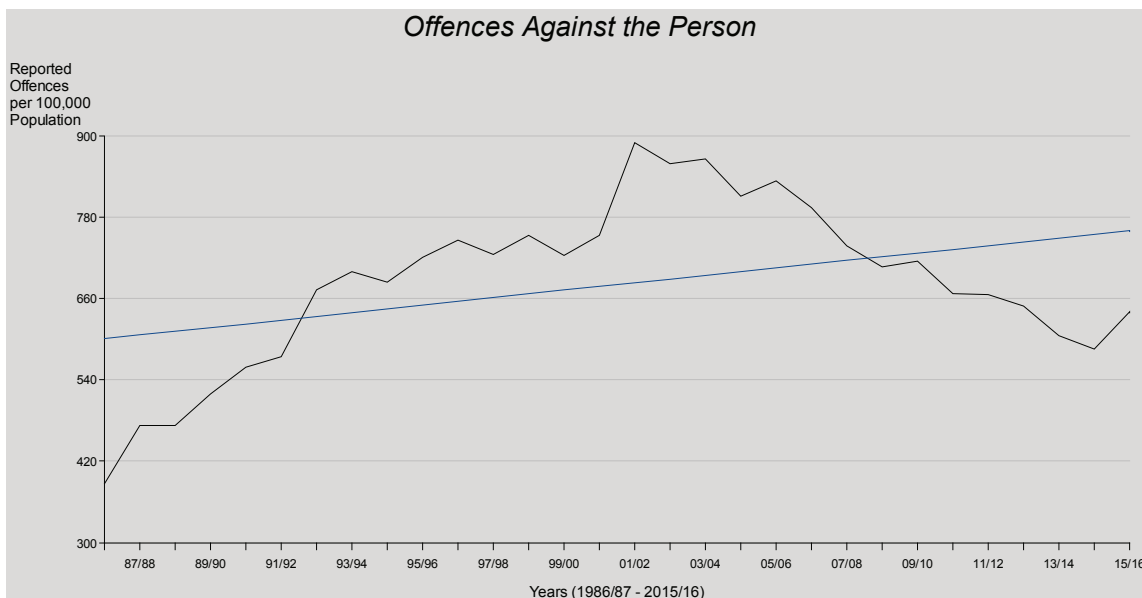
Annual Crime Trends

In this section, an examination of the number of selected offences per 100,000 persons is provided for a thirty year period. The rates provided in this section are based on Estimated Residential Populations, or projections thereof, at 30 June each year, provided by the Australian Bureau of Statistics and the Queensland Government Statistician's Office.

Since 1986/87, many legislative changes have occurred, and the classification, recording and reporting systems used by the Queensland Police Service have evolved. Therefore, some offence categories, for which thirty years of comparable statistics are not available, have not been included.

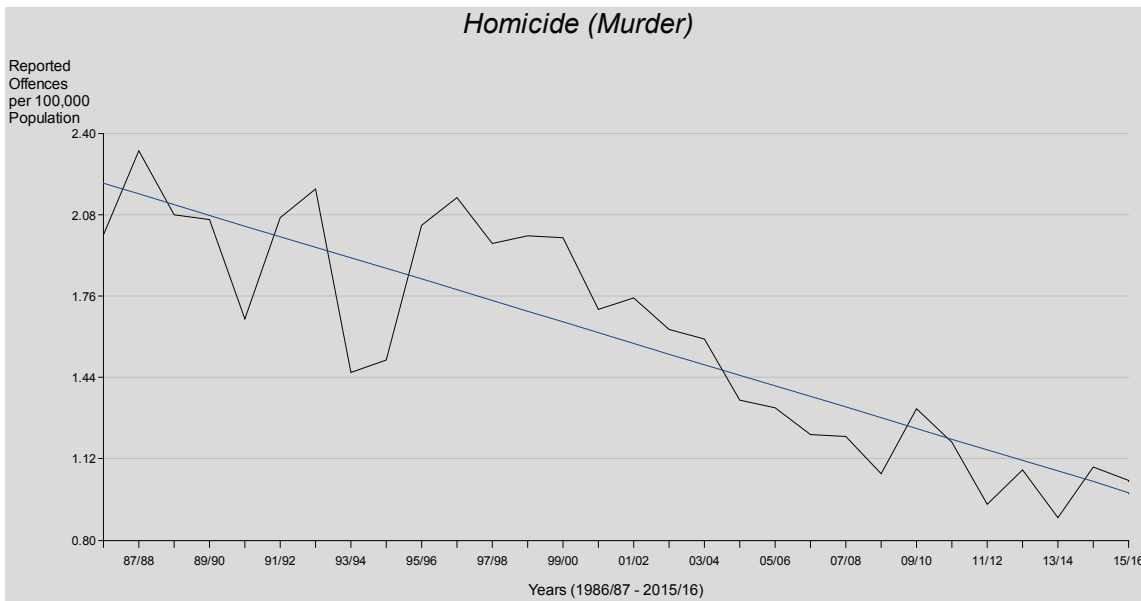
The offence categories which have been included in this section are those that have a reasonable degree of consistency and comparability for the past thirty years. Some of these categories (such as unlawful entry and drink driving) have undergone considerable change at certain times. These breaks in continuity have been noted in the accompanying text where appropriate.

Prior to 1991/92, all crime statistics produced by the Queensland Police Service were based on the date the information related to the crime was received at the Information Bureau (and its precursors) in Police Headquarters. Since 1991/92, the reference date has been the date the offence is reported to police.

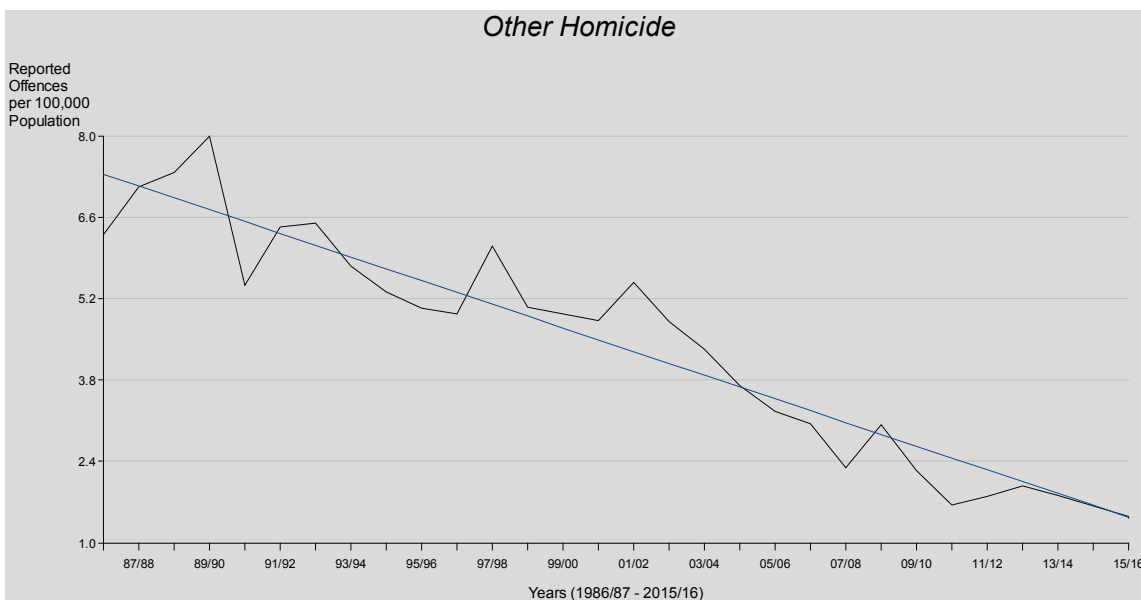


While this broad offence aggregate is comprised of a number of different offence categories, the offence category of assault tends to dominate offences against the person. As such, the offences against the person time series largely reflects the assault time series. Offences against the person has seen an increase during the late 1980's and early 1990's. The rate stabilised from the mid to late 1990's and has shown a decreasing trend from 2001 to 2014/15, but increased again in 2015/16.

Annual Crime Trends

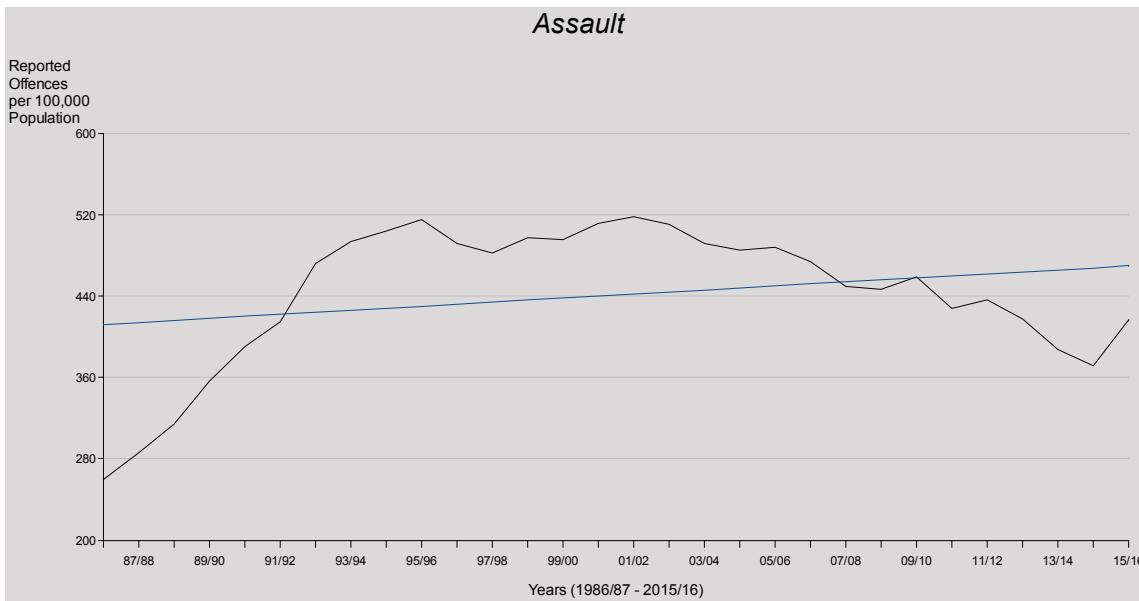


Homicide (murder) is a small volume offence and, as such, is subject to sizeable fluctuations from year to year. Overall, however, the homicide (murder) rate has changed little. Following a peak in 1996/97, the rate of homicide (murder) has been steadily decreasing until 2011/12. In 2012/13 the rate increased by 14%, followed by a decrease of 17% and an increase of 22% in 2013/14 and 2014/15 respectively. In 2015/16 the homicide (murder) rate decreased by 5% when compared with the previous year.

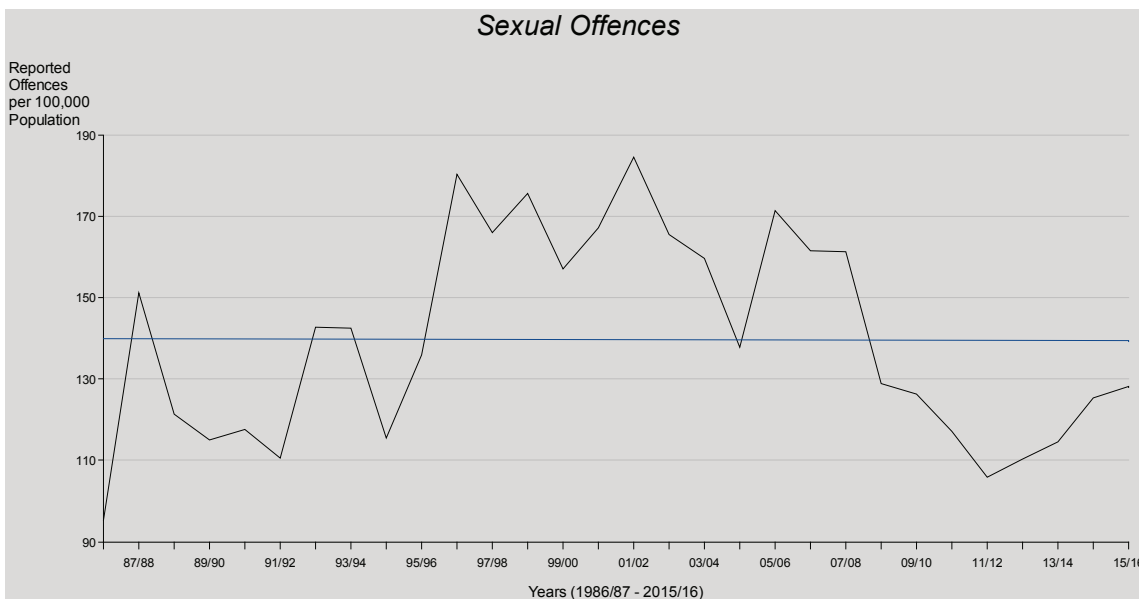


Other homicide is also a small volume offence category and, as such, is subject to sizeable fluctuations from year to year. From 1987/88 to 1989/90, other homicide offences were reported at a slightly higher rate; however the rate has steadily decreased since 1989/90. In 2015/16 there was an 11% decrease in the rate of other homicides, largely as a result of decreases in conspiracy to murder, manslaughter (excluding by driving and striking) and driving causing death offences.

Annual Crime Trends

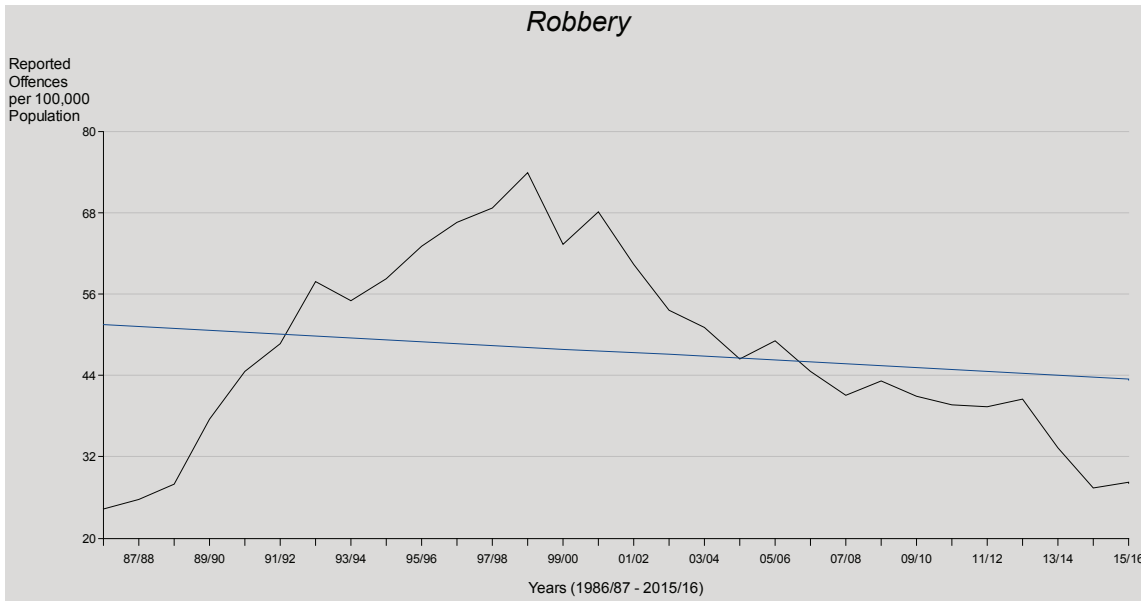


Looking at the overall trend, the rate of assaults steadily increased over the 1980's and into the early 1990's. From 2000/01 to 2014/15, the rate of assault has been steadily decreasing. During 2015/16, the rate of assaults increased by 12% from that reported in the previous year.

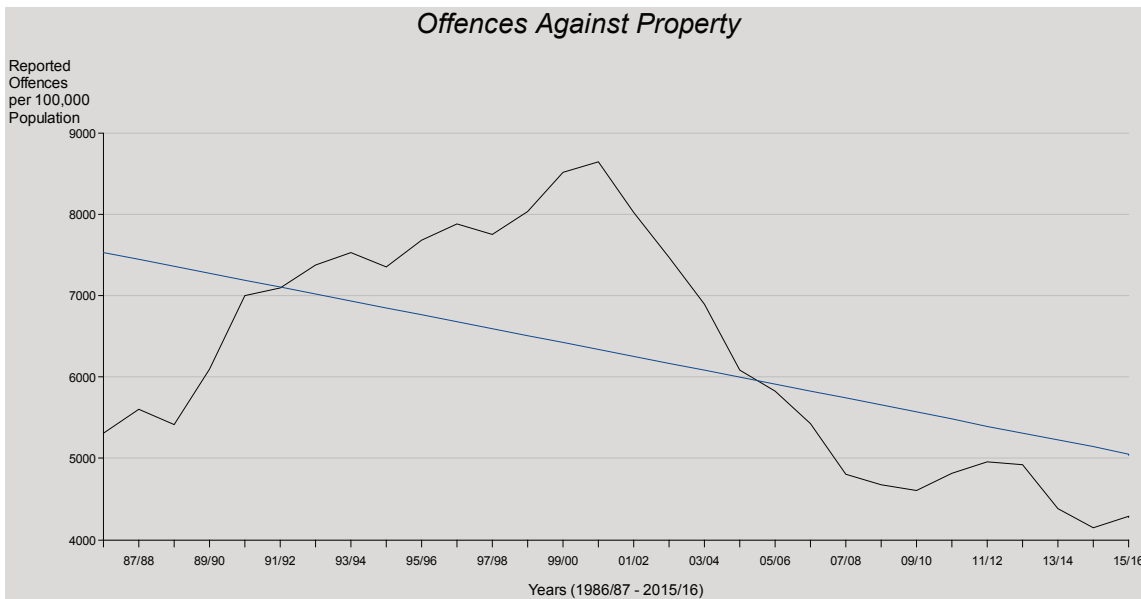


Sexual offences may be reported to police many years after the offences actually occur and there are often numerous charges preferred against one offender. These factors have resulted in the fluctuations seen in the graph above. Queensland recorded an increase of 2% in the rate of sexual offences in the year under review compared with the previous year.

Annual Crime Trends

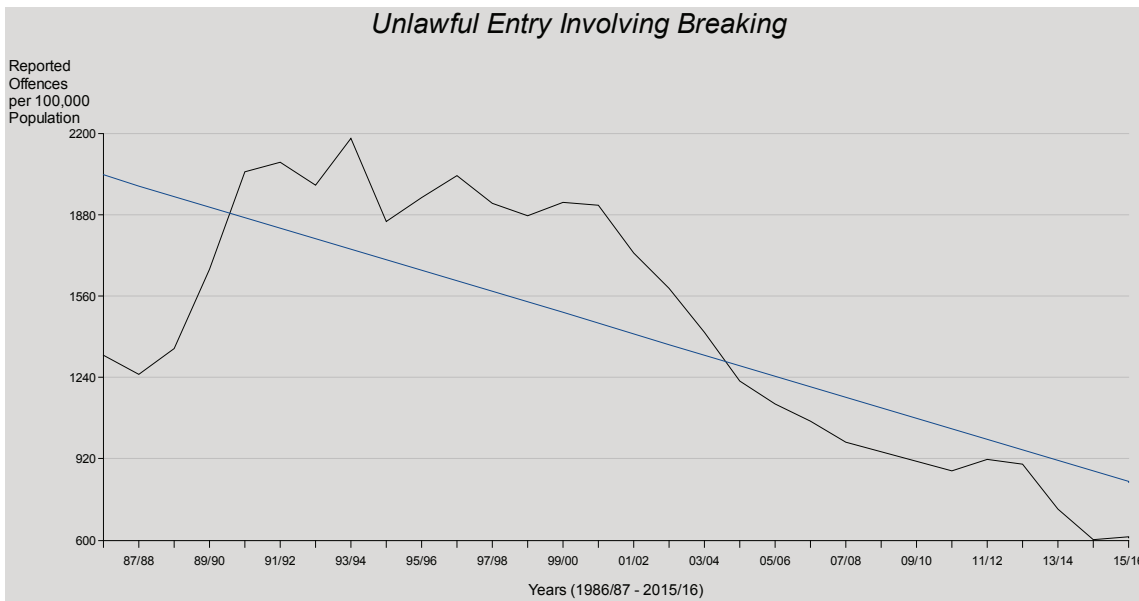


Robbery offences increased sharply between 1988/89 and 1998/99. From 2000/01 to 2014/15, the overall decreasing trend for robbery is apparent in the graph above. The rate of robbery offences increased by 3% in 2015/16. This is attributed to an increase in unarmed robbery offences.



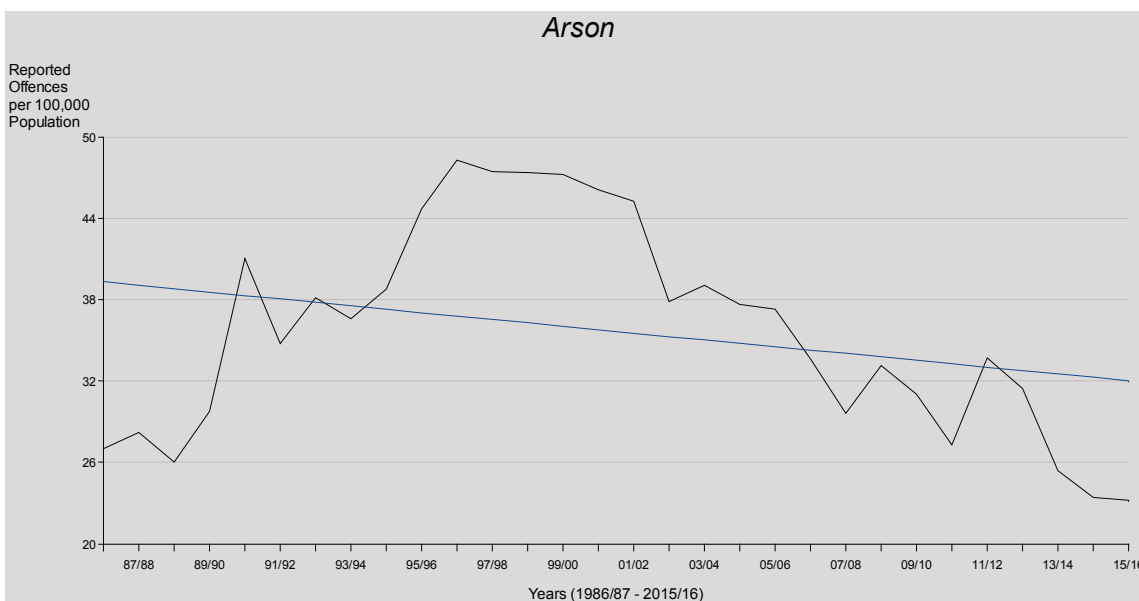
Offences against property increased steadily from 1986/87 to 2000/01. From 2000/01 to 2009/10, the rate of total offences against property has decreased. In 2010/11, the rate increased by 4%, followed by a 3% increase in 2011/12. Decreases of 1%, 11% and 5% followed in 2012/13, 2013/14 and 2014/15 respectively. An increase of 3% was recorded for 2015/16.

Annual Crime Trends



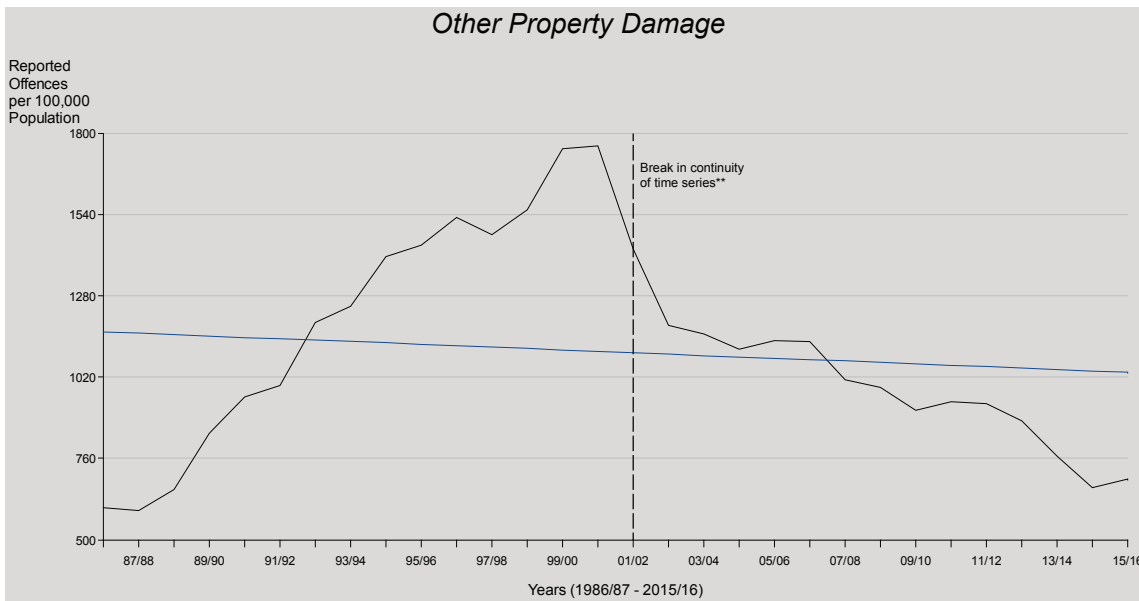
Unlawful entry involving breaking offences reported a steady increase in from 1987/88 to 1992/93. Throughout the 1990's the rate stabilised and has recorded a decreasing trend since 2000/01. The rate of unlawful entry involving breaking offences decreased by 19% in 2013/14, with a further decrease of 16% in 2014/15. In the current period under review, there was an increase of 1% for unlawful entry involving breaking offences.

Note: The category of unlawful entry involving breaking is a subset of unlawful entry as used in this publication. Unlawful entry involving breaking consists of four offences: burglary with breaking, burglary with violence or threats with breaking, enter with intent – shop with breaking and enter with intent – other premises with breaking.

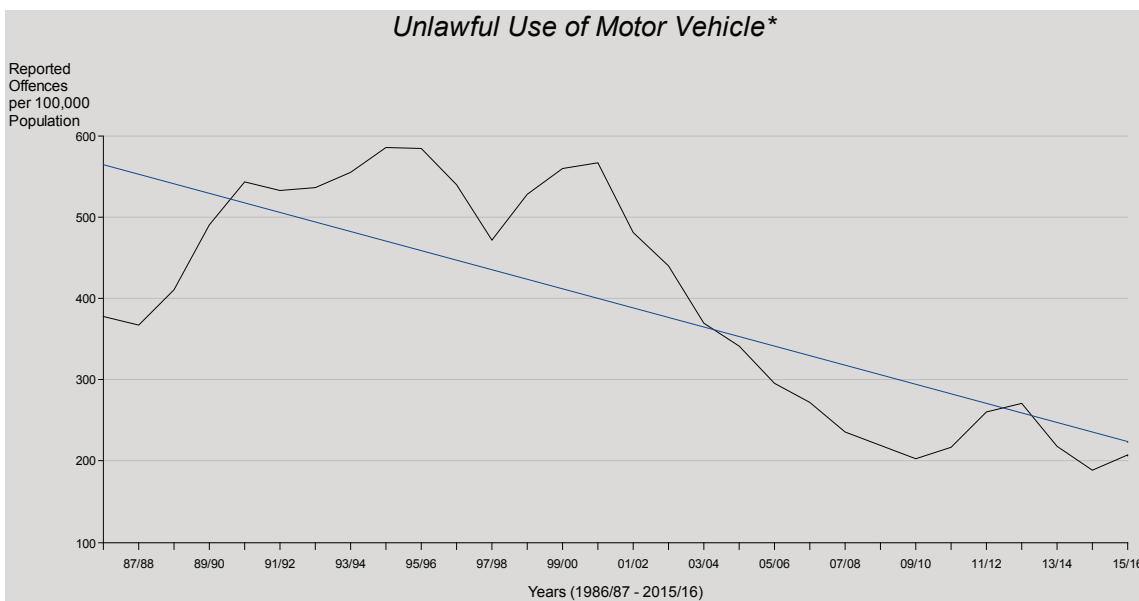


Arson offences increased steadily up to 1996/97. Since then, the rate of arson offences has decreased until 2008/09 where there is an increase of 12% followed by another increase in 2011/12 of 24%. The past four financial years from 2012/13 have seen decreases of 7%, 19%, 8% and 1% respectively.

Annual Crime Trends



This offence category has increased steadily up to 2000/01. Since then, other property damage offences have decreased at a steady rate. A change in recording practices for this offence contributed to a 19% decrease in the rate for 2001/02. The rate of other property damage offences have seen a decrease from 2011/12 to 2014/15, but recorded an increase of 4% in the 2015/16 period.

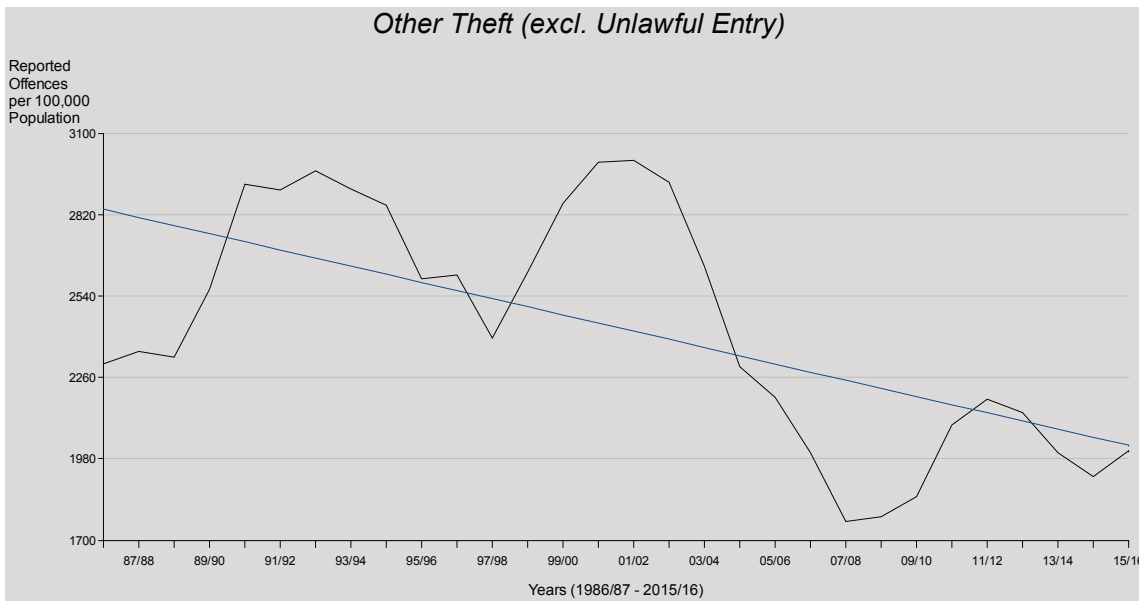


Unlawful use of motor vehicle offences recorded a substantial decrease over the period 1995/96 to 1997/98. Rates then rose sharply to again equal the high rates seen in the mid 1990's. From 2000/01, rates declined until 2010/11 where increases were reported until 2013/14. For the past two financial years, the rate of unlawful use of motor vehicle offences has reported a decrease of 13% and an increase of 10% for 2015/16.

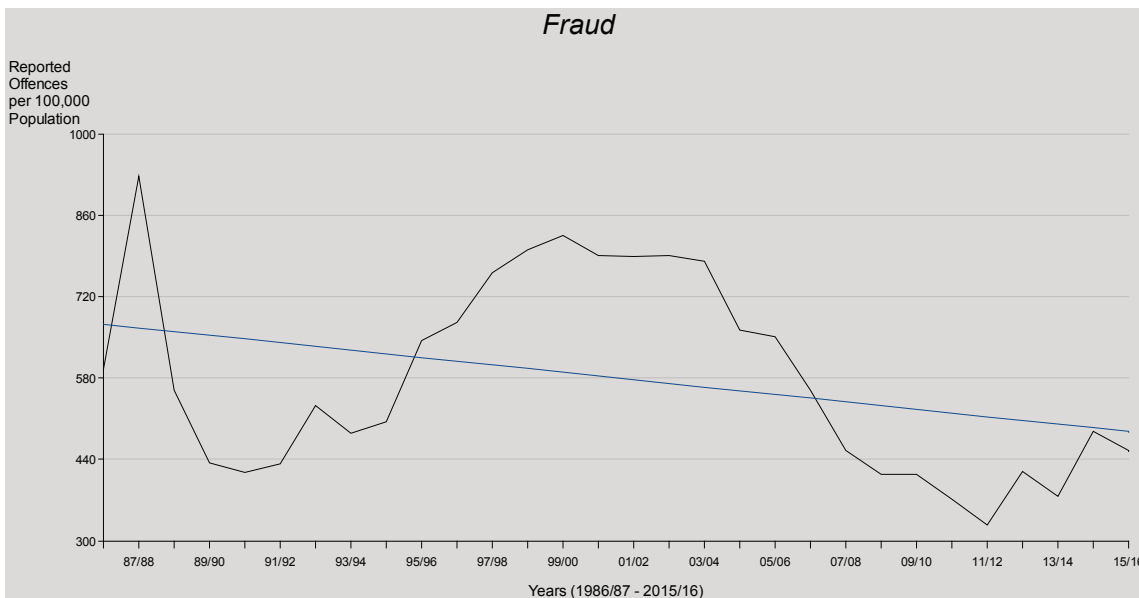
** The break in continuity is the result of a policy change implemented in December 2001 (see Explanatory Notes section on page 179).

* The total for unlawful use of motor vehicle includes attempted offences.

Annual Crime Trends

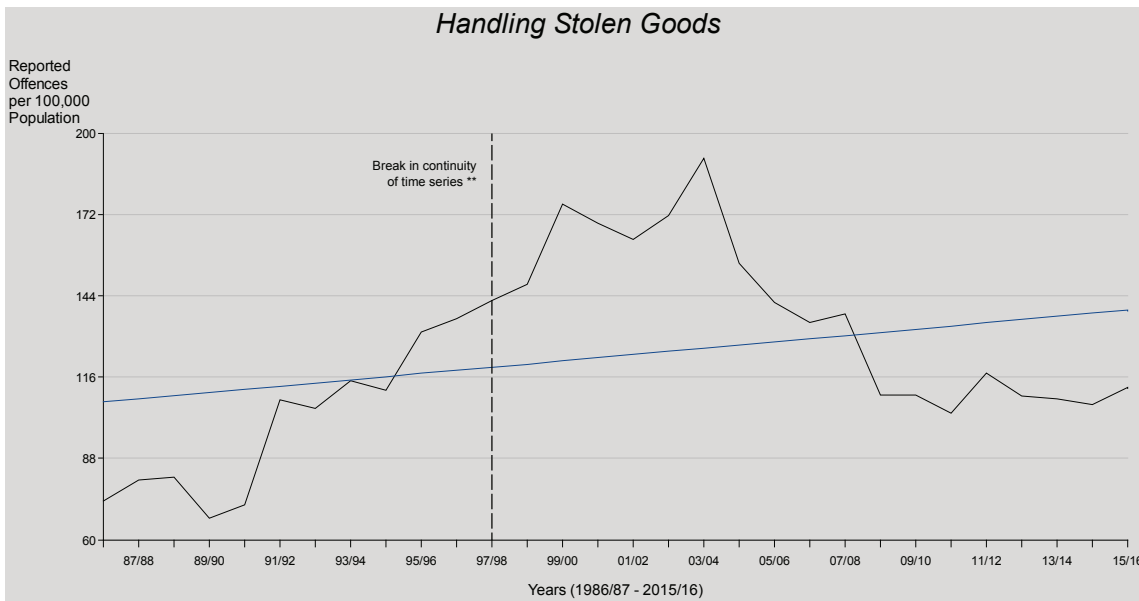


As with most offences against property sub-categories, the sharp increase recorded during the late 1980s is evident in the graph above and this sharp increase was repeated in the late 1990s. A decreasing trend in other theft (excl. unlawful entry) offences was recorded from 2000/01 to 2007/08. From 2008/09 a reverse in this trend can be seen by increases of 1% in 2008/09, 4% in 2009/10, 13% in 2010/11 and 4% in 2011/12. In the current year under review, the rate of offences has increased by 5% following a decrease of 4% in 2014/15.

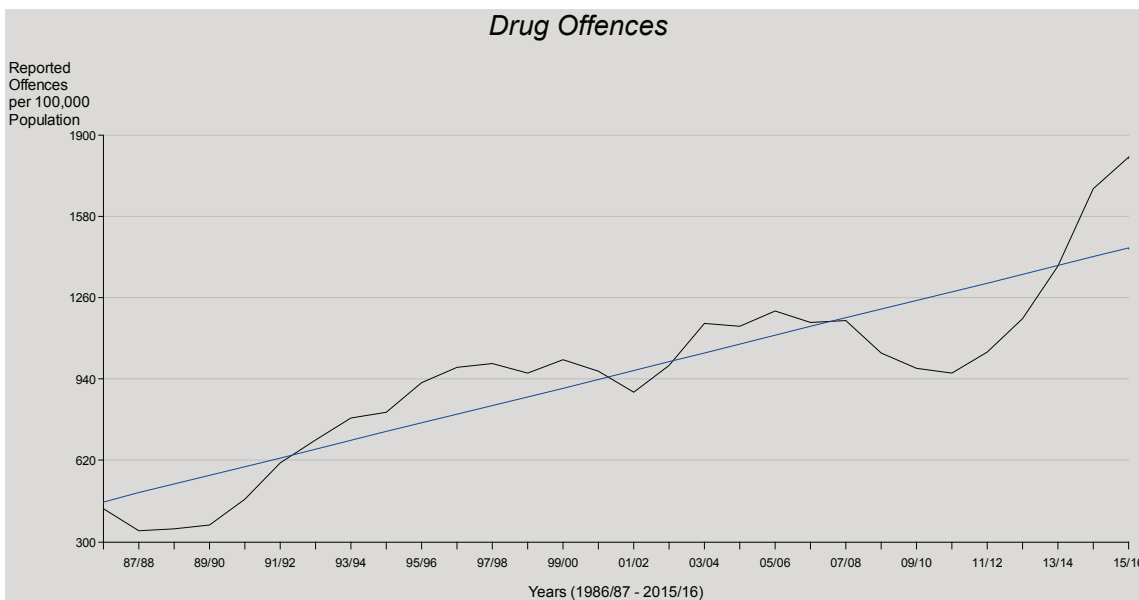


Fraud offences increased sharply from 1986/87 to 1987/88. The sudden decrease from 1987/88 to 1990/91 is due to a change in policy by banking institutions regarding the reporting of offences, rather than an actual reduction in offences. The figures reported for 2000/01 and 2001/02 effectively halted a steadily increasing trend evident over the last decade. From 2002/03, the rate has steadily decreased until 2011/12. In 2015/16, these offences have reported a decrease of 7% which is attributed to increases in fraud by computer, cheque and other fraud, compared to the 30% increase in 2014/15.

Annual Crime Trends



Handling stolen goods was expanded in 1997/98 to include the sub-categories possess, receive, etc. tainted property and other handling stolen goods**. Possess, etc. tainted property is now the largest in volume of the offence sub-categories resulting in the necessity for caution when making comparisons prior to and following this change. In the year under review, the rate of handling stolen goods offences increased by 5%.

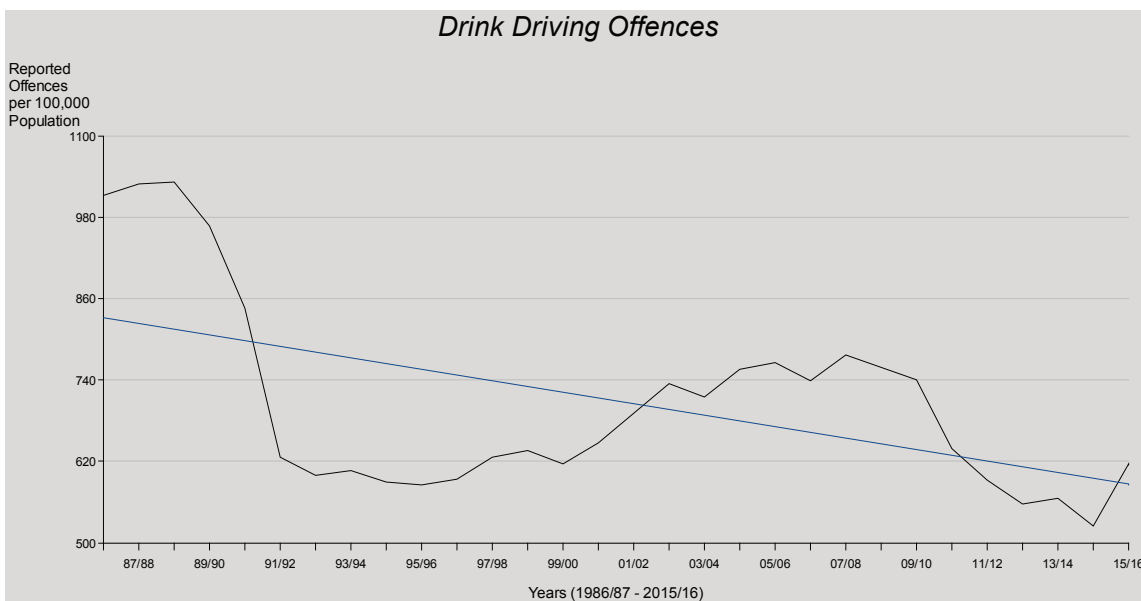


Apart from a period in the mid to late 1980s, drug offences have increased up to the current period under review. Between 2005/06 to 2010/11 there is a decrease of offences followed once again by an increasing trend. The current period under review has recorded an increase of 7% in the rate of drug offences.

Annual Crime Trends



A dominant feature of the time series is the decrease in reported good order offences from 1988/89 to 1991/92 and the subsequent increase following that period. Since 1995/96, good order offences have been steadily increasing until 2010/11 which reported a 10% decrease. The last two financial years have reported increases of 3% and 1% respectively.



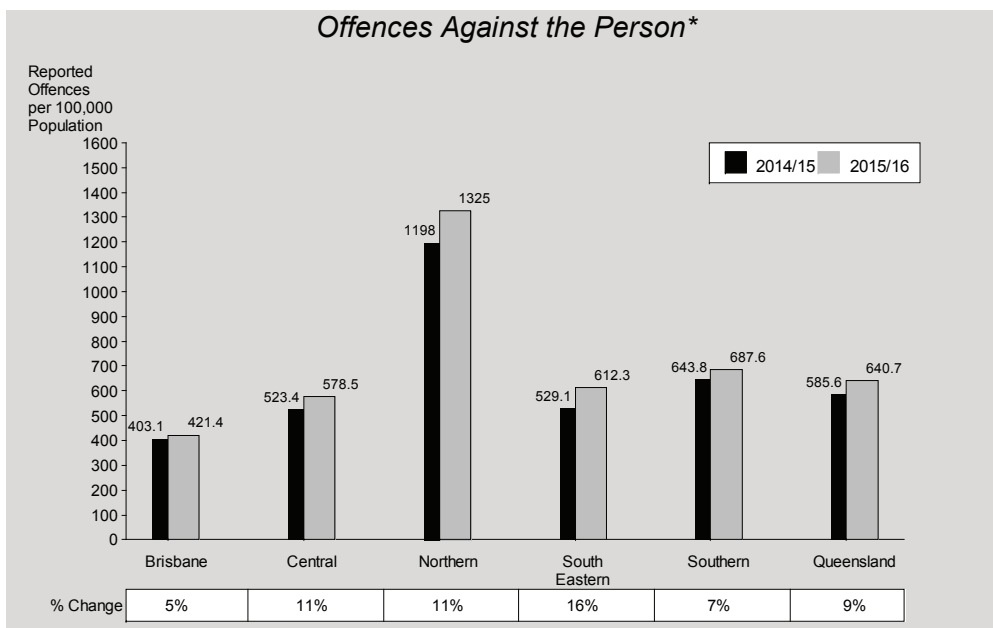
Analysis of the drink driving offence time series is difficult due to the many changes that have affected the overall trend (see Explanatory Notes, page 179). The graph remained stable at around 600 offences per 100,000 persons from 1991/92 to 2000/01. From 2000/01 to 2007/08 an increase in these offences has been reported. From 2008/09 to 2014/15, offences have steadily decreased. In the current period, there was an increase of 17% in drink driving offences.

Regional Comparisons

The graphs in this section display changes in the rate of selected offences per 100,000 population from the 2014/15 to the 2015/16 financial years for Queensland Police Service regions.

The benefits of these graphs are twofold - the crime level of a region can be compared both with its own level in the previous financial year, and, secondly, with the crime levels of other regions. It should, however, be noted that each region faces unique policing issues. These graphs should not, therefore, be used as a comparative measure of regional performance, but rather as a guide to crime trends and patterns across the State.

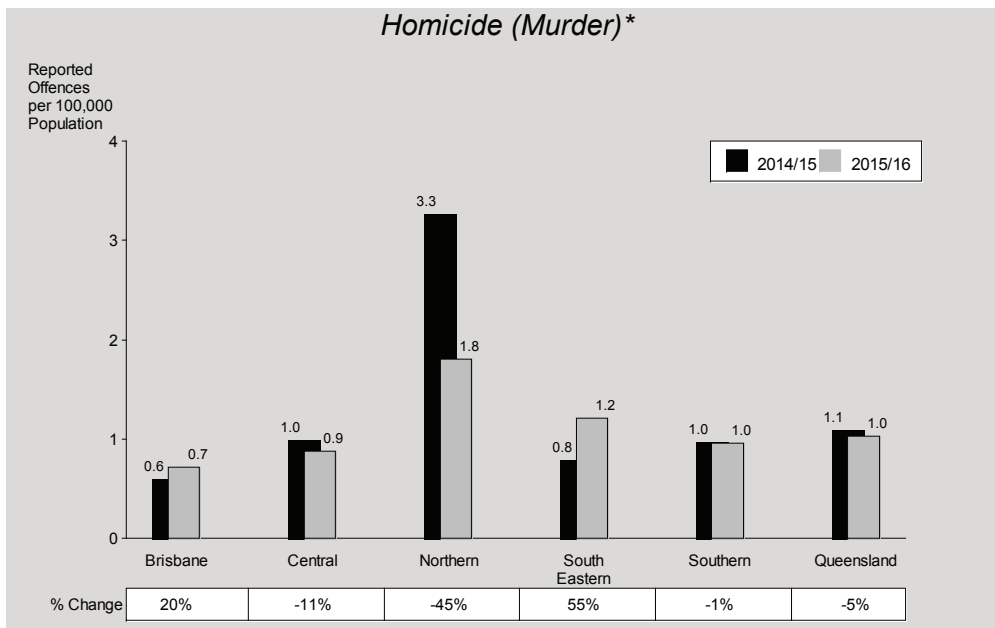
As with the rest of this Review, the offences per 100,000 persons calculations were performed using the Estimated Residential Population for 30 June each year, or a projection thereof, provided by the Australian Bureau of Statistics and the Queensland Government Statistician's Office.



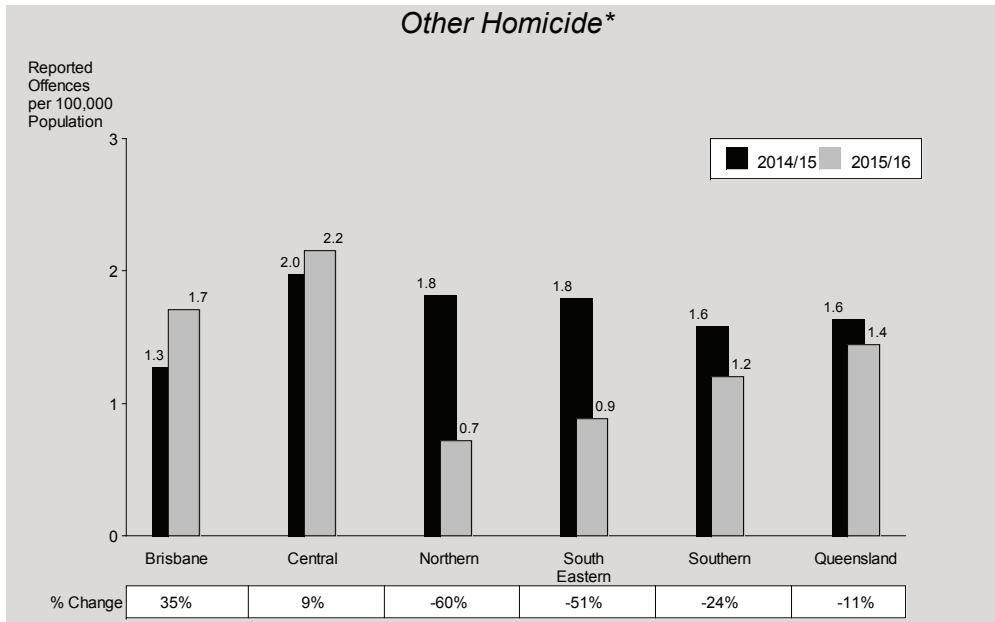
In 2015/16, all regions recorded an increase in the rate of offences against the person. Northern Region recorded the highest rate, while Brisbane Region recorded the lowest rate and the lowest increase. Overall Queensland reported a 9% increase in 2015/16.

* Although offences per 100,000 persons have been rounded to one decimal place, the actual rate was used to graph the data and calculate the percentage change between the two periods. Therefore, although the change values are correct, they may not appear so, particularly in the smaller volume offence categories.

Regional Comparisons



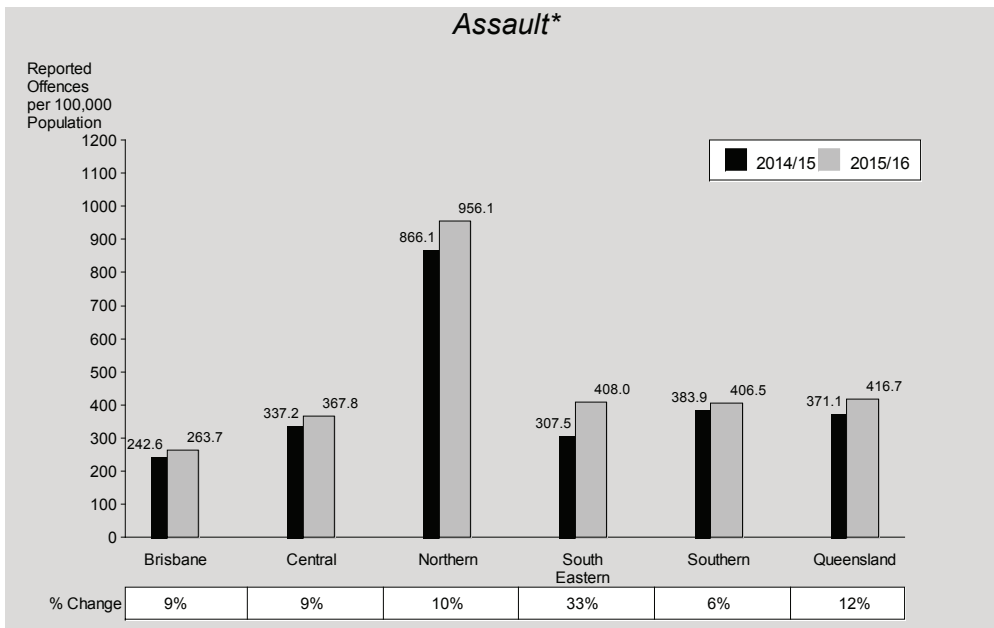
Homicide (murder) is a small volume offence and, as such, is subject to substantial fluctuations over areas and across time. Thus, caution should be exercised when using percentage changes as a measure of change from one year to the next. Brisbane Region recorded the lowest rate while Northern Region recorded the highest rate, despite recording the largest decrease. The largest increase was recorded by South Eastern Region.



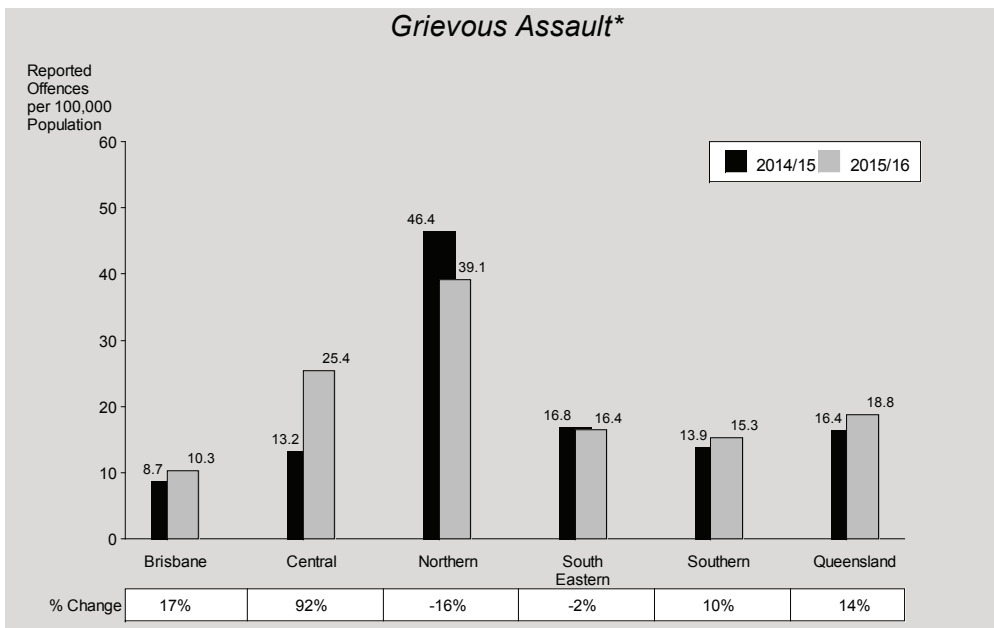
Other homicide is also a small volume offence category and, as such, is subject to marked fluctuations from one year to the next and from one area to the next. As with homicide (murder), caution should be exercised when using percentage change as a measure of change from one year to the next. In 2015/16, Central Region recorded the highest rate of other homicide and Northern Region recorded the lowest rate and the greatest decrease. Brisbane Region recorded the largest increase.

* Although offences per 100,000 persons have been rounded to one decimal place, the actual rate was used to graph the data and calculate the percentage change between the two periods. Therefore, although the change values are correct, they may not appear so, particularly in the smaller volume offence categories.

Regional Comparisons



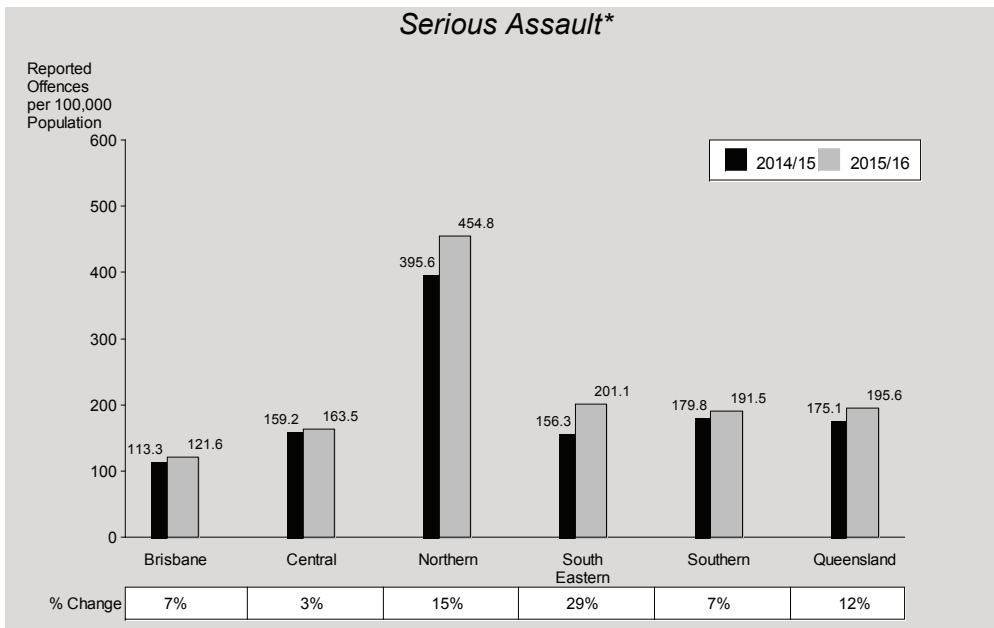
Northern Region recorded the highest rate of assault and South Eastern Region reported the largest increase. The lowest rate was reported by Brisbane Region in 2015/16.



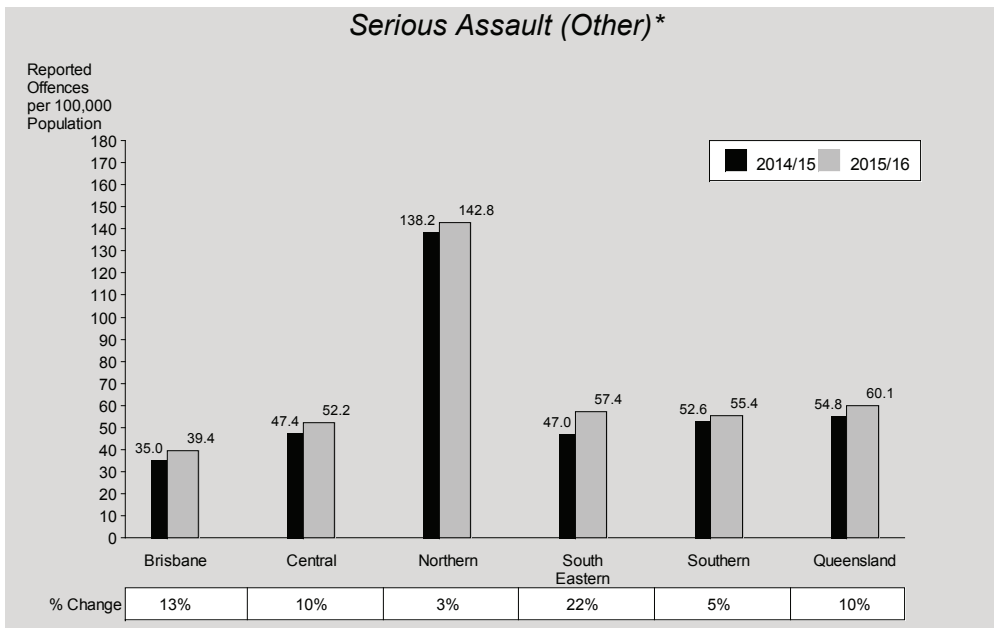
It should be noted grievous assault is a low volume offence category and, as such, is subject to marked fluctuations from one year to the next. Northern Region recorded the highest rate despite recording the largest decrease. Brisbane Region recorded the lowest rate and the largest increase was recorded by Central Region.

* Although offences per 100,000 persons have been rounded to one decimal place, the actual rate was used to graph the data and calculate the percentage change between the two periods. Therefore, although the change values are correct, they may not appear so, particularly in the smaller volume offence categories.

Regional Comparisons



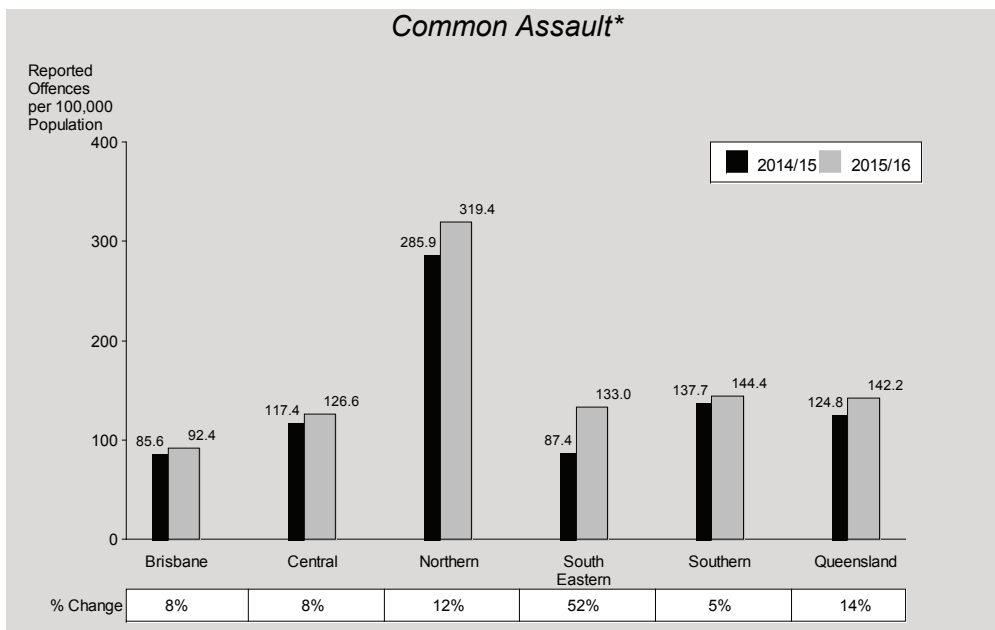
Northern Region had the highest rate of serious assaults in the State and South Eastern Region recorded the largest increase. Brisbane Region reported the lowest rate in the State and Central Region reported the lowest increase.



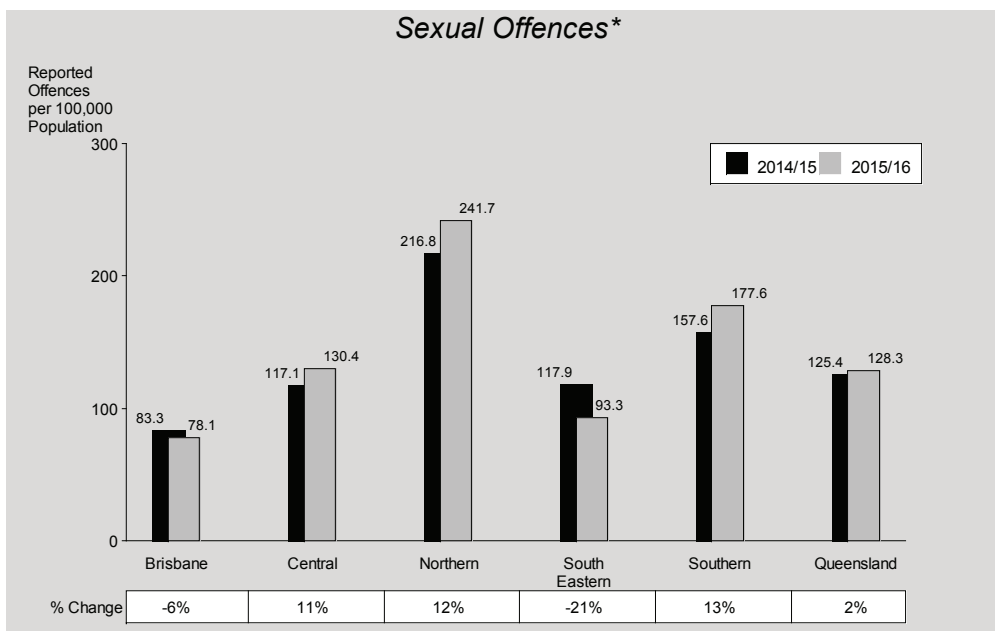
All regions recorded an increase in the rate of serious assault (other) offences, with Northern Region recording the highest rate and the smallest rate increase. Brisbane Region recorded the lowest rate during the review period.

* Although offences per 100,000 persons have been rounded to one decimal place, the actual rate was used to graph the data and calculate the percentage change between the two periods. Therefore, although the change values are correct, they may not appear so, particularly in the smaller volume offence categories.

Regional Comparisons



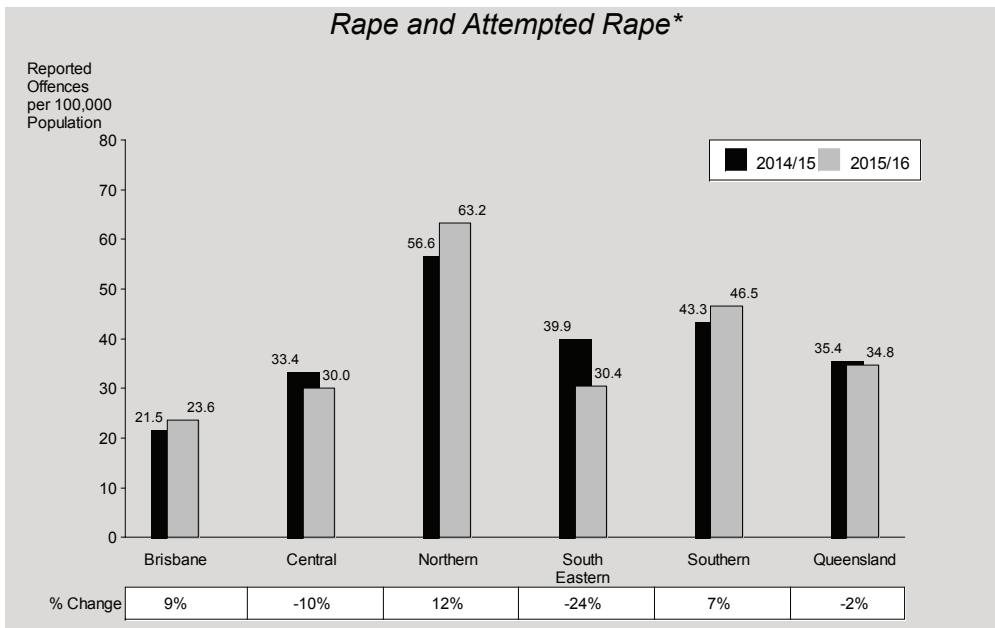
Brisbane Region recorded the lowest rate and Northern Region recorded the highest rate. Increases in common assault were recorded by all five regions in 2015/16 with Southern Region recording the smallest increase when comparing 2014/15 with 2015/16.



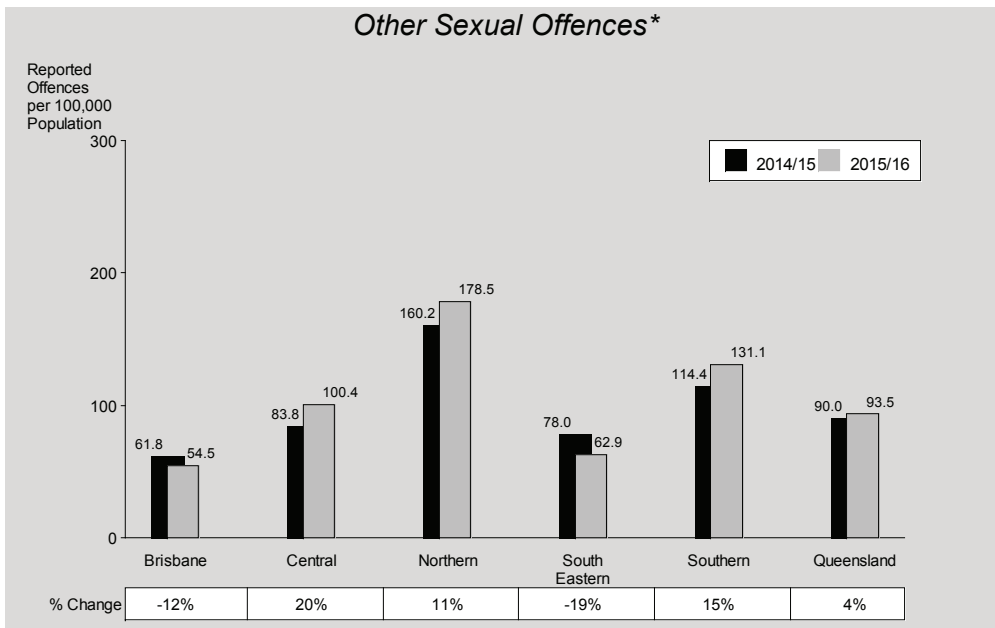
Northern Region recorded the highest rate of sexual offences whilst the lowest rate was recorded in Brisbane Region. South Eastern Region recorded the greatest decrease and Southern Region recorded the largest increase.

* Although offences per 100,000 persons have been rounded to one decimal place, the actual rate was used to graph the data and calculate the percentage change between the two periods. Therefore, although the change values are correct, they may not appear so, particularly in the smaller volume offence categories.

Regional Comparisons



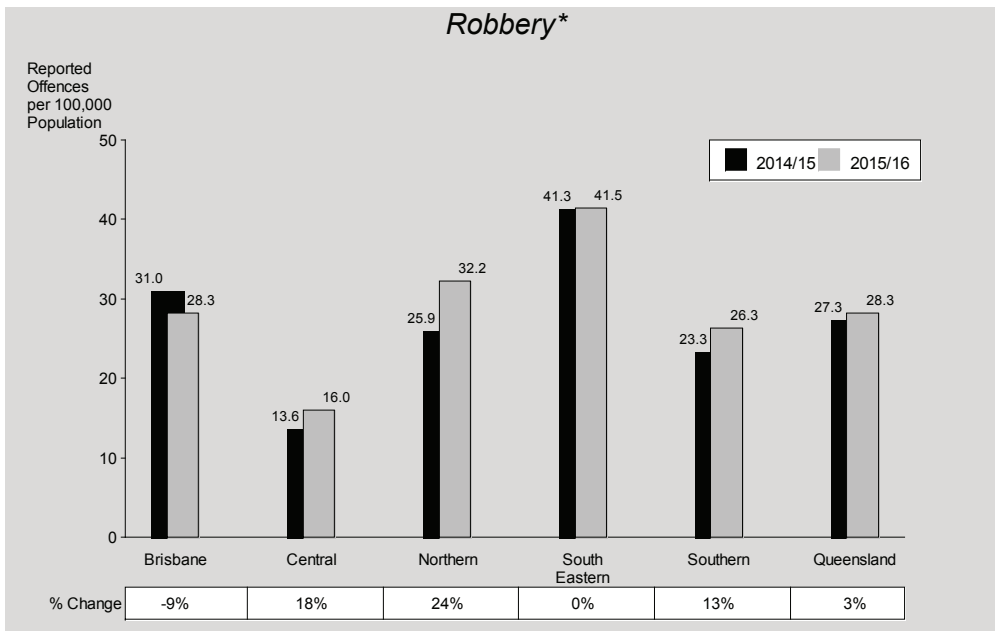
The highest rate of rape and attempted rape was recorded by Northern Region while the lowest rate was recorded by Brisbane Region. South Eastern Region recorded the largest decrease while Northern Region reported the largest increase.



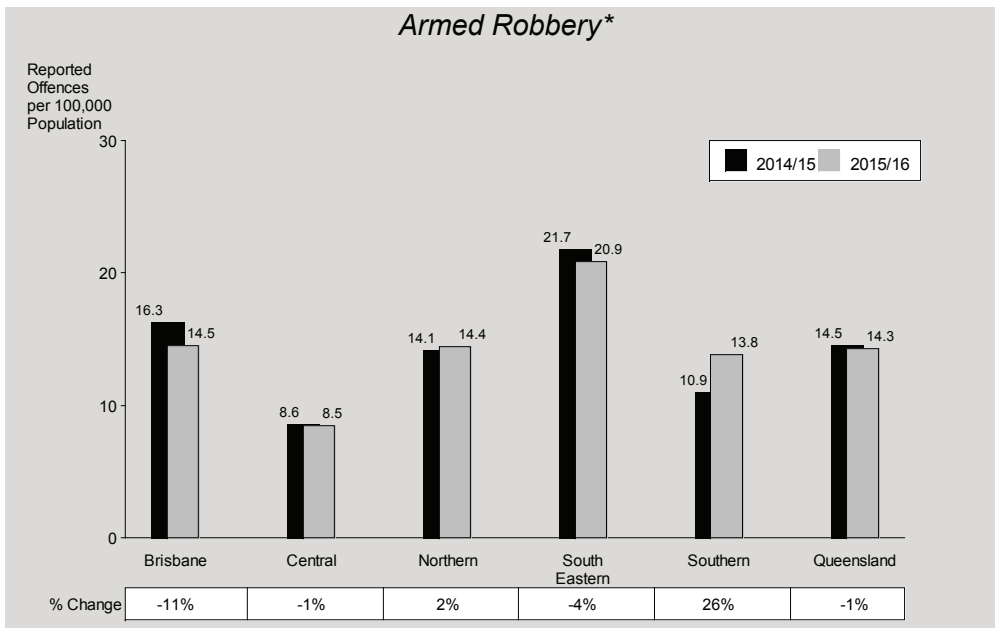
The highest rate was recorded by Northern Region whilst the lowest rate was recorded by Brisbane Region. South Eastern Region recorded the largest decrease in the period under review.

* Although offences per 100,000 persons have been rounded to one decimal place, the actual rate was used to graph the data and calculate the percentage change between the two periods. Therefore, although the change values are correct, they may not appear so, particularly in the smaller volume offence categories.

Regional Comparisons



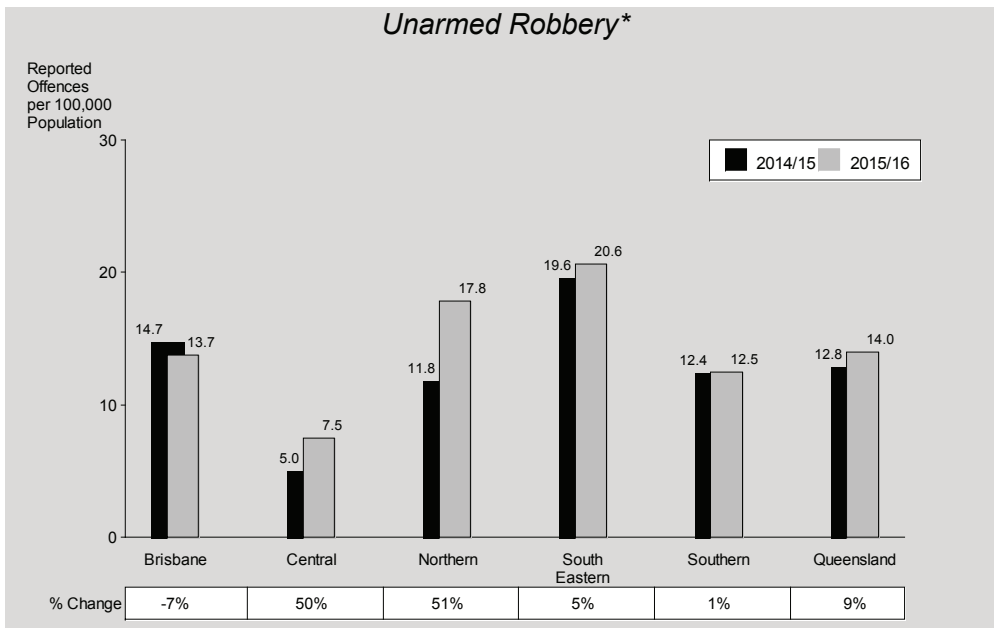
South Eastern Region reported the highest rate while Central Region reported the lowest rate. The only decrease was recorded by Brisbane Region and Northern Region recorded the greatest increase. South Eastern Region reported no change in the rate of robbery offences.



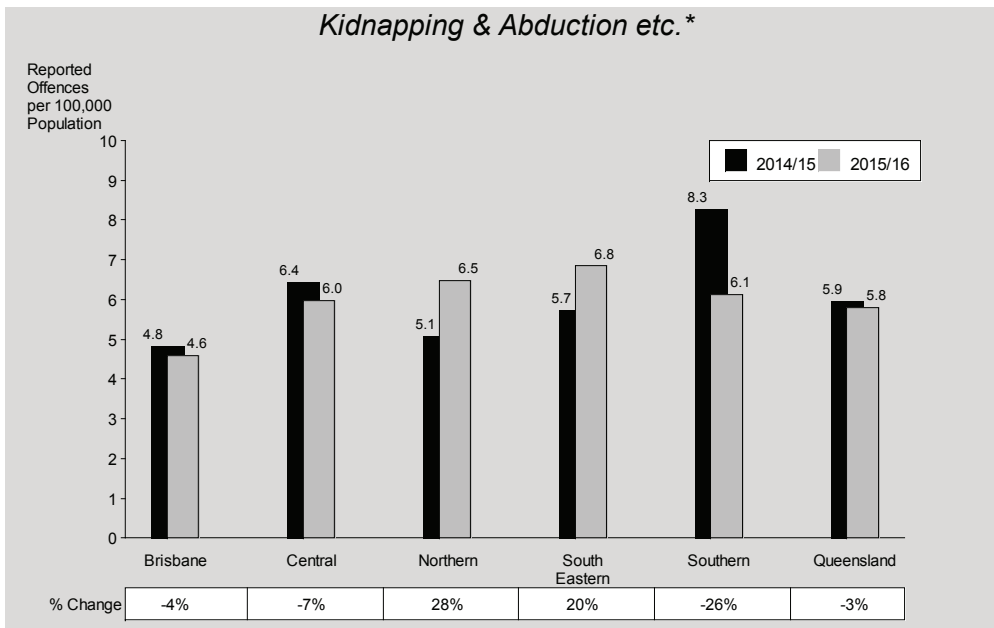
South Eastern Region recorded the highest rate and Central Region recorded the lowest rate of armed robbery offences. Decreases were reported by three of the five regions with the greatest decrease recorded by Brisbane Region. Southern Region reported the greatest increase in armed robbery offences.

* Although offences per 100,000 persons have been rounded to one decimal place, the actual rate was used to graph the data and calculate the percentage change between the two periods. Therefore, although the change values are correct, they may not appear so, particularly in the smaller volume offence categories.

Regional Comparisons



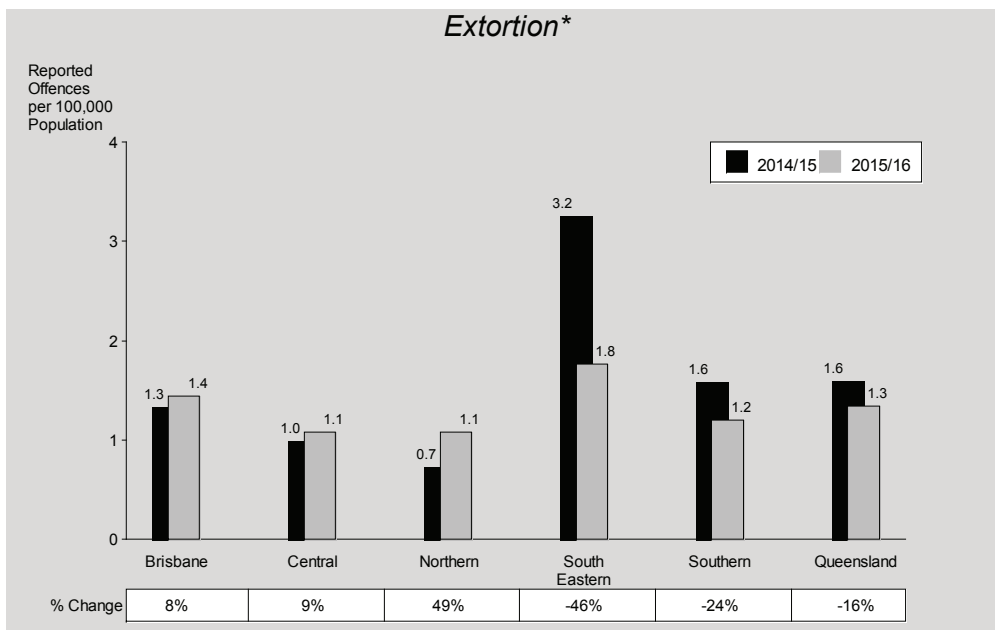
South Eastern Region recorded the highest rate of unarmed robbery and Central Region recorded the lowest. All regions except Brisbane Region recorded an increase for unarmed robbery offences, the largest increase recorded by Northern Region in the period under review.



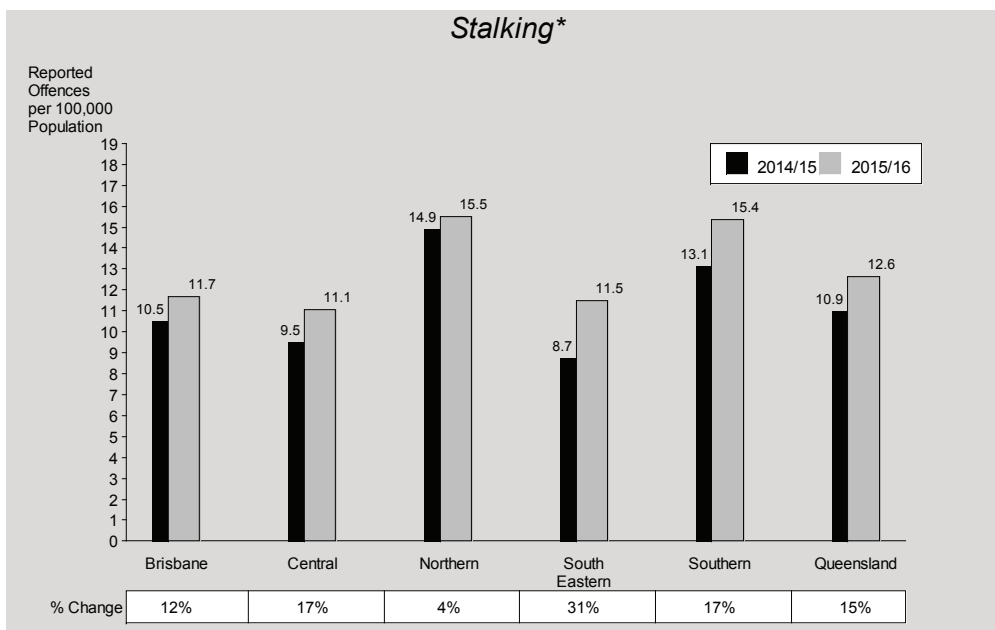
The highest rate of kidnapping and abduction etc. offences occurred in South Eastern Region with the largest increase being recorded by Northern Region. Southern Region recorded the largest decrease and Brisbane Region recorded the lowest rate.

* Although offences per 100,000 persons have been rounded to one decimal place, the actual rate was used to graph the data and calculate the percentage change between the two periods. Therefore, although the change values are correct, they may not appear so, particularly in the smaller volume offence categories.

Regional Comparisons



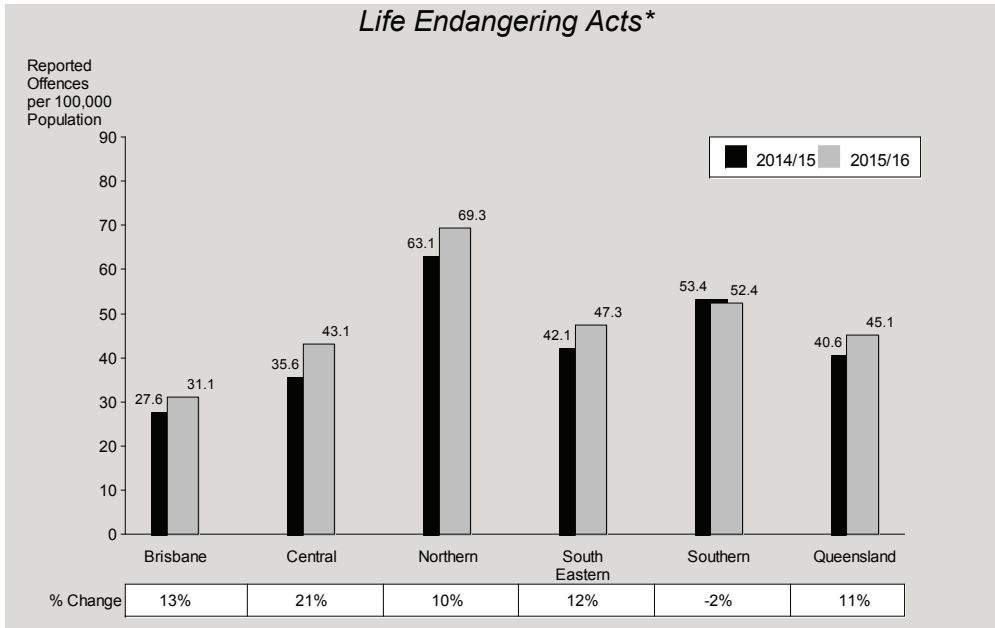
Extortion is a low volume offence category and is, therefore, subject to fluctuations from area to area and from one year to the next. In 2015/16 Northern Region recorded the highest increase in extortion offences. South Eastern Region recorded the highest rate and also the largest decrease, while the lowest rate was recorded by Central and Northern Regions.



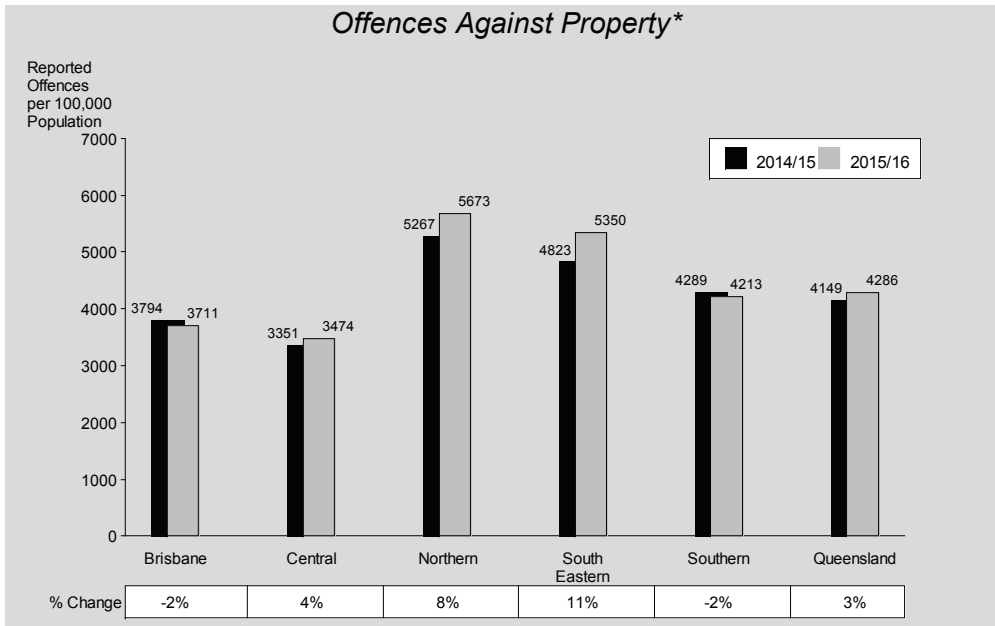
Increases were recorded in all five regions with South Eastern Region recording the largest increase in stalking offences. Central Region recorded the lowest rate while Northern Region recorded the highest rate.

* Although offences per 100,000 persons have been rounded to one decimal place, the actual rate was used to graph the data and calculate the percentage change between the two periods. Therefore, although the change values are correct, they may not appear so, particularly in the smaller volume offence categories.

Regional Comparisons



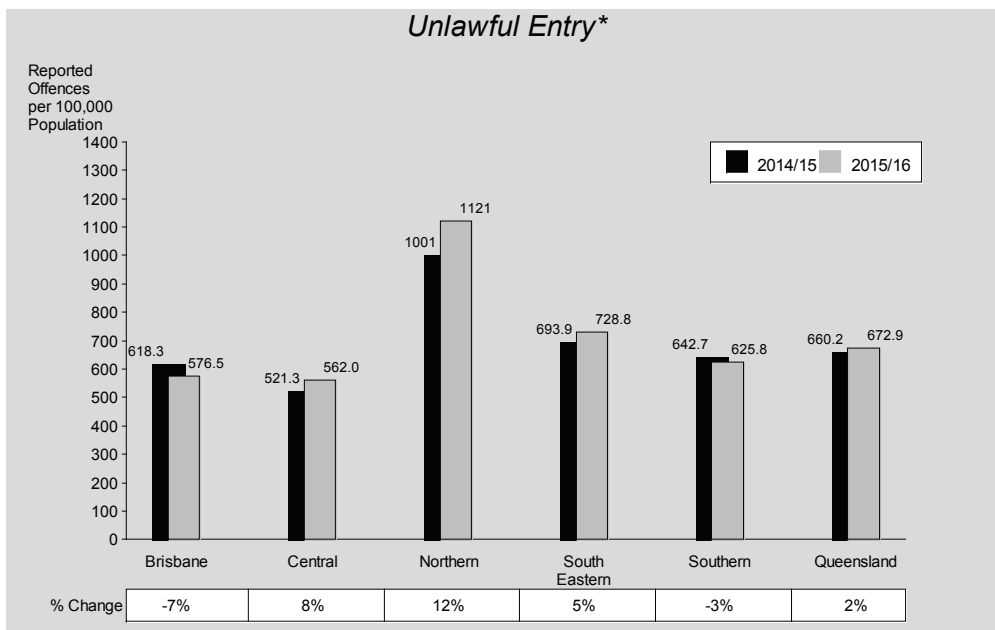
Northern Region recorded the highest rate of life endangering acts offences and Brisbane Region recorded the lowest rate. The only decrease occurred in Southern Region whilst Central Region recorded the greatest increase in the 2015/16 period.



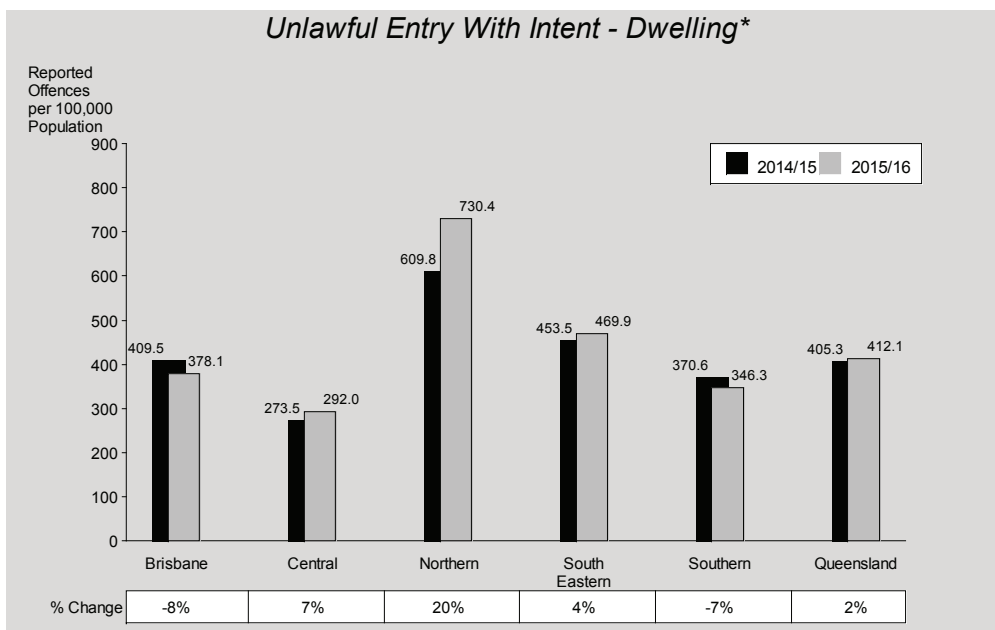
Three of the five regions reported increases in offences against property which resulted in the State recording a 3% increase. The highest rate was reported by Northern Region and the lowest rate was reported by Central Region. Brisbane and Southern Regions reported decreases in the rate of offences against property.

* Although offences per 100,000 persons have been rounded to one decimal place, the actual rate was used to graph the data and calculate the percentage change between the two periods. Therefore, although the change values are correct, they may not appear so, particularly in the smaller volume offence categories.

Regional Comparisons



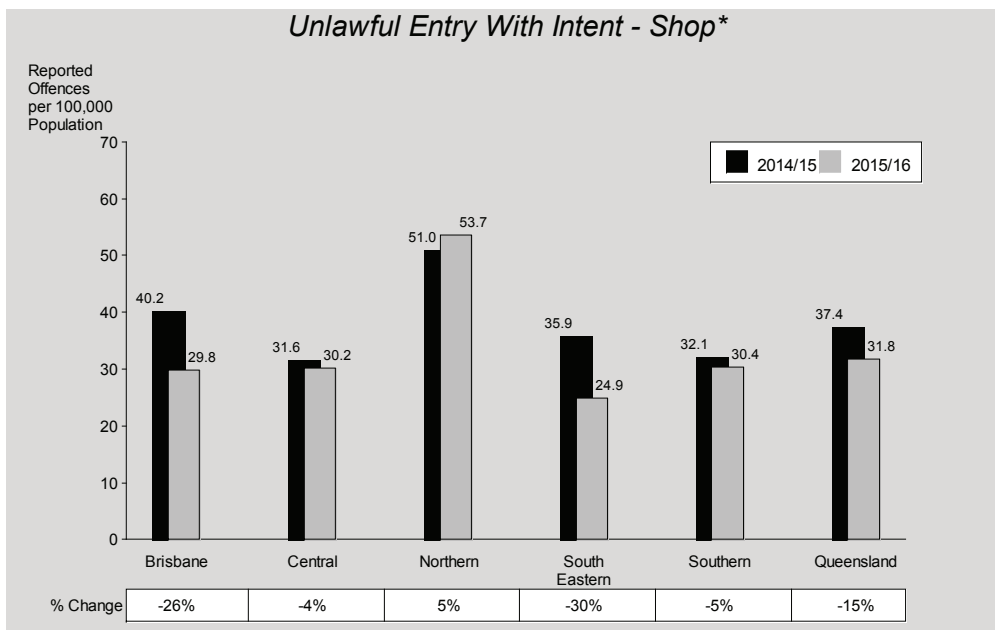
Unlawful entry tends to dominate the offences against property category as is evidenced by the similarity in the distribution of property crime. Three out of five regions recorded increases in the current year with Northern Region recording the largest increase and the highest rate. Central Region recorded the lowest rate.



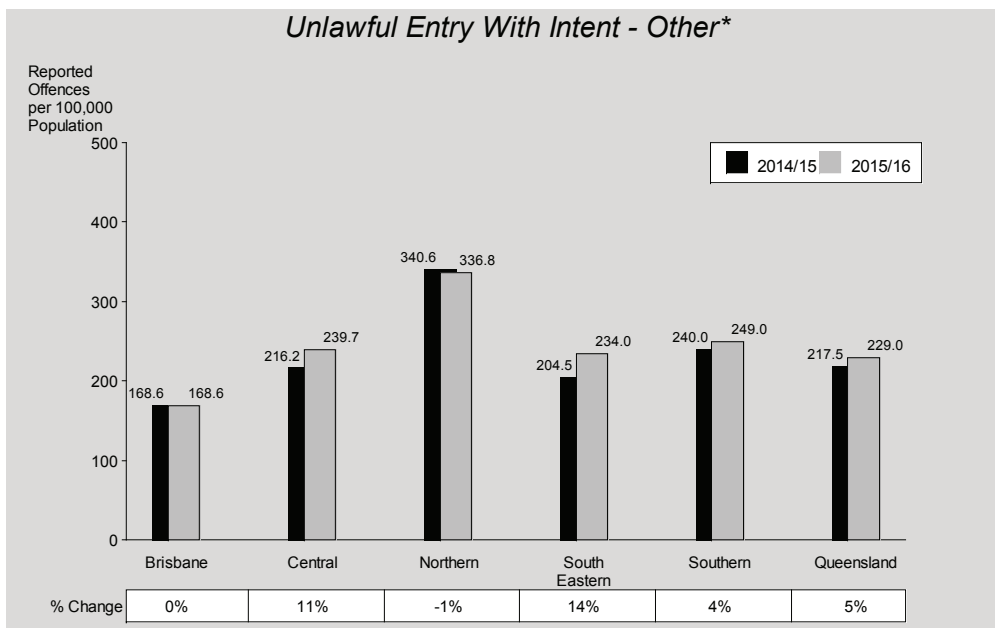
The lowest rate in the State occurred in Central Region, while the highest rate was recorded by Northern Region. Brisbane Region recorded the largest decrease and overall Queensland reported a 2% increase over the last financial year.

* Although offences per 100,000 persons have been rounded to one decimal place, the actual rate was used to graph the data and calculate the percentage change between the two periods. Therefore, although the change values are correct, they may not appear so, particularly in the smaller volume offence categories.

Regional Comparisons



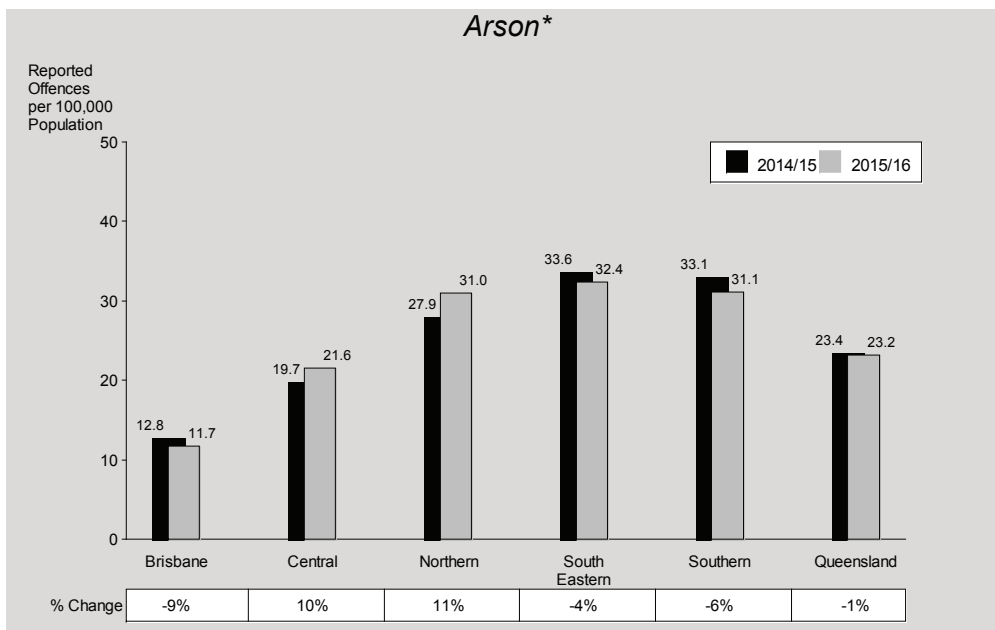
South Eastern Region recorded the largest decrease and also the lowest rate for unlawful entry – shop offences. Brisbane, Central and Southern regions also recorded decreases in 2015/16, while the highest rate was recorded by Northern Region.



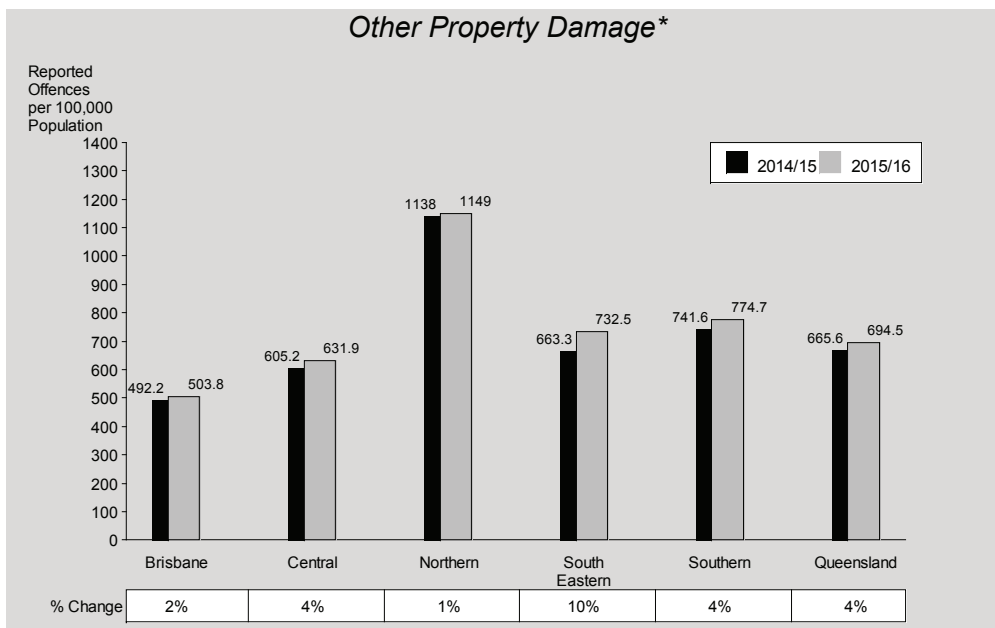
Three regions recorded increases in unlawful entry with intent - other premises offences which contributed to Queensland recording a 5% increase when comparing 2015/16 with 2014/15. Northern Region recorded the highest rate and was the only region to record a decrease in the rate. Brisbane Region recorded the lowest rate and was unchanged compared to the previous period.

* Although offences per 100,000 persons have been rounded to one decimal place, the actual rate was used to graph the data and calculate the percentage change between the two periods. Therefore, although the change values are correct, they may not appear so, particularly in the smaller volume offence categories.

Regional Comparisons



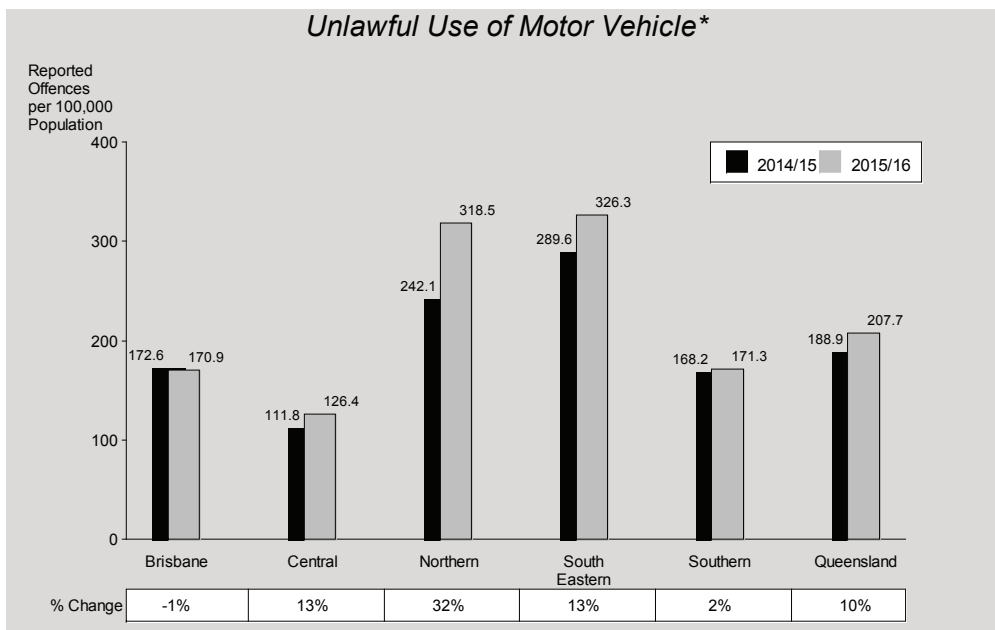
South Eastern Region recorded highest rate, followed by Southern Region. Northern Region recorded the greatest increase and Brisbane Region recorded the lowest rate and the largest decrease.



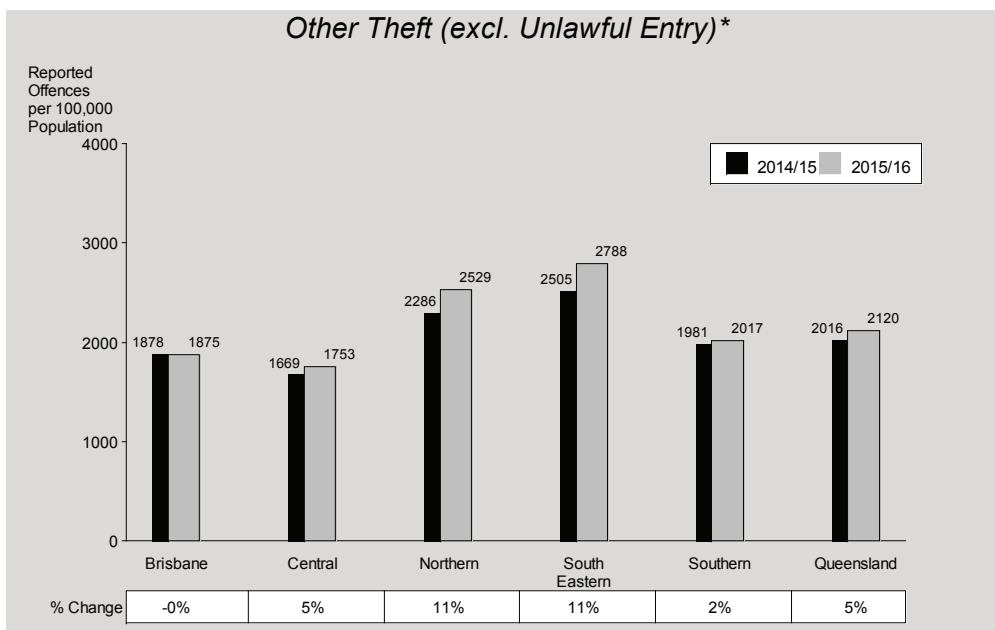
All of the regions recorded rate increases which resulted in the State recording a 4% increase when comparing 2015/16 to 2014/15. The lowest rate was recorded by Brisbane Region and the highest rate was reported by Northern Region. The largest increase was recorded by South Eastern Region (10%), while Central and Southern regions both recorded increases of 4%.

* Although offences per 100,000 persons have been rounded to one decimal place, the actual rate was used to graph the data and calculate the percentage change between the two periods. Therefore, although the change values are correct, they may not appear so, particularly in the smaller volume offence categories.

Regional Comparisons



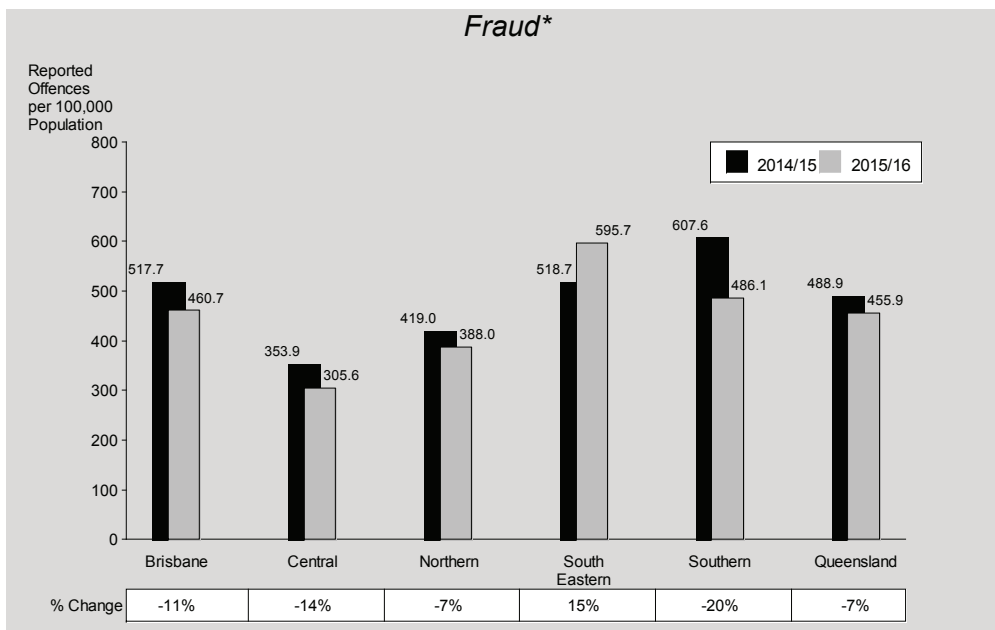
Rates of unlawful use of motor vehicles are traditionally highest in the South Eastern Region of the State as was the case in 2015/16. Increases in all regions except for Brisbane Region were recorded, with the highest increase occurring in Northern Region (32%) and the lowest increase in Southern Region (2%) compared to the previous period. Central Region recorded the lowest rate.



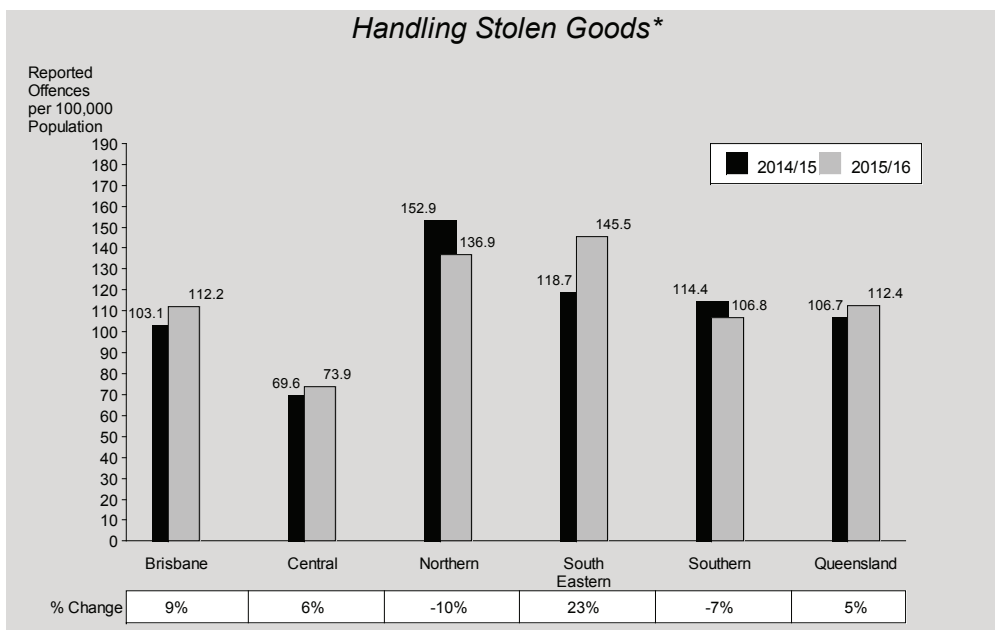
During 2015/16, all regions except Brisbane Region recorded increases in other theft (excl. unlawful entry) offences, resulting in a 5% increase recorded by Queensland overall. The highest rate occurred in South Eastern Region and Central Region recorded the lowest rate. Northern and South Eastern regions recorded the greatest increase.

* Although offences per 100,000 persons have been rounded to one decimal place, the actual rate was used to graph the data and calculate the percentage change between the two periods. Therefore, although the change values are correct, they may not appear so, particularly in the smaller volume offence categories.

Regional Comparisons



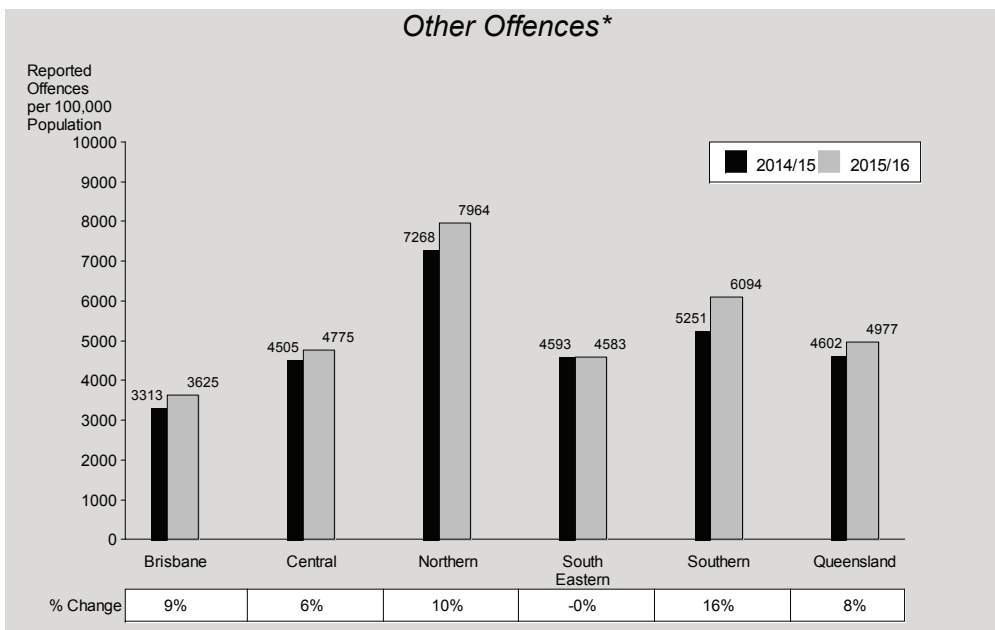
South Eastern Region recorded the highest rate of fraud offences in 2015/16 and was the only region where an increase was recorded. All other regions reported decreases in these offences in 2015/16, which resulted in a 7% decrease for the State with the largest decrease recorded in Southern Region (20%). The lowest rate was recorded by Central Region.



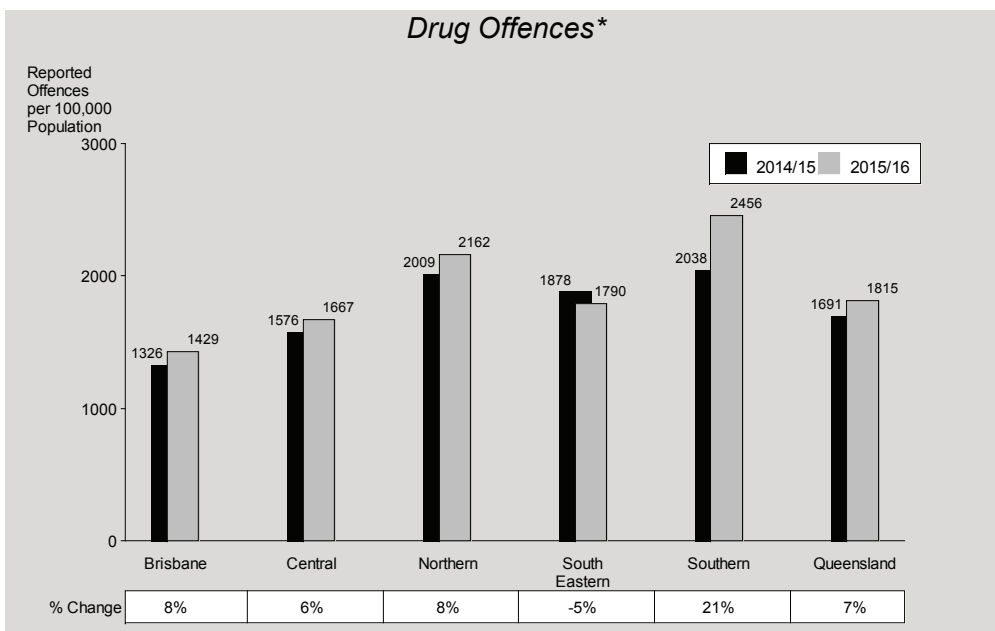
Queensland reported a 5% increase in the rate of handling stolen goods offences in the period under review. South Eastern Region recorded the highest rate and highest increase in the State while Northern and Southern regions recorded decreases. Central Region recorded the lowest rate and the smallest increase.

* Although offences per 100,000 persons have been rounded to one decimal place, the actual rate was used to graph the data and calculate the percentage change between the two periods. Therefore, although the change values are correct, they may not appear so, particularly in the smaller volume offence categories.

Regional Comparisons



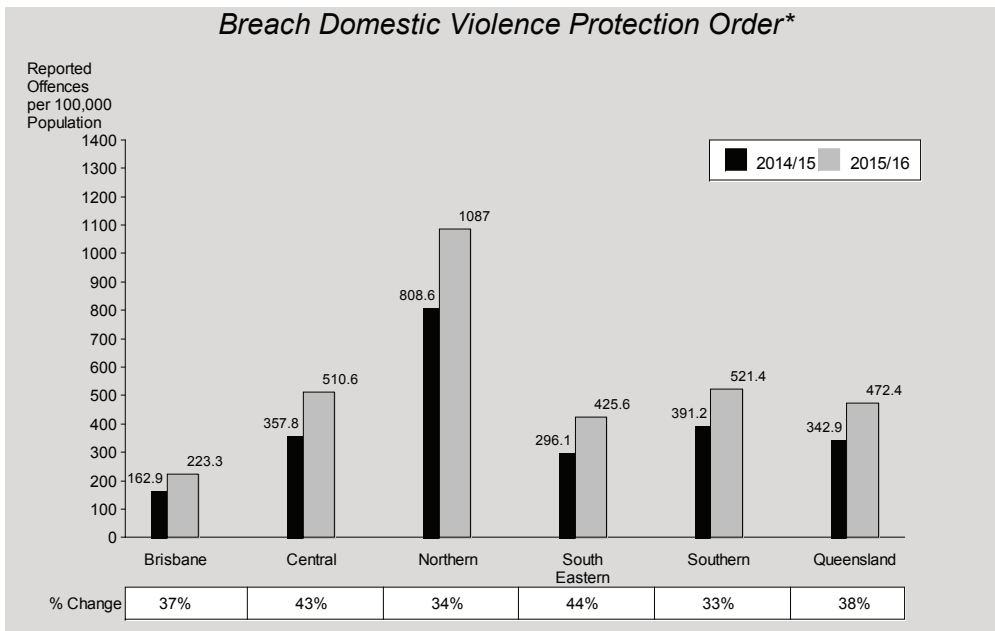
Other offences are traditionally highest in the northern part of the State and 2015/16 was consistent with previous years with Northern Region reporting the highest rate. The largest increase was recorded by Southern Region.



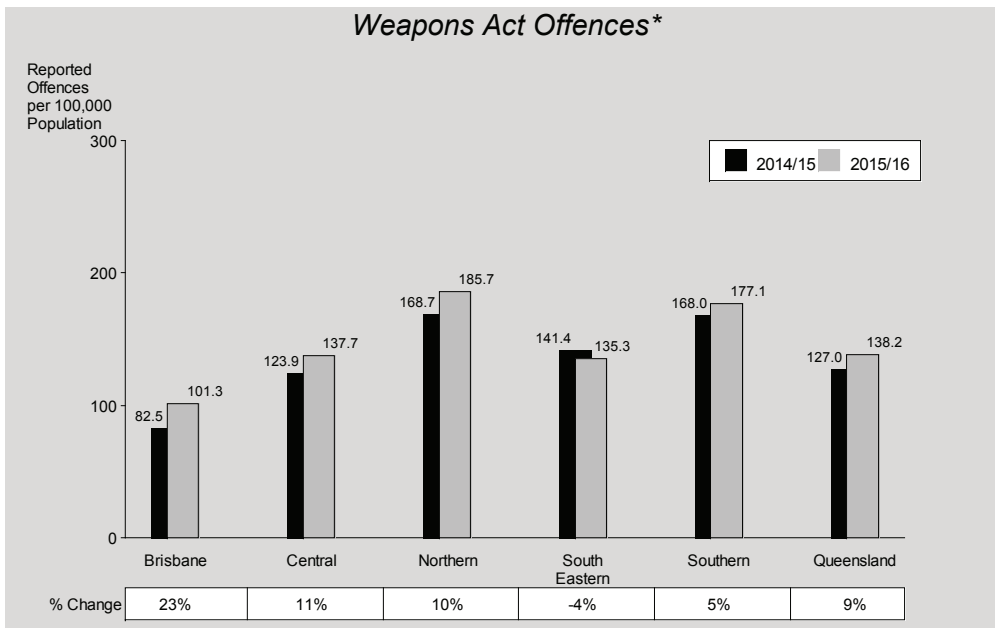
This year, the highest rate of drug offences was recorded by Southern Region while Brisbane recorded the lowest rate. Aside from South Eastern Region, all other regions reported increases with Southern Region reporting the greatest increase.

* Although offences per 100,000 persons have been rounded to one decimal place, the actual rate was used to graph the data and calculate the percentage change between the two periods. Therefore, although the change values are correct, they may not appear so, particularly in the smaller volume offence categories.

Regional Comparisons



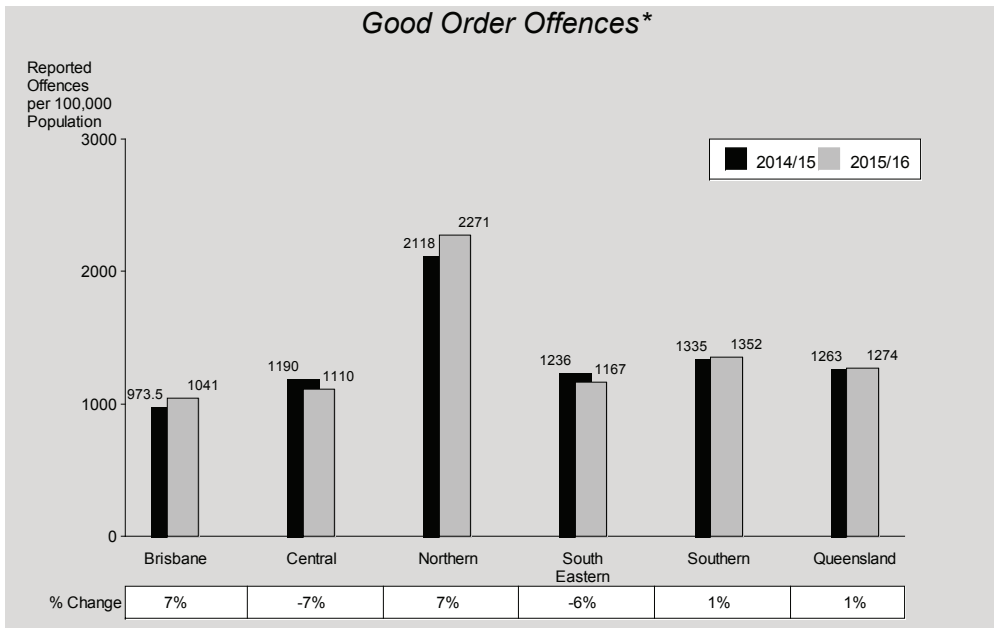
Northern Region recorded the highest rate in the State and the lowest rate was recorded by Brisbane Region. All five regions reported increases which resulted in a 38% increase for the State in 2015/16. The largest increase was recorded in South Eastern Region (44%), followed by Central Region (43%).



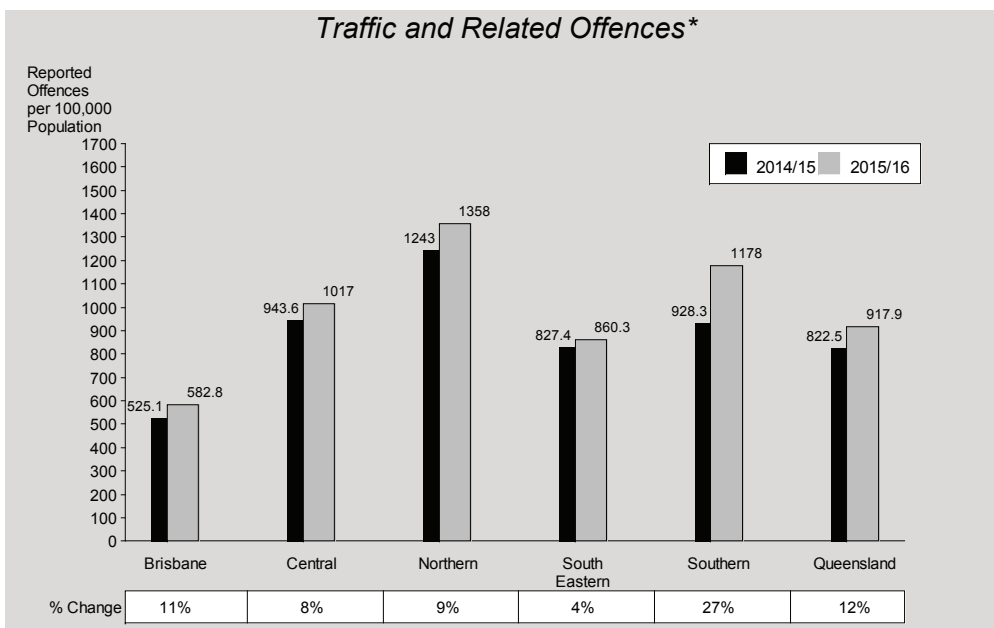
Northern Region recorded the highest rate in *Weapons Act* offences while Brisbane Region recorded the lowest rate. However, the largest increase was recorded by Brisbane Region (23%).

* Although offences per 100,000 persons have been rounded to one decimal place, the actual rate was used to graph the data and calculate the percentage change between the two periods. Therefore, although the change values are correct, they may not appear so, particularly in the smaller volume offence categories.

Regional Comparisons



The highest rate was recorded by Northern Region and both Northern and Brisbane regions recorded the greatest increase. The lowest rate occurred in Brisbane Region and decreases were recorded by Central and South Eastern regions.



For traffic and related offences, drink driving comprises the majority of offences. All five of the regions reported increases, resulting in an increase of 12% at the State level. Northern Region recorded the highest rate, while Southern Region recorded the highest increase. The smallest increase was recorded in South Eastern Region.

* Although offences per 100,000 persons have been rounded to one decimal place, the actual rate was used to graph the data and calculate the percentage change between the two periods. Therefore, although the change values are correct, they may not appear so, particularly in the smaller volume offence categories.

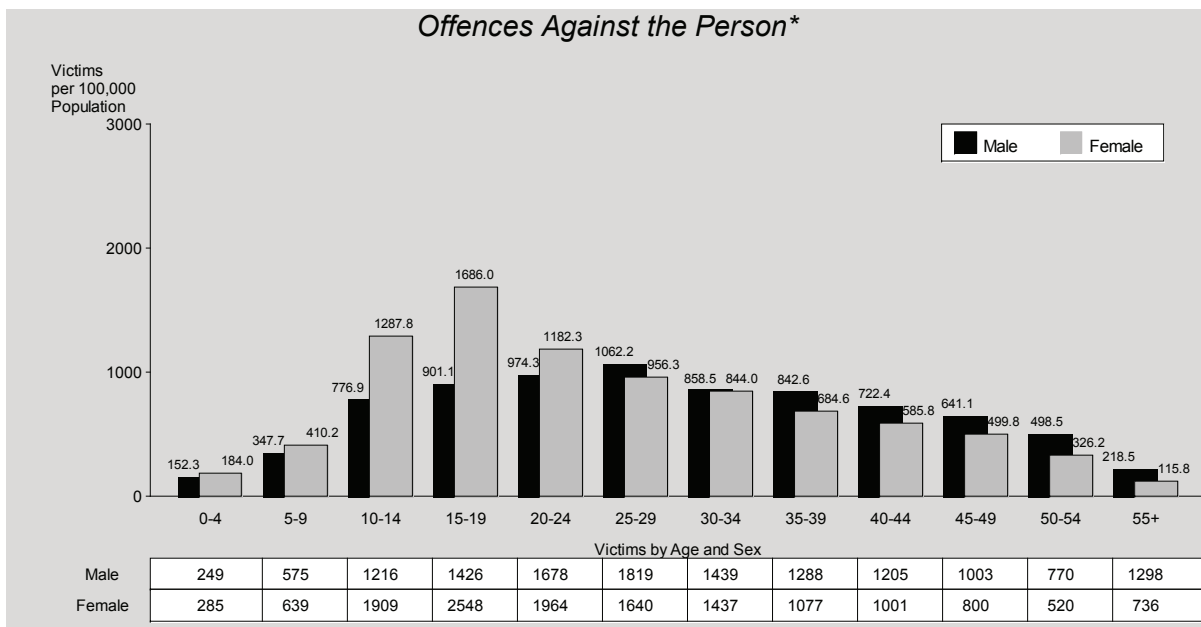
Victims of Crime

This section contains detailed information relating to victims of offences against the person. They do not provide a unique victim count as one person may be counted several times if they were the victim of more than one offence.

There are several cases where the victim of an offence against the person is not, according to the statistical definitions used, a person. For example, the victim of an armed robbery of a bank is the banking organisation, rather than the teller, while ‘armed so as to cause fear or alarm’ is commonly a “Regina” offence, where the Crown is deemed to be the victim. Organisations which were the victims of crime were not included in the following tables and graphs.

As the graph below illustrates, females aged fifteen to nineteen years are the most common victims of offences against the person on a per capita basis. Females aged fifty-five and over are the least victimised. During 2015/16, there were slightly more female than male victims. Fifty-one percent of victims were female, while forty-nine percent of victims were male.

The Australian Bureau of Statistics’ *Population by Age and Sex, Australian States and Territories*, December 2015 (3201.0) was used to calculate the number of victims per 100,000 persons. ‘Age’ refers to the victim’s age on the date the offence was reported to police, rather than their age on the date the offence occurred.



* Only those offences where the victim’s age and sex were identified are included.

Victims of Crime:

Victims of Crime by Age and Sex* – 2015/16

Offence	0-14		15		16		17		18		19	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
Brisbane Region												
Homicide (Murder)	1	3	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other Homicide	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0
Attempted Murder	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Conspiracy to Murder	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter (excl. by Driving & Striking)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter - Unlawful Striking Cause Death	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Driving Causing Death	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Assault	203	132	33	37	31	28	32	22	43	45	63	30
Grievous Assault	2	0	1	1	0	1	4	0	5	1	1	0
Serious Assault	99	54	17	18	18	15	17	10	27	20	43	15
Serious Assault (Other)	10	11	2	2	3	1	2	2	1	4	3	3
Common Assault	92	67	13	16	10	11	9	10	10	20	16	12
Sexual Offences	65	177	11	73	6	36	3	30	3	34	5	27
Rape and Attempted Rape	6	23	1	12	1	11	0	9	2	16	2	14
Other Sexual Offences	59	154	10	61	5	25	3	21	1	18	3	13
Robbery	16	3	8	5	5	1	8	1	14	3	10	2
Armed Robbery	6	0	4	3	2	0	3	0	6	1	4	0
Unarmed Robbery	10	3	4	2	3	1	5	1	8	2	6	2
Other Offences Against the Person	37	38	6	4	6	7	3	11	2	11	8	7
Kidnapping & Abduction etc.	3	7	2	2	0	2	1	3	0	3	2	2
Extortion	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0
Stalking	0	5	1	0	3	1	0	2	0	4	0	2
Life Endangering Acts	34	26	3	2	3	3	2	5	2	4	6	3
Offences Against the Person	323	354	58	119	48	74	46	64	63	93	86	66
Central Region												
Homicide (Murder)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other Homicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Attempted Murder	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Conspiracy to Murder	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter (excl. by Driving & Striking)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter - Unlawful Striking Cause Death	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Driving Causing Death	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Assault	258	213	52	61	49	43	44	39	58	49	39	43
Grievous Assault	1	1	2	0	1	0	1	0	5	1	1	0
Serious Assault	125	96	23	33	30	28	28	18	31	24	23	22
Serious Assault (Other)	14	7	5	2	4	0	2	1	3	2	5	2
Common Assault	118	109	22	26	14	15	13	20	19	22	10	19
Sexual Offences	104	348	18	108	5	42	1	52	3	29	3	23
Rape and Attempted Rape	17	59	1	19	1	11	0	17	1	12	1	8
Other Sexual Offences	87	289	17	89	4	31	1	35	2	17	2	15
Robbery	6	1	0	1	1	2	3	1	3	0	1	2
Armed Robbery	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	2
Unarmed Robbery	6	1	0	0	1	2	3	1	1	0	0	0
Other Offences Against the Person	50	42	3	5	1	4	3	7	6	8	2	7
Kidnapping & Abduction etc.	8	7	0	3	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0
Extortion	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Stalking	1	5	0	1	1	2	1	4	0	1	1	4
Life Endangering Acts	41	30	3	1	0	2	2	3	4	6	1	3
Offences Against the Person	418	604	73	175	56	91	51	99	70	86	45	75
Northern Region												
Homicide (Murder)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other Homicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Attempted Murder	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Conspiracy to Murder	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter (excl. by Driving & Striking)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter - Unlawful Striking Cause Death	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Driving Causing Death	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Assault	311	341	50	83	41	87	42	70	52	79	39	79
Grievous Assault	3	6	3	2	2	2	0	2	5	4	6	3
Serious Assault	148	151	19	50	20	52	29	47	35	48	25	44
Serious Assault (Other)	22	18	3	1	1	6	2	4	4	2	4	2
Common Assault	138	166	25	30	18	27	11	17	8	25	4	30
Sexual Offences	98	366	9	97	4	46	5	34	3	25	0	19
Rape and Attempted Rape	17	55	2	18	1	12	0	10	0	9	0	9
Other Sexual Offences	81	311	7	79	3	34	5	24	3	16	0	10
Robbery	8	1	2	0	1	2	0	2	3	1	3	0
Armed Robbery	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	0
Unarmed Robbery	7	1	2	0	0	2	0	1	2	1	2	0
Other Offences Against the Person	46	54	1	3	1	3	4	1	2	2	0	8
Kidnapping & Abduction etc.	7	6	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	2
Extortion	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Stalking	1	4	0	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	3
Life Endangering Acts	38	44	0	0	1	0	4	1	1	2	0	2
Offences Against the Person	463	762	62	183	47	138	51	107	60	107	42	106

Victims of Crime:

Victims of Crime by Age and Sex* – 2015/16

Offence	20-24		25-29		30-39		40-49		50 & over		Not Stated	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
Brisbane Region												
Homicide (Murder)	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	3	0	0	0
Other Homicide	0	1	1	1	2	5	6	2	3	1	0	0
Attempted Murder	0	1	1	1	2	5	6	2	3	1	0	0
Conspiracy to Murder	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter (excl. by Driving & Striking)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter - Unlawful Striking Cause Death	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Driving Causing Death	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Assault	357	215	428	182	651	277	468	191	385	161	1	1
Grievous Assault	20	3	29	6	29	10	19	6	16	2	0	0
Serious Assault	210	103	187	80	262	126	201	73	191	65	0	1
Serious Assault (Other)	24	19	64	24	108	35	89	35	106	53	0	0
Common Assault	103	90	148	72	252	106	159	77	72	41	1	0
Sexual Offences	18	134	8	68	20	97	21	51	22	40	2	0
Rape and Attempted Rape	3	63	4	30	4	44	5	19	7	14	0	0
Other Sexual Offences	15	71	4	38	16	53	16	32	15	26	2	0
Robbery	40	19	27	14	31	16	27	4	18	6	0	0
Armed Robbery	10	6	9	6	12	4	12	2	4	3	0	0
Unarmed Robbery	30	13	18	8	19	12	15	2	14	3	0	0
Other Offences Against the Person	36	46	32	38	54	80	38	50	45	36	1	1
Kidnapping & Abduction etc.	6	9	3	5	3	8	2	3	1	2	0	0
Extortion	4	1	6	0	3	2	0	0	4	0	0	0
Stalking	3	19	6	22	13	42	9	24	10	9	0	0
Life Endangering Acts	23	17	17	11	35	28	27	23	30	25	1	1
Offences Against the Person	451	415	496	303	759	475	560	299	476	244	4	2
Central Region												
Homicide (Murder)	3	0	1	0	2	1	1	0	0	1	0	0
Other Homicide	1	2	3	0	3	0	4	1	4	3	0	0
Attempted Murder	1	2	1	0	1	0	2	1	1	1	0	0
Conspiracy to Murder	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter (excl. by Driving & Striking)	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter - Unlawful Striking Cause Death	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Driving Causing Death	0	0	1	0	1	0	2	0	3	2	0	0
Assault	280	235	298	186	403	298	372	243	326	174	0	1
Grievous Assault	18	11	25	9	54	8	48	12	47	13	0	0
Serious Assault	136	97	99	98	148	145	146	109	135	77	0	0
Serious Assault (Other)	44	26	58	26	66	31	71	26	94	44	0	1
Common Assault	82	101	116	53	135	114	107	96	50	40	0	0
Sexual Offences	7	84	4	33	11	52	6	40	7	23	0	2
Rape and Attempted Rape	2	42	0	11	1	26	3	21	2	9	0	0
Other Sexual Offences	5	42	4	22	10	26	3	19	5	14	0	2
Robbery	11	7	13	3	15	5	14	7	14	9	1	0
Armed Robbery	7	3	6	0	9	2	5	4	8	5	1	0
Unarmed Robbery	4	4	7	3	6	3	9	3	6	4	0	0
Other Offences Against the Person	15	39	14	29	44	47	28	36	38	47	0	0
Kidnapping & Abduction etc.	2	7	2	6	8	6	2	6	0	2	0	0
Extortion	1	0	1	0	0	1	2	2	1	2	0	0
Stalking	0	17	3	9	5	19	9	12	2	15	0	0
Life Endangering Acts	12	15	8	14	31	21	15	16	35	28	0	0
Offences Against the Person	317	367	333	251	478	403	425	327	389	257	1	3
Northern Region												
Homicide (Murder)	0	0	1	1	2	1	2	1	1	1	0	0
Other Homicide	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0
Attempted Murder	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0
Conspiracy to Murder	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter (excl. by Driving & Striking)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter - Unlawful Striking Cause Death	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Driving Causing Death	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Assault	327	437	402	396	509	549	438	381	364	240	1	2
Grievous Assault	22	20	16	14	32	20	19	13	18	5	0	0
Serious Assault	140	243	138	199	199	291	189	192	165	107	0	1
Serious Assault (Other)	59	36	98	46	130	61	94	41	95	64	0	0
Common Assault	106	138	150	137	148	177	136	135	86	64	1	1
Sexual Offences	4	66	3	65	9	79	7	51	6	23	0	4
Rape and Attempted Rape	2	28	0	27	2	38	4	25	2	6	0	0
Other Sexual Offences	2	38	3	38	7	41	3	26	4	17	0	4
Robbery	12	11	10	4	16	9	8	8	18	6	0	0
Armed Robbery	6	1	4	1	8	0	6	4	7	2	0	0
Unarmed Robbery	6	10	6	3	8	9	2	4	11	4	0	0
Other Offences Against the Person	9	20	18	26	22	38	31	28	25	16	0	0
Kidnapping & Abduction etc.	1	1	3	4	2	4	0	2	0	0	0	0
Extortion	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	1	1	0	0
Stalking	3	8	4	7	3	14	7	10	9	8	0	0
Life Endangering Acts	5	11	11	15	17	20	22	15	15	7	0	0
Offences Against the Person	352	534	434	492	559	677	486	470	415	286	1	6

* Only those offences where the victim's age and sex were identified are included.

Victims of Crime:

Victims of Crime by Age and Sex* – 2015/16

Offence	0-14		15		16		17		18		19	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
South Eastern Region												
Homicide (Murder)	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other Homicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Attempted Murder	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Conspiracy to Murder	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter (excl. by Driving & Striking)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter - Unlawful Striking Cause Death	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Driving Causing Death	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Assault	187	136	34	43	26	35	45	41	53	32	43	39
Grievous Assault	4	0	2	2	3	2	6	1	7	4	8	1
Serious Assault	100	55	21	17	16	20	21	23	35	16	27	22
Serious Assault (Other)	4	13	2	1	1	2	4	1	2	2	3	3
Common Assault	79	68	9	23	6	11	14	16	10	10	5	13
Sexual Offences	73	242	10	59	1	45	3	39	2	14	1	18
Rape and Attempted Rape	9	53	1	14	0	19	0	18	1	10	0	11
Other Sexual Offences	64	189	9	45	1	26	3	21	1	4	1	7
Robbery	11	2	7	4	9	2	12	3	16	2	9	5
Armed Robbery	4	0	2	1	1	0	5	1	5	0	4	1
Unarmed Robbery	7	2	5	3	8	2	7	2	11	2	5	4
Other Offences Against the Person	33	31	3	2	7	11	4	4	2	3	1	7
Kidnapping & Abduction etc.	5	3	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	1
Extortion	0	0	0	0	0	4	1	1	0	0	0	1
Stalking	2	2	1	0	1	2	0	2	0	1	0	2
Life Endangering Acts	26	26	2	1	6	4	3	1	1	1	1	3
Offences Against the Person	304	411	54	108	44	93	64	87	73	51	54	69
Southern Region												
Homicide (Murder)	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other Homicide	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Attempted Murder	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Conspiracy to Murder	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter (excl. by Driving & Striking)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter - Unlawful Striking Cause Death	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Driving Causing Death	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Assault	342	266	49	56	42	48	34	46	40	43	40	35
Grievous Assault	4	7	2	1	0	0	2	2	2	0	1	1
Serious Assault	175	119	30	30	29	23	22	27	29	28	25	18
Serious Assault (Other)	18	15	0	1	3	3	3	2	2	0	2	1
Common Assault	145	125	17	24	10	22	7	15	7	15	12	15
Sexual Offences	128	379	13	115	7	73	4	51	7	21	6	23
Rape and Attempted Rape	23	64	0	22	1	29	0	26	2	6	3	10
Other Sexual Offences	105	315	13	93	6	44	4	25	5	15	3	13
Robbery	10	3	5	2	2	2	4	1	7	2	2	4
Armed Robbery	3	0	1	1	0	0	4	0	2	1	0	2
Unarmed Robbery	7	3	4	1	2	2	0	1	5	1	2	2
Other Offences Against the Person	49	49	1	9	5	6	4	3	4	3	3	5
Kidnapping & Abduction etc.	11	8	0	3	2	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
Extortion	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Stalking	1	7	0	3	0	3	0	1	0	1	1	1
Life Endangering Acts	37	32	1	3	3	3	3	1	3	2	2	4
Offences Against the Person	529	699	68	182	56	130	46	101	58	69	51	67
Queensland												
Homicide (Murder)	1	4	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other Homicide	1	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0
Attempted Murder	1	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Conspiracy to Murder	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter (excl. by Driving & Striking)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter - Unlawful Striking Cause Death	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Driving Causing Death	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Assault	1301	1088	218	280	189	241	197	218	246	248	224	226
Grievous Assault	14	14	10	6	6	5	13	5	24	10	17	5
Serious Assault	647	475	110	148	113	138	117	125	157	136	143	121
Serious Assault (Other)	68	64	12	7	12	12	13	10	11	10	17	11
Common Assault	572	535	86	119	58	86	54	78	54	92	47	89
Sexual Offences	471	1514	61	453	23	244	16	209	18	123	15	110
Rape and Attempted Rape	72	254	5	85	4	83	0	82	6	53	6	52
Other Sexual Offences	399	1260	56	368	19	161	16	127	12	70	9	58
Robbery	51	10	22	12	18	9	27	8	43	8	25	13
Armed Robbery	14	0	7	6	4	0	12	2	16	2	10	5
Unarmed Robbery	37	10	15	6	14	9	15	6	27	6	15	8
Other Offences Against the Person	215	215	14	23	20	32	18	26	16	27	14	35
Kidnapping & Abduction etc.	34	31	3	10	2	4	2	4	3	5	2	5
Extortion	0	2	0	0	0	5	1	2	2	0	0	2
Stalking	5	23	2	6	5	10	1	9	0	7	2	12
Life Endangering Acts	176	159	9	7	13	13	14	11	11	15	10	16
Offences Against the Person	2040	2833	315	768	251	529	258	461	324	406	278	384

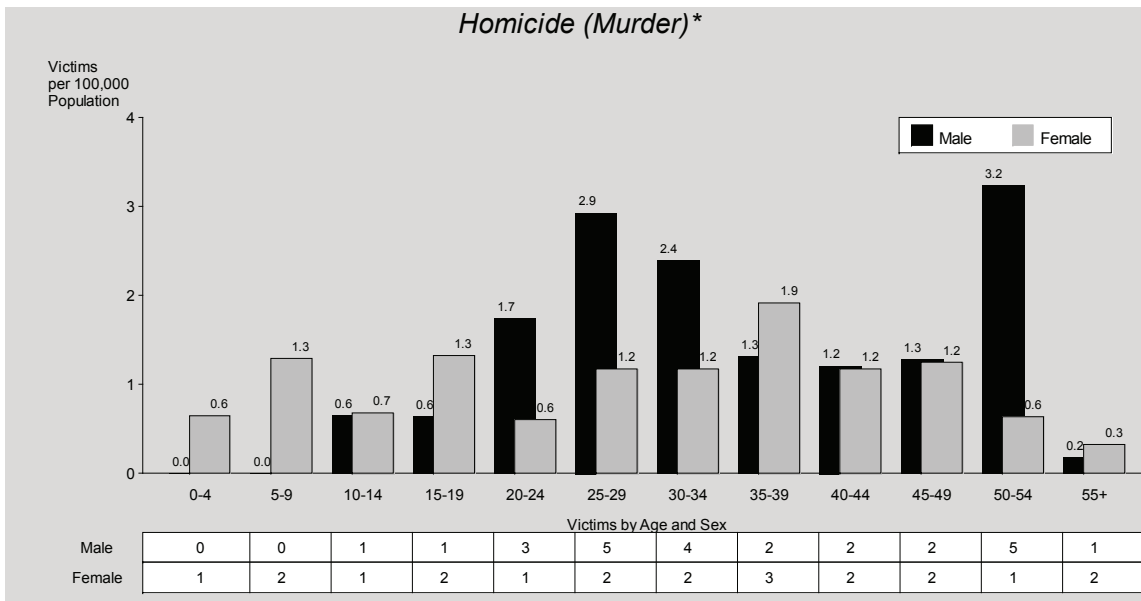
Victims of Crime:

Victims of Crime by Age and Sex* – 2015/16

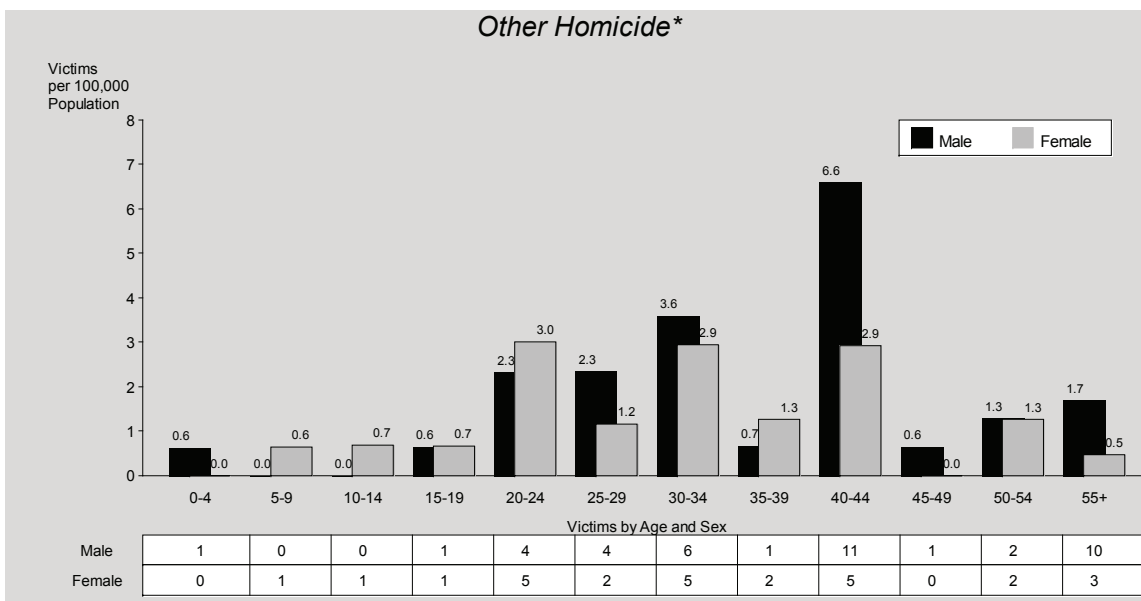
Offence	20-24		25-29		30-39		40-49		50 & over		Not Stated	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
South Eastern Region												
Homicide (Murder)	0	1	2	0	1	2	0	1	1	1	0	0
Other Homicide	3	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0
Attempted Murder	3	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
Conspiracy to Murder	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter (excl. by Driving & Striking)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter - Unlawful Striking Cause Death	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Driving Causing Death	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Assault	208	216	252	237	422	420	334	309	376	205	1	1
Grievous Assault	15	3	21	2	26	7	18	1	14	2	0	0
Serious Assault	109	104	115	130	198	210	166	154	181	81	1	0
Serious Assault (Other)	21	21	43	26	82	41	49	28	108	63	0	0
Common Assault	63	88	73	79	116	162	101	126	73	59	0	1
Sexual Offences	3	67	4	36	3	47	4	37	2	21	0	0
Rape and Attempted Rape	2	35	4	18	0	29	1	19	0	11	0	0
Other Sexual Offences	1	32	0	18	3	18	3	18	2	10	0	0
Robbery	55	16	29	12	30	11	21	11	22	11	0	0
Armed Robbery	26	8	17	5	16	5	11	4	9	3	0	0
Unarmed Robbery	29	8	12	7	14	6	10	7	13	8	0	0
Other Offences Against the Person	11	42	19	34	35	87	35	52	32	30	0	0
Kidnapping & Abduction etc.	1	9	5	9	2	15	0	4	1	3	0	0
Extortion	0	0	0	0	2	2	2	2	1	0	0	0
Stalking	1	10	3	7	3	31	7	16	3	8	0	0
Life Endangering Acts	9	23	11	18	28	39	26	30	27	19	0	0
Offences Against the Person	280	343	306	320	492	567	395	410	433	269	1	1
Southern Region												
Homicide (Murder)	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0
Other Homicide	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	4	0	0	0
Attempted Murder	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0
Conspiracy to Murder	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter (excl. by Driving & Striking)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Manslaughter - Unlawful Striking Cause Death	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Driving Causing Death	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	0
Assault	218	203	199	180	270	373	293	196	287	132	3	0
Grievous Assault	16	6	16	3	8	20	20	5	13	1	0	0
Serious Assault	105	102	80	85	131	130	114	101	135	58	0	0
Serious Assault (Other)	22	20	33	23	36	95	54	15	74	40	2	0
Common Assault	75	75	70	69	95	128	105	75	65	33	1	0
Sexual Offences	20	57	15	43	46	14	10	44	16	20	0	2
Rape and Attempted Rape	8	32	7	27	27	4	1	14	3	9	0	0
Other Sexual Offences	12	25	8	16	19	10	9	30	13	11	0	2
Robbery	18	7	13	7	5	19	8	9	15	9	0	0
Armed Robbery	8	3	7	2	2	10	6	2	5	3	0	0
Unarmed Robbery	10	4	6	5	3	9	2	7	10	6	0	0
Other Offences Against the Person	21	32	22	39	68	32	24	42	30	38	3	0
Kidnapping & Abduction etc.	4	4	1	4	4	1	0	2	5	1	0	0
Extortion	0	0	1	0	0	2	2	0	1	1	0	0
Stalking	1	12	2	14	28	6	4	19	7	18	0	0
Life Endangering Acts	16	16	18	21	36	23	18	21	17	18	3	0
Offences Against the Person	277	300	250	270	391	438	337	293	353	199	6	2
Queensland												
Homicide (Murder)	3	1	5	2	6	5	4	4	6	3	0	0
Other Homicide	4	5	4	2	7	7	12	5	12	5	0	0
Attempted Murder	4	5	2	1	4	6	9	4	6	3	0	0
Conspiracy to Murder	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter (excl. by Driving & Striking)	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Manslaughter - Unlawful Striking Cause Death	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Driving Causing Death	0	0	1	0	2	1	2	1	5	2	0	0
Assault	1390	1306	1579	1181	2358	1814	1905	1320	1738	912	6	5
Grievous Assault	91	43	107	34	161	53	124	37	108	23	0	0
Serious Assault	700	649	619	592	937	903	816	629	807	388	1	2
Serious Assault (Other)	170	122	296	145	481	204	357	145	477	264	2	1
Common Assault	429	492	557	410	779	654	608	509	346	237	3	2
Sexual Offences	52	411	34	246	57	321	49	223	53	127	2	8
Rape and Attempted Rape	17	200	15	113	11	164	14	98	14	49	0	0
Other Sexual Offences	35	211	19	133	46	157	35	125	39	78	2	8
Robbery	136	60	92	40	111	46	78	39	87	41	1	0
Armed Robbery	57	21	43	14	55	13	40	16	33	16	1	0
Unarmed Robbery	79	39	49	26	56	33	38	23	54	25	0	0
Other Offences Against the Person	93	181	105	169	188	321	160	210	172	168	4	1
Kidnapping & Abduction etc.	14	30	14	28	16	37	4	17	7	8	0	0
Extortion	5	1	8	0	7	5	8	5	8	4	0	0
Stalking	8	66	18	61	30	134	36	81	31	58	0	0
Life Endangering Acts	66	84	65	80	135	145	112	107	126	98	4	1
Offences Against the Person	1678	1964	1819	1640	2727	2514	2208	1801	2068	1256	13	14

* Only those offences where the victim's age and sex were identified are included.

Victims of Crime



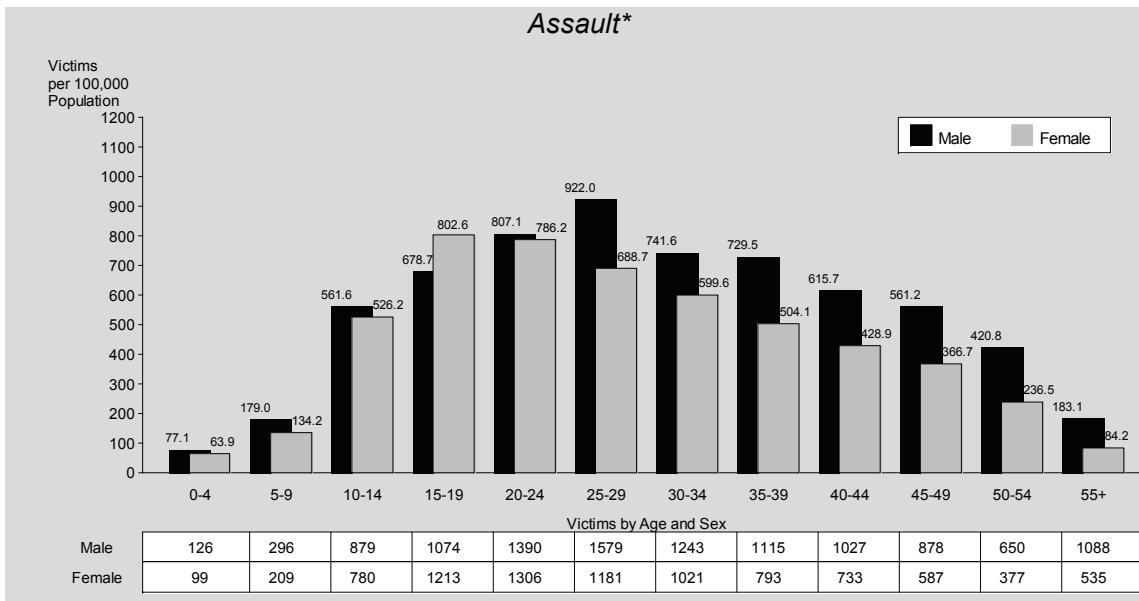
Low rates of victimisation for homicide (murder) offences mean that rates fluctuate across age groups and from year to year. In 2015/16, males aged fifty to fifty-four years were most likely to be victims of homicide (murder). Overall, 55% of victims were male and 15% of all victims were aged twenty-five to twenty-nine years.



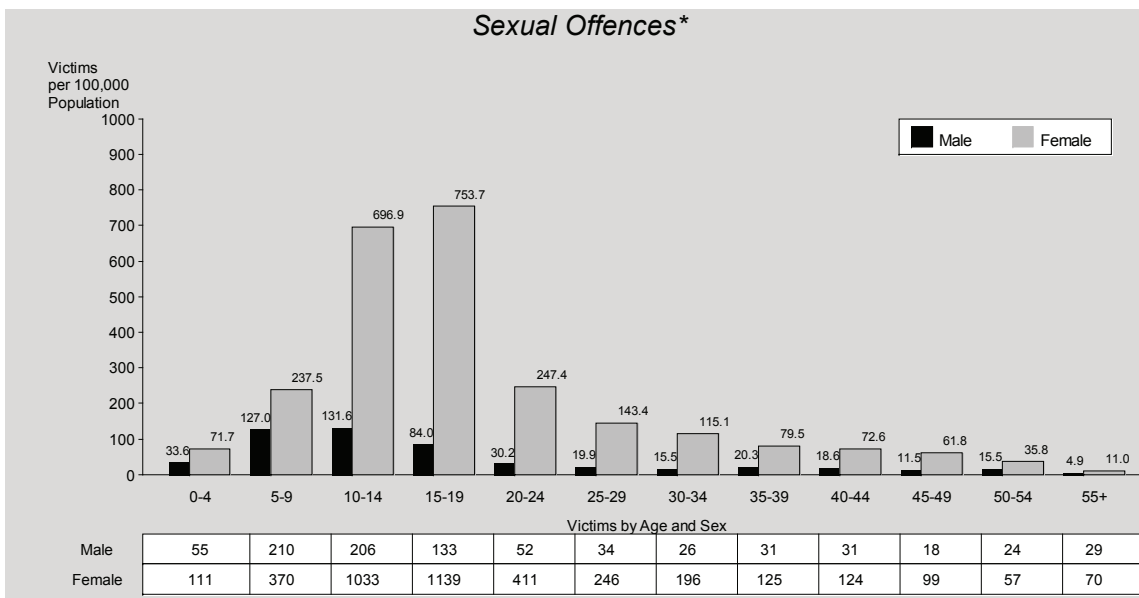
Other homicide offences are also subject to fluctuations across age groups and from year to year as a result of low rates of victimisation. Males aged forty to forty-four were most likely to be victims. Overall, 60% of victims were male, of which, 27% of all male victims were aged forty to forty-four. Of all female victims, those aged twenty to twenty-four years were most likely to be victims of other homicide.

* Only those offences where the victim's age and sex were identified are included.

Victims of Crime



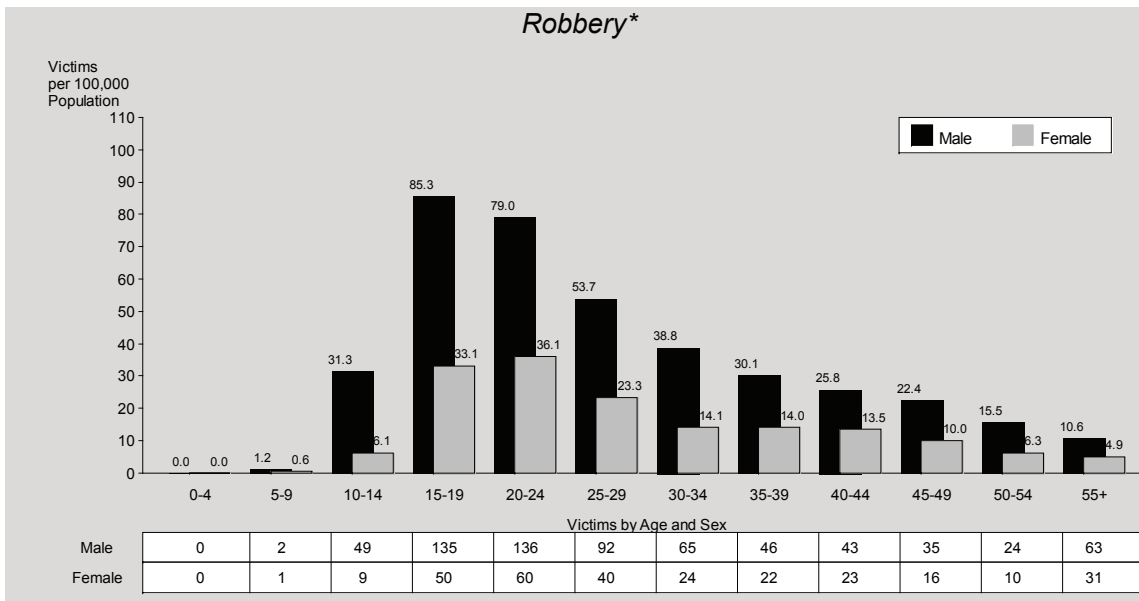
For every age cohort except fifteen to nineteen years, males were more likely to be victims of assault than females (56% of victims were male). Males aged twenty-five to twenty-nine years were most likely to be victims. More females aged fifteen to nineteen years were likely to be victims compared with females in other age groups. The likelihood of being a victim of assault decreased with increasing age after nineteen years for females and twenty-nine for males.



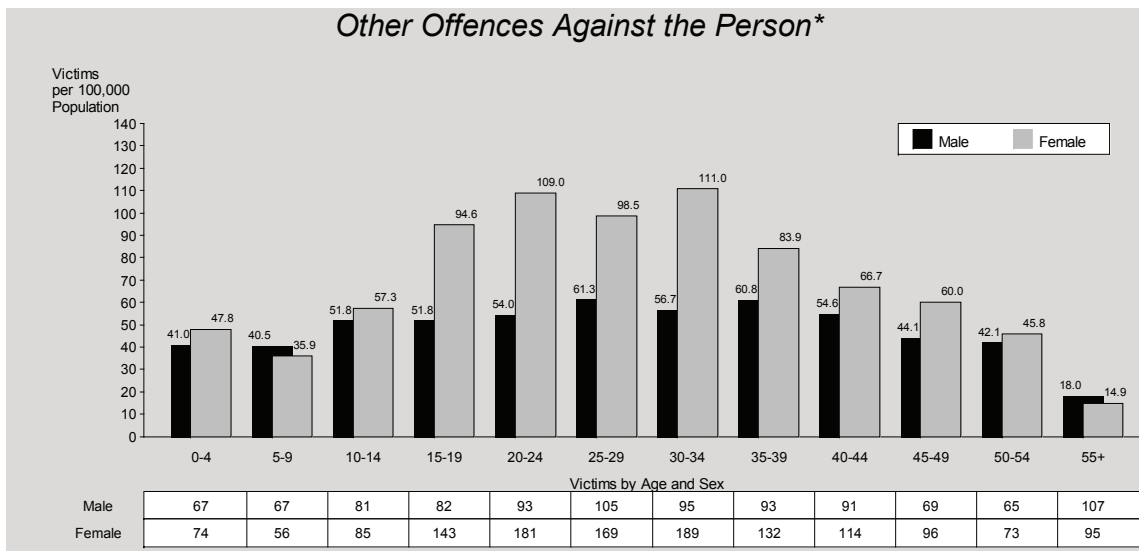
The offence category of sexual offences is unique in that the number of female victims far outweighs the number of male victims (82% of victims were female). At every age, females were significantly more likely to be victims than males with females in the fifteen to nineteen year age range, the most likely to be a victim. At this age, females were almost eight times more likely to be victims of sexual offences than males.

* Only those offences where the victim's age and sex were identified are included.

Victims of Crime



As with most other offences against the person, males were significantly more likely to be victims of robbery than females (71% of victims were male). Males aged fifteen to twenty-four years were most likely to be victims. After the age of twenty-four years, for both males and females, the likelihood of being a victim decreased significantly with increasing age. Note that robbery is unique in that a large proportion of victims are companies not individuals.



Other offences against the person is an amalgam of a number of different offence types including ill treatment of children, stalking, armed to cause fear, etc. This offence category, like sexual offences, is unique in that females are more likely to be victims than males except for victims aged five to nine years and over fifty-five years. Females aged fifteen to thirty-four years are the most likely victims of this offence type, making up 28% of total victims.

* Only those offences where the victim's age and sex were identified are included.

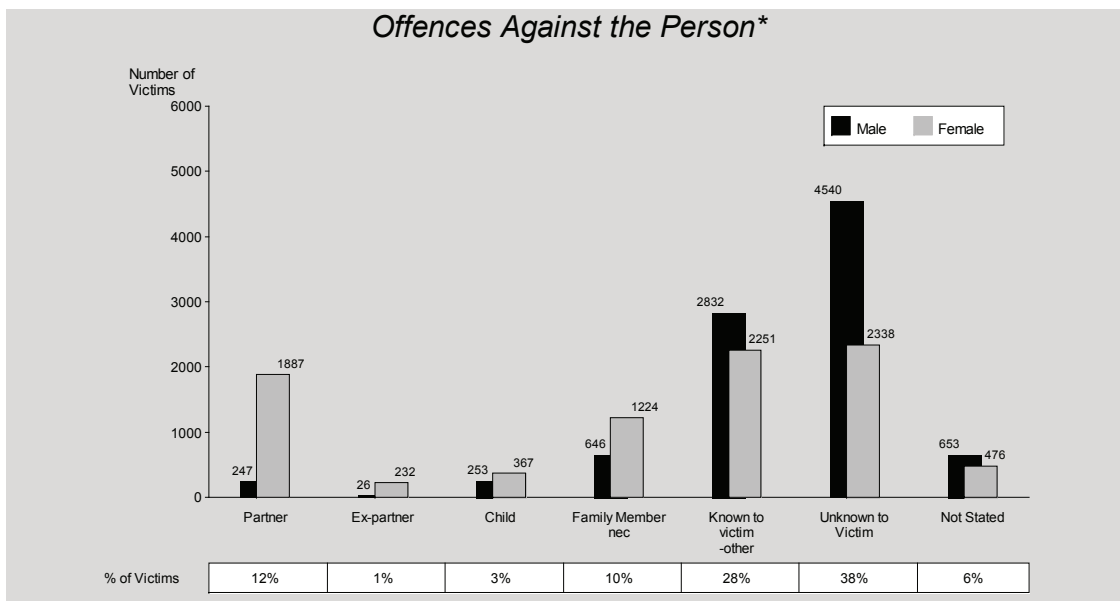
Offender/Victim Relationships

This section provides details of the types of relationships between offenders and victims for all offences against the person. Hence, only those offences that have been cleared are included in this section.

The statistics in this section are counts of victims, rather than offenders or relationships. They do not provide a unique victim count as one person may be counted several times if they were the victim of more than one offence.

The relationship classifications used are derived from those used by the Australian Bureau of Statistics in *Recorded Crime – Victims, Australia* (4510.0).

As recorded in the graph below, the offender was known to the victim in 55% of the cases where the relationship was identified, including 27% where the offender and victim were related. The remaining ‘Known to Victim’ classification includes friends, colleagues, and both professional and other acquaintances.



* Only those offences where the victim's age and sex were identified are included.

Offender/Victim Relationships:

Victims By Sex & Relationship to Offender* – 2015/16

Offence	Partner		Ex-partner		Child		Other Family Member nec		Known to Victim – Other		Unknown to Victim		Not Stated		Total	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
Brisbane Region																
Homicide (Murder)	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	1	2	1	0	1	4	5
Other Homicide	1	6	0	2	0	0	2	2	5	2	5	0	0	0	13	12
Attempted Murder	1	6	0	2	0	0	2	2	5	2	4	0	0	0	12	12
Conspiracy to Murder	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter (excl. by Driving & Striking)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter - Unlaw. Strik. Cause Death	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0
Driving Causing Death	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Assault	21	143	2	18	40	36	57	58	477	241	1064	310	115	38	1776	844
Grievous Assault	7	10	0	0	1	0	3	3	28	6	47	2	1	1	87	22
Serious Assault	10	98	1	11	26	13	35	28	194	90	458	108	32	10	756	358
Serious Assault (Other)	0	4	0	1	4	2	8	9	101	50	193	63	26	6	332	135
Common Assault	4	31	1	6	9	21	11	18	154	95	366	137	56	21	601	329
Sexual Offences	1	20	0	1	2	9	15	57	39	132	16	120	14	18	87	357
Rape and Attempted Rape	1	9	0	0	0	3	3	10	10	35	2	26	0	2	16	85
Other Sexual Offences	0	11	0	1	2	6	12	47	29	97	14	94	14	16	71	272
Robbery	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	20	2	88	37	9	3	119	43
Armed Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	0	33	14	4	1	45	15
Unarmed Robbery	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	12	2	55	23	5	2	74	28
Other Offences Against the Person	0	24	1	9	1	0	16	12	55	39	40	43	22	27	135	154
Kidnapping & Abduction etc.	0	9	0	1	0	0	0	1	7	7	8	12	2	4	17	34
Extortion	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	2	2	0	0	1	7	4
Stalking	0	5	1	7	0	0	0	0	16	22	3	17	8	14	28	65
Life Endangering Acts	0	9	0	1	1	0	16	11	27	8	27	14	12	8	83	51
Offences Against the Person	23	195	3	30	45	45	90	130	598	417	1215	511	160	87	2134	1415
Central Region																
Homicide (Murder)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	4	1	0	0	7	1
Other Homicide	0	2	0	0	1	0	1	0	3	1	7	3	2	0	14	6
Attempted Murder	0	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	3	1	2	1	0	0	6	4
Conspiracy to Murder	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter (excl. by Driving & Striking)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0
Manslaughter - Unlaw. Strik. Cause Death	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0
Driving Causing Death	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	3	2	2	0	6	2
Assault	27	218	4	26	42	44	84	103	442	289	863	303	98	54	1560	1037
Grievous Assault	10	6	0	0	0	0	4	2	30	5	134	31	4	0	182	44
Serious Assault	13	151	2	16	22	21	44	53	183	114	285	97	28	18	577	470
Serious Assault (Other)	3	8	0	3	6	3	10	11	77	42	180	47	19	13	295	127
Common Assault	1	53	2	7	14	20	26	37	152	128	264	128	47	23	506	396
Sexual Offences	5	45	0	5	8	30	24	130	45	137	18	90	7	20	107	457
Rape and Attempted Rape	0	8	0	4	1	5	4	36	6	17	4	10	0	4	15	84
Other Sexual Offences	5	37	0	1	7	25	20	94	39	120	14	80	7	16	92	373
Robbery	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	15	6	31	14	3	1	49	24
Armed Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	3	21	8	1	1	26	12
Unarmed Robbery	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	11	3	10	6	2	0	23	12
Other Offences Against the Person	1	28	1	8	2	8	17	11	35	36	36	33	29	34	121	158
Kidnapping & Abduction etc.	0	14	0	2	0	3	0	0	8	3	6	6	3	1	17	29
Extortion	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	1	0	2	0	5	1
Stalking	0	4	0	4	0	1	2	0	3	16	3	13	4	12	12	50
Life Endangering Acts	1	10	1	2	2	4	15	11	22	16	26	14	20	21	87	78
Offences Against the Person	33	295	5	40	53	82	126	244	543	469	959	444	139	109	1858	1683
Northern Region																
Homicide (Murder)	0	2	0	1	0	0	1	1	2	0	1	0	2	0	6	4
Other Homicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	2	2
Attempted Murder	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1
Conspiracy to Murder	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter (excl. by Driving & Striking)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter - Unlaw. Strik. Cause Death	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Driving Causing Death	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	1
Assault	71	571	5	42	59	87	149	253	584	454	790	433	124	59	1782	1899
Grievous Assault	17	39	0	1	2	2	13	10	32	12	24	13	2	0	90	77
Serious Assault	34	369	2	27	32	43	78	131	211	203	235	154	20	18	612	945
Serious Assault (Other)	7	15	0	5	8	12	10	23	152	69	227	86	49	12	453	222
Common Assault	13	148	3	9	17	30	48	89	189	170	304	180	53	29	627	655
Sexual Offences	2	30	0	3	4	19	22	130	28	106	20	96	3	23	79	407
Rape and Attempted Rape	0	6	0	1	0	3	8	37	6	18	1	18	0	1	15	84
Other Sexual Offences	2	24	0	2	4	16	14	93	22	88	19	78	3	22	64	323
Robbery	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	2	35	20	2	2	44	25
Armed Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	17	6	2	1	23	7
Unarmed Robbery	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	2	18	14	0	1	21	18
Other Offences Against the Person	3	14	0	8	2	0	16	29	32	26	39	35	22	20	114	132
Kidnapping & Abduction etc.	0	5	0	2	1	0	1	2	2	3	7	6	1	0	12	18
Extortion	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	1	3	1
Stalking	2	3	0	4	0	0	0	0	12	11	3	13	4	6	21	37
Life Endangering Acts	1	6	0	2	1	0	15	27	17	12	29	16	15	13	78	76
Offences Against the Person	76	618	5	54	65	106	189	413	653	588	886	585	153	105	2027	2469

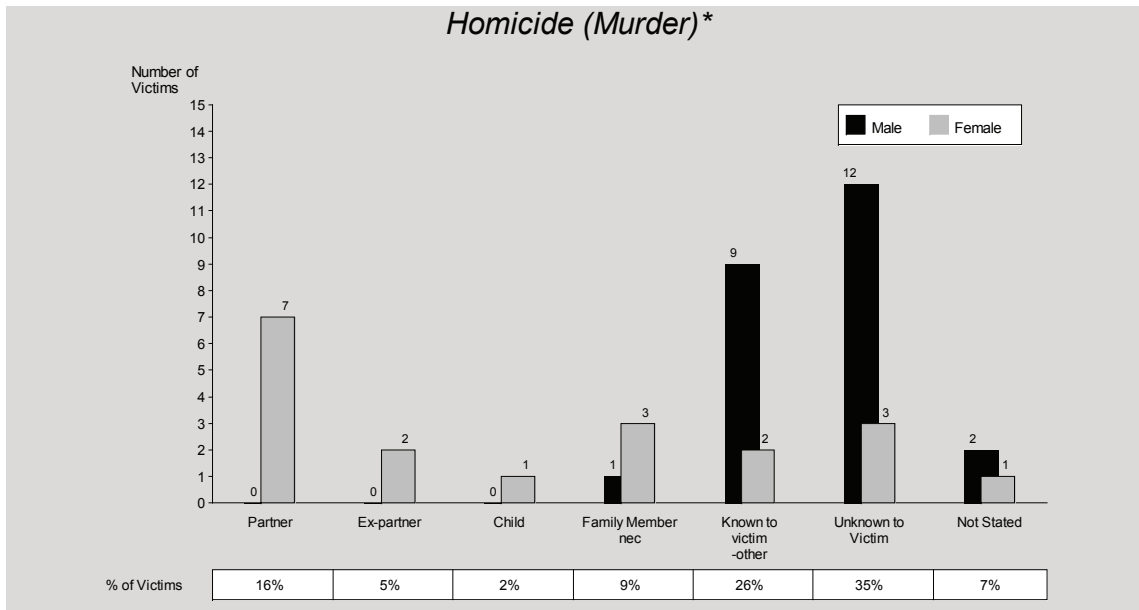
Offender/Victim Relationships:

Victims By Sex & Relationship to Offender* – 2015/16

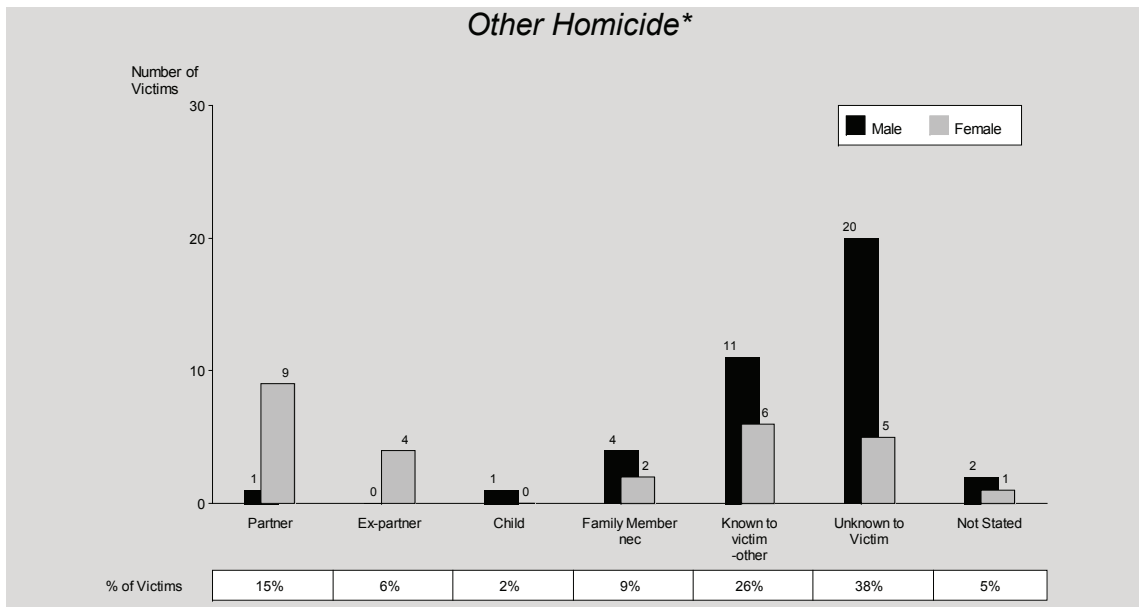
Offence	Partner		Ex-partner		Child		Other Family Member nec		Known to Victim – Other		Unknown to Victim		Not Stated		Total	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
South Eastern Region																
Homicide (Murder)	0	2	0	1	0	1	0	0	2	0	3	1	0	0	5	5
Other Homicide	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	3	1	2	0	0	0	5	3
Attempted Murder	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	3	0	1	0	0	0	4	2
Conspiracy to Murder	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
Manslaughter (excl. by Driving & Striking)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter - Unlaw. Strik. Cause Death	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0
Driving Causing Death	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Assault	80	404	7	38	28	40	65	88	321	195	614	278	49	30	1164	1073
Grievous Assault	8	7	1	1	0	0	5	2	15	4	33	4	2	1	64	19
Serious Assault	46	246	3	22	14	14	36	40	151	87	254	108	21	5	525	522
Serious Assault (Other)	6	14	0	1	5	6	8	18	61	37	145	57	9	5	234	138
Common Assault	20	137	3	14	9	20	16	28	94	67	182	109	17	19	341	394
Sexual Offences	1	10	0	2	0	14	9	62	34	75	8	58	2	16	54	237
Rape and Attempted Rape	0	2	0	1	0	5	0	19	7	18	1	7	0	3	8	55
Other Sexual Offences	1	8	0	1	0	9	9	43	27	57	7	51	2	13	46	182
Robbery	1	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	17	6	86	32	6	0	110	42
Armed Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	5	34	9	2	0	45	14
Unarmed Robbery	1	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	1	52	23	4	0	65	28
Other Offences Against the Person	4	37	1	20	0	2	9	7	21	30	37	31	14	23	86	150
Kidnapping & Abduction etc.	0	13	0	3	0	1	1	0	3	9	4	3	1	2	9	31
Extortion	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	3	1	4
Stalking	1	7	1	11	0	0	0	0	3	10	5	11	3	7	13	46
Life Endangering Acts	3	17	0	6	0	1	8	7	15	11	28	16	9	11	63	69
Offences Against the Person	86	458	8	62	28	57	83	157	398	307	750	400	71	69	1424	1510
Southern Region																
Homicide (Murder)	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	2	0	0	0	2	4
Other Homicide	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	5	1	0	0	5	4
Attempted Murder	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	0	0	0	2	3
Conspiracy to Murder	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter (excl. by Driving & Striking)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0
Manslaughter - Unlaw. Strik. Cause Death	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Driving Causing Death	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	2	1
Assault	27	253	4	31	52	61	103	125	516	252	604	248	71	36	1377	1006
Grievous Assault	9	12	1	0	3	3	8	4	21	4	30	5	2	1	74	29
Serious Assault	11	161	2	18	26	28	57	55	214	111	229	96	15	8	554	477
Serious Assault (Other)	1	9	1	3	1	2	5	18	105	39	125	46	18	9	256	126
Common Assault	6	71	0	10	22	28	33	48	176	98	220	101	36	18	493	374
Sexual Offences	1	35	0	2	8	14	37	137	72	154	21	100	15	20	154	462
Rape and Attempted Rape	0	15	0	1	1	5	8	34	18	34	2	20	1	1	30	110
Other Sexual Offences	1	20	0	1	7	9	29	103	54	120	19	80	14	19	124	352
Robbery	0	3	0	1	0	1	0	3	13	6	46	20	18	2	77	36
Armed Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	7	2	22	8	4	2	33	13
Unarmed Robbery	0	3	0	1	0	1	0	2	6	4	24	12	14	0	44	23
Other Offences Against the Person	1	28	1	11	2	1	18	14	39	55	52	29	26	48	139	186
Kidnapping & Abduction etc.	0	5	0	2	0	0	1	2	6	5	9	5	1	3	17	22
Extortion	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	2	0	4	0
Stalking	0	8	1	8	0	1	0	0	5	29	1	10	6	18	13	74
Life Endangering Acts	1	15	0	1	2	0	17	12	27	21	41	14	17	27	105	90
Offences Against the Person	29	321	5	46	62	77	158	280	640	470	730	398	130	106	1754	1698
Queensland																
Homicide (Murder)	0	7	0	2	0	1	1	3	9	2	12	3	2	1	24	19
Other Homicide	1	9	0	4	1	0	4	2	11	6	20	5	2	1	39	27
Attempted Murder	1	9	0	4	1	0	3	2	11	5	9	2	0	0	25	22
Conspiracy to Murder	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
Manslaughter (excl. by Driving & Striking)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	2	0
Manslaughter - Unlaw. Strik. Cause Death	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3	0
Driving Causing Death	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	6	3	2	1	9	4
Assault	226	1589	22	155	221	268	458	627	2340	1431	3935	1572	457	217	7659	5859
Grievous Assault	51	74	2	2	6	5	33	21	126	31	268	55	11	3	497	191
Serious Assault	114	1025	10	94	120	119	250	307	953	605	1461	563	116	59	3024	2772
Serious Assault (Other)	17	50	1	13	24	25	41	79	496	237	870	299	121	45	1570	748
Common Assault	44	440	9	46	71	119	134	220	765	558	1336	655	209	110	2568	2148
Sexual Offences	10	140	0	13	22	87	108	516	218	605	83	464	41	98	482	1923
Rape and Attempted Rape	1	40	0	7	2	21	23	136	47	122	10	81	1	11	84	418
Other Sexual Offences	9	100	0	6	20	66	85	380	171	483	73	383	40	87	398	1505
Robbery	1	11	0	2	2	1	0	3	72	22	286	123	38	8	399	170
Armed Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	32	10	127	45	13	5	172	61
Unarmed Robbery	1	11	0	2	2	1	0	2	40	12	159	78	25	3	227	109
Other Offences Against the Person	9	131	4	57	7	11	76	73	182	186	204	172	113	152	595	782
Kidnapping & Abduction etc.	0	46	0	10	1	4	3	5	26	27	34	32	8	10	72	134
Extortion	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	3	4	1	7	5	20	10
Stalking	3	27	3	35	0	2	2	0	39	88	15	65	25	57	87	274
Life Endangering Acts	6	57	1	12	6	5	71	68	108	68	151	74	73	80	416	364
Offences Against the Person	247	1887	26	233	253	368	647	1224	2832	2252	4540	2339	653	477	9198	8780

* Only those offenders whose age and sex were identified are included.

Offender/Victim Relationships



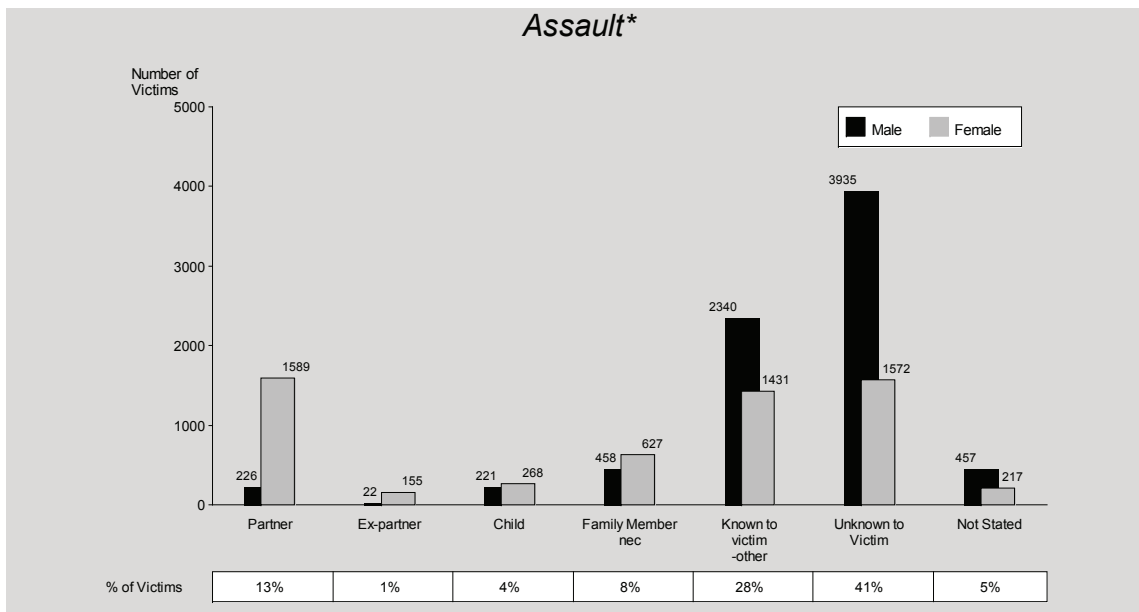
For approximately 58% of homicide (murder) offences, the offender was known to the victim. Thirty-three percent of victims were from the same family as the offender, and this includes partners, spouses, children, siblings, grandparents, aunts, uncles and other familial relationships.



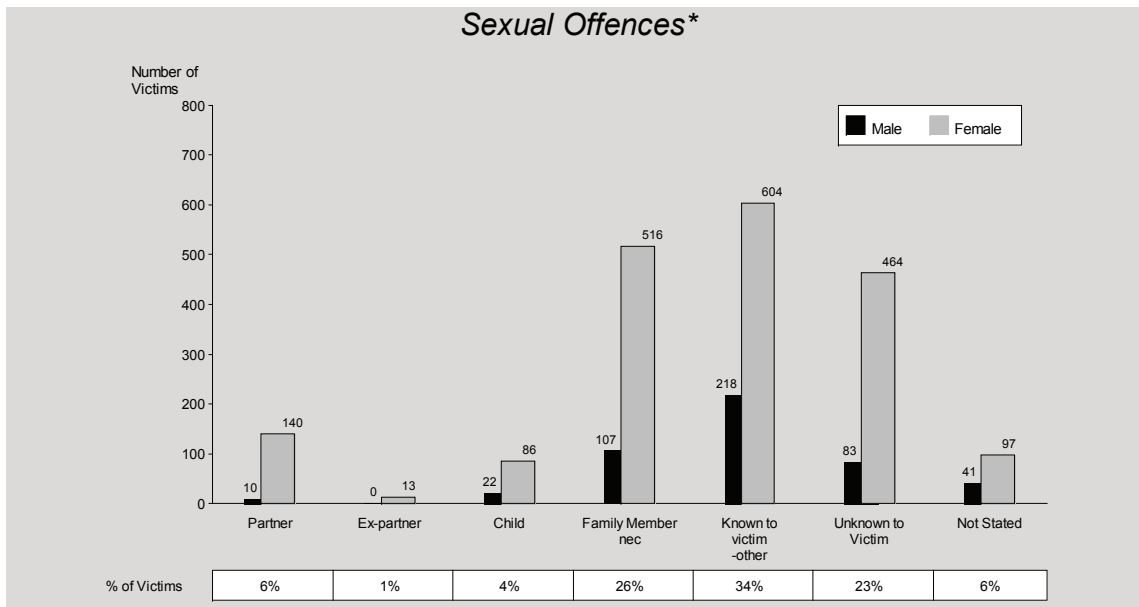
In 58% of other homicide cases, the offender was known to the victim. Of these cases, 32% were committed by a family member. A further 26% of all victims were known to the offender either as friends, acquaintances, neighbours or colleagues.

* Only those offenders whose age and sex were identified are included.
 Note: Percentages have been rounded to the nearest whole number. Therefore, although the percentages are correct, they do not add to 100%.

Offender/Victim Relationships



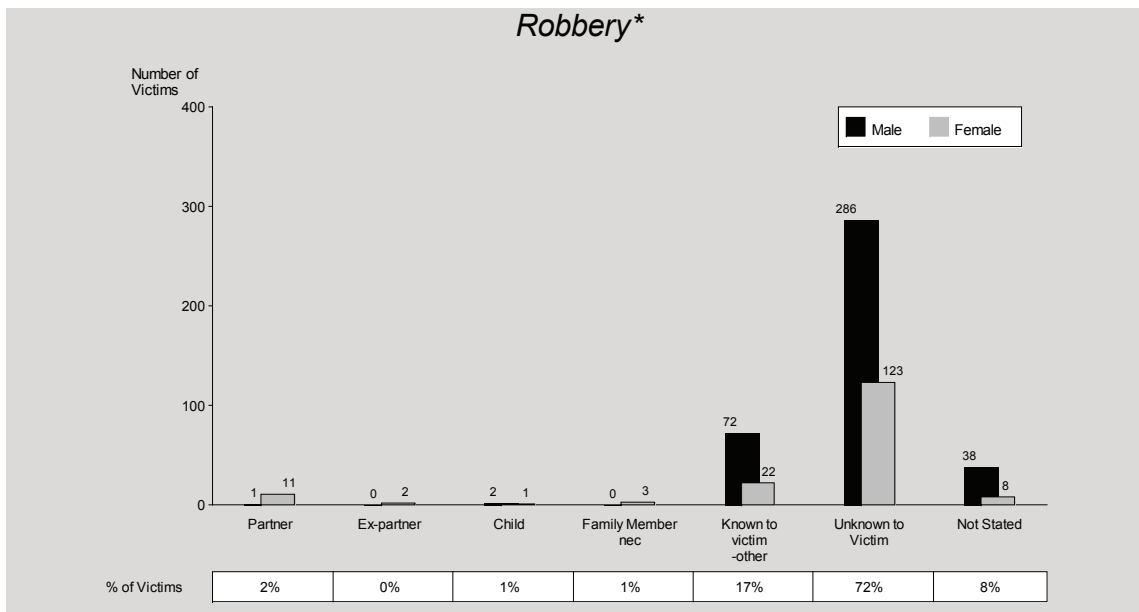
For all victims of assault, 54% were known to the offender. In 26% of cases, the offender was a family member and a further 28% were known to the offender either as friends, acquaintances, neighbours or colleagues.



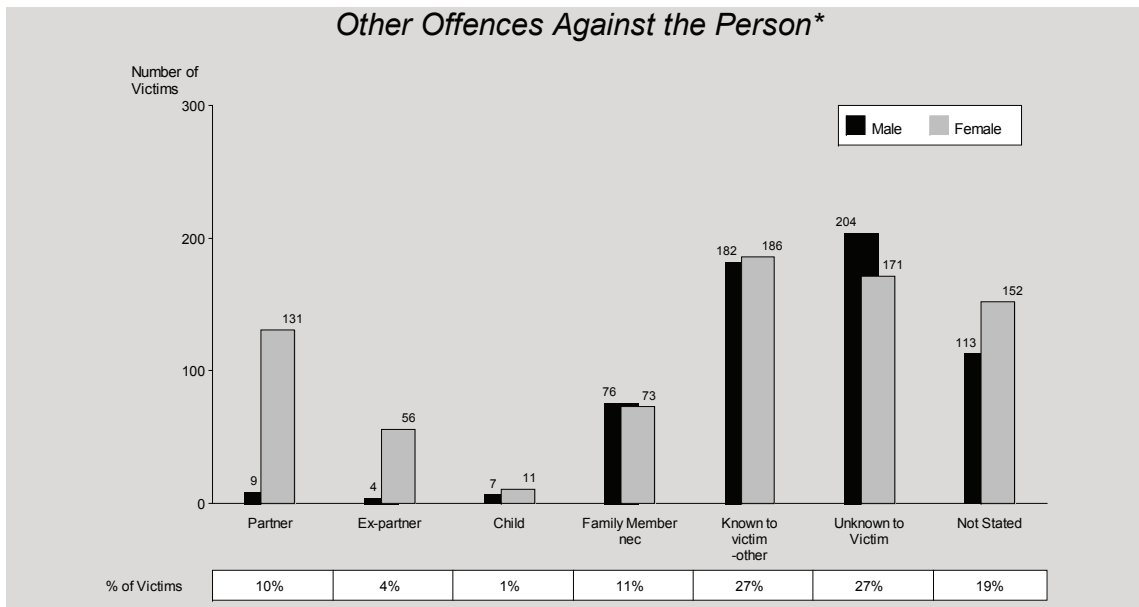
For a substantial proportion of victims of sexual offences (approximately 71%) the offender was known to the victim. A large proportion of victims (37%) are from the same family as the offender while 34% were acquaintances, friends, neighbours or colleagues.

* Only those offences where the victim's age and sex were identified are included.
 Note: Percentages have been rounded to the nearest whole number. Therefore, although the percentages are correct, they do not add to 100%.

Offender/Victim Relationships



For a large portion of victims of robbery offences (approximately 72%), the offender was not known to the victim. Robbery is unique in that very few offences are committed by persons known or related to the victim.



Of those relationships that were recorded for other offences against the person, in 27% of cases, the offender was not known to the victim. Twenty-seven percent involved offenders who were related to the victim, while 53% were known to the victim.

* Only those offenders whose age and sex were identified are included.

Note: Percentages have been rounded to the nearest whole number. Therefore, although the percentages are correct, they do not add to 100%.

Offenders

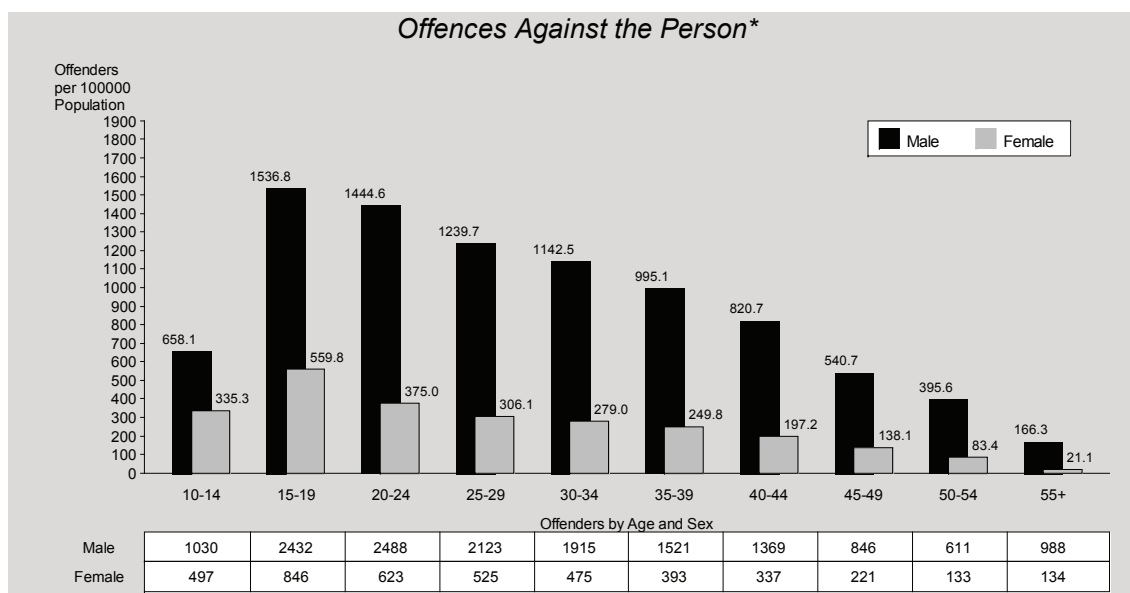
The tables and graphs in this section provide information on persons responsible for offences. It is important to note that Queensland Police Service offender statistics are based on offence counts and do not and can not refer to individuals. Rather, offender data refers to the number of offences cleared or solved through an action against an offender. As such, offender data does not equate to a unique offender count nor does it equate to the number of offences cleared. For example, an offender charged with motor vehicle theft, unlawful entry, assault and other theft (excluding unlawful entry) would be included four times in any offender breakdown by age and sex.

Only persons aged ten years and over are deemed to be offenders. Under Queensland law, children under ten are not held criminally responsible, although they may be involved in the commission of an offence. Juvenile offenders are those aged between and including ten and sixteen years.

Offenders have not been included if their age or sex is not specified in Queensland Police Service records. Less than 1% of offenders have been excluded for this reason.

The Australian Bureau of Statistics' *Australian Demographic Statistics*, December 2015 (3101.0) was used to calculate the number of offenders per 100,000 persons.

The reference date used to generate offender statistics for the year under review is the date an action commenced. As such, offenders proceeded against for matters reported in previous periods will be included in the following tables and graphs.



For the broad category of offences against the person, males and females in the fifteen to twenty-four year age range are most likely to be offenders, making up 33% of all offenders. In 2015/16, 79% of offences against the person were committed by male offenders. The likelihood of offending after nineteen years of age decreased with increasing age.

* Only those offenders whose age and sex were identified are included.

Offenders:

Queensland by Age and Sex – 2015/16*

Offence	10-14		15		16		17		18		19	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
Homicide (Murder)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Other Homicide	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	1	2
Attempted Murder	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1
Conspiracy to Murder	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter (excl. by Driving & Striking)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter - Unlawful Striking Cause Death	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Driving Causing Death	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
Assault	635	377	274	183	311	156	287	127	303	122	289	124
Grievous Assault	16	9	13	1	13	3	13	6	20	9	21	5
Serious Assault	225	165	99	89	143	77	139	57	150	50	165	49
Serious Assault (Other)	140	44	56	23	64	22	55	11	47	17	35	18
Common Assault	254	159	106	70	91	54	80	53	86	46	68	52
Sexual Offences	206	47	94	14	92	8	101	2	111	6	66	5
Rape and Attempted Rape	37	2	20	0	20	0	16	0	14	0	18	0
Other Sexual Offences	169	45	74	14	72	8	85	2	97	6	48	5
Robbery	92	41	94	14	71	21	67	12	49	10	54	5
Armed Robbery	42	5	45	4	32	4	34	6	23	6	33	1
Unarmed Robbery	50	36	49	10	39	17	33	6	26	4	21	4
Other Offences Against the Person	97	31	37	12	32	8	32	4	26	5	38	5
Kidnapping & Abduction etc.	5	1	1	1	1	2	4	0	1	2	11	0
Extortion	0	1	0	0	0	0	6	0	2	0	0	0
Stalking	7	4	3	2	1	0	5	0	2	0	4	0
Life Endangering Acts	85	25	33	9	30	6	17	4	21	3	23	5
Offences Against the Person	1030	497	499	223	506	193	487	146	492	143	448	141
Unlawful Entry	2109	391	940	144	783	105	813	103	566	89	382	39
Unlawful Entry With Intent - Dwelling**	920	181	543	76	490	58	466	72	326	57	227	28
– Without Violence - Dwelling	913	177	528	75	479	55	457	68	313	54	204	24
– With Violence - Dwelling	7	4	15	1	11	3	9	4	13	3	23	4
Unlawful Entry With Intent - Shop	183	39	55	11	50	8	71	6	47	9	22	0
Unlawful Entry With Intent - Other	1006	171	342	57	243	39	276	25	193	23	133	11
Arson	76	20	20	1	14	2	7	3	12	0	9	0
Other Property Damage	1741	455	732	154	479	134	573	89	480	71	356	51
Unlawful Use of Motor Vehicle#	598	191	403	121	361	71	306	102	227	45	175	28
Other Theft (excl. Unlawful Entry)	2462	1247	1318	655	1115	503	999	472	746	378	697	304
Stealing from Dwellings	137	42	97	31	58	14	48	18	31	13	32	15
Shop Stealing	870	903	451	494	427	401	402	330	267	241	226	212
Vehicles (steal from/enter with intent)	632	103	409	38	286	37	287	34	222	38	185	11
Other Stealing	823	199	361	92	344	51	262	90	226	86	254	66
Fraud	214	102	185	92	227	89	197	88	265	105	182	76
Fraud by Computer	1	1	3	1	1	0	2	0	0	0	1	0
Fraud by Cheque	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0
Fraud by Credit Card	200	95	169	73	211	83	164	71	213	71	134	42
Identity Fraud	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	3	0	1	0	2
Other Fraud	11	6	13	18	15	5	30	14	51	33	47	32
Handling Stolen Goods	281	101	161	66	178	34	158	52	137	53	121	40
Possess Property Suspected Stolen	165	61	92	37	90	14	57	21	53	23	50	18
Receiving Stolen Property	18	4	15	5	16	5	13	8	17	1	17	4
Possess etc. Tainted Property	98	36	54	23	72	14	86	22	64	27	54	17
Other Handling Stolen Goods	0	0	0	1	0	1	2	1	3	2	0	1
Offences Against Property	7481	2507	3759	1233	3157	938	3053	909	2433	741	1922	538
Drug Offences	800	260	915	319	1480	390	2327	734	2769	838	2635	831
Prostitution Offences	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
Liquor (excl. Drunkenness)	20	13	40	20	84	32	130	65	126	62	137	47
Breach Domestic Violence Protection Order	3	0	6	1	56	7	118	23	251	67	340	104
Trespassing and Vagrancy	1020	206	365	96	323	92	313	89	216	39	140	21
Weapons Act Offences	165	26	113	19	140	16	142	16	130	30	149	23
Good Order Offences	952	437	756	368	1006	395	1582	474	2379	629	2240	564
Stock Related Offences	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Traffic and Related Offences	28	4	31	8	81	11	351	78	705	177	999	243
Miscellaneous Offences	297	387	143	120	112	32	64	7	46	4	36	19
Other Offences	3285	1334	2369	952	3282	975	5028	1486	6622	1847	6676	1852

**Community By-Law offences cannot be separated into offences with and without violence. As such, sub-categories may not add to the total.

#This category includes attempted offences.

*Only those offenders whose age and sex were identified are included.

Offenders:

Queensland by Age and Sex – 2015/16*

Offence	20-24		25-29		30-39		40-49		50-59		60+	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
Homicide (Murder)	7	1	12	1	17	3	11	1	3	0	2	0
Other Homicide	9	1	13	1	22	2	9	1	6	0	2	2
Attempted Murder	5	1	8	0	13	2	4	1	5	0	1	0
Conspiracy to Murder	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter (excl. by Driving & Striking)	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter - Unlawful Striking Cause Death	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Driving Causing Death	1	0	4	0	7	0	5	0	1	0	1	2
Assault	1777	556	1526	429	2445	726	1501	485	581	177	261	46
Grievous Assault	116	29	91	24	162	45	66	18	21	4	6	1
Serious Assault	919	240	771	187	1160	296	695	187	266	64	94	16
Serious Assault (Other)	254	79	210	68	350	101	210	70	87	29	59	7
Common Assault	488	208	454	150	773	284	530	210	207	80	102	22
Sexual Offences	231	3	210	11	422	11	384	11	277	3	274	5
Rape and Attempted Rape	67	0	64	0	105	2	109	0	77	0	53	0
Other Sexual Offences	164	3	146	11	317	9	275	11	200	3	221	5
Robbery	235	20	136	25	141	34	47	5	12	2	5	0
Armed Robbery	138	11	79	11	78	17	29	1	7	1	0	0
Unarmed Robbery	97	9	57	14	63	17	18	4	5	1	5	0
Other Offences Against the Person	230	42	226	58	389	93	263	55	120	26	56	6
Kidnapping & Abduction etc.	43	5	40	5	75	6	26	1	18	2	2	0
Extortion	8	0	9	2	4	4	7	1	0	2	1	0
Stalking	30	3	49	7	77	6	65	17	41	9	26	0
Life Endangering Acts	149	34	128	44	233	77	165	36	61	13	27	6
Offences Against the Person	2489	623	2123	525	3436	869	2215	558	999	208	600	59
Unlawful Entry	1300	179	1000	222	2072	268	872	124	122	18	18	7
Unlawful Entry With Intent - Dwelling**	750	127	562	160	1006	195	405	79	67	9	12	7
– Without Violence - Dwelling	647	111	480	144	887	170	351	71	53	8	9	6
– With Violence - Dwelling	103	16	82	16	119	25	54	8	14	1	3	1
Unlawful Entry With Intent - Shop	106	13	81	11	219	8	56	5	11	1	1	0
Unlawful Entry With Intent - Other	444	39	357	51	847	65	411	40	44	8	5	0
Arson	35	2	31	6	33	5	24	8	3	2	10	1
Other Property Damage	1486	261	1040	206	1534	326	778	192	230	54	81	21
Unlawful Use of Motor Vehicle#	799	167	655	184	850	204	285	49	44	10	10	3
Other Theft (excl. Unlawful Entry)	3156	1644	3164	1515	5473	2477	2370	1249	601	381	322	278
Stealing from Dwellings	171	67	133	55	225	68	91	34	28	13	7	1
Shop Stealing	1016	1052	1114	908	2005	1598	916	848	263	291	184	229
Vehicles (steal from/enter with intent)	719	109	516	98	916	131	370	46	41	9	15	0
Other Stealing	1250	416	1401	454	2327	680	993	321	269	68	116	48
Fraud	1127	572	899	565	1968	1201	1119	559	279	109	129	16
Fraud by Computer	6	2	5	1	14	1	3	4	4	0	0	1
Fraud by Cheque	5	4	10	11	35	11	24	13	5	7	26	1
Fraud by Credit Card	657	314	444	235	1032	615	591	246	54	47	25	1
Identity Fraud	19	11	20	62	35	91	17	29	3	2	2	0
Other Fraud	440	241	420	256	852	483	484	267	213	53	76	13
Handling Stolen Goods	516	196	520	244	1034	373	484	139	100	38	36	10
Possess Property Suspected Stolen	191	71	188	79	423	153	182	54	46	18	10	5
Receiving Stolen Property	51	24	46	30	70	32	72	13	7	3	3	1
Possess etc. Tainted Property	270	100	282	135	528	186	230	72	46	17	23	3
Other Handling Stolen Goods	4	1	4	0	13	2	0	0	1	0	0	1
Offences Against Property	8419	3021	7309	2942	12964	4854	5932	2320	1379	612	606	336
Drug Offences	11978	4259	9880	3676	15408	5688	8188	3050	2756	912	633	111
Prostitution Offences	2	4	3	8	11	8	6	10	2	5	3	0
Liquor (excl. Drunkenness)	798	273	603	219	849	365	718	316	298	113	103	12
Breach Domestic Violence Protection Order	2709	515	3284	533	6468	995	3809	551	974	189	248	20
Trespassing and Vagrancy	596	104	394	93	694	234	431	133	145	55	46	11
Weapons Act Offences	892	152	903	153	1418	223	719	135	279	25	196	10
Good Order Offences	10334	2531	7109	2007	9526	3111	5092	1844	1583	541	476	71
Stock Related Offences	4	4	16	7	57	13	68	18	115	31	115	26
Traffic and Related Offences	6925	1665	6410	1714	9800	2732	5723	1871	2503	766	1009	192
Miscellaneous Offences	320	37	394	40	532	63	440	42	244	31	200	44
Other Offences	34558	9544	28996	8450	44763	13432	25194	7970	8899	2668	3029	497

**Community By-Law offences cannot be separated into offences with and without violence. As such, sub-categories may not add to the total.

#This category includes attempted offences.

*Only those offenders whose age and sex were identified are included.

Offenders:

Indigenous Queensland by Type of Action^ by Age – 2015/16*

Offence	Arrest		Caution		Community Conference		Notice to Appear		Summons		Warrant		Other	
	Juvenile	Adult	Juvenile	Adult	Juvenile	Adult	Juvenile	Adult	Juvenile	Adult	Juvenile	Adult	Juvenile	Adult
Homicide (Murder)	0	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
Other Homicide	0	7	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
Attempted Murder	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Conspiracy to Murder	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter (excl. by Driving & Striking)	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter - Unlawful Striking Cause Death	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Driving Causing Death	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
Assault	350	2333	174	7	23	3	184	811	0	3	5	57	23	226
Grievous Assault	15	167	5	0	1	0	4	14	0	0	0	11	0	15
Serious Assault	125	1048	91	2	9	3	63	400	0	1	1	31	11	110
Serious Assault (Other)	81	396	20	0	4	0	48	98	0	0	2	6	2	23
Common Assault	129	722	58	5	9	0	69	299	0	2	2	9	10	78
Sexual Offences	24	229	33	0	14	1	3	33	0	0	0	12	38	57
Rape and Attempted Rape	11	68	1	0	3	0	0	10	0	0	0	7	3	4
Other Sexual Offences	13	161	32	0	11	1	3	23	0	0	0	5	35	53
Robbery	85	180	13	0	5	0	11	13	0	0	3	16	1	2
Armed Robbery	34	84	5	0	0	0	5	6	0	0	0	5	0	0
Unarmed Robbery	51	96	8	0	5	0	6	7	0	0	3	11	1	2
Other Offences Against the Person	38	203	25	1	12	0	10	48	0	0	2	13	1	13
Kidnapping & Abduction etc.	1	31	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	3	0	1
Extortion	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Stalking	2	34	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Life Endangering Acts	35	134	24	1	12	0	10	46	0	0	2	10	1	12
Offences Against the Person	497	2960	245	8	54	4	208	906	0	3	10	99	63	299
Unlawful Entry	1755	1819	577	11	121	1	346	562	0	1	21	127	44	77
Unlawful Entry With Intent - Dwelling**	978	1101	196	6	47	0	179	290	0	0	15	78	28	47
– Without Violence - Dwelling	962	1013	195	6	45	0	174	277	0	0	14	74	28	44
– With Violence - Dwelling	16	88	1	0	2	0	5	13	0	0	1	4	0	3
Unlawful Entry With Intent - Shop	140	171	63	0	9	0	28	66	0	0	0	12	2	6
Unlawful Entry With Intent - Other	637	547	318	5	65	1	139	206	0	1	6	37	14	24
Arson	28	23	22	0	4	1	4	4	0	0	0	2	0	0
Other Property Damage	729	1195	523	9	164	2	379	703	1	3	6	39	23	67
Unlawful Use of Motor Vehicle#	885	820	138	2	34	1	132	201	0	0	11	63	2	13
Other Theft (excl. Unlawful Entry)	1435	1996	635	6	79	0	662	1965	0	1	14	182	78	85
Stealing from Dwellings	98	115	30	1	4	0	25	55	0	0	1	9	9	9
Shop Stealing	306	628	225	4	19	0	374	1086	0	0	4	56	7	14
Vehicles (steal from/enter with intent)	560	587	160	1	26	0	121	213	0	1	4	41	52	33
Other Stealing	471	666	220	0	30	0	142	611	0	0	5	76	10	29
Fraud	159	590	46	6	15	0	46	626	0	0	5	116	8	8
Fraud by Computer	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	1	0	0
Fraud by Cheque	0	13	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	0	0
Fraud by Credit Card	158	467	46	6	15	0	45	372	0	0	5	78	8	0
Identity Fraud	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	1
Other Fraud	0	109	0	0	0	0	1	248	0	0	0	35	0	7
Handling Stolen Goods	161	327	75	2	10	0	135	379	0	2	0	19	2	4
Possess Property Suspected Stolen	80	142	36	1	6	0	91	144	0	0	0	4	2	1
Receiving Stolen Property	5	33	10	0	1	0	11	38	0	1	0	2	0	0
Possess etc. Tainted Property	75	149	29	1	3	0	33	197	0	1	0	13	0	3
Other Handling Stolen Goods	1	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Offences Against Property	5152	6770	2016	36	427	5	1704	4440	1	7	57	548	157	254
Drug Offences	132	2419	146	5	8	0	179	5035	0	1	3	43	220	1214
Prostitution Offences	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
Liquor (excl. Drunkenness)	16	623	19	7	0	0	20	2225	1	8	0	2	7	148
Breach Domestic Violence Protection Order	25	3562	0	6	0	0	5	1139	0	0	0	78	5	1079
Trespassing and Vagrancy	361	492	200	6	29	1	259	380	0	0	1	4	10	36
Weapons Act Offences	31	303	39	0	1	0	39	337	0	0	2	6	3	6
Good Order Offences	665	6473	172	13	18	1	660	3854	1	1	3	95	25	2381
Stock Related Offences	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Traffic and Related Offences	41	869	3	1	2	0	14	3522	0	8	0	26	1	43
Miscellaneous Offences	17	227	77	0	12	0	18	252	0	0	0	14	6	31
Other Offences	1288	14969	656	40	70	2	1194	16746	2	18	9	268	277	4938

**Community By-Law offences cannot be separated into offences with and without violence. As such, sub-categories may not add to the total.

#This category includes attempted offences.

^See Glossary for definitions and inclusions (page 184).

*Only those offenders whose age and sex were identified are included.

Offenders:

Non-Indigenous Queensland by Type of Action^ by Age – 2015/16*

Offence	Arrest		Caution		Community Conference		Notice to Appear		Summons		Warrant		Other	
	Juvenile	Adult	Juvenile	Adult	Juvenile	Adult	Juvenile	Adult	Juvenile	Adult	Juvenile	Adult	Juvenile	Adult
Homicide (Murder)	0	43	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	2
Other Homicide	1	44	0	0	0	0	0	14	0	0	0	4	0	1
Attempted Murder	1	35	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	2	0	0
Conspiracy to Murder	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Manslaughter (excl. by Driving & Striking)	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter - Unlawful Striking Cause Death	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Driving Causing Death	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	12	0	0	0	2	0	0
Assault	330	4588	449	31	85	3	226	2411	0	4	3	210	56	908
Grievous Assault	14	359	10	0	4	0	0	44	0	0	0	14	1	26
Serious Assault	133	2007	212	12	38	2	75	1217	0	2	2	133	22	446
Serious Assault (Other)	75	782	60	4	12	0	41	295	0	1	0	21	4	68
Common Assault	108	1440	167	15	31	1	110	855	0	3	1	42	29	368
Sexual Offences	49	1177	142	7	62	1	8	215	0	3	0	70	69	271
Rape and Attempted Rape	23	320	10	1	21	0	1	36	0	0	0	16	5	46
Other Sexual Offences	26	857	132	6	41	1	7	179	0	3	0	54	64	225
Robbery	162	555	15	0	15	0	13	38	0	0	4	39	1	9
Armed Robbery	68	338	8	0	6	0	4	20	0	0	1	18	0	2
Unarmed Robbery	94	217	7	0	9	0	9	18	0	0	3	21	1	7
Other Offences Against the Person	35	851	49	11	19	2	17	331	0	1	0	48	5	112
Kidnapping & Abduction etc.	5	162	3	0	1	0	1	21	0	0	0	15	0	4
Extortion	0	22	0	0	0	2	0	10	0	0	0	1	0	3
Stalking	7	229	4	1	2	0	0	30	0	1	0	14	0	22
Life Endangering Acts	23	438	42	10	16	0	16	270	0	0	0	18	5	83
Offences Against the Person	577	7258	655	49	181	6	264	3009	0	8	7	374	131	1303
Unlawful Entry	753	3587	485	27	103	5	157	1301	0	0	13	388	20	229
Unlawful Entry With Intent - Dwelling**	476	2003	168	11	38	1	85	645	0	0	12	219	15	121
– Without Violence - Dwelling	468	1685	163	11	37	1	85	613	0	0	12	200	14	102
– With Violence - Dwelling	8	318	5	0	1	0	0	32	0	0	0	19	1	19
Unlawful Entry With Intent - Shop	53	278	26	1	7	0	11	86	0	0	0	23	3	19
Unlawful Entry With Intent - Other	224	1306	291	15	58	4	61	570	0	0	1	146	2	89
Arson	13	113	34	1	16	0	6	26	1	0	0	4	1	13
Other Property Damage	502	2920	696	29	149	6	423	2315	0	3	4	154	26	296
Unlawful Use of Motor Vehicle#	339	1853	88	13	16	1	72	794	0	3	11	245	5	105
Other Theft (excl. Unlawful Entry)	1009	7190	1820	93	185	3	1206	13003	0	11	22	887	53	543
Stealing from Dwellings	54	339	91	4	23	0	28	363	0	0	0	75	8	68
Shop Stealing	354	2415	1242	47	80	1	856	7465	0	4	7	171	22	98
Vehicles (steal from/enter with intent)	278	1662	162	5	25	1	88	869	0	1	7	189	8	109
Other Stealing	323	2774	325	37	57	1	234	4306	0	6	8	452	15	268
Fraud	239	2847	199	12	44	3	125	4066	0	0	6	857	5	176
Fraud by Computer	1	14	4	1	0	2	0	14	0	0	1	3	0	5
Fraud by Cheque	0	36	0	0	0	0	0	41	0	0	0	40	0	15
Fraud by Credit Card	228	1647	160	0	40	0	108	1897	0	0	5	386	4	54
Identity Fraud	0	114	3	0	0	0	0	95	0	0	0	68	0	10
Other Fraud	10	1036	32	11	4	1	17	2019	0	0	0	360	1	92
Handling Stolen Goods	149	1474	107	6	12	0	159	1893	0	2	0	68	9	40
Possess Property Suspected Stolen	83	519	45	3	4	0	105	770	0	0	0	24	5	19
Receiving Stolen Property	11	160	17	0	1	0	7	171	0	0	0	4	0	0
Possess etc. Tainted Property	54	781	45	3	7	0	47	941	0	2	0	38	4	18
Other Handling Stolen Goods	1	14	0	0	0	0	0	11	0	0	0	2	0	3
Offences Against Property	3004	19984	3429	181	525	18	2148	23398	1	19	56	2603	119	1402
Drug Offences	394	15314	1405	72	73	3	603	40574	0	8	1	287	923	10858
Prostitution Offences	0	8	2	0	0	0	0	46	0	0	0	0	0	2
Liquor (excl. Drunkenness)	24	1429	79	12	1	0	30	442	0	23	0	0	10	238
Breach Domestic Violence Protection Order	19	7562	0	11	0	0	11	3775	0	7	0	448	8	3384
Trespassing and Vagrancy	253	1244	487	49	56	0	386	1295	0	3	4	25	13	191
Weapons Act Offences	53	1617	176	36	17	0	97	3106	0	1	0	33	10	107
Good Order Offences	637	14341	412	37	36	3	1177	13175	2	16	14	409	55	10323
Stock Related Offences	0	1	0	353	0	0	0	43	0	0	0	0	0	8
Traffic and Related Offences	31	4346	23	8	2	0	45	33779	0	118	0	155	0	411
Miscellaneous Offences	26	688	764	96	65	2	20	1007	0	2	0	76	26	130
Other Offences	1437	46550	3348	674	250	8	2369	97242	2	178	19	1433	1045	25652

**Community By-Law offences cannot be separated into offences with and without violence. As such, sub-categories may not add to the total.

#This category includes attempted offences.

^See Glossary for definitions and inclusions (page 184).

*Only those offenders whose age and sex were identified are included.

Offenders:

Regions by Age and Sex – 2015/16*

Offence	10-14		15		16		17		18		19	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
Brisbane Region												
Homicide (Murder)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other Homicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1
Assault	107	55	54	25	50	21	45	16	65	21	65	31
Sexual Offences	32	8	12	3	12	2	10	1	13	1	15	0
Robbery	23	8	34	3	22	6	27	3	15	5	19	1
Other Offences Against the Person	14	2	8	0	8	1	8	2	8	2	9	0
Offences Against the Person	176	73	108	31	92	30	90	23	101	29	109	33
Unlawful Entry	158	32	111	19	138	14	222	12	99	19	71	8
Arson	11	3	6	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0
Other Property Damage	172	37	126	16	78	17	132	17	115	13	74	10
Unlawful Use of Motor Vehicle#	62	17	56	16	68	14	69	12	47	8	35	10
Other Theft (excl. Unlawful Entry)	427	318	279	208	262	178	271	151	179	126	171	92
Fraud	67	22	116	14	91	13	68	12	88	32	12	18
Handling Stolen Goods	54	19	47	21	51	11	49	24	32	14	25	17
Offences Against Property	951	448	741	294	689	247	812	228	560	212	389	155
Central Region												
Homicide (Murder)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other Homicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
Assault	125	91	43	43	47	25	51	30	58	23	60	24
Sexual Offences	31	19	19	4	19	3	20	0	44	1	11	2
Robbery	11	4	6	0	3	1	3	0	4	0	4	1
Other Offences Against the Person	22	4	6	2	5	1	3	0	4	0	6	3
Offences Against the Person	189	118	74	49	74	30	77	30	111	24	81	31
Unlawful Entry	403	91	202	27	116	20	99	8	78	12	67	7
Arson	26	6	7	0	4	0	2	0	6	0	1	0
Other Property Damage	375	80	133	34	91	18	66	10	73	14	73	7
Unlawful Use of Motor Vehicle#	55	21	56	12	36	4	26	6	19	2	27	3
Other Theft (excl. Unlawful Entry)	610	218	305	75	219	69	173	47	155	66	104	50
Fraud	80	19	14	16	69	16	52	19	52	6	62	21
Handling Stolen Goods	43	16	25	8	21	3	17	2	27	7	15	4
Offences Against Property	1592	451	742	172	556	130	435	92	410	107	349	92
Northern Region												
Homicide (Murder)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other Homicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Assault	152	125	72	32	110	58	81	34	89	42	74	34
Sexual Offences	62	7	24	1	25	2	30	0	23	0	8	2
Robbery	17	7	10	3	6	2	4	5	4	0	8	0
Other Offences Against the Person	22	3	7	1	4	2	4	1	5	2	9	1
Offences Against the Person	253	142	113	37	145	64	119	40	121	44	99	37
Unlawful Entry	1000	193	384	72	318	45	240	57	195	18	90	11
Arson	12	3	0	1	3	0	2	0	1	0	4	0
Other Property Damage	583	161	167	59	136	48	106	31	113	14	66	15
Unlawful Use of Motor Vehicle#	359	126	194	67	172	40	110	68	83	9	25	4
Other Theft (excl. Unlawful Entry)	745	349	326	130	239	79	178	122	100	34	105	28
Fraud	15	9	13	16	36	19	19	41	11	12	23	13
Handling Stolen Goods	106	38	30	19	52	7	33	9	27	8	24	1
Offences Against Property	2820	879	1114	364	956	238	688	328	530	95	337	72
South Eastern Region												
Homicide (Murder)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other Homicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Assault	102	58	46	46	51	22	58	22	45	17	33	18
Sexual Offences	29	6	13	5	9	0	19	0	7	1	13	0
Robbery	23	10	29	5	26	10	14	3	12	4	11	2
Other Offences Against the Person	17	3	6	3	6	2	9	0	4	0	7	0
Offences Against the Person	171	77	94	59	92	34	100	25	69	22	64	20
Unlawful Entry	206	32	88	16	94	6	139	4	71	22	53	3
Arson	7	2	2	0	1	1	1	1	3	0	1	0
Other Property Damage	202	71	125	19	54	19	66	13	84	9	43	6
Unlawful Use of Motor Vehicle#	75	12	62	14	55	8	61	8	36	23	44	8
Other Theft (excl. Unlawful Entry)	247	181	203	143	211	87	177	69	161	98	136	84
Fraud	39	42	22	39	14	28	44	11	50	27	34	12
Handling Stolen Goods	25	17	33	14	31	8	33	12	26	15	36	13
Offences Against Property	801	357	535	245	460	157	521	118	431	194	347	126
Southern Region												
Homicide (Murder)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Other Homicide	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Assault	149	48	59	37	53	30	52	25	46	19	57	17
Sexual Offences	52	7	26	0	27	1	22	1	24	3	19	1
Robbery	18	12	15	3	14	2	19	1	14	1	12	1
Other Offences Against the Person	22	19	10	6	9	2	8	1	5	1	7	1
Offences Against the Person	241	87	110	46	103	35	101	28	90	24	95	20
Unlawful Entry	342	43	155	10	117	20	113	22	123	18	101	10
Arson	20	6	5	0	5	1	1	2	2	0	2	0
Other Property Damage	409	106	181	26	120	32	203	18	95	21	100	13
Unlawful Use of Motor Vehicle#	47	15	35	12	30	5	40	8	42	3	44	3
Other Theft (excl. Unlawful Entry)	433	181	205	99	184	90	200	83	151	54	181	50
Fraud	13	10	20	6	17	13	14	5	64	28	51	12
Handling Stolen Goods	53	11	26	4	23	5	26	5	25	9	21	5
Offences Against Property	1317	372	627	157	496	166	597	143	502	133	500	93

This category includes attempted offences.

* Only those offenders whose age and sex were identified are included.

Offenders:

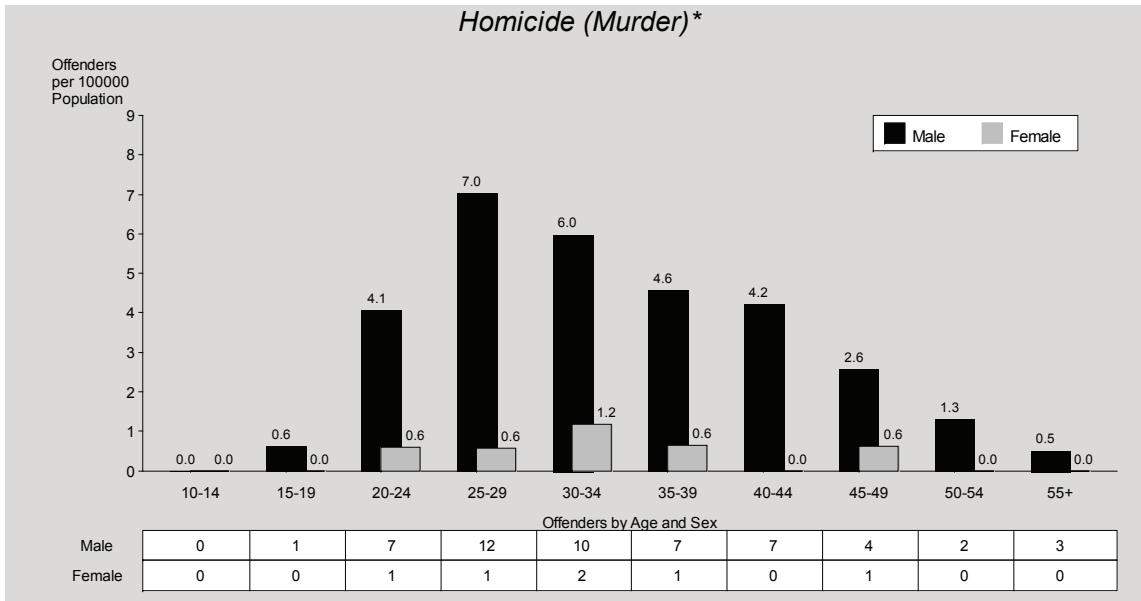
Regions by Age and Sex – 2015/16*

Offence	20-24		25-29		30-39		40-49		50-59		60+	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
Brisbane Region												
Homicide (Murder)	0	0	3	0	2	1	1	1	2	0	1	0
Other Homicide	4	1	3	0	6	2	2	0	3	0	0	1
Assault	399	96	329	71	491	127	268	87	110	32	61	10
Sexual Offences	38	0	37	0	89	1	69	1	63	0	69	1
Robbery	93	6	39	4	44	7	13	1	8	1	0	0
Other Offences Against the Person	62	4	46	9	80	20	57	11	22	2	12	1
Offences Against the Person	596	107	457	84	712	158	410	101	208	35	143	13
Unlawful Entry	318	53	264	87	666	88	298	27	37	6	9	0
Arson	8	0	6	0	6	2	1	3	0	1	0	0
Other Property Damage	327	41	236	36	319	57	168	39	63	15	19	4
Unlawful Use of Motor Vehicle#	215	46	168	63	312	69	97	24	16	3	4	1
Other Theft (excl. Unlawful Entry)	871	545	933	441	1731	807	793	444	205	136	105	111
Fraud	302	137	329	161	723	394	423	168	116	48	33	2
Handling Stolen Goods	132	50	146	71	402	151	194	56	35	13	11	3
Offences Against Property	2173	872	2082	859	4159	1568	1974	761	472	222	181	121
Central Region												
Homicide (Murder)	1	0	1	0	7	0	3	0	0	0	1	0
Other Homicide	1	0	3	1	9	0	4	1	1	0	2	1
Assault	308	76	291	73	449	142	256	85	109	33	62	10
Sexual Offences	74	1	57	4	110	3	73	5	52	1	73	0
Robbery	24	1	18	2	14	3	9	0	1	0	3	0
Other Offences Against the Person	40	9	54	19	74	20	48	8	24	7	9	1
Offences Against the Person	448	87	424	99	663	168	393	99	187	41	150	12
Unlawful Entry	267	26	191	23	469	60	150	20	37	8	2	0
Arson	7	1	9	3	13	1	8	2	2	0	5	1
Other Property Damage	331	42	220	42	340	66	158	42	37	10	21	7
Unlawful Use of Motor Vehicle#	86	10	71	16	109	26	37	3	9	1	2	0
Other Theft (excl. Unlawful Entry)	537	238	486	277	852	440	368	184	113	67	39	33
Fraud	182	81	117	68	299	286	201	68	24	12	60	4
Handling Stolen Goods	93	22	75	33	138	47	64	12	12	7	10	2
Offences Against Property	1503	420	1169	462	2220	926	986	331	234	105	139	47
Northern Region												
Homicide (Murder)	0	1	4	0	3	0	3	0	0	0	0	0
Other Homicide	0	0	0	0	3	0	3	0	0	0	0	0
Assault	490	196	393	143	675	224	417	133	144	42	44	10
Sexual Offences	38	2	37	3	54	6	86	4	45	0	41	2
Robbery	26	3	15	3	23	6	5	0	1	0	0	0
Other Offences Against the Person	31	15	37	10	71	22	54	7	19	8	10	0
Offences Against the Person	585	217	486	159	829	258	568	144	209	50	95	12
Unlawful Entry	240	32	131	19	188	22	123	16	11	1	4	1
Arson	6	0	7	0	4	0	4	1	1	0	0	0
Other Property Damage	332	96	209	52	300	79	163	38	49	5	9	1
Unlawful Use of Motor Vehicle#	149	23	72	16	111	23	25	1	6	3	1	0
Other Theft (excl. Unlawful Entry)	429	152	320	143	539	182	285	121	78	41	38	32
Fraud	112	61	82	62	181	58	60	72	26	11	0	3
Handling Stolen Goods	61	33	53	17	87	30	43	21	9	3	1	1
Offences Against Property	1329	397	874	309	1410	394	703	270	180	64	53	38
South Eastern Region												
Homicide (Murder)	6	0	4	0	3	2	1	0	1	0	0	0
Other Homicide	2	0	4	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Assault	257	83	255	62	412	108	290	89	124	38	45	11
Sexual Offences	34	0	31	1	65	0	54	0	28	0	22	0
Robbery	43	5	32	9	34	5	10	1	1	1	1	0
Other Offences Against the Person	44	5	46	8	82	10	40	14	18	2	11	1
Offences Against the Person	386	93	372	80	597	125	395	104	173	41	79	12
Unlawful Entry	202	25	172	53	322	40	150	36	15	1	0	0
Arson	9	0	3	0	4	1	2	0	0	0	1	0
Other Property Damage	214	36	188	42	294	69	140	42	32	11	17	8
Unlawful Use of Motor Vehicle#	204	59	213	59	203	51	74	16	4	1	0	2
Other Theft (excl. Unlawful Entry)	668	380	784	364	1350	527	547	247	99	64	88	43
Fraud	342	171	218	190	518	232	194	155	58	16	18	6
Handling Stolen Goods	131	51	152	76	259	91	105	27	25	5	7	0
Offences Against Property	1770	722	1730	784	2950	1011	1212	523	233	98	131	59
Southern Region												
Homicide (Murder)	0	0	0	1	2	0	3	0	0	0	0	0
Other Homicide	2	0	3	0	3	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Assault	323	105	258	80	418	125	270	91	94	32	49	5
Sexual Offences	47	0	48	2	103	1	101	1	86	2	69	2
Robbery	49	5	32	7	26	13	10	3	1	0	1	0
Other Offences Against the Person	53	9	43	12	81	21	63	15	36	7	14	3
Offences Against the Person	474	119	384	102	633	160	447	110	218	41	133	10
Unlawful Entry	273	43	242	40	427	58	151	25	22	2	3	6
Arson	5	1	6	3	6	1	9	2	0	1	4	0
Other Property Damage	280	46	187	34	281	55	149	31	49	13	15	1
Unlawful Use of Motor Vehicle#	145	29	131	30	115	35	52	5	9	2	3	0
Other Theft (excl. Unlawful Entry)	651	329	640	290	1001	521	377	253	106	73	52	59
Fraud	185	121	145	81	240	230	235	96	54	22	18	1
Handling Stolen Goods	99	40	94	47	148	54	78	23	19	10	7	4
Offences Against Property	1638	609	1445	525	2218	954	1051	435	259	123	102	71

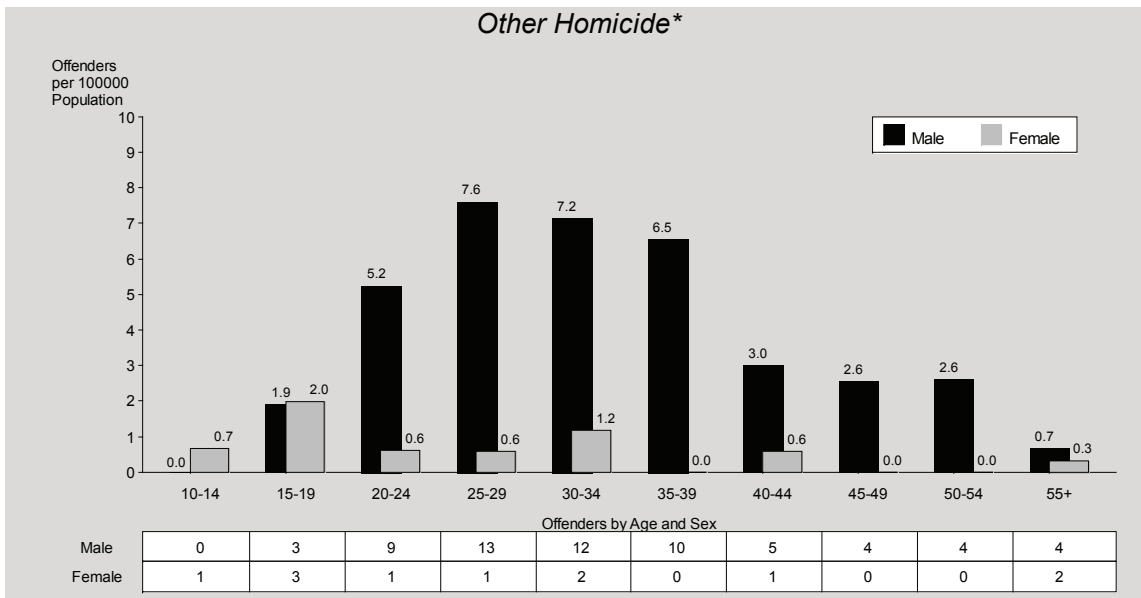
This category includes attempted offences.

* Only those offenders whose age and sex were identified are included.

Offenders



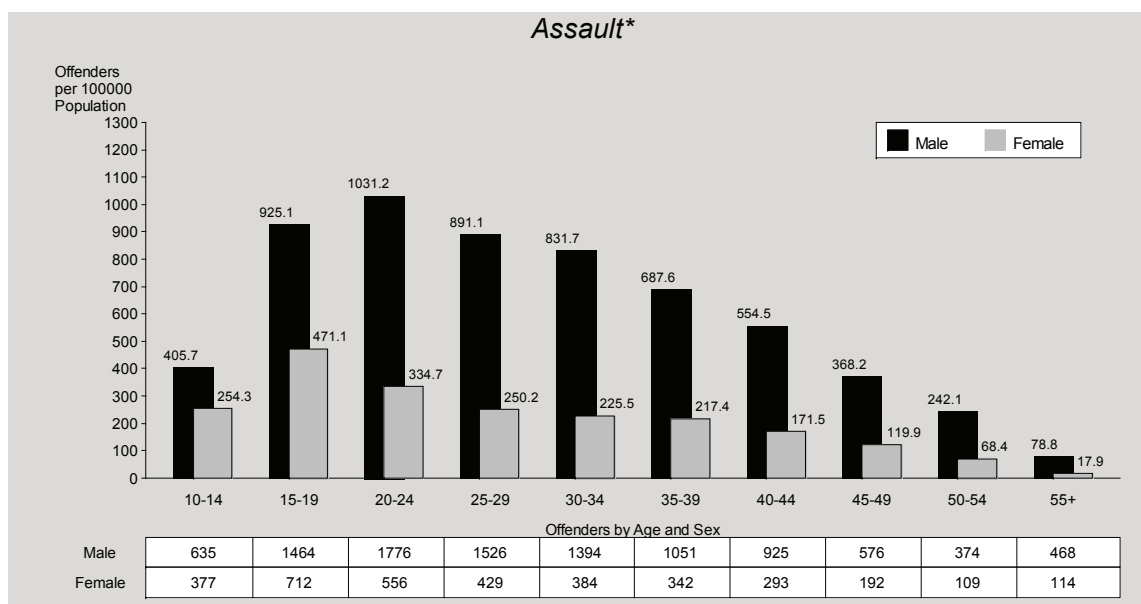
For all age groups, males were more likely than females to commit homicide (murder) with males aged twenty to thirty-nine years representing 61% of all offenders. Of those proceeded against for homicide (murder), 90% were male. Of the total 59 offenders responsible for homicide (murder) offences, only six were female.



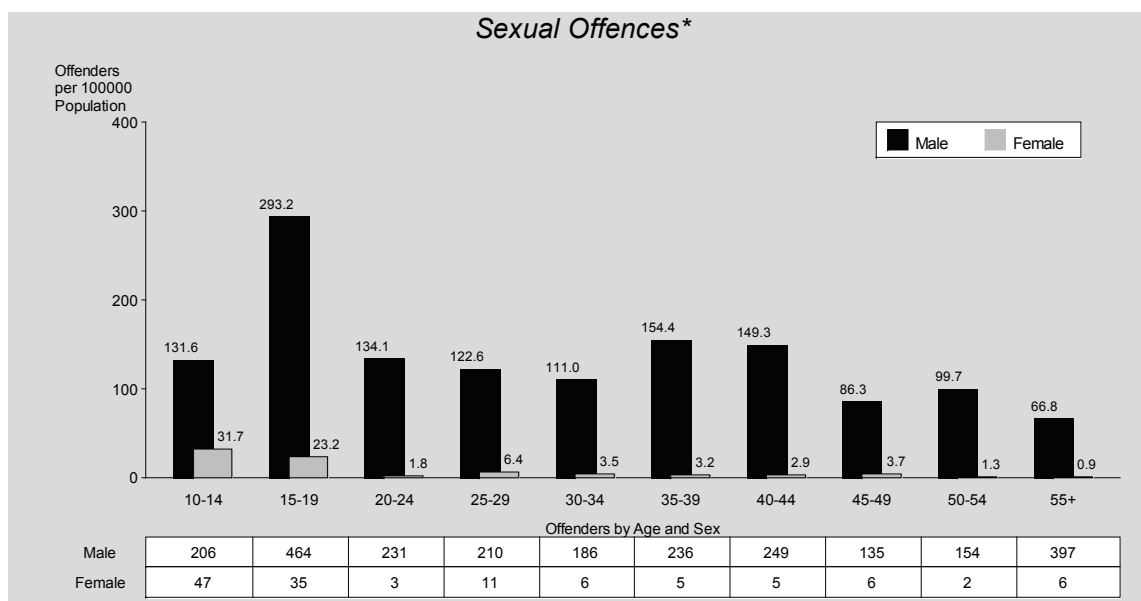
Males aged twenty-five to thirty-four years were most likely to commit other homicide offences. At every age, except between ten and nineteen years, males committed more offences than females. In total, only 15% of those proceeded against for other homicide offences were female. Males aged twenty to thirty-nine years accounted for 59% of all offenders in this offence type.

* Only those offenders whose age and sex were identified are included.

Offenders



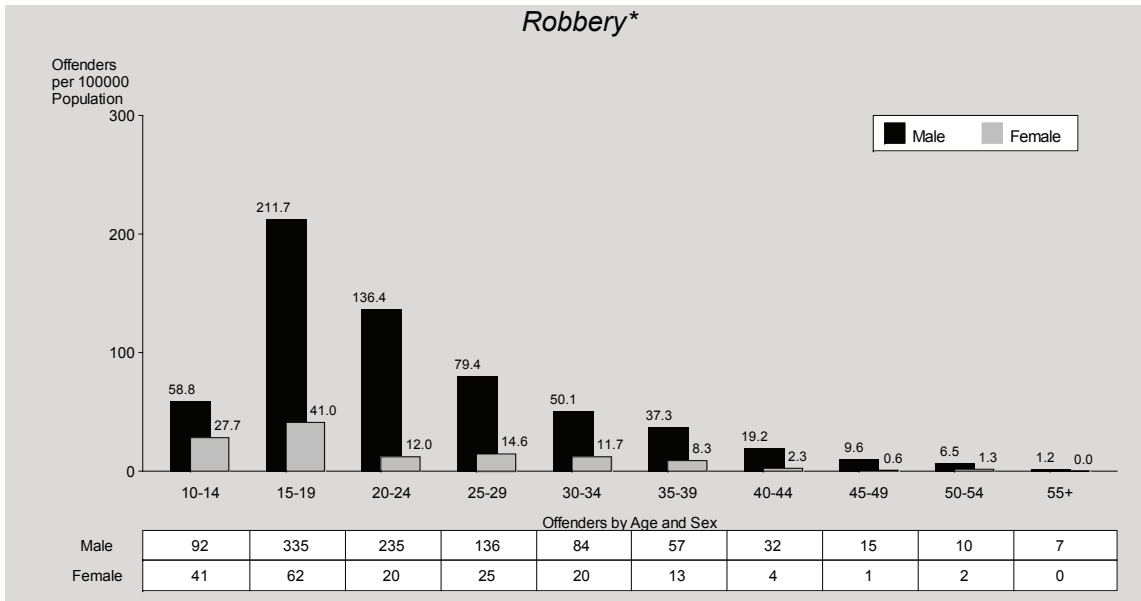
As with most offence types after the age of nineteen years, the likelihood of committing assault offences decreases with increasing age for both males and females. Approximately 74% of offenders were male. Forty-five percent of offenders were male aged fifteen to thirty-four years. Males aged twenty to twenty-four and females in the fifteen to nineteen year age cohort were most likely to offend.



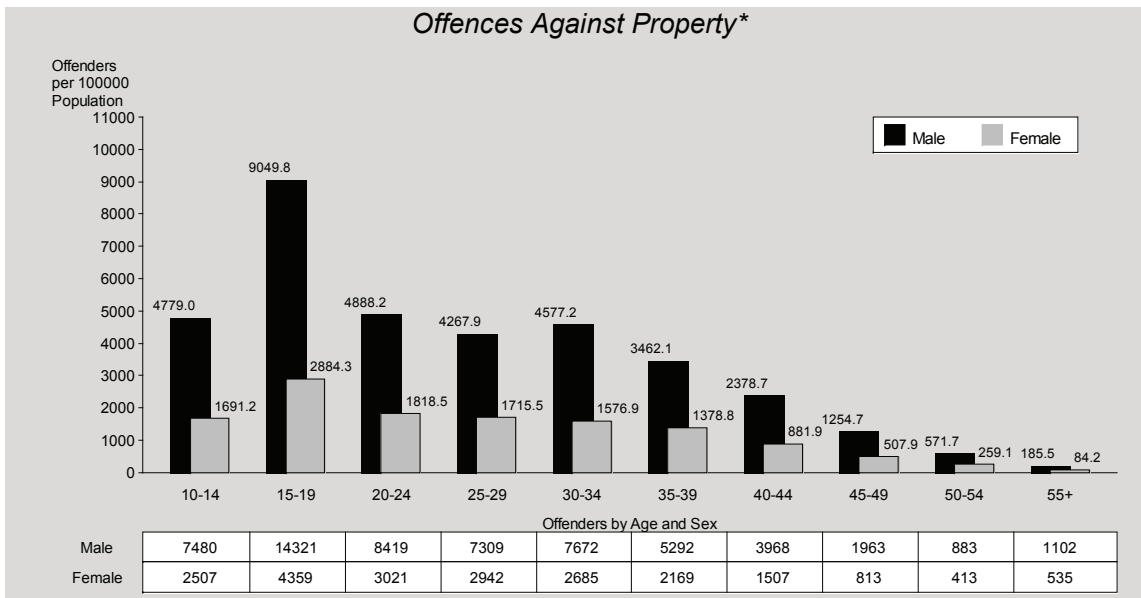
Sexual offences are unique in that the likelihood of offending does not decrease with increasing age to the same extent as other offences. In addition, most offenders were male (95%). During 2015/16, there were 126 female offenders for sexual offences across the State compared with 2,468 males.

* Only those offenders whose age and sex were identified are included.

Offenders



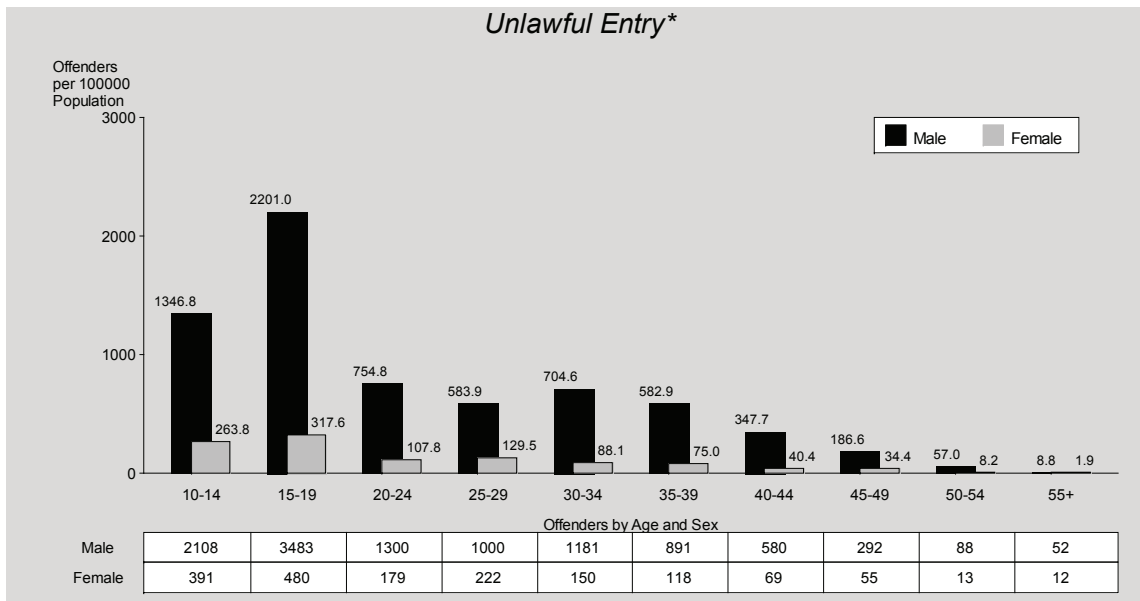
Approximately 84% of offenders were male. Males and females in the fifteen to nineteen year age group were more likely to offend, comprising 33% of all offenders. As with previous years, there were very few female offenders aged over forty-four years. Six percent of offenders were aged forty years or more and almost all of these were male.



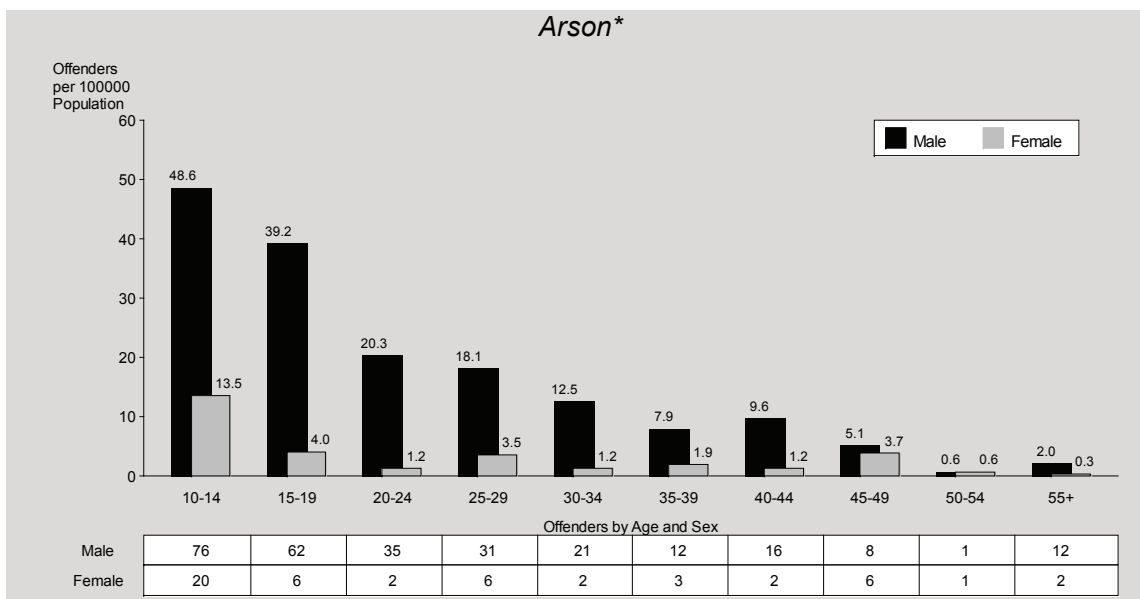
Males aged fifteen to nineteen years were over three times more likely to commit offences against property than females in the same age group. In total, only 26% of offenders were female. At every age, males were more likely than females to offend. For females, the likelihood of offending after nineteen years of age decreased with increasing age, while for males, the likelihood of offending decreases from thirty-four years of age.

* Only those offenders whose age and sex were identified are included.

Offenders



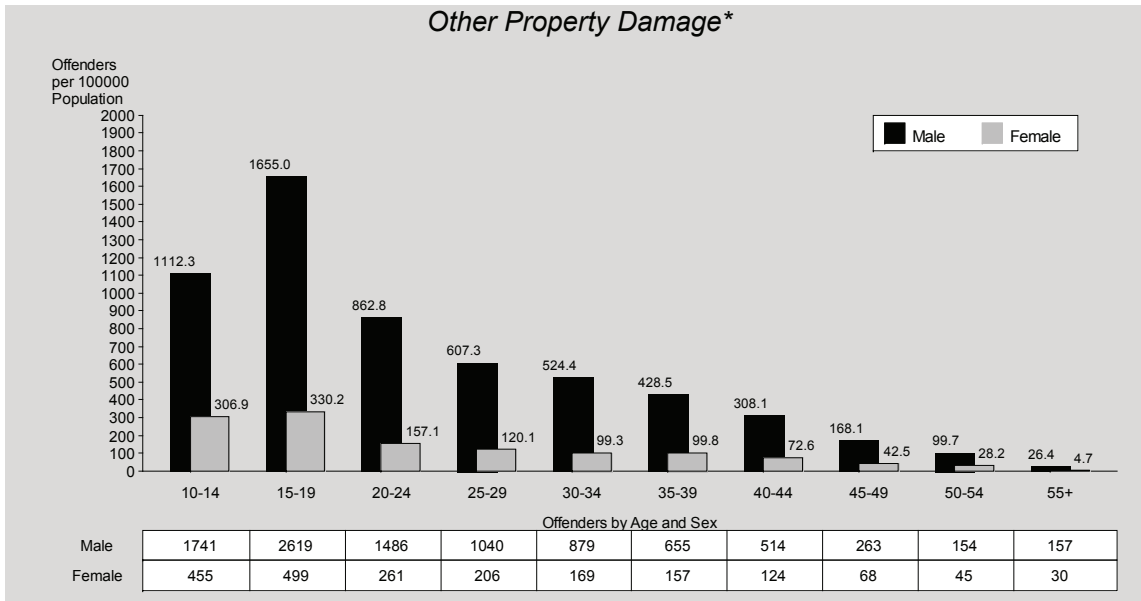
As with most offence types, a large proportion of unlawful entry offenders were male aged fifteen to nineteen years (87% of all offenders were male). Very few offences were committed by persons aged over thirty-nine years. Approximately 54% of offenders were male aged between ten and twenty-four years.



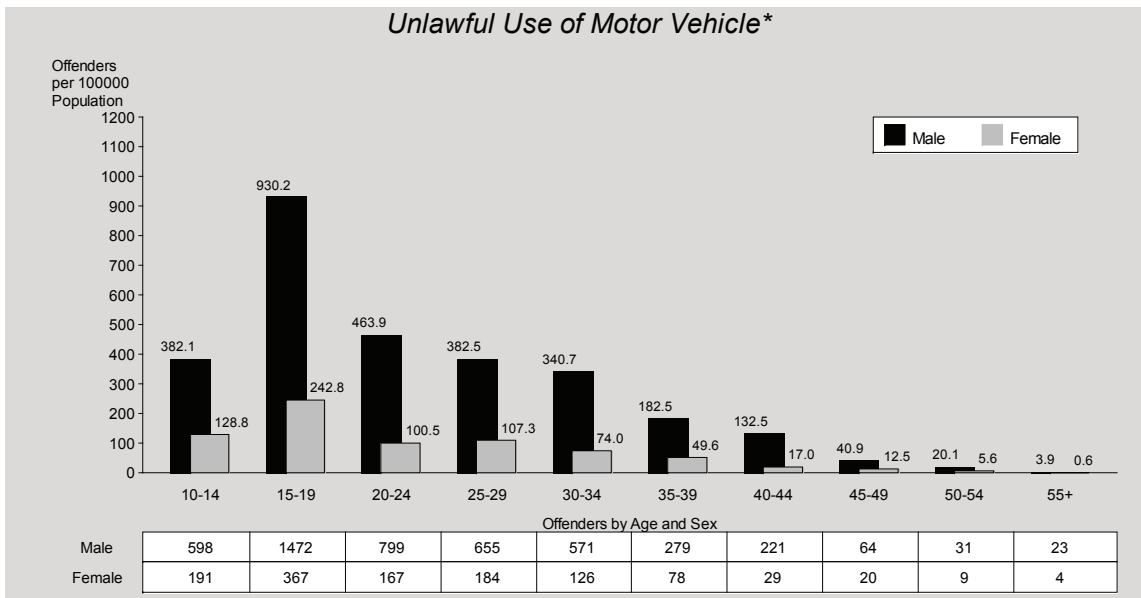
Approximately 43% of those proceeded against for arson offences were male aged between ten and nineteen years. While only 15% of offenders were female, the largest proportion were aged ten to fourteen years. As with most offences against property, very few offenders were recorded in older age groups (15% were forty years and over).

* Only those offenders whose age and sex were identified are included.

Offenders



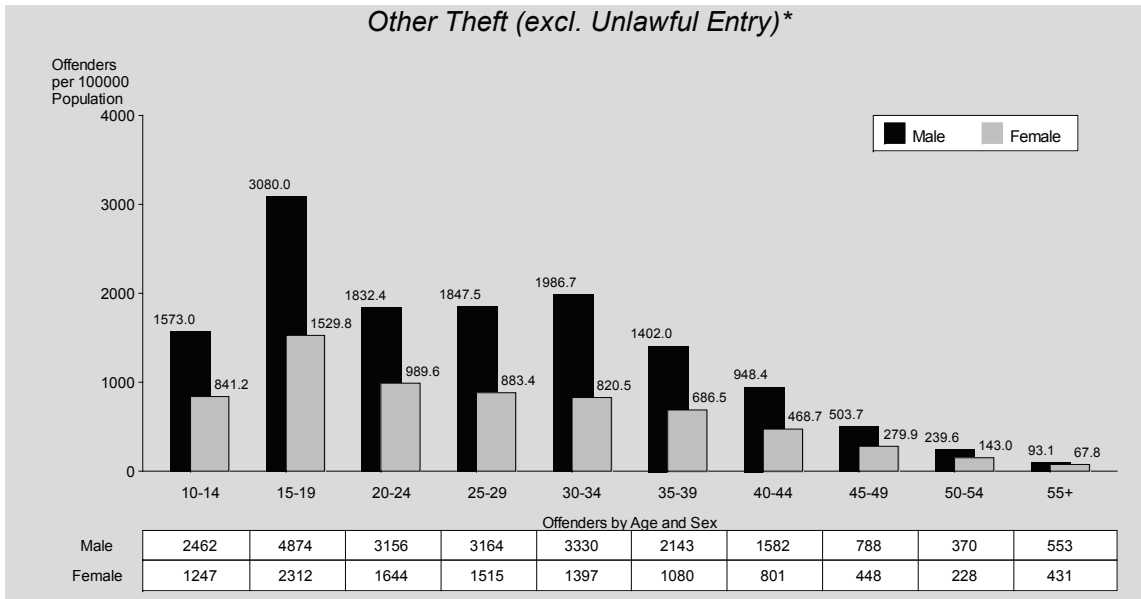
As with most offences against property, the largest proportion (38%) of other property damage offenders were male aged between ten and nineteen years. At every age, males were more likely to offend than females (83% of offenders were male). In addition, as with most offences against property, there were very few offenders in the older age groups with 12% of offenders aged forty and older.



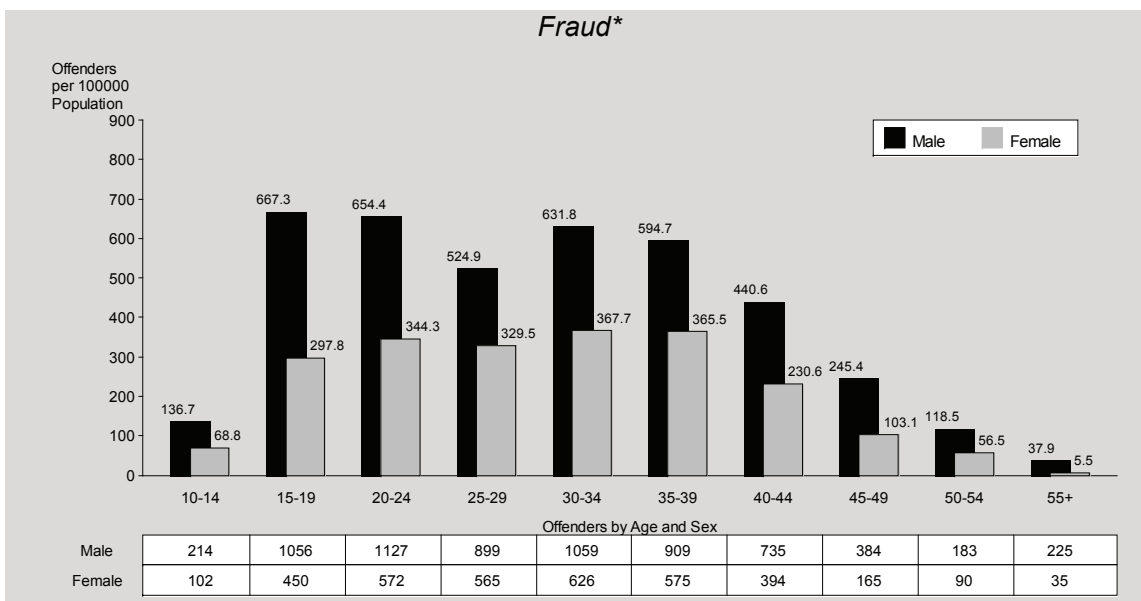
Approximately 25% of unlawful use of motor vehicle offenders were male aged fifteen to nineteen years. While only 20% of offenders were female, 31% of female offenders were aged fifteen to nineteen years. There were very few offenders (only 13%) in the older age groups (thirty-five years and over). Please note that attempted offences are included in this category.

* Only those offenders whose age and sex were identified are included.

Offenders



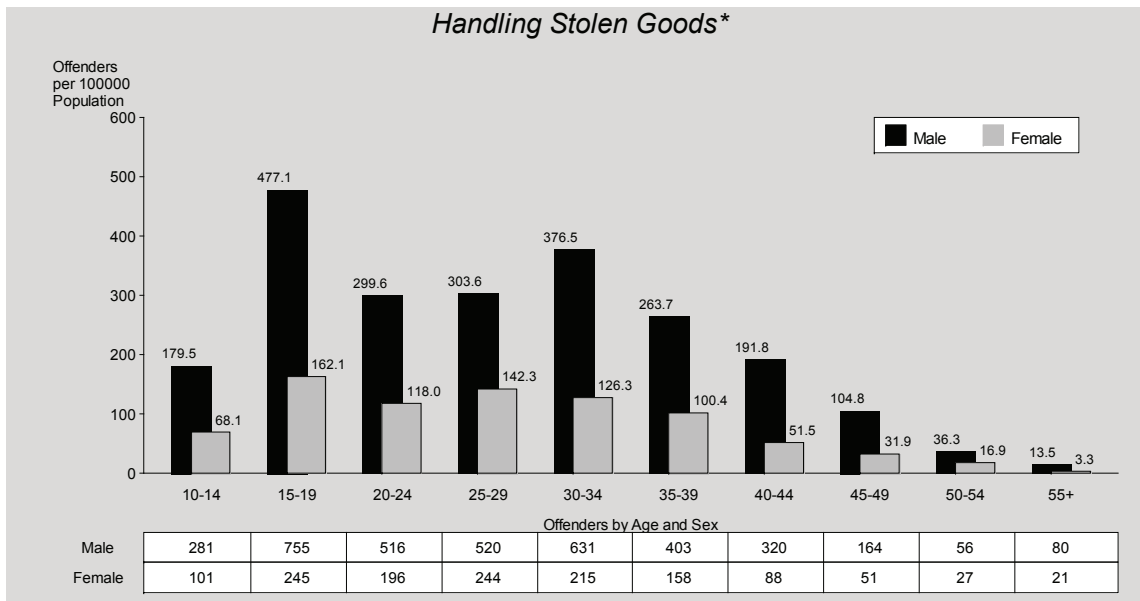
The other theft (excluding unlawful entry) offence category is one of a small number of offences against property committed by a substantial proportion of females. In 2015/16, 33% of offenders proceeded against for other theft (excluding unlawful entry) offences were female. Approximately 43% of the total offenders were male in the fifteen to thirty-four year age cohort.



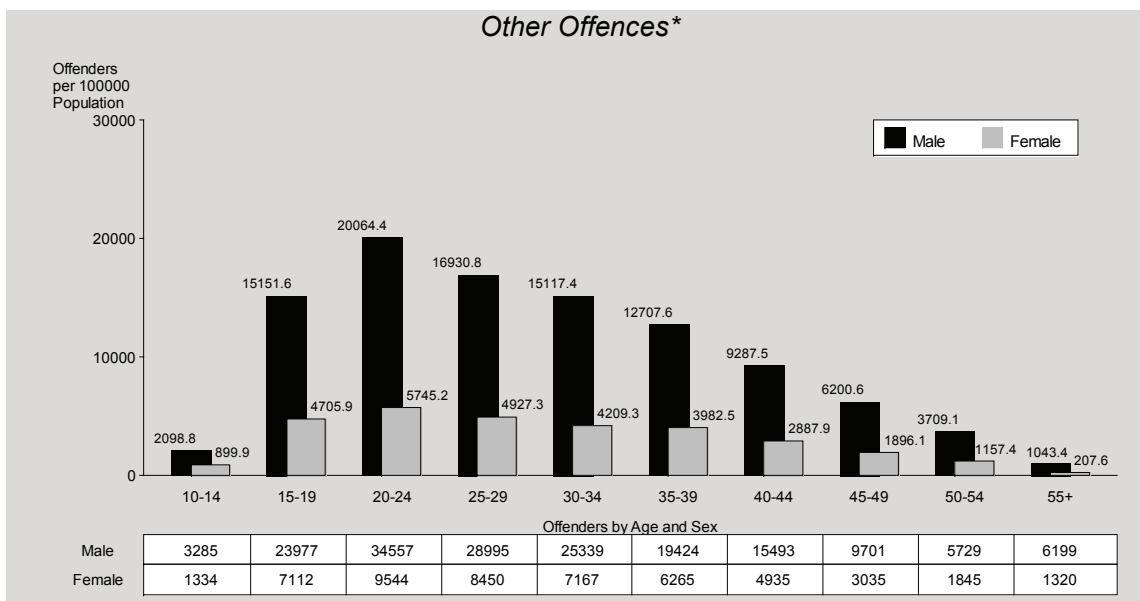
Fraud is another of the offences against property for which a relatively high proportion of offenders are female. In 2015/16, 34% of those proceeded against for fraud were female. Males aged fifteen to thirty-nine years were most likely to offend (74% of all male offenders were in this demographic).

* Only those offenders whose age and sex were identified are included.

Offenders



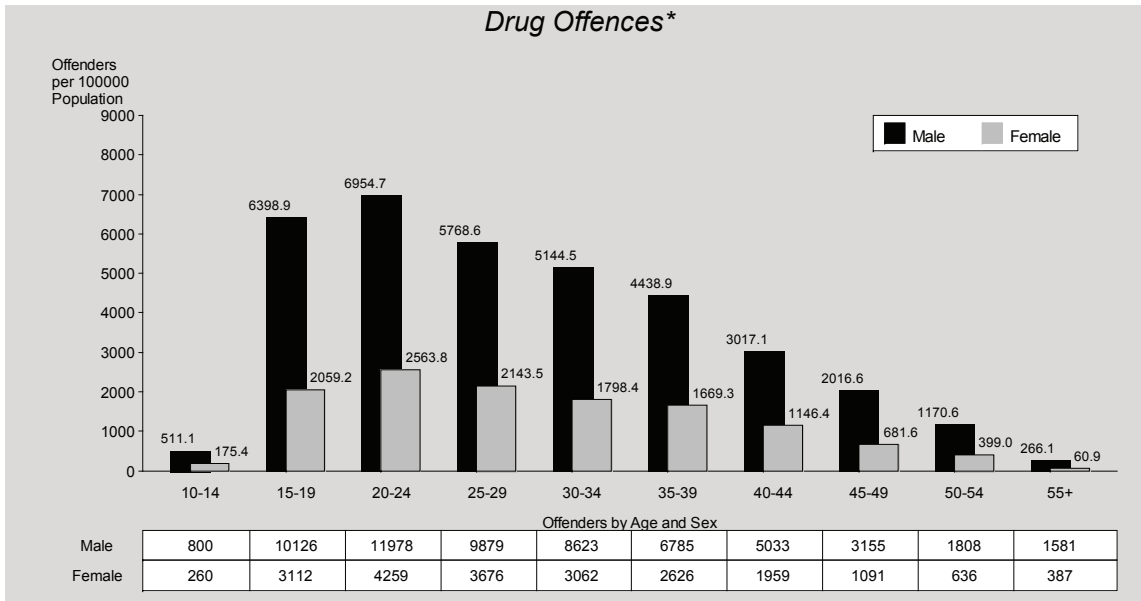
In all age groups, males were more likely than females to offend for handling stolen goods offences (73% were male). For both males and females, those in the fifteen to nineteen year age group were most likely to offend. The likelihood of offending increases from the age of nineteen to thirty-four for males and to twenty-nine for females, after which there is a decrease in the rate of offending.



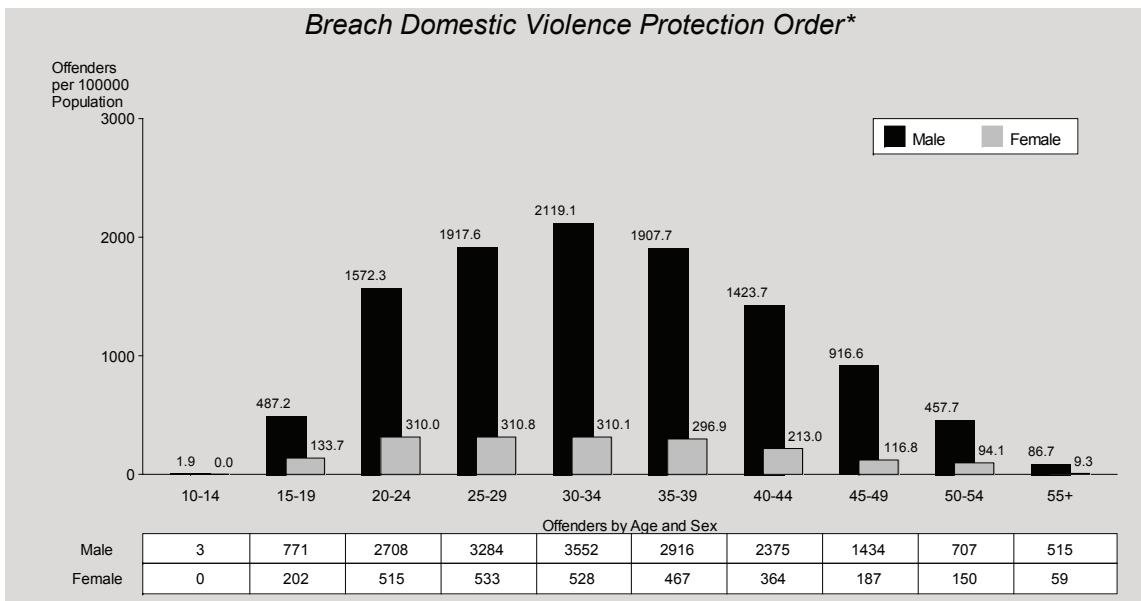
The majority (77%) of offenders for other offences were male, with males aged fifteen to twenty-nine years comprising 39% of offenders in 2015/16. Approximately 67% of offenders were aged under thirty-four years. Of all female offenders, those aged twenty to twenty-four years were most likely to offend.

* Only those offenders whose age and sex were identified are included.

Offenders



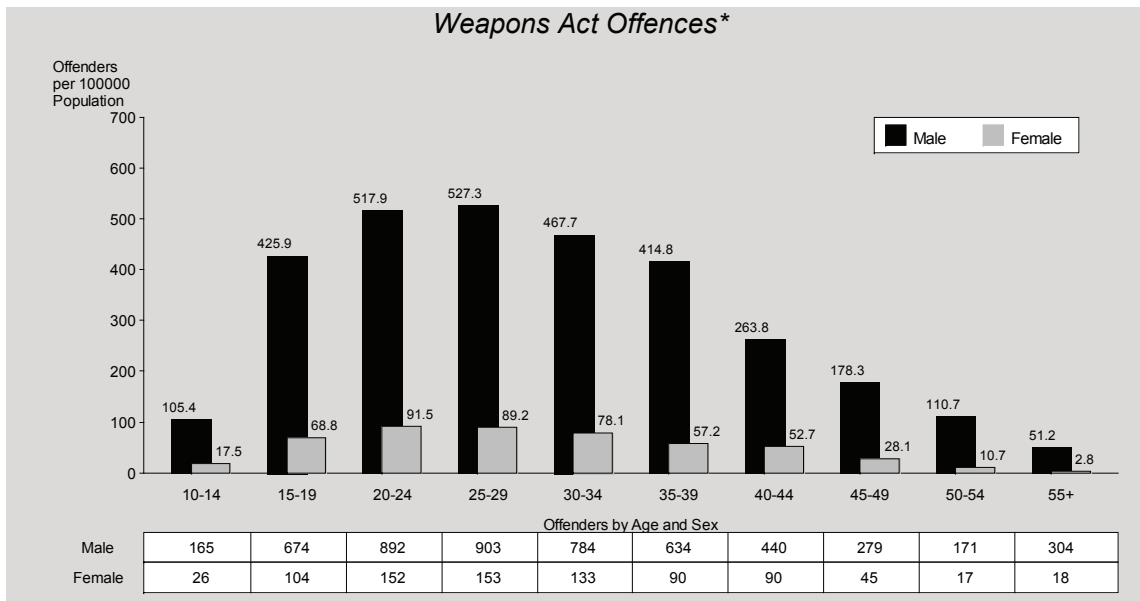
Approximately 74% of offenders for drug offences were male, with the majority aged between fifteen and twenty-four years. Females in the twenty to twenty-nine year age bracket were also more likely to offend compared with those in other age groups. Unlike other offence categories, a sizeable proportion (31%) of offenders were aged over thirty-four years.



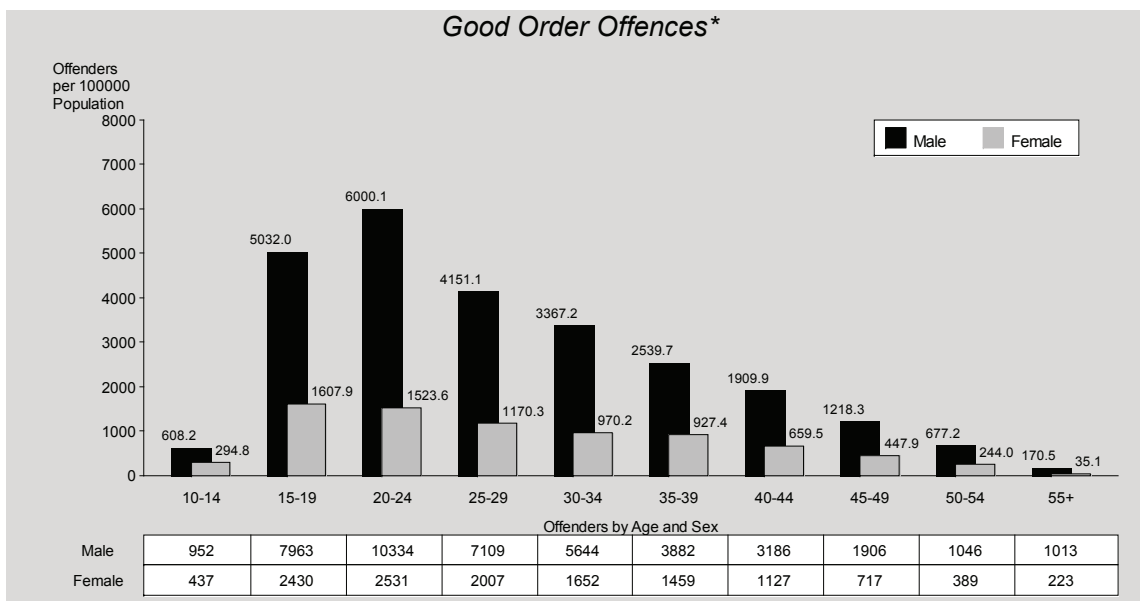
Approximately 86% of offenders who breached domestic violence protection orders were male and most were aged between twenty and thirty-nine years (59%). Unlike other offence categories, a significant proportion of offenders (27%) were in the older age groups (forty years and over).

* Only those offenders whose age and sex were identified are included.

Offenders



Approximately 86% of those proceeded against for *Weapons Act* offences were male and most were aged twenty to thirty-four years, although a significant proportion were aged over thirty-nine years. For females, those aged twenty to thirty-four years were most likely to offend. The likelihood of offending after the age of twenty-four decreased for females and after the age of twenty-nine for males.



Patterns of offending for good order offences are typical of those displayed in most offence categories. The majority of offenders were male (77%) with males in the fifteen to twenty-nine age group most likely to offend (45% were in this demographic). After the age of twenty-four years, the likelihood of offending decreased.

* Only those offenders whose age and sex were identified are included.



Crime Locations

This section provides a breakdown of crime by the type of location in which the offence occurred. The location classifications are based on those used by the Australian Bureau of Statistics in compiling the *Recorded Crime - Victims, Australia (4510.0)*. A crime location is defined as the initial site where a criminal incident occurred, classified by the primary function of that site where the site has more than one function. This definition may encompass any surrounding land, yard, car parking area, together with any other structures existing at the location.

Crime Locations:

Queensland 2015/16

Offence	Residential		Community							
	Dwelling	Outbuilding Resid. Land	Transport	Street or Footpath	Educational	Health	Religious	Justice	Open Space	Comm Loc. n.e.c.
Homicide (Murder)	31	1	1	6	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other Homicide	36	2	1	23	1	0	0	0	3	0
Attempted Murder	34	2	1	4	1	0	0	0	3	0
Conspiracy to Murder	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter (excl. by Driving & Striking)	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter - Unlawful Striking Cause Death	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
Driving Causing Death	0	0	0	16	0	0	0	0	0	0
Assault	8492	587	729	4210	617	417	16	598	517	86
Grievous Assault	433	37	10	147	9	3	1	8	22	0
Serious Assault	4322	257	318	1907	283	124	10	129	272	34
Serious Assault (Other)	1060	131	110	649	56	150	2	228	67	17
Common Assault	2677	162	291	1507	269	140	3	233	156	35
Sexual Offences	4518	102	87	279	192	29	19	32	170	20
Rape and Attempted Rape	1338	23	16	58	21	4	9	17	40	2
Other Sexual Offences	3180	79	71	221	171	25	10	15	130	18
Robbery	181	55	57	384	19	2	1	1	22	1
Armed Robbery	108	27	14	122	10	1	0	0	5	0
Unarmed Robbery	73	28	43	262	9	1	1	1	17	1
Other Offences Against the Person	1527	196	92	546	162	38	3	30	30	10
Kidnapping & Abduction etc.	159	19	4	43	7	1	1	1	4	3
Extortion	42	4	0	4	0	1	0	1	0	0
Stalking	383	29	5	63	13	8	0	4	1	0
Life Endangering Acts	943	144	83	436	142	28	2	24	25	7
Offences Against the Person	14785	943	967	5448	991	486	39	661	742	117
Unlawful Entry	21457	1619	152	100	1141	167	141	28	44	244
Unlawful Entry With Intent - Dwelling**	19221	189	12	70	18	4	1	16	13	3
– Without Violence - Dwelling	18638	183	12	65	18	4	1	16	13	2
– With Violence - Dwelling	583	6	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	1
Unlawful Entry With Intent - Shop	6	8	3	1	8	8	1	1	1	2
Unlawful Entry With Intent - Other	2230	1422	137	29	1115	155	139	11	30	239
Arson	240	69	35	348	21	0	1	7	211	3
Other Property Damage	10666	5028	1733	5544	1511	329	138	548	433	323
Unlawful Use of Motor Vehicle*	2965	2385	541	2083	49	28	8	15	88	17
Other Theft (excl. Unlawful Entry)	13481	15074	3434	9255	1833	751	123	173	2395	279
Stealing from Dwellings	7750	445	33	29	4	12	0	7	5	5
Shop Stealing	21	5	19	73	14	14	4	49	5	3
Vehicles (steal from/enter with intent)	2456	9298	1826	6447	140	125	39	24	473	52
Other Stealing	3254	5326	1556	2706	1675	600	80	93	1912	219
Fraud	3141	97	289	349	94	230	7	49	61	23
Fraud by Computer	162	0	0	4	3	4	0	2	0	0
Fraud by Cheque	11	3	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	1
Fraud by Credit Card	636	10	114	153	6	25	0	0	37	0
Identity Fraud	346	2	4	29	2	33	0	0	3	1
Other Fraud	1986	82	170	162	82	168	7	46	21	21
Handling Stolen Goods	1813	132	308	1517	28	8	2	149	130	15
Possess Property Suspected Stolen	649	34	120	791	13	2	2	85	61	5
Receiving Stolen Property	193	12	15	76	2	0	0	6	13	3
Possess etc. Tainted Property	961	84	162	626	13	6	0	58	52	7
Other Handling Stolen Goods	10	2	11	24	0	0	0	0	4	0
Offences Against Property	53763	24404	6492	19196	4677	1513	420	969	3362	904
Drug Offences	43599	606	4230	26804	878	319	14	2237	2048	255
Prostitution Offences	27	0	0	11	0	0	0	0	0	0
Liquor (excl. Drunkenness)	781	25	176	2135	10	1	0	29	308	58
Breach Domestic Violence Protection Order	18352	254	246	1956	105	80	15	300	210	30
Trespassing and Vagrancy	2132	518	234	340	534	48	9	56	67	25
Weapons Act Offences	1916	102	500	2867	105	15	3	150	175	10
Good Order Offences	3865	629	5866	26234	277	2280	36	10328	1542	318
Stock Related Offences	53	121	0	57	0	0	0	0	4	0
Traffic and Related Offences	322	109	1199	40387	25	30	3	728	356	25
Miscellaneous Offences	3101	21	60	221	209	9	0	453	80	5
Other Offences	74148	2385	12511	101012	2143	2782	80	14281	4790	726

** Community By-Law offences cannot be separated into offences with and without violence. As such, sub-categories may not add to the total.

This category includes attempted offences.

Crime Locations:

Queensland 2015/16

Offence	Other Locations										
	Retail	Recreational	Admin. or Profess.	Banking	Wholesale	Warehouse or Storage	Manufacturing	Agricultural	Other n.f.d.	Other n.e.c.	Unspecified Location
Homicide (Murder)	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8
Other Homicide	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Attempted Murder	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Conspiracy to Murder	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter (excl. by Driving & Striking)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Manslaughter - Unlawful Striking Cause Death	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Driving Causing Death	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Assault	2180	868	401	3	1	21	6	36	27	29	321
Grievous Assault	57	37	6	0	0	1	0	3	1	1	133
Serious Assault	1034	478	144	1	1	13	3	19	12	16	87
Serious Assault (Other)	254	80	63	1	0	4	0	7	5	2	22
Common Assault	835	273	188	1	0	3	3	7	9	10	79
Sexual Offences	211	289	50	0	0	0	1	11	5	2	190
Rape and Attempted Rape	42	59	14	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	37
Other Sexual Offences	169	230	36	0	0	0	1	9	5	1	153
Robbery	497	90	46	5	0	0	0	1	1	0	5
Armed Robbery	340	28	31	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	3
Unarmed Robbery	157	62	15	3	0	0	0	1	0	0	2
Other Offences Against the Person	189	71	101	4	0	4	1	7	1	1	127
Kidnapping & Abduction etc.	29	6	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	2
Extortion	3	1	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
Stalking	25	15	30	2	0	0	0	2	0	1	30
Life Endangering Acts	132	49	65	2	0	4	1	4	1	0	92
Offences Against the Person	3080	1321	598	12	1	25	8	55	34	32	652
Unlawful Entry	2773	660	2243	7	5	154	108	110	3	617	782
Unlawful Entry With Intent - Dwelling**	189	107	29	0	1	4	0	14	0	0	44
- Without Violence - Dwelling	185	104	28	0	1	4	0	14	0	0	43
- With Violence - Dwelling	4	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Unlawful Entry With Intent - Shop	1192	28	239	1	0	11	6	3	0	5	16
Unlawful Entry With Intent - Other	1392	525	1975	6	4	139	102	93	3	612	722
Arson	26	49	45	0	0	2	2	28	1	5	31
Other Property Damage	3008	953	1983	28	5	75	46	133	36	467	611
Unlawful Use of Motor Vehicle*	526	115	913	0	1	23	13	55	3	74	144
Other Theft (excl. Unlawful Entry)	44479	3273	4427	328	7	145	100	461	52	996	1494
Stealing from Dwellings	171	66	10	0	0	2	0	5	0	12	43
Shop Stealing	18725	37	962	0	1	17	0	2	0	0	48
Vehicles (steal from/enter with intent)	1867	585	983	2	3	30	28	88	16	228	414
Other Stealing	23716	2585	2472	326	3	96	72	366	36	756	989
Fraud	11877	217	3455	833	2	30	30	41	0	8	1221
Fraud by Computer	6	3	29	17	0	0	0	0	0	0	40
Fraud by Cheque	106	3	59	20	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
Fraud by Credit Card	8405	95	548	120	1	3	0	0	0	0	519
Identity Fraud	150	0	89	36	0	1	0	0	0	0	244
Other Fraud	3210	116	2730	640	1	26	30	41	0	8	415
Handling Stolen Goods	842	95	197	10	0	8	15	21	9	6	131
Possess Property Suspected Stolen	420	44	65	2	0	5	0	12	2	2	38
Receiving Stolen Property	90	8	19	0	0	0	0	4	1	0	18
Possess etc. Tainted Property	328	43	111	8	0	3	15	3	6	4	75
Other Handling Stolen Goods	4	0	2	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0
Offences Against Property	63531	5362	13263	1206	20	437	314	849	104	2173	4414
Drug Offences	2565	1412	700	1	1	209	6	172	254	63	1419
Prostitution Offences	0	14	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4
Liquor (excl. Drunkenness)	1575	422	23	0	0	0	0	0	6	1	80
Breach Domestic Violence Protection Order	479	239	181	2	0	6	2	19	10	10	357
Trespassing and Vagrancy	1067	135	346	0	1	17	6	113	8	127	81
Weapons Act Offences	372	110	91	0	0	9	2	65	10	2	181
Good Order Offences	5905	1779	1747	20	0	4	0	11	60	49	680
Stock Related Offences	6	7	30	0	17	1	8	195	0	0	11
Traffic and Related Offences	465	109	85	0	0	1	1	13	21	6	520
Miscellaneous Offences	143	312	387	1	0	0	0	2	1	1	363
Other Offences	12577	4539	3598	24	19	247	25	590	370	259	3696

** Community By-Law offences cannot be separated into offences with and without violence. As such, sub-categories may not add to the total.

This category includes attempted offences.



District Crime

In this section, a detailed examination of reported and cleared crime is provided for the Queensland Police Service's statistical regions and districts during the 2015/16 financial year.

The tables include some offences where the Police District in which the offence occurred cannot be identified according to current police boundaries. There are two instances where this may occur:

- The offence was detected as part of a covert operation, and the location of the offence has not currently been recorded to maintain security; and
- The accuracy of the address has not been determined at the time that the data was extracted for inclusion in this publication. That is, the address was not verified.

In these cases, the offences have been included in the highest hierarchical geographical level available. Therefore, police district statistics may not always sum to regional totals, or regional statistics to Queensland totals.

District Crime:

Offences Against the Person – Reported – 2015/16

Region/District	Homicide (Murder)	Other Homicide	Attempted Murder	Conspiracy to Murder	Manslaughter (excl. by Driving & Striking)	Manslaughter - Unlawful Striking Cause Death	Driving Causing Death	Assault	Grievous Assault	Serious Assault	Serious Assault (Other)	Common Assault
Brisbane	11	26	25	0	0	1	0	4013	156	1851	600	1406
North Brisbane	4	12	11	0	0	1	0	2281	79	1074	316	812
South Brisbane	7	14	14	0	0	0	0	1732	77	777	284	594
Central	9	22	10	0	0	1	11	3759	260	1671	534	1294
Capricornia	3	2	1	0	0	0	1	1246	38	511	195	502
Mackay	1	5	3	0	0	0	2	862	160	340	98	264
Sunshine Coast	1	4	1	0	0	1	2	654	22	338	100	194
Wide Bay Burnett	4	11	5	0	0	0	6	997	40	482	141	334
Northern	10	4	2	0	0	0	2	5308	217	2525	793	1773
Far North	4	4	2	0	0	0	2	2512	98	1147	381	886
Mount Isa	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	936	59	429	122	326
Townsville	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	1860	60	949	290	561
South Eastern	11	8	6	1	0	1	0	3698	149	1823	520	1206
Gold Coast	7	7	5	1	0	1	0	2314	77	1152	309	776
Logan	4	1	1	0	0	0	0	1384	72	671	211	430
Southern	8	10	5	0	2	0	3	3384	127	1594	461	1202
Darling Downs	1	2	0	0	1	0	1	920	24	414	121	361
Ipswich	2	4	2	0	0	0	2	878	41	461	103	273
Moreton	3	4	3	0	1	0	0	865	38	400	148	279
South West	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	721	24	319	89	289
Queensland	50	70	48	1	2	3	16	20162	909	9464	2908	6881

Note: The aggregate of district totals may not equal regional totals [see detailed explanation on page 125].

District Crime:

Offences Against the Person – Reported – 2015/16

Region/District	Sexual Offences	Rape and Attempted Rape	Other Sexual Offences	Robbery	Armed Robbery	Unarmed Robbery	Other Offences Against the Person	Kidnapping & Abduction etc.	Extortion	Stalking	Life Endangering Acts	Offences Against the Person
Brisbane	1189	359	830	430	221	209	743	70	22	178	473	6412
North Brisbane	580	169	411	223	100	123	383	25	14	106	238	3483
South Brisbane	609	190	419	207	121	86	360	45	8	72	235	2929
Central	1333	307	1026	164	87	77	626	61	11	113	441	5913
Capricornia	438	110	328	43	13	30	170	12	4	28	126	1902
Mackay	179	42	137	32	21	11	113	13	1	20	79	1192
Sunshine Coast	248	60	188	49	27	22	146	15	3	30	98	1102
Wide Bay Burnett	468	95	373	40	26	14	197	21	3	35	138	1717
Northern	1342	351	991	179	80	99	513	36	6	86	385	7356
Far North	602	153	449	99	39	60	213	19	4	42	148	3434
Mount Isa	82	27	55	5	3	2	94	2	0	9	83	1117
Townsville	658	171	487	75	38	37	206	15	2	35	154	2805
South Eastern	846	276	570	376	189	187	611	62	16	104	429	5550
Gold Coast	435	154	281	206	96	110	383	37	12	70	264	3352
Logan	411	122	289	170	93	77	228	25	4	34	165	2198
Southern	1478	387	1091	219	115	104	625	51	10	128	436	5724
Darling Downs	403	98	305	33	17	16	158	13	3	39	103	1517
Ipswich	401	98	303	73	44	29	185	20	4	35	126	1543
Moreton	508	143	365	92	46	46	156	7	1	33	115	1628
South West	166	48	118	21	8	13	126	11	2	21	92	1036
Queensland	6207	1683	4524	1368	692	676	3140	280	65	611	2184	30997

Note: The aggregate of district totals may not equal regional totals [see detailed explanation on page 125].

District Crime:

Offences Against the Person – Reported and Cleared – 2015/16

Region/District	Homicide (Murder)	Other Homicide	Attempted Murder	Conspiracy to Murder	Manslaughter (excl. by Driving & Striking)	Manslaughter - Unlawful Striking Cause Death	Driving Causing Death	Assault	Grievous Assault	Serious Assault	Serious Assault (Other)	Common Assault
Brisbane	9	25	24	0	0	1	0	3273	133	1455	524	1161
North Brisbane	3	11	10	0	0	1	0	1824	67	818	270	669
South Brisbane	6	14	14	0	0	0	0	1449	66	637	254	492
Central	8	21	10	0	0	1	10	3175	238	1364	472	1101
Capricornia	3	2	1	0	0	0	1	1020	32	403	167	418
Mackay	1	5	3	0	0	0	2	755	155	288	91	221
Sunshine Coast	1	3	1	0	0	1	1	561	19	283	89	170
Wide Bay Burnett	3	11	5	0	0	0	6	839	32	390	125	292
Northern	9	4	2	0	0	0	2	4449	187	2034	723	1505
Far North	4	4	2	0	0	0	2	2076	82	917	335	742
Mount Isa	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	799	54	349	116	280
Townsville	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	1574	51	768	272	483
South Eastern	10	7	6	1	0	0	0	3066	117	1480	447	1022
Gold Coast	6	6	5	1	0	0	0	1990	64	971	276	679
Logan	4	1	1	0	0	0	0	1076	53	509	171	343
Southern	6	9	5	0	1	0	3	2887	113	1301	422	1051
Darling Downs	1	2	0	0	1	0	1	816	23	359	113	321
Ipswich	1	4	2	0	0	0	2	737	37	366	97	237
Moreton	3	3	3	0	0	0	0	703	32	305	132	234
South West	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	631	21	271	80	259
Queensland	42	66	47	1	1	2	15	16850	788	7634	2588	5840

Note: The aggregate of district totals may not equal regional totals [see detailed explanation on page 125].

District Crime:

Offences Against the Person – Reported and Cleared – 2015/16

Region/District	Sexual Offences	Rape and Attempted Rape	Other Sexual Offences	Robbery	Armed Robbery	Unarmed Robbery	Other Offences Against the Person	Kidnapping & Abduction etc.	Extortion	Stalking	Life Endangering Acts	Offences Against the Person
Brisbane	906	285	621	303	144	159	465	63	14	113	275	4981
North Brisbane	441	125	316	153	58	95	227	21	7	65	134	2659
South Brisbane	465	160	305	150	86	64	238	42	7	48	141	2322
Central	1076	233	843	132	70	62	436	51	9	82	294	4848
Capricornia	321	71	250	34	12	22	117	9	3	19	86	1497
Mackay	152	33	119	21	14	7	83	12	1	14	56	1017
Sunshine Coast	200	48	152	42	21	21	93	12	3	25	53	900
Wide Bay Burnett	403	81	322	35	23	12	143	18	2	24	99	1434
Northern	983	259	724	129	64	65	404	33	6	66	299	5978
Far North	401	109	292	72	31	41	174	18	4	33	119	2731
Mount Isa	53	14	39	5	3	2	71	2	0	5	64	928
Townsville	529	136	393	52	30	22	159	13	2	28	116	2319
South Eastern	628	202	426	256	132	124	403	53	8	74	268	4370
Gold Coast	335	122	213	154	75	79	248	35	8	48	157	2739
Logan	293	80	213	102	57	45	155	18	0	26	111	1631
Southern	1201	306	895	175	91	84	476	46	4	97	329	4754
Darling Downs	346	82	264	29	16	13	123	12	1	33	77	1317
Ipswich	310	75	235	58	33	25	126	18	2	22	84	1236
Moreton	419	115	304	71	36	35	124	7	0	27	90	1323
South West	126	34	92	17	6	11	103	9	1	15	78	878
Queensland	4808	1288	3520	995	501	494	2189	246	41	434	1468	24950

Note: The aggregate of district totals may not equal regional totals [see detailed explanation on page 125].

District Crime:

Offences Against the Person – Cleared 2015/16 but Reported Previously

Region/District	Homicide (Murder)	Other Homicide	Attempted Murder	Conspiracy to Murder	Manslaughter (excl. by Driving & Striking)	Manslaughter - Unlawful Striking Cause Death	Driving Causing Death	Assault	Grievous Assault	Serious Assault	Serious Assault (Other)	Common Assault
Brisbane	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	325	14	171	33	107
North Brisbane	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	169	7	89	14	59
South Brisbane	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	156	7	82	19	48
Central	5	7	0	0	1	0	6	278	7	160	21	90
Capricornia	5	4	0	0	0	0	4	121	3	65	10	43
Mackay	0	2	0	0	0	0	2	49	2	28	0	19
Sunshine Coast	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	56	0	32	8	16
Wide Bay Burnett	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	52	2	35	3	12
Northern	0	2	0	0	0	0	2	566	79	262	53	172
Far North	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	298	63	113	21	101
Mount Isa	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	86	10	44	7	25
Townsville	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	182	6	105	25	46
South Eastern	1	2	2	0	0	0	0	263	21	174	17	51
Gold Coast	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	133	11	87	9	26
Logan	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	130	10	87	8	25
Southern	1	2	0	0	0	0	2	268	14	150	32	72
Darling Downs	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	85	5	47	8	25
Ipswich	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	76	5	40	7	24
Moreton	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	73	2	36	16	19
South West	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	34	2	27	1	4
Queensland	8	14	2	0	1	0	11	1700	135	917	156	492

Note: The aggregate of district totals may not equal regional totals [see detailed explanation on page 125].

District Crime:

Offences Against the Person – Cleared 2015/16 but Reported Previously

Region/District	Sexual Offences	Rape and Attempted Rape	Other Sexual Offences	Robbery	Armed Robbery	Unarmed Robbery	Other Offences Against the Person	Kidnapping & Abduction etc.	Extortion	Stalking	Life Endangering Acts	Offences Against the Person
Brisbane	157	42	115	30	13	17	73	6	2	25	40	587
North Brisbane	61	14	47	10	4	6	36	2	0	13	21	276
South Brisbane	96	28	68	20	9	11	37	4	2	12	19	311
Central	230	59	171	4	3	1	47	4	2	13	28	571
Capricornia	85	27	58	2	2	0	23	1	1	11	10	240
Mackay	26	6	20	0	0	0	9	1	0	0	8	86
Sunshine Coast	21	7	14	2	1	1	10	2	1	0	7	90
Wide Bay Burnett	98	19	79	0	0	0	5	0	0	2	3	155
Northern	180	53	127	13	7	6	36	1	0	11	24	797
Far North	97	25	72	10	7	3	15	1	0	5	9	421
Mount Isa	21	11	10	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	108
Townsville	62	17	45	2	0	2	21	0	0	6	15	268
South Eastern	177	42	135	36	19	17	77	8	9	19	41	556
Gold Coast	66	17	49	16	9	7	43	3	8	8	24	260
Logan	111	25	86	20	10	10	34	5	1	11	17	296
Southern	238	80	158	13	6	7	70	10	2	10	48	592
Darling Downs	62	26	36	0	0	0	19	1	0	3	15	166
Ipswich	57	24	33	12	6	6	18	4	2	2	10	164
Moreton	82	22	60	1	0	1	26	4	0	5	17	183
South West	37	8	29	0	0	0	7	1	0	0	6	79
Queensland	986	277	709	96	48	48	304	29	15	79	181	3108

Note: The aggregate of district totals may not equal regional totals [see detailed explanation on page 125].

District Crime:

Offences Against the Person – Percentage Cleared[^] – 2015/16

Region/District	Homicide (Murder)	Other Homicide	Attempted Murder	Conspiracy to Murder	Manslaughter (excl. by Driving & Striking)	Manslaughter - Unlawful Striking Cause Death	Driving Causing Death	Assault	Grievous Assault	Serious Assault	Serious Assault (Other)	Common Assault
Brisbane	82	96	96	0	0	100	0	82	85	79	87	83
North Brisbane	75	92	91	0	0	100	0	80	85	76	85	82
South Brisbane	86	100	100	0	0	0	0	84	86	82	89	83
Central	89	95	100	0	0	100	91	84	92	82	88	85
Capricornia	100	100	100	0	0	0	100	82	84	79	86	83
Mackay	100	100	100	0	0	0	100	88	97	85	93	84
Sunshine Coast	100	75	100	0	0	100	50	86	86	84	89	88
Wide Bay Burnett	75	100	100	0	0	0	100	84	80	81	89	87
Northern	90	100	100	0	0	0	100	84	86	81	91	85
Far North	100	100	100	0	0	0	100	83	84	80	88	84
Mount Isa	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	85	92	81	95	86
Townsville	83	0	0	0	0	0	0	85	85	81	94	86
South Eastern	91	88	100	100	0	0	0	83	79	81	86	85
Gold Coast	86	86	100	100	0	0	0	86	83	84	89	88
Logan	100	100	100	0	0	0	0	78	74	76	81	80
Southern	75	90	100	0	50	0	100	85	89	82	92	87
Darling Downs	100	100	0	0	100	0	100	89	96	87	93	89
Ipswich	50	100	100	0	0	0	100	84	90	79	94	87
Moreton	100	75	100	0	0	0	0	81	84	76	89	84
South West	50	0	0	0	0	0	0	88	88	85	90	90
Queensland	84	94	98	100	50	67	94	84	87	81	89	85

[^] Percentage Cleared refers only to those offences which were both Reported and Cleared in the 2015/16 financial year.
 Note: The aggregate of district totals may not equal regional totals [see detailed explanation on page 125].

District Crime:

Offences Against the Person – Percentage Cleared[^] – 2015/16

Region/District	Sexual Offences	Rape and Attempted Rape	Other Sexual Offences	Robbery	Armed Robbery	Unarmed Robbery	Other Offences Against the Person	Kidnapping & Abduction etc.	Extortion	Stalking	Life Endangering Acts	Offences Against the Person
Brisbane	76	79	75	70	65	76	63	90	64	63	58	78
North Brisbane	76	74	77	69	58	77	59	84	50	61	56	76
South Brisbane	76	84	73	72	71	74	66	93	88	67	60	79
Central	81	76	82	80	80	81	70	84	82	73	67	82
Capricornia	73	65	76	79	92	73	69	75	75	68	68	79
Mackay	85	79	87	66	67	64	73	92	100	70	71	85
Sunshine Coast	81	80	81	86	78	95	64	80	100	83	54	82
Wide Bay Burnett	86	85	86	88	88	86	73	86	67	69	72	84
Northern	73	74	73	72	80	66	79	92	100	77	78	81
Far North	67	71	65	73	79	68	82	95	100	79	80	80
Mount Isa	65	52	71	100	100	100	76	100	0	56	77	83
Townsville	80	80	81	69	79	59	77	87	100	80	75	83
South Eastern	74	73	75	68	70	66	66	85	50	71	62	79
Gold Coast	77	79	76	75	78	72	65	95	67	69	59	82
Logan	71	66	74	60	61	58	68	72	0	76	67	74
Southern	81	79	82	80	79	81	76	90	40	76	75	83
Darling Downs	86	84	87	88	94	81	78	92	33	85	75	87
Ipswich	77	77	78	79	75	86	68	90	50	63	67	80
Moreton	82	80	83	77	78	76	79	100	0	82	78	81
South West	76	71	78	81	75	85	82	82	50	71	85	85
Queensland	77	77	78	73	72	73	70	88	63	71	67	80

[^] Percentage Cleared refers only to those offences which were both Reported and Cleared in the 2015/16 financial year.
 Note: The aggregate of district totals may not equal regional totals [see detailed explanation on page 125].

District Crime:

Offences Against the Person – Reported per 100,000 Persons – 2015/16

Region/District	Homicide (Murder)	Other Homicide	Attempted Murder	Conspiracy to Murder	Manslaughter (excl. by Driving & Striking)	Manslaughter - Unlawful Striking Cause Death	Driving Causing Death	Assault	Grievous Assault	Serious Assault	Serious Assault (Other)	Common Assault
Brisbane	1	2	2	0	0	0	0	264	10	122	39	92
North Brisbane	1	2	2	0	0	0	0	311	11	146	43	111
South Brisbane	1	2	2	0	0	0	0	220	10	99	36	75
Central	1	2	1	0	0	0	1	368	25	163	52	127
Capricornia	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	526	16	216	82	212
Mackay	1	3	2	0	0	0	1	472	88	186	54	145
Sunshine Coast	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	189	6	98	29	56
Wide Bay Burnett	2	4	2	0	0	0	2	389	16	188	55	130
Northern	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	956	39	455	143	319
Far North	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	898	35	410	136	317
Mount Isa	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2846	179	1304	371	991
Townsville	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	767	25	391	120	231
South Eastern	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	408	16	201	57	133
Gold Coast	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	410	14	204	55	137
Logan	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	405	21	196	62	126
Southern	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	407	15	191	55	144
Darling Downs	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	378	10	170	50	148
Ipswich	1	2	1	0	0	0	1	373	17	196	44	116
Moreton	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	360	16	166	62	116
South West	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	639	21	283	79	256
Queensland	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	417	19	196	60	142

Note: The aggregate of district totals may not equal regional totals [see detailed explanation on page 125].

District Crime:

Offences Against the Person – Reported per 100,000 Persons – 2015/16

Region/District	Sexual Offences	Rape and Attempted Rape	Other Sexual Offences	Robbery	Armed Robbery	Unarmed Robbery	Other Offences Against the Person	Kidnapping & Abduction etc.	Extortion	Stalking	Life Endangering Acts	Offences Against the Person
Brisbane	78	24	55	28	15	14	49	5	1	12	31	421
North Brisbane	79	23	56	30	14	17	52	3	2	14	32	475
South Brisbane	77	24	53	26	15	11	46	6	1	9	30	371
Central	130	30	100	16	9	8	61	6	1	11	43	578
Capricornia	185	46	139	18	5	13	72	5	2	12	53	803
Mackay	98	23	75	18	11	6	62	7	1	11	43	653
Sunshine Coast	72	17	54	14	8	6	42	4	1	9	28	318
Wide Bay Burnett	183	37	145	16	10	5	77	8	1	14	54	670
Northern	242	63	179	32	14	18	92	6	1	15	69	1325
Far North	215	55	160	35	14	21	76	7	1	15	53	1227
Mount Isa	249	82	167	15	9	6	286	6	0	27	252	3396
Townsville	271	71	201	31	16	15	85	6	1	14	64	1157
South Eastern	93	30	63	41	21	21	67	7	2	11	47	612
Gold Coast	77	27	50	36	17	19	68	7	2	12	47	593
Logan	120	36	85	50	27	23	67	7	1	10	48	643
Southern	178	46	131	26	14	12	75	6	1	15	52	688
Darling Downs	165	40	125	14	7	7	65	5	1	16	42	623
Ipswich	170	42	129	31	19	12	79	8	2	15	53	655
Moreton	211	60	152	38	19	19	65	3	0	14	48	678
South West	147	43	105	19	7	12	112	10	2	19	81	918
Queensland	128	35	94	28	14	14	65	6	1	13	45	641

Note: The aggregate of district totals may not equal regional totals [see detailed explanation on page 125].

District Crime:

Offences Against Property – Reported – 2015/16

Region/District	Unlawful Entry	Unlawful Entry With Intent - Dwelling	Unlawful Entry Without Violence - Dwelling	Unlawful Entry With Violence - Dwelling	Unlawful Entry With Intent - Shop	Unlawful Entry With Intent - Other	Other Theft (excl. Unlawful Entry)	Stealing from Dwellings	Shop Stealing	Vehicles (steal from/ enter with intent)	Other Stealing	Arson
Brisbane	8773	5753	5627	126	454	2566	28540	1998	6904	6364	13274	178
North Brisbane	3883	2369	2299	70	233	1281	15234	957	4271	2939	7067	77
South Brisbane	4890	3384	3328	56	221	1285	13306	1041	2633	3425	6207	101
Central	5744	2985	2864	121	309	2450	17915	1841	3034	4440	8600	221
Capricornia	1472	816	778	38	72	584	4023	484	587	1183	1769	66
Mackay	1392	686	657	29	86	620	3495	342	504	872	1777	43
Sunshine Coast	1472	762	744	18	87	623	6206	515	1105	1573	3013	52
Wide Bay Burnett	1408	721	685	36	64	623	4191	500	838	812	2041	60
Northern	6223	4055	3962	93	298	1870	14039	1491	2549	3705	6294	172
Far North	3290	2099	2052	47	167	1024	7236	691	1417	1922	3206	60
Mount Isa	424	185	175	10	34	205	794	93	148	261	292	24
Townsville	2509	1771	1735	36	97	641	6009	707	984	1522	2796	88
South Eastern	6606	4259	4129	130	226	2121	25274	1664	3960	6821	12829	294
Gold Coast	3585	2191	2132	59	133	1261	16502	980	2457	4482	8583	142
Logan	3021	2068	1997	71	93	860	8772	684	1503	2339	4246	152
Southern	5209	2883	2749	134	253	2073	16787	1605	3552	3792	7838	259
Darling Downs	1429	806	775	31	69	554	3853	411	670	1063	1709	55
Ipswich	1641	921	880	41	84	636	5302	497	1292	1154	2359	82
Moreton	1323	809	777	32	60	454	5973	525	1332	1205	2911	76
South West	816	347	317	30	40	429	1659	172	258	370	859	46
Queensland	32555	19935	19331	604	1540	11080	102560	8599	19999	25124	48838	1124

Note: The aggregate of district totals may not equal regional totals [see detailed explanation on page 125].

District Crime:

Offences Against Property – Reported – 2015/16

Region/District	Other Property Damage	Unlawful Use of Motor Vehicle	Fraud	Fraud by Computer	Fraud by Cheque	Fraud by Credit Card	Identity Fraud	Other Fraud	Handling Stolen Goods	Possess Property Suspected Stolen	Receiving Stolen Property	Possess etc. Tainted Property	Other Handling Stolen Goods	Offences Against Property
Brisbane	7667	2601	7010	76	53	3476	250	3155	1708	755	121	824	8	56477
North Brisbane	4082	1353	3898	46	32	2039	130	1651	815	435	39	336	5	29342
South Brisbane	3585	1248	3112	30	21	1437	120	1504	893	320	82	488	3	27135
Central	6459	1292	3124	47	24	1652	102	1299	755	341	61	348	5	35510
Capricornia	1776	285	905	10	5	577	18	295	214	116	14	82	2	8741
Mackay	1183	304	623	7	8	396	8	204	161	56	7	97	1	7201
Sunshine Coast	1746	443	943	16	9	435	53	430	208	82	13	112	1	11070
Wide Bay Burnett	1754	260	653	14	2	244	23	370	172	87	27	57	1	8498
Northern	6381	1768	2154	45	16	1024	30	1039	760	398	82	278	2	31497
Far North	3230	756	1009	20	3	522	21	443	437	232	52	153	0	16018
Mount Isa	741	121	70	0	1	34	1	34	114	77	10	26	1	2288
Townsville	2410	891	1075	25	12	468	8	562	209	89	20	99	1	13191
South Eastern	6640	2958	5400	52	32	2834	237	2245	1319	494	92	702	31	48491
Gold Coast	3832	1831	3367	31	11	1790	199	1336	802	335	60	379	28	30061
Logan	2808	1127	2033	21	21	1044	38	909	517	159	32	323	3	18430
Southern	6449	1426	4046	35	85	1659	124	2143	889	364	104	408	13	35065
Darling Downs	1556	350	1026	9	25	431	15	546	316	102	41	168	5	8585
Ipswich	1947	490	868	14	29	426	27	372	212	96	14	96	6	10542
Moreton	1952	458	1695	10	18	679	78	910	234	124	20	90	0	11711
South West	994	128	457	2	13	123	4	315	127	42	29	54	2	4227
Queensland	33598	10046	22054	270	210	10672	940	9962	5436	2352	460	2565	59	207373

Note: The aggregate of district totals may not equal regional totals [see detailed explanation on page 125].

District Crime:

Offences Against Property – Reported and Cleared – 2015/16

Region/District	Unlawful Entry	Unlawful Entry With Intent - Dwelling	Unlawful Entry Without Violence - Dwelling	Unlawful Entry With Violence - Dwelling	Unlawful Entry With Intent - Shop	Unlawful Entry With Intent - Other	Other Theft (excl. Unlawful Entry)	Stealing from Dwellings	Shop Stealing	Vehicles (steal from/ enter with intent)	Other Stealing	Arson
Brisbane	2112	1430	1337	93	115	567	11325	474	4822	1126	4903	47
North Brisbane	879	532	482	50	57	290	6508	235	3087	518	2668	22
South Brisbane	1233	898	855	43	58	277	4817	239	1735	608	2235	25
Central	1693	851	753	98	115	727	6667	558	2020	902	3187	70
Capricornia	466	243	213	30	31	192	1523	149	366	298	710	23
Mackay	376	189	163	26	30	157	1196	107	345	199	545	19
Sunshine Coast	402	198	184	14	28	176	2287	125	738	271	1153	14
Wide Bay Burnett	449	221	193	28	26	202	1661	177	571	134	779	14
Northern	1878	1092	1020	72	145	641	4957	399	1642	774	2142	50
Far North	1125	663	628	35	88	374	2600	193	980	424	1003	24
Mount Isa	182	64	56	8	21	97	356	29	110	89	128	12
Townsville	571	365	336	29	36	170	2001	177	552	261	1011	14
South Eastern	1391	946	852	94	58	387	8736	405	2709	1067	4555	33
Gold Coast	835	539	492	47	33	263	5700	246	1732	798	2924	17
Logan	556	407	360	47	25	124	3036	159	977	269	1631	16
Southern	1589	903	788	115	110	576	7240	524	2530	717	3469	77
Darling Downs	476	269	241	28	29	178	1607	148	475	222	762	12
Ipswich	385	228	195	33	31	126	2251	171	878	209	993	22
Moreton	392	261	235	26	21	110	2621	138	957	184	1342	24
South West	336	145	117	28	29	162	761	67	220	102	372	19
Queensland	8663	5222	4750	472	543	2898	38926	2360	13723	4586	18257	277

Note: The aggregate of district totals may not equal regional totals [see detailed explanation on page 125].

District Crime:

Offences Against Property – Reported and Cleared – 2015/16

Region/District	Other Property Damage	Unlawful Use of Motor Vehicle	Fraud	Fraud by Computer	Fraud by Cheque	Fraud by Credit Card	Identity Fraud	Other Fraud	Handling Stolen Goods	Possess Property Suspected Stolen	Receiving Stolen Property	Possess etc. Tainted Property	Other Handling Stolen Goods	Offences Against Property
Brisbane	2249	1264	4622	19	34	2448	104	2017	1593	698	120	771	4	23212
North Brisbane	1218	732	2651	13	19	1440	65	1114	748	393	39	312	4	12758
South Brisbane	1031	532	1971	6	15	1008	39	903	845	305	81	459	0	10454
Central	2363	636	2109	18	19	1209	48	815	665	290	60	312	3	14203
Capricornia	741	148	657	4	3	485	2	163	188	101	14	72	1	3746
Mackay	435	176	393	1	8	266	4	114	138	44	7	87	0	2733
Sunshine Coast	497	192	641	4	7	340	31	259	193	75	13	104	1	4226
Wide Bay Burnett	690	120	418	9	1	118	11	279	146	70	26	49	1	3498
Northern	2764	919	1203	25	12	613	8	545	699	356	78	263	2	12470
Far North	1448	455	553	4	3	356	5	185	410	213	50	147	0	6615
Mount Isa	376	72	56	0	0	33	0	23	102	68	9	24	1	1156
Townsville	940	392	594	21	9	224	3	337	187	75	19	92	1	4699
South Eastern	2111	1274	2997	15	21	1652	102	1207	1196	442	90	654	10	17738
Gold Coast	1236	806	1807	8	7	988	90	714	719	301	60	350	8	11120
Logan	875	468	1190	7	14	664	12	493	477	141	30	304	2	6618
Southern	2406	728	3051	7	76	1193	81	1694	803	314	103	378	8	15894
Darling Downs	581	214	847	2	18	354	7	466	295	93	41	158	3	4032
Ipswich	605	225	579	2	29	304	9	235	184	76	14	90	4	4251
Moreton	672	224	1287	2	18	416	64	787	214	111	20	83	0	5434
South West	548	65	338	1	11	119	1	206	110	34	28	47	1	2177
Queensland	11895	4822	14203	86	162	7125	524	6306	4956	2100	451	2378	27	83742

Note: The aggregate of district totals may not equal regional totals [see detailed explanation on page 125].

District Crime:

Offences Against Property – Cleared 2015/16 but Reported Previously

Region/District	Unlawful Entry	Unlawful Entry With Intent - Dwelling	Unlawful Entry Without Violence - Dwelling	Unlawful Entry With Violence - Dwelling	Unlawful Entry With Intent - Shop	Unlawful Entry With Intent - Other	Other Theft (excl. Unlawful Entry)	Stealing from Dwellings	Shop Stealing	Vehicles (steal from/ enter with intent)	Other Stealing	Arson
Brisbane	344	192	184	8	23	129	1156	98	252	165	641	4
North Brisbane	155	77	75	2	15	63	610	49	145	76	340	4
South Brisbane	189	115	109	6	8	66	546	49	107	89	301	0
Central	279	99	93	6	34	146	921	107	172	121	521	15
Capricornia	82	33	28	5	10	39	213	38	33	45	97	8
Mackay	58	17	17	0	4	37	151	17	28	21	85	4
Sunshine Coast	61	27	27	0	4	30	289	27	49	32	181	0
Wide Bay Burnett	78	22	21	1	16	40	268	25	62	23	158	3
Northern	289	164	157	7	16	109	587	66	116	123	282	8
Far North	157	103	101	2	6	48	294	35	52	69	138	4
Mount Isa	34	15	15	0	1	18	61	3	7	26	25	3
Townsville	98	46	41	5	9	43	232	28	57	28	119	1
South Eastern	249	151	142	9	16	82	1122	87	127	138	770	9
Gold Coast	115	62	60	2	10	43	651	35	63	90	463	2
Logan	134	89	82	7	6	39	471	52	64	48	307	7
Southern	287	145	136	9	23	119	935	115	131	147	542	10
Darling Downs	83	38	36	2	3	42	180	21	29	38	92	1
Ipswich	83	54	51	3	6	23	324	38	47	45	194	9
Moreton	81	43	39	4	3	35	355	43	46	45	221	0
South West	40	10	10	0	11	19	76	13	9	19	35	0
Queensland	1448	751	712	39	112	585	4721	473	798	694	2756	46

Note: The aggregate of district totals may not equal regional totals [see detailed explanation on page 125].

District Crime:

Offences Against Property – Cleared 2015/16 but Reported Previously

Region/District	Other Property Damage	Unlawful Use of Motor Vehicle	Fraud	Fraud by Computer	Fraud by Cheque	Fraud by Credit Card	Identity Fraud	Other Fraud	Handling Stolen Goods	Possess Property Suspected Stolen	Receiving Stolen Property	Possess etc. Tainted Property	Other Handling Stolen Goods	Offences Against Property
Brisbane	262	186	752	25	29	178	28	492	65	16	4	43	2	2769
North Brisbane	143	93	487	11	19	128	18	311	39	9	0	30	0	1531
South Brisbane	119	93	265	14	10	50	10	181	26	7	4	13	2	1238
Central	297	76	611	8	19	204	8	372	43	15	4	22	2	2242
Capricornia	101	20	207	1	5	87	6	108	14	4	2	7	1	645
Mackay	57	14	176	1	1	62	0	112	5	2	0	3	0	465
Sunshine Coast	60	20	126	2	9	22	1	92	12	3	1	7	1	568
Wide Bay Burnett	79	22	102	4	4	33	1	60	12	6	1	5	0	564
Northern	297	101	336	8	26	106	8	188	43	13	8	22	0	1661
Far North	150	50	99	7	2	30	6	54	22	8	2	12	0	776
Mount Isa	40	5	17	0	3	4	1	9	10	3	4	3	0	170
Townsville	107	46	220	1	21	72	1	125	11	2	2	7	0	715
South Eastern	249	157	841	22	21	284	25	489	67	14	4	45	4	2694
Gold Coast	130	97	557	15	15	201	15	311	43	8	4	28	3	1595
Logan	119	60	284	7	6	83	10	178	24	6	0	17	1	1099
Southern	259	115	446	16	19	124	7	280	46	7	7	31	1	2098
Darling Downs	56	25	143	5	5	57	1	75	16	1	3	12	0	504
Ipswich	96	34	148	6	7	45	1	89	13	2	1	9	1	707
Moreton	72	49	107	5	2	22	3	75	11	3	3	5	0	675
South West	35	7	48	0	5	0	2	41	6	1	0	5	0	212
Queensland	1364	635	3003	81	114	897	82	1829	264	65	27	163	9	11481

Note: The aggregate of district totals may not equal regional totals [see detailed explanation on page 125].

District Crime:

Offences Against Property – Percentage Cleared[^] – 2015/16

Region/District	Unlawful Entry	Unlawful Entry With Intent - Dwelling	Unlawful Entry Without Violence - Dwelling	Unlawful Entry With Violence - Dwelling	Unlawful Entry With Intent - Shop	Unlawful Entry With Intent - Other	Other Theft (excl. Unlawful Entry)	Stealing from Dwellings	Shop Stealing	Vehicles (steal from/ enter with intent)	Other Stealing	Arson
Brisbane	24	25	24	74	25	22	40	24	70	18	37	26
North Brisbane	23	22	21	71	24	23	43	25	72	18	38	29
South Brisbane	25	27	26	77	26	22	36	23	66	18	36	25
Central	29	29	26	81	37	30	37	30	67	20	37	32
Capricornia	32	30	27	79	43	33	38	31	62	25	40	35
Mackay	27	28	25	90	35	25	34	31	68	23	31	44
Sunshine Coast	27	26	25	78	32	28	37	24	67	17	38	27
Wide Bay Burnett	32	31	28	78	41	32	40	35	68	17	38	23
Northern	30	27	26	77	49	34	35	27	64	21	34	29
Far North	34	32	31	74	53	37	36	28	69	22	31	40
Mount Isa	43	35	32	80	62	47	45	31	74	34	44	50
Townsville	23	21	19	81	37	27	33	25	56	17	36	16
South Eastern	21	22	21	72	26	18	35	24	68	16	36	11
Gold Coast	23	25	23	80	25	21	35	25	70	18	34	12
Logan	18	20	18	66	27	14	35	23	65	12	38	11
Southern	31	31	29	86	43	28	43	33	71	19	44	30
Darling Downs	33	33	31	90	42	32	42	36	71	21	45	22
Ipswich	23	25	22	80	37	20	42	34	68	18	42	27
Moreton	30	32	30	81	35	24	44	26	72	15	46	32
South West	41	42	37	93	73	38	46	39	85	28	43	41
Queensland	27	26	25	78	35	26	38	27	69	18	37	25

[^] Percentage Cleared refers only to those offences which were both Reported and Cleared in the 2015/16 financial year.
 Note: The aggregate of district totals may not equal regional totals [see detailed explanation on page 125].

District Crime:

Offences Against Property – Percentage Cleared[^] – 2015/16

Region/District	Other Property Damage	Unlawful Use of Motor Vehicle	Fraud	Fraud by Computer	Fraud by Cheque	Fraud by Credit Card	Identity Fraud	Other Fraud	Handling Stolen Goods	Possess Property Suspected Stolen	Receiving Stolen Property	Possess etc. Tainted Property	Other Handling Stolen Goods	Offences Against Property
Brisbane	29	49	66	25	64	70	42	64	93	92	99	94	50	41
North Brisbane	30	54	68	28	59	71	50	67	92	90	100	93	80	43
South Brisbane	29	43	63	20	71	70	33	60	95	95	99	94	0	39
Central	37	49	68	38	79	73	47	63	88	85	98	90	60	40
Capricornia	42	52	73	40	60	84	11	55	88	87	100	88	50	43
Mackay	37	58	63	14	100	67	50	56	86	79	100	90	0	38
Sunshine Coast	28	43	68	25	78	78	58	60	93	91	100	93	100	38
Wide Bay Burnett	39	46	64	64	50	48	48	75	85	80	96	86	100	41
Northern	43	52	56	56	75	60	27	52	92	89	95	95	100	40
Far North	45	60	55	20	100	68	24	42	94	92	96	96	0	41
Mount Isa	51	60	80	0	0	97	0	68	89	88	90	92	100	51
Townsville	39	44	55	84	75	48	38	60	89	84	95	93	100	36
South Eastern	32	43	56	29	66	58	43	54	91	89	98	93	32	37
Gold Coast	32	44	54	26	64	55	45	53	90	90	100	92	29	37
Logan	31	42	59	33	67	64	32	54	92	89	94	94	67	36
Southern	37	51	75	20	89	72	65	79	90	86	99	93	62	45
Darling Downs	37	61	83	22	72	82	47	85	93	91	100	94	60	47
Ipswich	31	46	67	14	100	71	33	63	87	79	100	94	67	40
Moreton	34	49	76	20	100	61	82	86	91	90	100	92	0	46
South West	55	51	74	50	85	97	25	65	87	81	97	87	50	52
Queensland	35	48	64	32	77	67	56	63	91	89	98	93	46	40

[^] Percentage Cleared refers only to those offences which were both Reported and Cleared in the 2015/16 financial year.

Note: The aggregate of district totals may not equal regional totals [see detailed explanation on page 125].

District Crime:

Offences Against Property – Reported per 100,000 Persons in 2015/16

Region/District	Unlawful Entry	Unlawful Entry With Intent - Dwelling	Unlawful Entry Without Violence - Dwelling	Unlawful Entry With Violence - Dwelling	Unlawful Entry With Intent - Shop	Unlawful Entry With Intent - Other	Other Theft (excl. Unlawful Entry)	Stealing from Dwellings	Shop Stealing	Vehicles (steal from/ enter with intent)	Other Stealing	Arson
Brisbane	577	378	370	8	30	169	1875	131	454	418	872	12
North Brisbane	530	323	314	10	32	175	2078	131	583	401	964	11
South Brisbane	620	429	422	7	28	163	1687	132	334	434	787	13
Central	562	292	280	12	30	240	1753	180	297	434	841	22
Capricornia	622	345	329	16	30	247	1699	204	248	500	747	28
Mackay	762	376	360	16	47	339	1914	187	276	477	973	24
Sunshine Coast	425	220	215	5	25	180	1792	149	319	454	870	15
Wide Bay Burnett	549	281	267	14	25	243	1635	195	327	317	796	23
Northern	1121	730	714	17	54	337	2529	269	459	667	1134	31
Far North	1176	750	733	17	60	366	2586	247	506	687	1146	21
Mount Isa	1289	563	532	30	103	623	2414	283	450	794	888	73
Townsville	1035	730	715	15	40	264	2478	292	406	628	1153	36
South Eastern	729	470	456	14	25	234	2788	184	437	753	1415	32
Gold Coast	635	388	377	10	24	223	2922	174	435	794	1520	25
Logan	884	605	585	21	27	252	2568	200	440	685	1243	44
Southern	626	346	330	16	30	249	2017	193	427	456	942	31
Darling Downs	586	331	318	13	28	227	1581	169	275	436	701	23
Ipswich	696	391	374	17	36	270	2250	211	548	490	1001	35
Moreton	551	337	323	13	25	189	2486	219	554	502	1212	32
South West	723	307	281	27	35	380	1470	152	229	328	761	41
Queensland	673	412	400	12	32	229	2120	178	413	519	1009	23

Note: The aggregate of district totals may not equal regional totals [see detailed explanation on page 125].

District Crime:

Offences Against Property – Reported per 100,000 Persons in 2015/16

Region/District	Other Property Damage	Unlawful Use of Motor Vehicle	Fraud	Fraud by Computer	Fraud by Cheque	Fraud by Credit Card	Identity Fraud	Other Fraud	Handling Stolen Goods	Possess Property Suspected Stolen	Receiving Stolen Property	Possess etc. Tainted Property	Other Handling Stolen Goods	Offences Against Property
Brisbane	504	171	461	5	3	228	16	207	112	50	8	54	1	3711
North Brisbane	557	185	532	6	4	278	18	225	111	59	5	46	1	4002
South Brisbane	455	158	395	4	3	182	15	191	113	41	10	62	0	3441
Central	632	126	306	5	2	162	10	127	74	33	6	34	0	3474
Capricornia	750	120	382	4	2	244	8	125	90	49	6	35	1	3692
Mackay	648	166	341	4	4	217	4	112	88	31	4	53	1	3943
Sunshine Coast	504	128	272	5	3	126	15	124	60	24	4	32	0	3196
Wide Bay Burnett	684	101	255	5	1	95	9	144	67	34	11	22	0	3314
Northern	1149	318	388	8	3	184	5	187	137	72	15	50	0	5673
Far North	1154	270	361	7	1	187	8	158	156	83	19	55	0	5725
Mount Isa	2253	368	213	0	3	103	3	103	347	234	30	79	3	6957
Townsville	994	367	443	10	5	193	3	232	86	37	8	41	0	5439
South Eastern	733	326	596	6	4	313	26	248	146	54	10	77	3	5350
Gold Coast	678	324	596	5	2	317	35	237	142	59	11	67	5	5322
Logan	822	330	595	6	6	306	11	266	151	47	9	95	1	5394
Southern	775	171	486	4	10	199	15	257	107	44	12	49	2	4213
Darling Downs	639	144	421	4	10	177	6	224	130	42	17	69	2	3523
Ipswich	826	208	368	6	12	181	11	158	90	41	6	41	3	4474
Moreton	812	191	705	4	7	283	32	379	97	52	8	37	0	4874
South West	881	113	405	2	12	109	4	279	113	37	26	48	2	3745
Queensland	694	208	456	6	4	221	19	206	112	49	10	53	1	4286

Note: The aggregate of district totals may not equal regional totals [see detailed explanation on page 125].

District Crime:

Other Offences – Reported – 2015/16

Region/District	Drug Offences	Trafficking Drugs	Possess Drugs	Produce Drugs	Sell Supply Drugs	Other Drug Offences	Liquor (excl. Drunkenness)	Gaming Racing & Betting Offences	Breach Domestic Violence Protection Order
Brisbane	21746	199	10179	290	989	10089	818	0	3398
North Brisbane	10416	140	5096	105	536	4539	646	0	1587
South Brisbane	11330	59	5083	185	453	5550	172	0	1811
Central	17042	159	7355	587	865	8076	819	0	5219
Capricornia	4827	46	1944	133	404	2300	431	0	1637
Mackay	2986	20	1322	88	136	1420	124	0	1143
Sunshine Coast	4829	79	2208	163	137	2242	159	0	1018
Wide Bay Burnett	4400	14	1881	203	188	2114	105	0	1421
Northern	12004	71	5261	442	923	5307	2775	0	6037
Far North	5724	20	2819	251	222	2412	1396	0	2370
Mount Isa	970	5	402	12	55	496	761	0	962
Townsville	5310	46	2040	179	646	2399	618	0	2705
South Eastern	16228	95	7683	211	643	7596	282	0	3858
Gold Coast	9922	60	4853	113	285	4611	225	0	1887
Logan	6306	35	2830	98	358	2985	57	0	1971
Southern	20444	146	7756	461	1884	10197	936	0	4340
Darling Downs	5862	26	2314	151	367	3004	217	0	890
Ipswich	4032	12	1603	77	237	2103	44	0	1306
Moreton	7225	86	2663	154	908	3414	93	0	1463
South West	3325	22	1176	79	372	1676	582	0	681
Queensland	87792	704	38243	1992	5586	41267	5630	0	22853

Note: The aggregate of district totals may not equal regional totals [see detailed explanation on page 125].

District Crime: Other Offences – Reported – 2015/16

Region/District	Prostitution Offences	Found in Places Used for Purpose of	Have Interest in Premises Used for	Knowingly Participate in Provision	Public Soliciting	Procuring Prostitution	Permit Minor to be at a Place Used	Advertising Prostitution	Other Prostitution Offences
Brisbane	44	10	1	14	5	1	0	2	11
North Brisbane	14	0	1	8	0	0	0	1	4
South Brisbane	30	10	0	6	5	1	0	1	7
Central	5	0	1	3	0	0	0	1	0
Capricornia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mackay	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0
Sunshine Coast	3	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0
Wide Bay Burnett	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Northern	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Far North	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Mount Isa	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Townsville	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
South Eastern	9	3	0	0	2	2	0	0	2
Gold Coast	8	2	0	0	2	2	0	0	2
Logan	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Southern	5	0	0	2	0	0	3	0	0
Darling Downs	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0
Ipswich	3	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0
Moreton	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
South West	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Queensland	64	13	2	19	8	3	3	3	13

Note: The aggregate of district totals may not equal regional totals [see detailed explanation on page 125].

District Crime: Other Offences – Reported – 2015/16

Region/District	Trespassing and Vagrancy	Stock Related Offences	Weapons Act Offences	Unlawful possn conc. firearm	Unlawful possn firearm - Other	Bomb possn and/or use of	Possn and/or use other weapons; restricted items	Weapons Act Offences - Other
Brisbane	1398	1	1541	37	106	1	449	948
North Brisbane	776	1	758	23	56	1	217	461
South Brisbane	622	0	783	14	50	0	232	487
Central	1291	250	1407	21	178	5	382	821
Capricornia	476	75	415	4	46	1	94	270
Mackay	239	24	271	4	33	1	82	151
Sunshine Coast	264	15	290	5	27	0	89	169
Wide Bay Burnett	312	136	431	8	72	3	117	231
Northern	1168	46	1031	25	129	1	385	491
Far North	528	30	530	13	56	1	194	266
Mount Isa	245	11	89	0	14	0	23	52
Townsville	395	5	412	12	59	0	168	173
South Eastern	777	8	1226	36	156	3	390	641
Gold Coast	394	1	662	22	77	1	211	351
Logan	383	7	564	14	79	2	179	290
Southern	1230	205	1474	44	213	5	568	644
Darling Downs	384	42	385	13	65	1	71	235
Ipswich	237	18	334	12	39	1	108	174
Moreton	416	4	505	9	48	1	279	168
South West	193	141	250	10	61	2	110	67
Queensland	5864	510	6685	163	783	15	2174	3550

Note: The aggregate of district totals may not equal regional totals [see detailed explanation on page 125].

District Crime:

Other Offences – Reported – 2015/16

Region/District	Traffic and Related Offences	Dangerous Operation of a Vehicle	Drink Driving	Disqualified Driving	Interfere with Mechanism of M/V	Good Order Offences	Disobey Move-on Direction	Resist Incite Hinder Obstruct	Fare Evasion	Public Nuisance	Miscellaneous Offences	Other Offences
Brisbane	8869	402	5806	2651	10	15846	189	6394	2868	6395	1502	55163
North Brisbane	4064	163	2799	1098	4	9647	137	3394	1551	4565	995	28904
South Brisbane	4805	239	3007	1553	6	6199	52	3000	1317	1830	507	26259
Central	10396	378	7258	2757	3	11342	250	5760	292	5040	1039	48810
Capricornia	2979	103	1714	1161	1	3664	70	1870	97	1627	300	14804
Mackay	1935	71	1269	595	0	2303	65	1279	74	885	188	9215
Sunshine Coast	2874	98	2293	482	1	2653	88	1261	66	1238	217	12322
Wide Bay Burnett	2608	106	1982	519	1	2722	27	1350	55	1290	334	12469
Northern	7537	332	5189	2012	4	12609	208	4635	563	7203	1006	44214
Far North	4407	171	2912	1323	1	5539	100	1834	190	3415	475	21000
Mount Isa	707	25	508	173	1	2568	9	856	39	1664	38	6351
Townsville	2423	136	1769	516	2	4502	99	1945	334	2124	493	16863
South Eastern	7798	390	5100	2302	6	10575	162	5198	1205	4010	783	41544
Gold Coast	4810	195	3323	1289	3	6068	143	2359	529	3037	590	24567
Logan	2988	195	1777	1013	3	4507	19	2839	676	973	193	16977
Southern	9804	415	6438	2945	6	11258	153	5924	651	4530	1029	50725
Darling Downs	2887	89	2187	610	1	3315	80	1545	70	1620	287	14271
Ipswich	2510	175	1405	928	2	2685	14	1485	361	825	230	11399
Moreton	2334	108	1552	672	2	3098	39	1918	210	931	355	15493
South West	2073	43	1294	735	1	2160	20	976	10	1154	157	9562
Queensland	44405	1917	29792	12667	29	61630	962	27911	5579	27178	5369	240802

Note: The aggregate of district totals may not equal regional totals [see detailed explanation on page 125].

District Crime:

Other Offences – Reported per 100,000 Persons – 2015/16

Region/District	Drug Offences	Trafficking Drugs	Possess Drugs	Produce Drugs	Sell Supply Drugs	Other Drug Offences	Liquor (excl. Drunkenness)	Gaming Racing & Betting Offences	Breach Domestic Violence Protection Order
Brisbane	1429	13	669	19	65	663	54	0	223
North Brisbane	1421	19	695	14	73	619	88	0	216
South Brisbane	1437	7	645	23	57	704	22	0	230
Central	1667	16	720	57	85	790	80	0	511
Capricornia	2039	19	821	56	171	972	182	0	691
Mackay	1635	11	724	48	74	777	68	0	626
Sunshine Coast	1394	23	637	47	40	647	46	0	294
Wide Bay Burnett	1716	5	734	79	73	825	41	0	554
Northern	2162	13	948	80	166	956	500	0	1087
Far North	2046	7	1008	90	79	862	499	0	847
Mount Isa	2949	15	1222	36	167	1508	2314	0	2925
Townsville	2190	19	841	74	266	989	255	0	1115
South Eastern	1790	10	848	23	71	838	31	0	426
Gold Coast	1757	11	859	20	50	816	40	0	334
Logan	1846	10	828	29	105	874	17	0	577
Southern	2456	18	932	55	226	1225	112	0	521
Darling Downs	2406	11	950	62	151	1233	89	0	365
Ipswich	1711	5	680	33	101	893	19	0	554
Moreton	3007	36	1108	64	378	1421	39	0	609
South West	2945	19	1042	70	330	1485	516	0	603
Queensland	1815	15	790	41	115	853	116	0	472

Note: The aggregate of district totals may not equal regional totals [see detailed explanation on page 125].

District Crime:

Other Offences – Reported per 100,000 Persons – 2015/16

Region/District	Prostitution Offences	Found in Places Used for Purpose of	Have Interest in Premises Used for	Knowingly Participate in Provision	Public Soliciting	Procuring Prostitution	Permit Minor to be at a Place Used	Advertising Prostitution	Other Prostitution Offences
Brisbane	3	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
North Brisbane	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
South Brisbane	4	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1
Central	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Capricornia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mackay	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0
Sunshine Coast	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Wide Bay Burnett	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Northern	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Far North	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mount Isa	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Townsville	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
South Eastern	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gold Coast	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Logan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Southern	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Darling Downs	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Ipswich	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
Moreton	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
South West	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Queensland	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Note: The aggregate of district totals may not equal regional totals [see detailed explanation on page 125].

District Crime:

Other Offences – Reported per 100,000 Persons – 2015/16

Region/District	Trespassing and Vagrancy	Stock Related Offences	Weapons Act Offences	Unlawful possn conc. firearm	Unlawful possn firearm - Other	Bomb possn and/or use of	Possn and/or use other weapons; restricted items	Weapons Act Offences - Other
Brisbane	92	0	101	2	7	0	30	62
North Brisbane	106	0	103	3	8	0	30	63
South Brisbane	79	0	99	2	6	0	29	62
Central	126	24	138	2	17	0	37	80
Capricornia	201	32	175	2	19	0	40	114
Mackay	131	13	148	2	18	1	45	83
Sunshine Coast	76	4	84	1	8	0	26	49
Wide Bay Burnett	122	53	168	3	28	1	46	90
Northern	210	8	186	5	23	0	69	88
Far North	189	11	189	5	20	0	69	95
Mount Isa	745	33	271	0	43	0	70	158
Townsville	163	2	170	5	24	0	69	71
South Eastern	86	1	135	4	17	0	43	71
Gold Coast	70	0	117	4	14	0	37	62
Logan	112	2	165	4	23	1	52	85
Southern	148	25	177	5	26	1	68	77
Darling Downs	158	17	158	5	27	0	29	96
Ipswich	101	8	142	5	17	0	46	74
Moreton	173	2	210	4	20	0	116	70
South West	171	125	221	9	54	2	97	59
Queensland	121	11	138	3	16	0	45	73

Note: The aggregate of district totals may not equal regional totals [see detailed explanation on page 125].

District Crime:

Other Offences – Reported per 100,000 Persons – 2015/16

Region/District	Traffic and Related Offences	Dangerous Operation of a Vehicle	Drink Driving	Disqualified Driving	Interfere with Mechanism of M/V	Good Order Offences	Disobey Move-on Direction	Resist Incite Hinder Obstruct	Fare Evasion	Public Nuisance	Miscellaneous Offences	Other Offences
Brisbane	583	26	382	174	1	1041	12	420	188	420	99	3625
North Brisbane	554	22	382	150	1	1316	19	463	212	623	136	3943
South Brisbane	609	30	381	197	1	786	7	380	167	232	64	3330
Central	1017	37	710	270	0	1110	24	564	29	493	102	4775
Capricornia	1258	44	724	490	0	1548	30	790	41	687	127	6253
Mackay	1059	39	695	326	0	1261	36	700	41	485	103	5045
Sunshine Coast	830	28	662	139	0	766	25	364	19	357	63	3557
Wide Bay Burnett	1017	41	773	202	0	1062	11	527	21	503	130	4863
Northern	1358	60	935	362	1	2271	37	835	101	1297	181	7964
Far North	1575	61	1041	473	0	1980	36	656	68	1221	170	7506
Mount Isa	2150	76	1545	526	3	7809	27	2603	119	5060	116	19312
Townsville	999	56	729	213	1	1856	41	802	138	876	203	6953
South Eastern	860	43	563	254	1	1167	18	573	133	442	86	4583
Gold Coast	852	35	588	228	1	1074	25	418	94	538	104	4350
Logan	875	57	520	297	1	1319	6	831	198	285	56	4969
Southern	1178	50	773	354	1	1352	18	712	78	544	124	6094
Darling Downs	1185	37	898	250	0	1361	33	634	29	665	118	5857
Ipswich	1065	74	596	394	1	1140	6	630	153	350	98	4838
Moreton	971	45	646	280	1	1289	16	798	87	387	148	6448
South West	1836	38	1146	651	1	1913	18	865	9	1022	139	8471
Queensland	918	40	616	262	1	1274	20	577	115	562	111	4977

Note: The aggregate of district totals may not equal regional totals [see detailed explanation on page 125].



Missing Persons

This section contains information relating to missing and located missing persons within Queensland.

Missing Persons:

Reported Number of Missing Persons* – by Age and Sex 2015/16

Region/District	0-12		13		14		15		16		17		18-19	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
Brisbane	99	53	76	32	59	117	52	87	49	58	12	8	22	28
North Brisbane	52	35	49	14	16	58	22	42	21	33	7	5	15	10
South Brisbane	47	18	27	18	43	59	30	45	28	25	5	3	7	18
Central	71	59	26	48	42	77	47	44	26	17	9	11	9	7
Capricornia	24	20	10	16	9	22	12	9	11	4	2	3	4	3
Mackay	17	21	3	10	13	10	13	9	4	2	2	1	2	1
Sunshine Coast	15	7	7	11	7	22	15	11	7	7	2	3	1	3
Wide Bay Burnett	15	11	6	11	13	23	7	15	4	4	3	4	2	0
Northern	125	79	32	91	59	88	37	55	23	33	26	13	7	11
Far North	63	47	22	63	41	50	24	29	17	16	19	7	2	8
Mount Isa	20	9	2	5	3	21	1	6	2	3	1	0	0	1
Townsville	42	23	8	23	15	17	12	20	4	14	6	6	5	2
South Eastern	72	46	37	75	80	125	50	80	29	43	21	17	16	12
Gold Coast	31	15	19	42	46	56	20	38	8	21	8	7	11	7
Logan	41	31	18	33	34	69	30	42	21	22	13	10	5	5
Southern	130	61	99	82	100	104	57	154	57	72	24	25	26	15
Darling Downs	50	13	31	35	44	34	18	53	21	14	6	8	3	2
Ipswich	42	21	46	28	26	35	21	69	19	40	14	10	12	5
Moreton	28	20	19	13	26	29	10	27	13	13	4	7	11	6
South West	10	7	3	6	4	6	8	5	4	5	0	0	0	2
Queensland	497	298	270	328	340	511	243	420	184	225	92	74	81	73

* Only persons whose age and sex were identified are included.

The accuracy of the address has not been determined at the time the data was extracted for inclusion in this publication. Therefore, police district statistics may not always sum to regional totals, or regional statistics to Queensland totals.

Missing Persons:

Reported Number of Missing Persons* – by Age and Sex 2015/16

Region/District	20-24		25-29		30-39		40-49		50-59		60+		Total	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
Brisbane	70	55	53	41	109	71	81	60	58	21	71	33	811	664
North Brisbane	35	30	27	24	60	47	45	32	36	13	33	22	418	365
South Brisbane	35	25	26	17	49	24	36	28	22	8	38	11	393	299
Central	29	29	28	26	55	40	45	37	33	21	42	12	462	428
Capricornia	6	7	7	5	14	8	8	8	2	3	6	4	115	112
Mackay	5	4	1	4	10	9	2	5	6	8	10	0	88	84
Sunshine Coast	8	5	9	5	19	12	18	12	8	6	9	7	125	111
Wide Bay Burnett	10	13	11	12	12	11	17	12	17	4	17	1	134	121
Northern	25	22	36	21	47	45	50	20	28	15	39	9	534	502
Far North	14	11	19	10	27	27	33	10	18	11	28	6	327	295
Mount Isa	4	0	7	2	8	5	6	5	2	1	1	1	57	59
Townsville	7	11	10	9	12	13	11	5	8	3	10	2	150	148
South Eastern	31	27	46	28	76	50	51	33	30	20	29	11	568	567
Gold Coast	17	14	27	17	48	27	30	16	18	14	20	6	303	280
Logan	14	13	19	11	28	23	21	17	12	6	9	5	265	287
Southern	26	21	42	22	72	43	53	31	33	15	32	13	751	658
Darling Downs	7	6	5	2	16	12	18	7	9	2	5	4	233	192
Ipswich	8	7	24	8	30	10	17	18	8	5	4	4	271	260
Moreton	6	7	10	8	23	14	16	4	10	6	15	5	191	159
South West	5	1	3	4	3	7	2	2	6	2	8	0	56	47
Queensland	181	154	207	140	362	251	281	182	187	93	217	79	3126	2819

* Only persons whose age and sex were identified are included.

The accuracy of the address has not been determined at the time the data was extracted for inclusion in this publication. Therefore, police district statistics may not always sum to regional totals, or regional statistics to Queensland totals.

Missing Persons:

Reported Number of Located Missing Persons* – by Age and Sex 2015/16

Region/District	0-12		13		14		15		16		17		18-19	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
Brisbane	98	53	76	32	59	117	52	87	49	58	12	8	22	28
North Brisbane	51	35	49	14	16	58	22	42	21	33	7	5	15	10
South Brisbane	47	18	27	18	43	59	30	45	28	25	5	3	7	18
Central	71	59	26	48	42	77	47	44	26	17	9	11	9	7
Capricornia	24	20	10	16	9	22	12	9	11	4	2	3	4	3
Mackay	17	21	3	10	13	10	13	9	4	2	2	1	2	1
Sunshine Coast	15	7	7	11	7	22	15	11	7	7	2	3	1	3
Wide Bay Burnett	15	11	6	11	13	23	7	15	4	4	3	4	2	0
Northern	125	79	32	91	59	88	37	55	23	33	26	13	7	11
Far North	63	47	22	63	41	50	24	29	17	16	19	7	2	8
Mount Isa	20	9	2	5	3	21	1	6	2	3	1	0	0	1
Townsville	42	23	8	23	15	17	12	20	4	14	6	6	5	2
South Eastern	72	46	37	75	80	125	50	79	29	42	21	17	16	12
Gold Coast	31	15	19	42	46	56	20	37	8	21	8	7	11	7
Logan	41	31	18	33	34	69	30	42	21	21	13	10	5	5
Southern	130	61	99	82	100	104	57	154	57	72	24	25	26	15
Darling Downs	50	13	31	35	44	34	18	53	21	14	6	8	3	2
Ipswich	42	21	46	28	26	35	21	69	19	40	14	10	12	5
Moreton	28	20	19	13	26	29	10	27	13	13	4	7	11	6
South West	10	7	3	6	4	6	8	5	4	5	0	0	0	2
Queensland	496	298	270	328	340	511	243	419	184	224	92	74	81	73

* Only persons whose age and sex were identified are included.

The accuracy of the address has not been determined at the time the data was extracted for inclusion in this publication. Therefore, police district statistics may not always sum to regional totals, or regional statistics to Queensland totals.

Missing Persons:

Reported Number of Located Missing Persons* – by Age and Sex 2015/16

Region/District	20-24		25-29		30-39		40-49		50-59		60+		Total	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
Brisbane	70	55	52	41	107	71	81	60	57	21	71	33	806	664
North Brisbane	35	30	26	24	58	47	45	32	36	13	33	22	414	365
South Brisbane	35	25	26	17	49	24	36	28	21	8	38	11	392	299
Central	29	29	28	26	54	40	45	37	33	21	40	12	459	428
Capricornia	6	7	7	5	14	8	8	8	2	3	6	4	115	112
Mackay	5	4	1	4	10	9	2	5	6	8	10	0	88	84
Sunshine Coast	8	5	9	5	19	12	18	12	8	6	9	7	125	111
Wide Bay Burnett	10	13	11	12	11	11	17	12	17	4	15	1	131	121
Northern	23	22	35	21	47	45	49	20	26	14	37	9	526	501
Far North	13	11	18	10	27	27	33	10	16	10	27	6	322	294
Mount Isa	3	0	7	2	8	5	6	5	2	1	1	1	56	59
Townsville	7	11	10	9	12	13	10	5	8	3	9	2	148	148
South Eastern	31	27	46	28	75	50	49	33	30	20	29	11	565	565
Gold Coast	17	14	27	17	47	27	29	16	18	14	20	6	301	279
Logan	14	13	19	11	28	23	20	17	12	6	9	5	264	286
Southern	26	21	41	22	72	42	53	31	32	15	32	12	749	656
Darling Downs	7	6	5	2	16	12	18	7	8	2	5	3	232	191
Ipswich	8	7	23	8	30	10	17	18	8	5	4	4	270	260
Moreton	6	7	10	8	23	14	16	4	10	6	15	5	191	159
South West	5	1	3	4	3	6	2	2	6	2	8	0	56	46
Queensland	179	154	204	140	358	250	278	182	183	92	212	78	3105	2814

* Only persons whose age and sex were identified are included.

The accuracy of the address has not been determined at the time the data was extracted for inclusion in this publication. Therefore, police district statistics may not always sum to regional totals, or regional statistics to Queensland totals.



Traffic

This section contains information relating to traffic crashes, speed, red light camera notices, random breath tests and vehicle impoundments within Queensland.

All data included in this section were provided by the Road Safety Strategic Development and Intelligence Unit, Road Policing Command, Queensland Police Service and are current as at 30 June 2016.

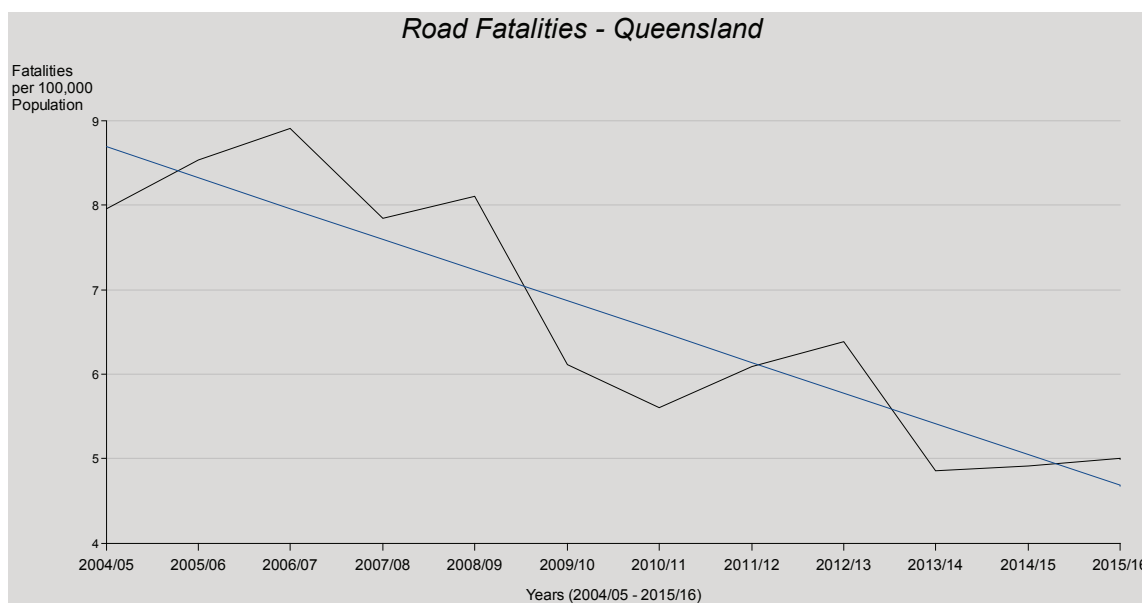
Data relating to traffic crashes and injuries other than fatalities were not available at the time of publication.

Traffic:

Number of Road Fatalities* – 2015/16

Region/District	Number Reported			Number Reported per 100,000 Persons*		
	2014/15	2015/16	Percentage Change	2014/15	2015/16	Percentage Change
Brisbane	24	41	71	2	3	69
North Brisbane	13	18	38	2	3	37
South Brisbane	11	23	109	1	3	107
Central	79	65	-18	7	6	-19
Capricornia	21	16	-24	8	6	-25
Mackay	17	12	-29	9	6	-31
Sunshine Coast	18	8	-56	5	2	-56
Wide Bay Burnett	23	29	26	8	10	24
Northern	44	40	-9	7	7	-11
Far North	35	21	-40	12	7	-41
Mount Isa	5	3	-40	15	9	-41
Townsville	4	16	300	2	6	291
South Eastern	23	25	9	2	3	6
Gold Coast	11	17	55	2	3	51
Logan	12	8	-33	3	2	-35
Southern	65	71	9	8	8	6
Darling Downs	18	28	56	7	11	53
Ipswich	7	24	243	3	9	229
Moreton	19	9	-53	8	4	-54
South West	21	10	-52	18	8	-53
Queensland	235	242	3	5	5	2

* Casualty data was obtained from the WebCrash 2.3 database. Population data by Region and District was sourced from Statistical Services and extrapolated to December 2014 and 2015 for calculating fatality rates. The population figure for the Queensland total fatality rate was sourced from the Australian Bureau of Statistics Catalogue 3101.0 (December 2015 issue).



Queensland's road fatality rate for the 2015/16 financial year was five fatalities per 100,000 persons. Queensland recorded a 2% increase in the rate per 100,000 persons when compared with the previous year with 242 fatalities recorded in 2015/16.

Traffic:

Number of Drink Driving Offences* – 2014/15

Region/District	0.15 and over (includes Under the Influence of Drugs)	0.10 & under 0.15	0.05 & under 0.10	Below 0.05	Fail to Provide Specimen of Breath or Blood	Total
Brisbane	1025	1113	1975	300	118	4531
North Brisbane	470	569	1001	135	55	2230
South Brisbane	555	544	974	165	63	2301
Central	1337	1305	2355	324	139	5460
Capricornia	331	380	585	108	36	1440
Mackay	296	265	477	73	24	1135
Sunshine Coast	411	374	793	72	49	1699
Wide Bay Burnett	299	286	500	71	30	1186
Northern	1108	951	1511	269	105	3944
Far North	532	520	874	143	52	2121
Mount Isa	195	121	129	31	13	489
Townsville	381	310	508	95	40	1334
South Eastern	870	1024	1771	203	89	3957
Gold Coast	592	677	1149	119	55	2592
Logan	278	347	622	84	34	1365
Southern	916	979	1717	276	108	3996
Darling Downs	267	278	507	94	23	1169
Ipswich	198	241	365	56	23	883
Moreton	226	270	494	65	34	1089
South West	225	190	351	61	28	855
Queensland	5260	5381	9335	1372	559	21907

* Data has been sourced from QPRIME Zap Analysis and data is accurate as at 28/07/2016. The totals in the regional data may not match the Queensland total due to incorrect data entry (e.g. no or incorrect address specified resulting in 'exception').

Number of Drink Driving Offences* – 2015/16

Region/District	0.15 and over (includes Under the Influence of Drugs)	0.10 & under 0.15	0.05 & under 0.10	Below 0.05	Fail to Provide Specimen of Breath or Blood	Total
Brisbane	1023	935	1732	259	95	4044
North Brisbane	467	466	928	131	33	2025
South Brisbane	556	469	804	128	62	2019
Central	1148	1126	1993	264	97	4628
Capricornia	283	289	490	90	19	1171
Mackay	217	250	416	50	21	954
Sunshine Coast	332	331	633	67	29	1392
Wide Bay Burnett	316	256	454	57	28	1111
Northern	1068	847	1352	222	87	3576
Far North	570	483	851	150	51	2105
Mount Isa	198	91	108	18	13	428
Townsville	300	273	393	54	23	1043
South Eastern	831	898	1485	192	76	3482
Gold Coast	567	598	927	97	41	2230
Logan	264	300	558	95	35	1252
Southern	821	800	1456	254	100	3431
Darling Downs	224	202	384	70	21	901
Ipswich	216	199	353	52	35	855
Moreton	206	221	405	81	17	930
South West	175	178	314	51	27	745
Queensland	4899	4610	8027	1192	456	19184

* Data has been sourced from QPRIME Zap Analysis and data is accurate as at 28/07/2016. The totals in the regional data may not match the Queensland total due to incorrect data entry (e.g. no or incorrect address specified resulting in 'exception').

Traffic:

Number of Red Light Camera Offences[^] – 2015/16

Region	Number of Offences			Number of Offences per 1,000 vehicles monitored		
	2014/15	2015/16	Percentage Change	2014/15	2015/16	Percentage Change**
Brisbane	19123	26048	36	0.15	0.15	-1
Central	2887	5400	87	0.14	0.21	49
Northern	2873	2104	-27	0.15	0.12	-22
South Eastern	6753	8731	29	0.23	0.25	10
Southern	2199	3265	48	0.18	0.19	3
Queensland	33835	45548	35	0.16	0.17	6

Number of Mobile Speed Camera Offences – 2015/16

Region	Number of Offences			Number of Offences per Hour*		
	2014/15	2015/16	Percentage Change	2014/15	2015/16	Percentage Change**
Brisbane	354046	306754	-13	13.40	11.61	-13
Central	84444	70495	-17	3.78	3.26	-14
Northern	99194	82774	-17	4.96	4.23	-15
South Eastern	154192	130741	-15	11.03	9.62	-13
Southern	120778	110841	-8	6.59	5.72	-13
Queensland	812654	701605	-14	8.04	6.98	-13

Number of Fixed Speed Camera Offences[#] – 2015/16

Region	Number of Offences			Number of Offences per 1000 vehicles monitored		
	2014/15	2015/16	Percentage Change	2014/15	2015/16	Percentage Change**
Brisbane	64546	105219	63	1.12	1.71	52
Central	8776	12176	39	0.56	0.44	-20
Northern	18502	12038	-35	1.76	1.30	-26
South Eastern	86601	77105	-11	1.85	1.48	-20
Southern	7787	6530	-16	0.50	0.42	-16
Queensland	186212	213068	14	1.27	1.28	1

Please Note:

1. Data is extracted from camera databases within the Queensland Police Service (Traffic Camera Office). These systems are live databases and the reported statistics may vary on a daily basis.
2. Any data which is extracted less than six weeks from the end of a reporting period is considered preliminary.
3. Offences from road safety cameras do not necessarily result in the issuing of an infringement notice. Offences from cameras are adjudicated by an accredited Traffic Camera Office staff member. The adjudication process assesses whether there is sufficient evidence to meet legal requirements to issue an infringement notice. Differences observed between offences and notices issued will be the result of this adjudication process.
4. Vehicles Monitored relates to the number of vehicles the camera detects as passing the camera and is an automated process performed by the camera. Portable Mobile Speed Cameras are aimed at a specific vehicle and not all vehicles passing that location and therefore do not collect a total vehicles count.
5. 2014/15 data was sourced from the QPS Annual Statistical Review 2014-15. 2015/16 data was extracted from the Image and Infringement Processing System (IIPS) on 18/07/2016.

** Although Offences per 1,000 Vehicles Monitored or Offences per Hour have been rounded to the nearest whole number, the actual number was used to calculate the percentage change between the two periods. Therefore, although the change values are correct, they may not appear so, particularly where numbers are low.

[^] Figures include data for digital combined speed/red light cameras (red light offences only).

* Portable devices do not collect a vehicle count, so data for Mobile Speed Cameras (Overt, Covert and Portable) is represented in 'Offences per Hour' rather than 'Offences per 1,000 Vehicles Monitored'.

[#] Figures include data for digital combined speed/red light cameras (speed offences only).

Traffic:

Number of Random Breath Tests Conducted* – 2014/15

Region	Booze Bus	Other Stationary	Mobile	Crash/ Infringement	^Other	Total
Brisbane	13808	593137	132067	28577	2161	769750
Central	2942	707274	256870	40099	10171	1017356
Northern	23783	281653	103382	18688	4950	432456
South Eastern	10863	428959	125840	19963	5744	591369
Southern	1022	496356	229089	26387	4576	757430
Other*	194	69438	10118	6880	2520	89150
Queensland	52612	2576817	857366	140594	30122	3657511

*Random Breath Testing data by geographical region for 2014/15 has been sourced from the Intelligent Tasking Analysis System (ITAS) on 3/08/2015. Region 'Other' is inclusive of Random Breath Tests undertaken by units that are central to a command (i.e. not hosted in regions). For example, units under the Commander Road Policing Command (Roadside Drug Testing Unit, Road Policing Task Force and Brisbane Forensic Crash Unit) are included in region 'Other'.

^Note: Other Random Breath Test types include alcoholmeter reason codes Random Breath Test water, heavy vehicle and behaviour.

Number of Random Breath Tests Conducted* – 2015/16

Region	Booze Bus	Other Stationary	Mobile	Crash/ Infringement	^Other	Total
Brisbane	10153	500132	115932	20862	3594	650673
Central	4725	713615	204075	32851	17191	972457
Northern	14440	253533	103008	14169	17367	402517
South Eastern	12495	473252	120221	18555	6698	631221
Southern	4458	490282	198938	19069	8827	721574
Other*	207	79975	9347	7129	3176	99834
Queensland	46478	2510789	751521	112635	56853	3478276

*Random Breath Testing data by geographical region for 2015/16 has been sourced from the Intelligent Tasking Analysis System (ITAS) on 12/07/2016 and is preliminary and subject to change. Region 'Other' is inclusive of Random Breath Tests undertaken by units that are central to a command (i.e. not hosted in regions). For example, the units under Commander Road Policing Command (Roadside Drug Testing Unit, Road Policing Task Force and Brisbane Forensic Crash Unit) are included in region 'Other'.

^Note: Other Random Breath Test types include alcoholmeter reason codes Random Breath Test water, heavy vehicle and behaviour.

Number of Roadside Drug Tests Conducted and Positive Roadside Drug Tests – 2014/15 and 2015/16

Region	Number of Roadside Drug Tests*			Number of Positive Roadside Drug Tests^		
	2014/15	2015/16	Percentage Change	2014/15	2015/16	Percentage Change
Brisbane	-	-	-	605	1772	193
Central	-	-	-	875	2672	205
Northern	-	-	-	578	1661	187
South Eastern	-	-	-	454	1652	264
Southern	-	-	-	666	3047	358
Queensland	20389	49445	143	3178	10804	240

* Data on the number of roadside drug tests was sourced from ITAS Roadside Drug Testing module, QPRIME and databases maintained by the Statewide Drug Testing project.

^ Data on positive roadside drug tests was sourced from QPRIME and is preliminary and subject to change.

Traffic:

Vehicle Impoundment Offences – Number of Type 1* and Type 2** Vehicle Impoundments – 2014/15 and 2015/16

Region	Number Vehicle Impoundment Offences (Type 1)*			Number Vehicle Impoundment Offences (Type 2)**		
	2014/15	2015/16	Percentage Change	2014/15	2015/16	Percentage Change
Brisbane	881	1141	30	13116	16444	25
Central	896	1167	30	12333	13150	7
Northern	936	1105	18	9497	10113	6
South Eastern	1070	1360	27	11929	12760	7
Southern	925	1213	31	12154	13270	9
Queensland	4713	5991	27	59069	65780	11

Data is preliminary and is subject to change. Data has been sourced from QPRIME Zap Analysis and is accurate as at 18/07/2016. The totals in the regional data may not match the Queensland total due to incorrect data entry (e.g. no or incorrect address specified resulting in 'exception'). These figures are counting offences, not necessarily vehicles. For example, a vehicle could commit multiple offences (i.e. could be unregistered and uninsured and unlicensed). Therefore the number of vehicles could be less.

* Type 1 offences include dangerous operation of a vehicle, driving without due care and attention, racing/speed trials on a road, wilfully make unnecessary noise or smoke and evade police.

** Type 2 offences include unregistered and uninsured, driving whilst unlicensed, driving whilst disqualified or restricted, high level drink driving, fail to supply specimen of breath or blood, driving under 24 hour suspension, driving illegally modified vehicle and high end speeding.

Number of Vehicles Impounded, Immobilised or Eligible for Forfeiture – 2014/15 and 2015/16

Region	Number Vehicles Impounded, Immobilised or Eligible for Forfeiture		
	2014/15	2015/16	Percentage Change
Brisbane	2543	3154	24
Central	2618	2934	12
Northern	1751	2086	19
South Eastern	2395	2598	8
Southern	3099	3653	18
Queensland	12411	14435	16

Data is preliminary and subject to change. Data has been sourced from QPRIME Zap Analysis and is accurate as at 18/07/2016. The totals in the regional data may not match the Queensland total due to incorrect data entry (e.g. no or incorrect address specified resulting in 'exception'). Vehicles are eligible for impoundment, immobilisation or forfeiture for 'hooning' offences under Chapter 4 of the *Police Powers and Responsibilities Act 2000*, and eligible for impoundment for criminal organisation offences under s.123G of the *Police Powers and Responsibilities Act 2000*.

Traffic:

Number of Police Pursuits Recorded by Pursuit Policy Reason – 2014/15 and 2015/16

Pursuit Policy Reason Section 10.5.2 of the Traffic Manual (subsections)	2014/15		2015/16	
	Quantity	% of Total Pursuits	Quantity	% of Total Pursuits
(i)	3	2	4	3
(ii)	2	1	0	0
(iii)	2	1	0	0
(iv)	96	65	78	58
(i), (ii)	0	0	1	1
(i), (iii), (iv)	1	1	0	0
(i), (iv)	4	3	1	1
(ii), (iv)	0	0	1	1
(iii), (iv)	1	1	4	3
NPM	39	26	46	34
Total	148	100	135	100

Caveat: Data pertaining to reported pursuits has been extracted from the pursuit database, which is maintained by Road Policing Command. Pursuits are identified for inclusion in the database upon entry into the Significant Events Messaging System, and/or QPRIME, and/or upon identification by the Significant Event Review Panel and/or upon identification of a pursuit after an audit of evade police offences by a professional practice manager. Data was extracted on 12 July 2016 and is preliminary and subject to change.

Legend for Pursuit policy reason type

^As per traffic manual 10.5.2 Justification for pursuit;

Pursuits are permitted only where officers have a reasonable belief that an occupant of the vehicle:

- (i) will create an imminent threat to life; or
- (ii) has or may commit an act of unlawful homicide or attempt to murder; or
- (iii) has issued threats to kill any person and has the apparent capacity to carry out the threat; or
- (iv) has committed an indictable offence prior to an attempt by police to intercept the vehicle;

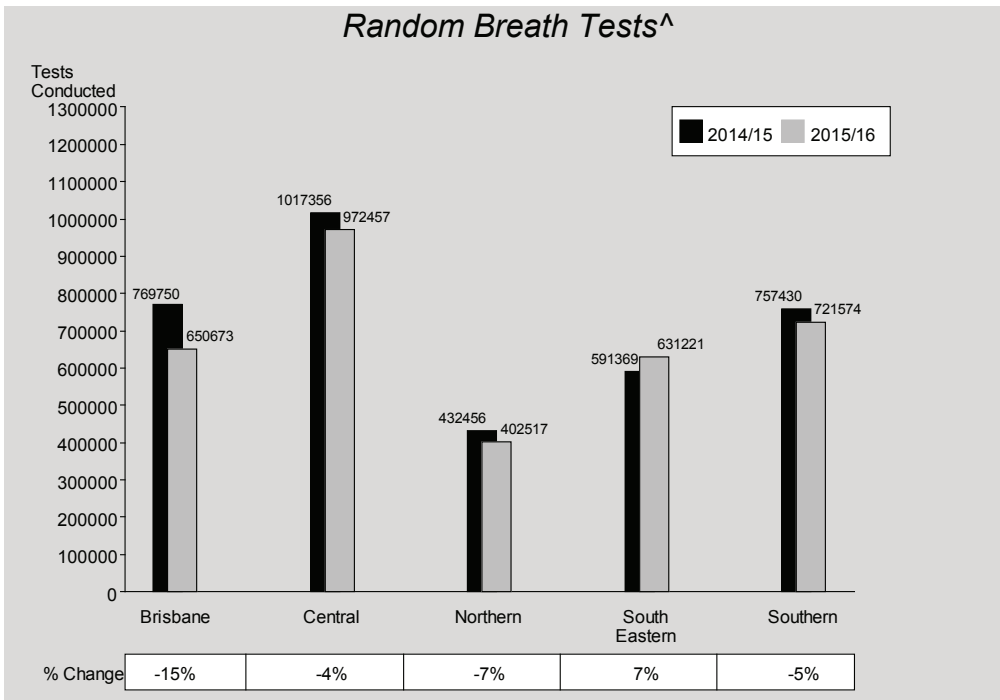
AND

- (v) the imminent need to apprehend the person is considered justifiable given the risks of pursuing

Matters which officers are not permitted to pursue (NPM = Non-pursuable matters) include:

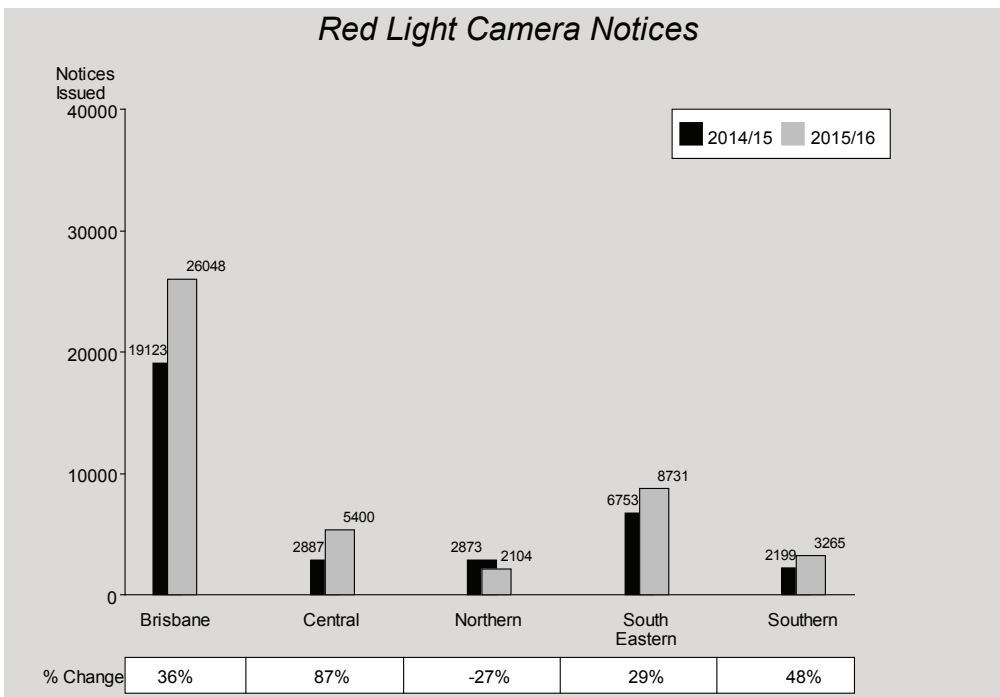
- licence, vehicle or street checks;
- routine traffic interceptions where no other offence exists apart from failing to stop as directed;
- random breath tests;
- all simple offences (including traffic offences and evasion offences); and
- indictable offences based on officer instinct alone or suspicion only (without supporting evidence).

Traffic



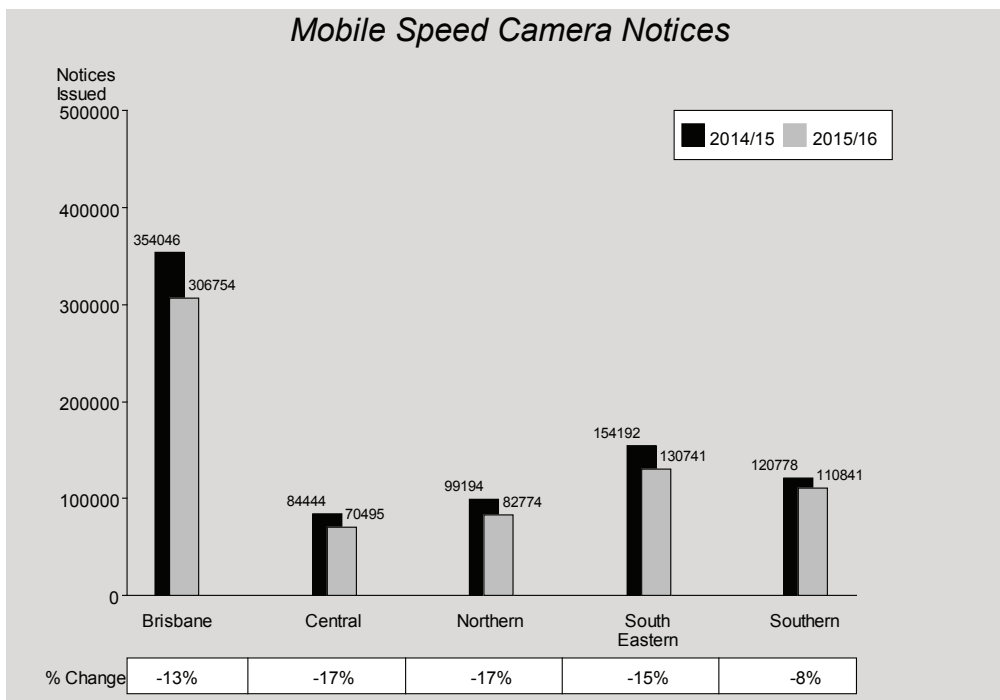
Central Region recorded the highest number of random breath tests for 2015/16, with the lowest recorded in Northern Region. South Eastern Region recorded the only increase while Brisbane Region recorded the greatest decrease.

[^] The aggregate of region totals do not equate to the number of tests conducted state-wide.

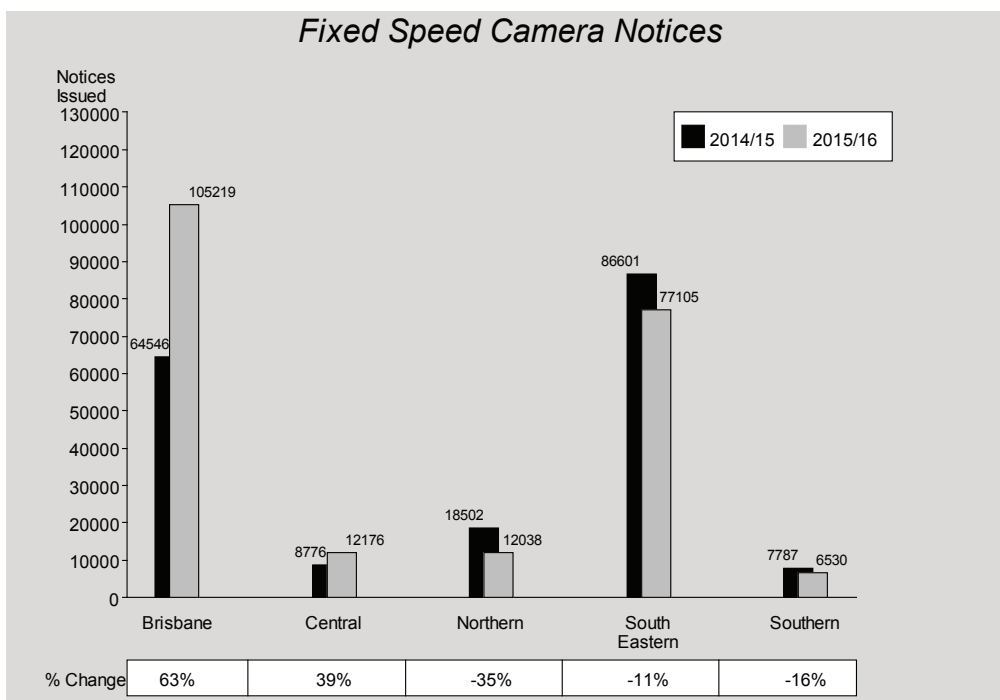


Brisbane Region recorded the highest number of red light camera notices issued in the State and Northern Region recorded the lowest and the largest decrease. The largest increase of red light camera notices issued was recorded by Central Region.

Traffic



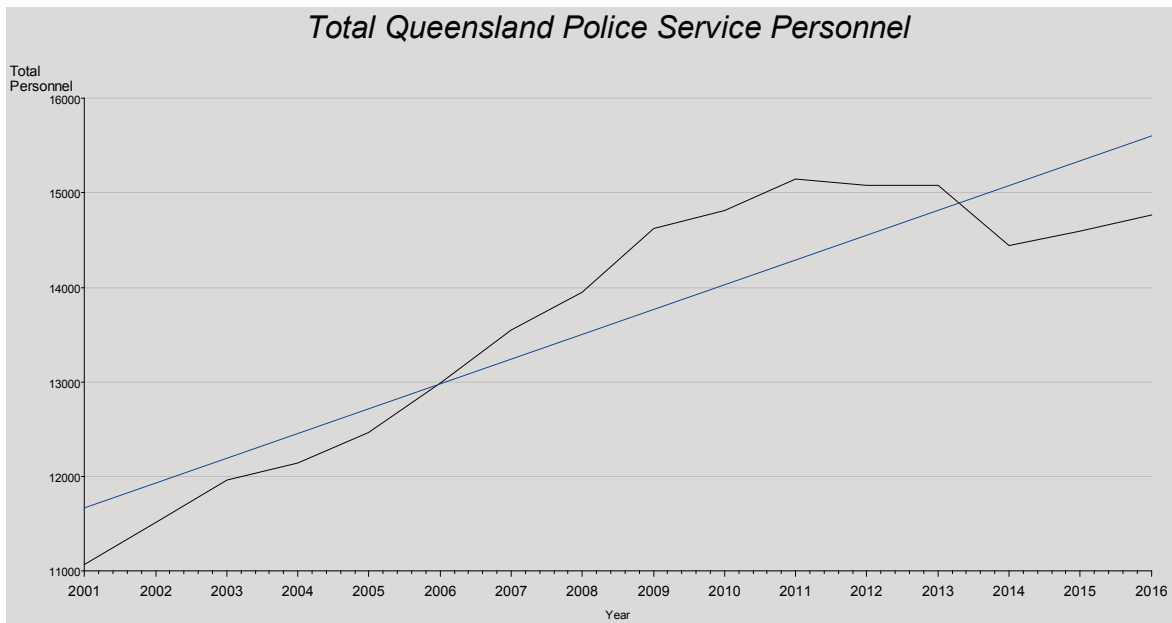
Brisbane Region recorded the highest number of mobile speed camera notices issued in the State and Central Region recorded the lowest. All regions recorded a decrease compared to 2014/15, with the greatest decrease recorded by both Central and Northern regions.



Brisbane Region recorded the highest number of fixed speed camera notices issued in the State as well as the greatest increase. Southern Region recorded the lowest number of notices issued and Northern Region recorded the largest decrease.

Personnel

This section provides statistics pertaining to personnel within the Queensland Police Service. All data contained in this section were provided by Human Resources, Public Safety Business Agency, unless otherwise noted.



Personnel:

Personnel by Rank/Classification

Rank/Classification	As at 30 June 2015			As at 30 June 2016		
	Male	Female	Persons	Male	Female	Persons
Police Officers and Recruits						
Executive Officers	13	2	15	15	1	16
Commissioner	1	0	1	1	0	1
Deputy Commissioner	3	0	3	2	0	2
Assistant Commissioner	9	2	11	12	1	13
Commissioned Officers	271	23	294	280	26	306
Chief Superintendent	8	1	9	8	1	9
Superintendent	42	2	44	45	5	50
Inspector	221	20	241	227	20	247
Non-Commissioned Officers	2526	588	3114	2518	612	3130
Senior Sergeant	701	103	804	696	111	807
Sergeant	1825	485	2310	1822	501	2323
Constables	5731	2429	8160	5959	2466	8425
Senior Constable	3281	1455	4736	3428	1552	4980
Constable	2450	974	3424	2531	914	3445
Total Police Officers	8541	3042	11583	8772	3105	11877
Recruits in Training	235	57	292	50	44	94
Total Police Personnel	8776	3099	11875	8822	3149	11971
Public Service Officers *						
Senior Executive Service/Senior Officer	3	1	4	3	0	3
Deputy Chief Executive	0	0	0	0	0	0
Senior Executive Service/Senior Officer	1	1	2	2	0	2
Senior Officer	2	0	2	1	0	1
Other Officers	416	1903	2319	434	1960	2394
Administrative Officer	365	1836	2201	374	1889	2263
Technical Officer	24	19	43	27	16	43
Professional Officer	27	48	75	33	55	88
Operational Officer	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Public Service Officers	419	1904	2323	437	1960	2397
General Employees						
Police Liaison Officers	90	51	141	88	58	146
Assistant Watchhouse Officers	86	31	117	89	29	118
Queensland Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Police	2	0	2	0	0	0
Torres Strait Islander Police Support Officers	20	5	25	24	6	30
General Wages Staff	51	55	106	47	54	101
Trade and trade related	1	0	1	0	0	0
Casual	0	2	2	0	2	2
Total Other Personnel	250	144	394	248	149	397
All Personnel						
Total All Personnel	9445	5147	14592	9507	5258	14765

* Includes temporary employees occupying Public Service positions.

Personnel:

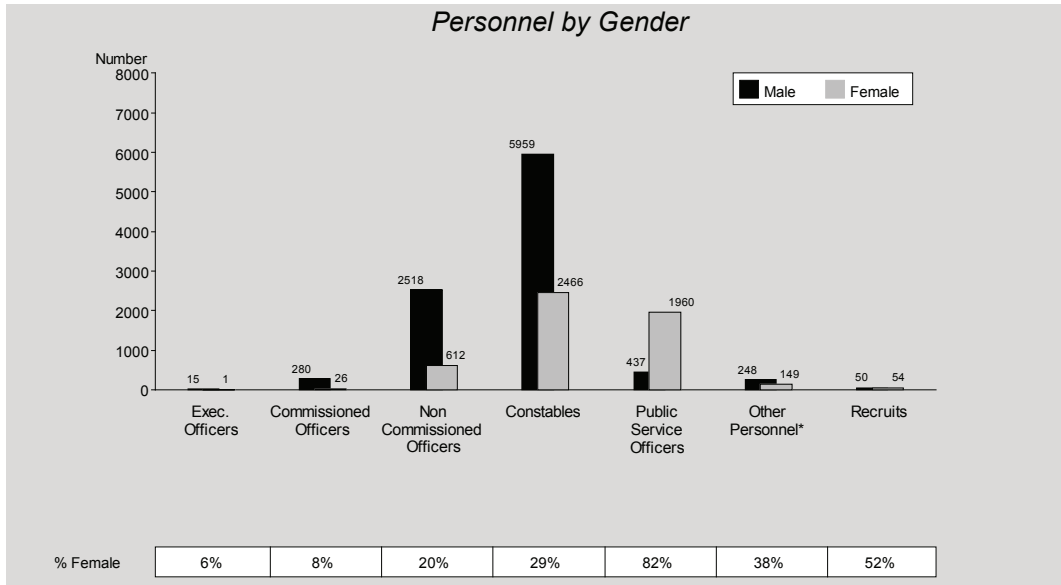
Separations by Rank/Classification – 2015/16

Rank/Classification	Retirements				Other Separations					Total
	– Age – 60 years and over	– Age – 55 - 59 years	VER^	Medical grounds	Resignation	Death	Dismissal	Scheduled Completion	Transfer to other Govt Agencies	
Police Personnel										
Executive Officers	1	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	n/a	4
Commissioner	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	n/a	0
Deputy Commissioner	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	n/a	1
Assistant Commissioner	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	n/a	3
Commissioned Officers	2	5	0	1	1	0	0	0	n/a	9
Chief Superintendent	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	n/a	0
Superintendent	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	n/a	3
Inspector	2	2	0	1	1	0	0	0	n/a	6
Non-Commissioned Officers	60	31	0	18	23	2	0	0	n/a	134
Senior Sergeant	17	12	0	1	8	1	0	0	n/a	39
Sergeant	43	19	0	17	15	1	0	0	n/a	95
Constables	18	6	0	31	122	2	5	0	n/a	184
Senior Constable	17	5	0	21	48	2	4	0	n/a	97
Constable	1	1	0	10	74	0	1	0	n/a	87
Total Police Officers	81	44	0	50	147	4	5	0	n/a	331
Public Service Officers *										
Senior Executive Service/Senior Officer	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	2
Deputy Chief Executive	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Senior Executive	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
Senior Officer	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Other Officers	28	10	0	10	53	2	0	0	16	119
Administrative Officer	27	10	0	10	51	2	0	0	16	116
Technical Officer	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Professional Officer	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	2
Operational Officer	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Public Service Officers	28	11	0	10	54	2	0	0	16	121
General Employees										
Police Liaison Officers	1	2	0	1	8	0	0	0	0	12
Assistant Watchhouse Officers	1	1	0	0	4	1	0	0	1	8
Queensland Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Police	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Trainees - General	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
General Wages Staff	2	1	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	7
Trade and trade related	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Casual	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Other Personnel	4	4	0	1	16	1	0	0	1	27
All Personnel										
Total All Personnel	113	59	0	61	217	7	5	0	17	479

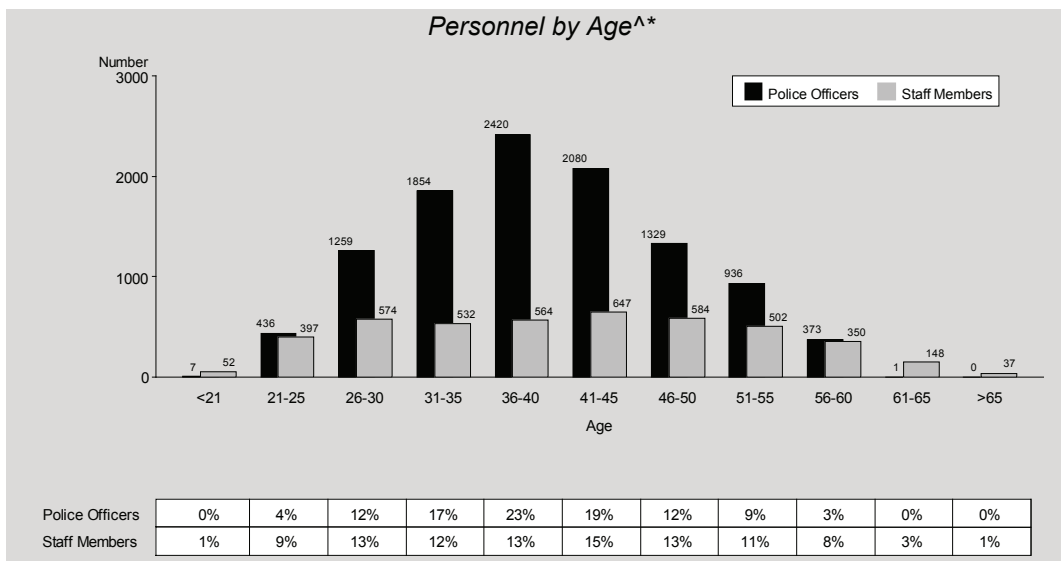
* Permanent employees occupying Public Service positions.

^ VER Voluntary Early Retirement

Personnel



* Other Personnel includes Communication Room Operators, Police Liaison Officers, Assistant Watchhouse Officers, Queensland Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Police, Trainees, Pilots, General Wages Staff, Trade and Trade related and Casual staff.



[^] Percentages have been rounded to the nearest whole number. Therefore, although the percentages are correct, they do not add to 100%.
 * The total for Staff Members includes Recruits.

Personnel:

Police Officers Promotions, Transfers and Reviews – 2015/16

	Promotion	Transfer *	Lateral Transfer #	Disciplinary / Suspension / Stand-down **	Other ##	Total
Decisions	297	216	1331	45	1	1890
Reviews Lodged	24	0	2	4	1	31
Percentage of Decisions Reviewed	8.1%	0.0%	0.2%	8.9%	100.0%	1.6%
Reviews Lodged	45	0	2	4	1	52
Overtured	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dismissed ^	4	0	0	0	0	4
Re-assessed ^	2	0	0	0	0	2
Withdrawn ^	8	0	0	1	0	9
Lapsed/No jurisdiction	0	0	2	0	1	3
Not finalised ^	31	0	0	3	0	34

* Excludes the initial allocation of Recruits.

^ Results of reviews do not include decisions of reviews lodged before this financial year, but finalised in 2015/16.

** Disciplinary reviews restricted to Breaches of Discipline only.

Does not include the permanent allocation of First Year Constables.

Other includes:

1. Reviews for "Unfitness for duty on medical grounds" (Sections 9.3(1)(e) and 8.3 *Public Service Administration Act 1990*)

2. Reviews under s.46 of the *Public Interest Disclosure Act 2010*

3. Reviews under s.9.3(1)(e) *Public Service Administration Act 1990*, but where no appointment has been made. The decision not to appoint a particular person is reviewed by that person.

Police Recruitment Appointment by Gender

Type of Appointment	2014/15			2015/16		
	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
Sworn-In	254	73	327	474	150	624
Recruit - PREP Program *	249	73	322	472	149	621
Recruit - PACE Program ^	0	0	0	0	0	0
Recruit - RACE Program ^^	4	0	4	1	1	2
Re-instatement	1	0	1	1	0	1

* PREP - New recruits put through the Police Recruit Entry Pathway.

^ PACE - Former Police Officers put through the Police Abridged Competency Education Course.

^^ RACE - Former Police Officers put through the Re-joiner Accelerated Competency Education Program.

Personnel: Summary Table

Region/District	As at 30 June 2016		Actual Strength (as at 30 June 2016)		Number of Reported Offences - 2015/16		
	Approximate Area (sq km)	Estimated Resident Population ²	Police Officers	Staff Members ³	Offences Against the Person	Offences Against Property	Other Offences
Brisbane¹	2997	1521752	2247	336	6412	56477	55163
North Brisbane	1364	733111	1210	188	3483	29342	28904
South Brisbane	1633	788641	1022	146	2929	27135	26259
Central	307348	1022153	1641	253	5913	35510	48810
Capricornia	111203	236745	441	75	1902	8741	14804
Mackay	151892	182639	309	45	1192	7201	9215
Sunshine Coast	3101	346372	452	69	1102	11070	12322
Wide Bay Burnett	41152	256396	432	61	1717	8498	12469
Northern	885820	555181	1391	302	7356	31497	44214
Far North	353359	279775	679	165	3434	16018	21000
Mt Isa	383122	32887	174	35	1117	2288	6351
Townsville	149339	242519	531	100	2805	13191	16863
South Eastern	4535	906445	1486	172	5550	48491	41544
Gold Coast	1360	564793	886	103	3352	30061	24567
Logan	3175	341651	586	66	2198	18430	16977
Southern	671116	832402	1478	249	5724	35065	50725
Darling Downs	33455	243650	370	58	1517	8585	14271
Ipswich	5943	235608	409	66	1543	10542	11399
Moreton	5153	240259	393	56	1628	11711	15493
South West	626565	112885	300	67	1036	4227	9562
State Functions	-	-	3265	1482	-	-	-
External Agencies (includes Police Officers seconded to the Public Safety Business Agency)	-	-	369	-	-	-	-
Queensland	1871816	4837933	11877	2794	30997	207373	240802

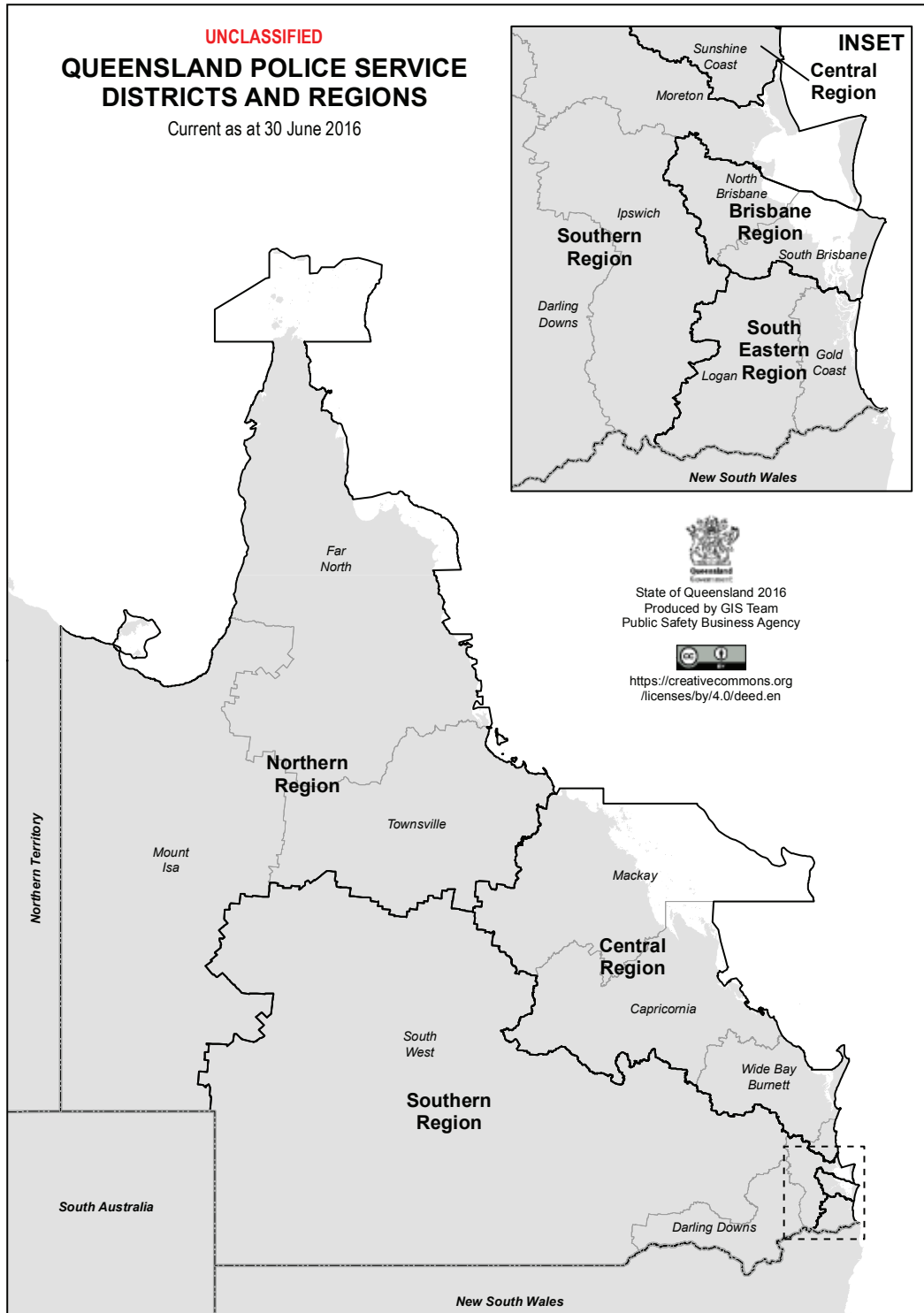
1 The region total for Actual Strength includes employees for Regional Functions and the Brisbane Watchhouse.

2 Due to the rounding, the aggregate of region totals do not equate to the Queensland total.

3 Staff Members include Public Service Officers, Police Liaison Officers, Assistant Watchhouse Officers, Queensland Aboriginal Torres Strait Islander Police and other Temporary and General Employees.

Note: The aggregate of district totals may not equal regional totals [see detailed explanation on page 125].

Police Regions and Districts



Explanatory Notes

The interpretation of police crime statistics is not a simple task. Before an appreciation for the value and utility of crime statistics is possible, it is necessary to understand the conventions and bounds of police crime statistics as well as the various external variables which may affect them. These include the procedures used by the Queensland Police Service (QPS) in the compilation and collation of crime statistics, the definitions and rules QPS follows in producing crime statistics, and the social and environmental factors that may have an impact on the statistics.

Once an understanding of the scope of police crime statistics is achieved, the value of the information they provide and its worth as a research and planning tool becomes evident. QPS strives to maintain absolute integrity and accuracy in the production of these statistics and publishes the Annual Statistical Review as its official public record of statistics pertaining to police, crime and related matters. To assist in using the information contained in this publication, a detailed summary of the above-mentioned definitions and conventions is provided over the following pages.

The information displayed in this publication may vary from data published in previous editions of the Annual Statistical Review. Data published in the 2015/16 Annual Statistical Review may also differ from the data published on www.data.qld.gov.au (open data website) and data published via www.mypolice.qld.gov.au (myPolice website). Information published on these websites are updated at the beginning of each month with revised data. These revised data may include additional information that may have been added or edited to QPRIME records since being published in the 2015/16 Annual Statistical Review.

Reporting and Detection Rates

A major environmental factor that impacts on the use of police crime statistics as an indicator of total crime levels in Queensland is the level of reporting by the community.

The rate of crime reporting may vary according to many factors. This includes the perception by members of the community as to whether an offence has actually

occurred, and whether the offence is reported by the victim or a community member to the QPS.

According to both Queensland Government Statistician's Office (QGSO) and Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS) surveys, the most common reason for not reporting crime was that the offence was considered too trivial. The second most common reason was that the victim doubted the police could or would take action.

Another factor which has a major impact on crime statistics is the priorities and activities of the QPS. An expansion of the State Drug Squad, for example, may result in an enhanced ability to detect drug offences within Queensland. An increase in the number of drug offences recorded in police crime statistics may, therefore, be directly related to the effectiveness of the State Drug Squad rather than an actual increase in drug offences in Queensland.

In order to gain a more comprehensive picture of the nature and extent of crime, QPS crime statistics should be examined in conjunction with information from other sources such as Victims of Crime surveys and criminological research.

Recording Offences

The crime statistics presented in this review were derived from the Queensland Police Records and Information Management Exchange (QPRIME) database.

After becoming aware of an offence the reporting officer contacts PoliceLink by telephone as soon as practicable. A twenty-four hour data entry service exists to facilitate this process. The offence is recorded, classified and counted by the data entry staff. This process provides the benefits of reducing police officers' administrative workloads as well as providing an accurate and immediate computerised record of crimes.

Crime Statistics Collection

Reference Period

For the purposes of this Annual Statistical Review, the reference period is the financial year, 1 July 2015 to 30 June 2016.

Reference Date

The reference date for reported offences is the date an offence is reported to or detected by police. For cleared offences, the reference date is the date the offence was cleared by police. For offender statistics the reference date is the date an action is commenced.

Data Source

Crime

All Queensland Police Service crime statistics are derived from the data contained in official crime reports.

Since June 2007, official crime reports have been recorded in the Queensland Police Records and Information Management Exchange (QPRIME). Crime reports recorded between December 1994 and June 2007 have been converted from Crime Recording Information System for Police (CRISP) to QPRIME.

Prior to December 1994 crime reports were derived from data entered into the crime statistics database maintained by the Statistics Section of the former Information Management Bureau (and its precursors).

Not substantiated or unfounded, and cancelled reports are excluded from QPS published crime statistics information.

Population

The population data used to calculate the number of victims and offenders by age and sex per 100,000 population was taken from *Australian Demographic Statistics, December 2015 (ABS Catalogue No. 3101.0)*.

All other rate calculations throughout the publication are based on a projection of the estimated residential population as at June 2015 (for 2014/15) and June 2016 (for 2015/16) as provided by the ABS and the Queensland Government Statistician's Office.

Rates and Numbers

Methodology

Numbers of offences are simply the number of offences occurring (recorded by police) within a specific area and for a specified period of time. These are presented as simple counts. The problem with using crime numbers to gauge the true level of crime is that areas with larger populations will presumably have higher numbers of crime than areas with smaller populations.

Rates displayed in this publication are always presented per 100,000 persons. Calculation of rates allows direct comparisons of crime to be made across different geographical areas (state, regions and districts) and across time since the size of the population is taken into account in the calculation.

Rates are calculated as:

$$\frac{\text{No. of reported offences}}{\text{Estimated residential population}} \times 100,000$$

Interpreting Rates and Numbers

It is important to note that transient population groups such as tourists are not factored into the estimated population. This would have particular impact on high tourism areas where crime rates would be overestimated.

Caution should be exercised when using either numbers or rates alone to measure crime in specific and different areas. Rates, for example, are sensitive to small populations. Both numbers and rates of reported offences have particular uses and should be presented together to give a clear and balanced picture of the level of crime.

Percentage changes are another type of rate which requires caution when interpreting. Small numbers of offences can result in large percentage changes.

Comparisons of crime rates over different areas should be interpreted with great caution due to the many factors which differ from community to community. The level of crime in any community is affected by the number and composition of its population, with particular reference to age, sex, ethnicity and employment. The climate and geographical features of the community are important as is the economic structure including the local industry and the level and distribution of income. The attitude of the public toward crime can also impact upon local crime levels.

Crime statistics for low volume offence categories tend to fluctuate randomly and dramatically from one year to the next. This can cause difficulties in the identification of trends and patterns in the levels of offences. It is, therefore, important to approach these low volume offence categories with caution when looking at trends and even when making comparisons across geographical areas.

Unreported Crime

QPS crime data can only relate to the offences which have been reported to police. There is a proportion of crime that is never reported. Various surveys, for example, 4530.0 – Crime Victimisation – Australia and 4509.0 Crime and Safety – Australia, are conducted by the ABS to determine the level of unreported crime. The reporting rate can vary dramatically across offence types. For example, approximately 94 percent of all motor vehicle theft is reported to police whilst only 55 percent of assault offences are reported. It is important to keep this in mind when using crime data. Relying on reported offences only can lead to an underestimation of the true rate of victimisation.

Offence Classification

The offence categories used by the QPS for crime statistics are based on the Australian National Classification of Offences (ANCO), prepared by the ABS. ANCO was designed to provide a national framework for classifying offences for statistical purposes. The Australian Standard Offence Classification (ASOC) has been implemented in some jurisdictions by the National Centre for Crime and Justice Statistics of the ABS, and will eventually supersede ANCO. However, the QPS crime statistics collection will continue to be based on ANCO.

Crime statistics are presented under three broad offence divisions: offences against the person; offences against property; and other offences. These three primary divisions have been developed to facilitate the understanding of crime statistics by grouping similar offence categories together. Following are the offence sub-divisions located within each of these primary categories.

Offences Against the Person

The offence division of offences against the person includes the following offence sub-divisions: homicide (murder), other homicide; assault; sexual offences; robbery; and other offences against the person.

Offences Against Property

The offence division of offences against property includes the following offence sub-divisions: unlawful entry; arson; other property damage; unlawful use of motor vehicle; other theft (excluding unlawful entry); fraud; and handling stolen goods.

Other Offences

The offence division of other offences includes the following offence sub-divisions: drug offences; prostitution offences; liquor (excluding drunkenness); gaming, racing and betting offences; breach of domestic violence protection orders; trespassing and vagrancy; weapons act offences; good order offences; stock related offences; traffic and related offences; and miscellaneous offences.

Many offence sub-divisions are divided into offence groups and then offence sub-groups. Reported and cleared offence statistics in this publication are presented to a group level in most sections.

Geographical Classification

Queensland crime statistics are compiled to four hierarchical geographical levels. Firstly, statistics are compiled for the State as a whole. Below this, QPS

divides the state into five statistical regions. The next geographical level is that of statistical districts, of which there are 15 throughout the State. Finally, these districts are divided into 335 statistical divisions. Reported and cleared offence statistics are presented at State, Regional and District levels in this Review.

Counting Methodology

The counting rules used by the QPS in the collection and collation of crime statistics are based on the guidelines published in the *National Crime Statistics Manual* (ABS) and as amended from time to time by the National Crime Statistics Advisory Group.

The national counting rule is that for each victim within a distinct criminal incident, the Most Serious Offence (MSO) per ANCO subdivision is counted. The national data set does not include 'victimless' offences such as those detailed in the QPS division of other offences. The QPS counting rule for offences of this type is to count each distinct criminal act per criminal incident.

Where the victim based rule applies, the description of a victim varies according to the type of offence. A victim may be an individual person, an organisation, a place/premise, or a motor vehicle (refer to glossary for definition of victim).

The application of the MSO rule has major implications for the recording of crime statistics. By applying the MSO rule a single criminal incident may result in a number of offences being recorded. For incidents where the same victim is subjected to multiple offences belonging to different subdivisions, one offence, the most serious, is counted within each subdivision. For example, if a person is kidnapped and then raped by two offenders, one kidnapping/abduction/deprivation of liberty and one rape would be counted.

Exceptions to Counting Rules

The offence subdivision of sexual offences (which includes rape and attempted rape and other sexual offences) is an exception to the national counting rule. The counting rule applied by the QPS in respect of this group of offences is that for each victim the MSO per ANCO subdivision is counted on the basis of time and place.

The effect of using this rule is that if a victim is subjected to numerous sexual offences over a long period of time by one offender and these actions come to the attention of police at one point in time, the MSO per separate incident based on time and place is counted. Therefore, it is only possible to identify the number of offences, not victims, of sexual offences. A count of ten sexual offences may mean that there were ten victims or that one victim was subjected to

ten offences over an unspecified time period by one or more offenders.

Fluctuations in the number of reported offences for this offence category must therefore be considered with caution, due to the effects of the current counting rule.

Victims of Crime

The Victims of Crime statistics presented in this review are compiled on the basis of one victim per counted offence. The statistics do not provide a unique victim count. For example, where the same victim is subjected to multiple offences belonging to different offence sub-divisions within an incident, then in accordance with the MSO rule, that victim would be recorded for each most serious offence per sub-division.

It is important to remember that these statistics are derived using a system whose primary function is to service operational policing. Consequently, there may be slight variations between offence and victim counts.

Statistics relating to victims of offences against property are not included. This is due to the statistical definition of 'victim' used by the QPS, that is, a victim may be an individual person, an organisation, a place or premise, or a motor vehicle (refer to glossary).

Offences included in the other offences division are also excluded, as these offences are usually deemed to be 'victimless' offences.

There are several offence groups in offences against the person where the victim may be an organisation rather than an individual person. Examples include robbery committed upon a banking institution or business, and extortion committed upon organisations. It should be noted that these offences are not included in the victim count.

Offender Counting

Offender statistics are based on offence counts and do not and can not refer to individuals. The data refers to the number of offences cleared or solved through an action against an offender. As such, offender data does not equate to a unique offender count and nor does it equate to the number of offences cleared. For example, an offender charged with motor vehicle theft, unlawful entry, assault and other theft would be included four times in any offender breakdown by age and sex.

Only persons aged ten years and over are deemed to be offenders. Under Queensland law, children under ten years of age are not held criminally responsible, although they may be involved in the commission of an offence. Juvenile offenders are those aged between and including ten and sixteen years.

Offenders have not been included if their age and sex is not specified in QPS records. Less than 1% of offenders have been excluded for this reason.

Drink Driving Offences

Examples of significant events affecting the drink driving time series include:

- 04/05/1985 – Legal blood/alcohol limit for persons under 18 years lowered to 0.02%;
- 1986/87 – Reduce Impaired Driving (RID) campaign introduced;
- 01/01/1989 – Random Breath Test (RBT) formally commenced;
- 04/10/1991 – First two Mobile Breath Stations (Booze Buses) introduced.
- 01/07/2012 – Introduction of Drink Driving 0.05 and under 0.10 which replaces Drink Driving 0.05 and under 0.08
- 01/07/2012 – Introduction of Drink Driving 0.10 and under 0.15 which replaces Drink Driving 0.08 and under 0.15
- 01/11/2013 – Introduction of high range drink driving above 0.15 and failure to supply a specimen of breath or blood offences

Drug Enforcement Region

Offences detected or under investigation involving covert drug operations or sensitive issues such as sexual child abuse are not geographically classified until after the completion of all inquiries in the interest of strict confidentiality. For this reason, a temporary holding geographical classification, the Drug Enforcement Region, has been created. Offences classified to this area are included only in Queensland offence counts in this Review.

Other Property Damage – Change in Policy

In December 2001, the Service implemented a change in policy in regard to the reporting of other property damage offences. Prior to this change, the offence of wilful damage was automatically recorded in conjunction with some unlawful entry and unlawful use of motor vehicle offences. As damage to property is an intrinsic part of break and enter offences, the Service altered the policy so that the offence of wilful damage is no longer recorded with these offences.

Glossary

Symbols and Abbreviations

n/a	not available
-	not defined
0	nil
n.e.c.	not elsewhere classified
n.f.d.	not further defined
ATSI	Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander

Offence

For statistical purposes an offence is any act reported to or becoming known by the police, which they consider, prima facie, to be in breach of the criminal law. With the exception of murder, each offence count represents an actual offence, an attempted offence, a conspiracy, or the aiding or abetting of an offence. In the case of murder, these categories are distinguished.

Reported Offences

Reported offences refer to all established offences reported to or becoming known to the police within the relevant reference period.

Not Substantiated

An offence is “*not substantiated*” or “*unfounded*” when investigation has established that the alleged offence was not in fact committed. This includes a false report, a mistake in the facts as reported by the informant, or no breach of the law involved in the alleged offence.

Inability to prove an ingredient of an offence does not make an offence “*not substantiated*” nor does a decision by a complainant not to proceed after the offence has been reported.

Cleared Offences

An offence is deemed to be cleared under, but not restricted to, the following circumstances:

- At least one offender has been arrested or summonsed or issued with a notice to appear, or information has been laid to compel an offender’s appearance before a court;
- Action has been taken against at least one offender under the provisions of the *Juvenile Justice Act 1992* (e.g. administration of an official caution, summons or reference to a community conference);
- At least one offender has been dealt with in accordance with Queensland Police Service policy (e.g. informal counselling of children and elderly persons);
- The offender has admitted the offence but there is an obstacle to proceedings (e.g. diplomatic immunity);
- The offender is known and sufficient evidence has been obtained, but the complainant refuses to prosecute;
- The offender is in another jurisdiction and extradition is not desired or not available;
- The offender is serving a sentence and no useful purpose would be served by prosecution;
- The offender has died before proceedings can be commenced;
- The offender has been admitted to a mental institution before charges are laid and release is unlikely;
- The offender is being offered drug diversion for a minor drug offence;
- There is some other bar to prosecution;
- The offender is dealt with by ex-officio indictment;
- The offender is being dealt with by another agency apart from QPS;
- The complainant or essential witness has died and proceedings would be abortive;
- Following a complaint the complainant has requested that police take no further action.

The recovery of stolen or otherwise unlawfully obtained property, e.g. a motor vehicle, does not in itself clear or solve an offence.

Number of Offences Cleared

Cleared offences are presented in this publication in two groups, i.e., those that were both reported and cleared in the reference period, and those that were cleared in the reference period but reported previously.

Percentage Cleared

Percentage Cleared is the percentage of offences that were reported within a specified period that were also cleared within that period.

Offender

An offender is any person who, through the clearance of an offence, is deemed to be responsible for committing that offence.

Action Type

The following definitions apply to the action types presented in the tables appearing on pages 108 and 109, Offenders, Indigenous/Non Indigenous – Queensland by Type of Action by Age:

- **Arrest:** The taking into custody of an offender to compel that person's appearance before a court;
- **Summons:** A direction or command issued by a magistrate or justice to an offender to appear before a court with reference to a matter described therein, at a given time and place;
- **Notice to appear:** A notice issued and personally served by a police officer upon an offender whom he/she reasonably suspects has committed or is committing an offence, to appear before a court, with reference to a matter described therein, at a stated time and place;
- **Warrant:** A warrant is an authority under the hand of a judge or justice to arrest an offender in order that the person may be dealt with according to the law;
- **Caution:** An official caution administered to a child under the provisions of the *Juvenile Justice Act 1992* and includes the cautioning of persons over 65 years of age and intellectually disabled persons for minor criminal offences in accordance with official service policy. The term does not apply to any informal process where a child is spoken to by an officer where the officer is exercising discretion in relation to the child's particular behaviour or actions;
- **Community Conference:** The referral of a child under the provisions of the *Juvenile Justice Act 1992* to

community conference by a police officer before the start of a proceeding for an offence, or by court after a finding of guilty is made against a child for the offence;

- **Other:** The offender is known and sufficient evidence has been obtained but there is a bar to prosecution or other official process (see also definition of cleared offences on the previous page).

Victim

The description of a victim varies according to offence type:

- for homicide, assault, sexual offences and other offences against the person subdivisions, the victim is an individual person;
- for robbery, extortion, arson, other property damage, stealing (excluding motor vehicles), and fraud, the victim may be either an individual person or an organisation;
- for motor vehicle theft, the victim is the motor vehicle;
- for offences of unlawful entry, the victim is the place/premise as defined on the basis of occupation/ownership.

Crime Location

The crime location is the initial site where a criminal incident occurred, classified by the primary function of that site where the site has more than one function.

Indigenous Identification

In January 2003 it became mandatory for Queensland police officers to ask all offenders the question: Are you of Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander origin? It is the choice of the person being asked this question to identify their origins as either of the following four: Not Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander, Identifies as Aboriginal, Identifies as Torres Strait Islander, Identifies as Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander. If identification has not been made, a reason is recorded within the occurrence.

Since the implementation of QPRIME in June 2007, the indigenous status indicator has not been captured in 10% of cases, while for the 2015/16 financial year, 2% was not recorded. For these instances, the indigenous indicator has been applied by extracting the indicator from previous identifications. Instances where the indicator was not captured using this method have not been included in the current publication. This was the case in approximately 1% for the period under review.

